DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

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City subscribers will kindly notify J. T. [illegible] of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

Subscribers changing their place of residence should always give former as well as present address.

The NEWS is on sale at the principal Hotels, News Stands and on all passenger trains leaving the city after 5 p. m. daily.

For the benefit of [illegible] patrons and friends and to meet the demands of [illegible] visitors at Chicago, the NEWS will be on sale at most of the principal Hotels and Book Stores of that city during the Fair season.

Headquarters for the NEWS is at [illegible] Book and Periodical Store, [illegible] Street.

All communications should be addressed to DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO. Telephone [illegible].

THAT'S THE TALK!

A well known business man of this city, one who is not only able to pay all his bills as they come due but to discount them before they are due by paying spot cash, is of course the kind of a customer eastern wholesalers and manufacturers like to cultivate and deal with. During the existing depression in all commercial and trade circles he of course has been in daily receipt of testimonials of eastern esteem in the form of offers of extremely low prices on all goods for cash, inducements such as have seldom if ever been offered a western house, and such as under ordinary circumstances would be snapped up as soon as offered.

But the friend to whom we refer has some ideas of his own as to trade depression, its causes and cure, and the universal law of exchange, reciprocity and self-defense. He has accordingly adopted an expressive and laconic formula in business letter-writing and telegraphing, which can be commended as an educational movement to others. Attacking his pile of correspondence each morning, and perusing with a smile the flattering offers above mentioned, he turns to his stenographer and dictates: "Messrs. So and So, New York (or Boston, or Pittsburg, or any other center, as the case may be)—Gentlemen: Yours of the 10th inst. is at hand and contents noted. You do not want our silver—we do not want your goods. Yours, etc., —— ——."

THE OTHER OX GORED.

Our morning cotemporary which still stands at the fore front of what is left of the Liberal party is after Registrar Walden with a sharp stick. Its indictment embraces two or three counts—favoritism, bigoted partisanship and unfair aims and ends, to all of which he can make such answer as he sees fit, or may see proper to go ahead as he is going and pay no attention at all to the fusilade at the other side of the block from where he holds forth. But the demand in the article named for "honest registration" is surely enough to evoke a smile from a wooden Indian. In the last city election here, in one precinct 112 proffered votes were rejected at the polls because those who offered them had not been in the place long enough to register, let alone to vote; and our neighbor upheld the registration and denounced the election judges for refusing the votes! A good many more were thrown out at other places, and of course some few got in in spite of the vigilance exercised. This kind of thing has been common here for years, and aided by the unfair apportionment has enabled the Liberal party to carry one third of the Legislature with one fifth of the votes in the Territory. Is that an "honest" performance or is it a piece of systematic juggling? When more than 20,000 voters get 24 representatives and [illegible] get 12, it is right; but when a "new deal" by means of which a more equal system is secured occurs, that is wrong! Then doth the Liberal champion gnash its teeth and clamor for "honesty!"

AN EXCEPTION—AND A DIFFERENCE.

Quoting responses from what it calls "all the big cities of the country," the New York World of the 13th inst., which came by yesterday's mail, concludes that "all hope is based on the action of the special session," and that since there were "no failures and collections good, the prospect is fair." Yet we observe that when the great metropolitan paper asked, "How is business?" Omaha answered, "We are feeling a little blue;" Kansas City declared itself "cast hit" by a recent failure; Denver reported a [illegible] "feeling of uneasiness and distrust;" and San Francisco thought it would "be some time before confidence is completely restored."

We have no objection to the World's considering these reports as [illegible] indicative of fair prospects if it feels so inclined, but we do object to its assertion that it has responses from "all the big cities of the country" when it hasn't a single word from Salt Lake. From this town it could have had a report far more satisfactory than any it quoted: dividends being declared and paid; public and private improvements going on without interruption; banks all solid as the hills and with immense reserves on hand; business men confident and courageous;—all hopeful and serene in the consciousness that Utah's resources are too numerous and too diversified to be seriously injured by a mere speculative panic, and in the calm, strong assurance that the silver question will yet be settled to our liking.

Perhaps it was this latter fact that caused the World, which will hear of nothing but the immediate and absolute degradation of the white metal, to be not so anxious to hear from Salt Lake. We can afford to be slighted among "all the big cities of the country" and will not murmur at it; but when it comes to ignoring such a report of stability and prosperity as we are able to give—well, we can stand that, too, if the rest of the country thinks the suppression of such good news is a virtue.

THE COMET.

The NEWS is pleased to state that the effort to deprive our townsman Mr. Rordame of the credit of having discovered the latest comet was not successful. It was discovered by him on Saturday evening, July 8, and no other claim of observation is recorded as of that time, the nearest to it being the evening following and fully 23 hours later. The first edition of this paper following the event contained an account of it, also an editorial congratulating the discoverer and claiming the honor for this city. This is now ascertained officially and specially, as the following letter just received by Mr. Rordame shows:

> WARNER OBSERVATORY,
> ROCHESTER, July 12, 1893.
>
> Dear Sir:—I congratulate you on being ahead of all competitors who claim to have discovered the comet. All are twenty-two hours later than you. I cabled it to be cabled to Europe on the evening of the 8th after I had verified it as a comet. You will get the bronze medal of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific. The Warner prize expired [illegible] years ago and has not been renewed. No news on your part is obtainable, the medal will be necessary. Nothing is known as to what it is, but will know all about it in three or four days and will inform you. Yours truly,
> LEWIS SWIFT.

All sort of wild talk is now being engaged in, as is usual regarding every new comet. The more unsophisticated, learning of the rumpus between France and Siam, see in the comet the dreadful harbinger it was esteemed to be in the days when superstition held almost universal sway; while the more scientifically inclined create new developments so fast that we can scarcely keep track of them. A magnificent natural display occurred in the northern heavens on Saturday evening last and this was immediately coupled on to the new comet and made to do duty as a caudal appendage; while still later another comet has grown out of the first one, and thus it goes. Meantime, the visitor holds his celestial course undisturbed and is receding from us at a rate of speed of which the human mind can form no conception.

MURRAY RESURGAT.

The mysterious silence of the Associated Press as to the western movements of Vice President Stevenson and party ought not to be allowed to deprive the public of the knowledge that such a tour is under way, that the distinguished visitors are having a good time and seeing many great things, and that now and again incidents quite out of the ordinary occur which everybody would be interested in hearing about. In order to satisfy the desire for such news, the papers of the localities visited must be drawn upon, until the telegraphic service in the abundance of its wisdom shall see fit to make occasional reports of the progress.

The San Francisco Chronicle of the 15th devotes considerable space to the Vice President's travels through the southern part of the state the day previous. Los Angeles was visited and praised for its remarkable growth, Santa Monica was admired, and "by a coincidence" the distinguished statesman was accorded the privilege of driving the last spike in the last pile of a new wharf—a feat of which he acquitted himself with dexterous strength and commendable accuracy. Then a special train conveyed the party to San Diego where a really notable episode occurred. To the mayor fell the duty of escorting Mr. Stevenson to the carriage in waiting; but to an ex-Utah official, a stalwart ex-Kentucky [illegible], was vouchsafed a [illegible] task: "Mrs. Stevenson followed on the arm of General Eli H. Murray."

Apart from his well-known qualities of [illegible] and gallantry, Gen. Murray by this incident gives much evidence of finesse and political diplomacy of a high order. It is not so very long since the southern California papers hinted that the senatorial toga of the late Governor Stanford could not be more appropriately lodged than upon the broad shoulders of Governor Murray. In other quarters the likelihood of such a transfer was [illegible] and laughed at. We beg to say, in the light of this recent exploit, it would the [illegible] of the Senate could not have been other than a delight to whoever, and his esteemed wife a most grateful participant, that Mr. Murray's senatorial stock has advanced several points in the market.

THE FRANCO-SIAMESE WAR.

The difficulty between the French of Anam and the Siamese government is simply the eruption of a volcano whose fires have been smouldering for several years, ever since the former occupied and wrested from the Chinese government the control of lower Cochin-China. Although the scene of the present trouble is about 300 miles distant from the nearest point of Anam, the interchanges and commingling have been constant, and there are a great many French business establishments in Bangkok, the capital of Siam. This is reached from any point in the outer world through the gulf of Siam, from the northern shore of which a few miles and at the end of a wide river emptying into the gulf is the capital. It seems that the French had demanded that their gunboats be permitted to pass up the river to that city for the alleged purpose of giving protection to French persons and property there, and the Siamese refused to admit the war ships. Last Thursday at 6 o'clock in the evening five French war ships arrived at the mouth of the river leading to Bangkok. Three of these vessels undertook to run the gauntlet of seven Siamese war ships and five forts, and the latter being unprepared for this, exploded their submarine mines too late, so that the warships passed through safely. Firing then began and was kept up for forty minutes. Fifteen Siamese were killed and thirty wounded, the French loss being three killed, two wounded and one dispatch boat sunk.

The NEWS' dispatches show that, while no great engagement has yet taken place, desultory fighting is going on at various points and some of this has been quite severe, the fortunes seeming to all principally upon the Siamese, who are evidently not to tell [illegible] the French in the game of war; this seems the more evident from the fact that the government of Siam is making overtures looking to a peaceful settlement. It is to be hoped these will be promptly acceded to and the impudent monarchs, piratical and rebellious [illegible] brought to a close.

CHINESE MONEY.

Those who uphold the doctrine of free trade point to the fact that we deal with China to the extent of millions of dollars every year, the dealing being mutual, and yet a Chinese coin is a curiosity here. This is to show that trade is not effected between nations as it is between storekeepers and their customers, but is simply an interchange of products in which but little money ever changes hands. We do not think [illegible] much of a loss that these coins do not come; their value is so nearly nothing, that is of the smaller coins, their execution is so clumsy, and altogether they are such undeniable relics of primitive conditions that the only use we could put them to would be to exhibit them in cabinets.

China is declared to be the paradise of the numismatist. The collections of cash, according to Consul Bedloe's report to the state department, are something marvelous. There are small coins of bronze, brass, copper or silver, ranging in intrinsic value from one-twentieth of a cent to 25 cents. The oldest of these coins on record appeared about 2300 B. C. Over 150,000 different kinds of cash are preserved in collections. Some are wonderful examples of coinage, but most of them are clumsy and coarse. The numismatist can work all his life, spend very little money, and leave to posterity thousands of coins. All he needs to do is to confine his work to the collection of cash, the small coins in brass and bronze, whose value ranges from one-tenth to one-fourteenth of a cent. Their workmanship varies, but it is usually very good. They are round like other coins but have a square hole in the center; just what purpose this answers, unless it be to string them together, is not known.

One thing is very certain, as many of us can testify—the Chinamen in this land do not use such coins, even in transactions between themselves. They do not acquire the practice of using "Melican" money by residence, as they bring none of their own with them and of course have none to take away. Those who think the heathen are not posted because they prefer silver ought to attempt to pass any kind of money on them that will not go for 100 cents on the dollar, and be undeceived.

THE NEWS is asked whether or not Salt Lake City will hold a municipal election in November next, our attention being called to the exception regarding metropolitan cities made by the statute which consolidated elections in Utah. If our questioner will read further in the territorial laws and find out what a metropolitan city is in their contemplation, and convey such information to us, he will confer a great favor. "Metropolitan" is a handy word to commercial and literary circles, but we believe it has no separate legal status except where such is created by the law itself and this is not done in Utah. Yes, Salt Lake City will elect in November and the officers then chosen will take their seats the following January.

There is a market for silver in India which will [illegible] the Colorado mines, if the [illegible] [illegible] pay.—Cincinnati Commercial.

There never was a time since the foundation walls of the Pantheon were laid but that there was a demand in Italy for silver. The demand is greater today than ever, and there is more of it going there than ever before in the history of the world.—Peoria Journal.

Uncle Sam's supply they and would do it if permitted, but not at the price fixed by the Bank of England—not at all.

STRANGELY INCONSISTENT is the suggestion attributed to the German government, to put a tax on advertisements. The same thing [illegible] expressed would be to propose a tax on enterprise, sagacity and sense. These, it would seem, ought to be encouraged, not discriminated against in any country. Far better to tax those who lack them—for instance, those who try to do business but do not advertise.

"Is a shave a necessity?" asks a circular put forth by the Sunday-closing barbers of Kansas City. Certain eminent Kansans we [illegible]—for instance Senator Peffer and Mrs. Lease—would doubtless answer, Nay! Yet, with a sharp recollection of [illegible] of the shaves one gets, which are not a comfort and certainly not a luxury, we should like to know what else they are.

THE DUKE OF VERAGUA, lineal representative and descendant of the late Admiral Columbus, on returning home to Spain finds himself financially ruined. If this is the result of a visit to the Fair by a guest of Chicago, what can be expected by those who are strangers and express a loyal willingness to take in!

[illegible] was never more effectively displayed than in the case of the [illegible] sign from the smoking ruins of the cold storage warehouse in Chicago: "This building strictly fireproof." The incident gives a good illustration of the vitality of a lie.

THE FACT that the session of Congress begins in August invests with unusual appropriateness and force the candidacy of Iceman Turner for doorkeeper of the House of Representatives.

SALT LAKE CITY apparently wants silver coinage as [illegible] in that locality.—Boston Herald.

No, it wants it as honorable, eternal and divine as marriage!

THE [illegible] [illegible] suit is a mighty small thing to try to make a joke of.

OUT IN Kansas the cyclone is merely considered a national air.

A Common Sense Remedy.

In the matter of curatives what you want is something that will do its work while you continue to do your work—a remedy that will give you no inconvenience nor interfere with your business. Such a remedy is ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. These plasters are not an experiment; they have been in use for over thirty years, and their value has been attested by the highest medical authorities, as well as by testimonials from those who have used them. They require no change of diet and are not affected by wet or cold. Their action does not interfere with labor or business; you can toil and yet be cured while hard at work. They are so pure that the youngest, the oldest, the most delicate person of either sex can use them with great benefit.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentations. Ask for Allcock's, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

Garfield Beach Trains.

Effective July 18 and until further notice trains between Salt Lake and Garfield Beach will run as follows:

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Garfield.	Leave Garfield.	Arrive Salt Lake.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Daily, Sundays excepted.

Bathing, Boating, Dancing. Olson's orchestra in attendance every afternoon and evening. Fare for round trip only 50 cents.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Agent Passenger Department.

A. B. C. Bottled Bohemian Beer.

Made by the American Brewing Company of St. Louis is brewed of the best barley and Bohemian hops. It has a beautiful amber color, a delicious hop flavor and sparkles like Champagne. Fred S. Hearn, Wholesale Dealer, 41 East, First South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Calisaya Coffee, Nectar of the gods, at the Barlow Thompson Grocery Co.

We Speak What We Know.

[illegible]

My wife and four children were taken very suddenly with severe cases of cholera morbus. I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and from one to two doses gave relief in each case. I heartily recommend it, believing it the best remedy known for bowel complaints. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

THE HOTEL TEMPLETON.

The Hotel Templeton is opposite Temple Square, Ticket Offices, Eagle Gate, Deseret News Building and all points of interest in Salt Lake City.

White [illegible], Hot and Cold [illegible], Proprietors. $1.50 to $2.50 per day. New management, most centrally located, refitted, and best hotel for the price in the city. M. F. Gerber, manager, Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake's big, new hotel is The Knutsford. Homelike, elegant, central and reasonable.

THE [illegible], S. C. Ewing Proprietor. Half block from Post Office, [illegible] Pullman ticket office, Main St. Rates $2.00 per day. Special [illegible]

On account of [illegible] Utah [illegible] July 24th, the R. G. W. Ry. will make a rate of one fare for the round trip between any and all stations in Utah. Tickets to be sold July 23rd and 24th, limited for return to the 25th.

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Bathing, Boating, Dancing. Olson's orchestra in attendance every afternoon and evening. Fare for round trip only 50 cents.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Agent Passenger Department.

Congress Meets

ON THE POTOMAC IN AUGUST.

UTAH'S GATHERINGS ARE IN THE CANYONS, BY THE LAKE, AT THE PARKS, FOR PIC-NICS AND HOME, WHERE THE AIR IS TEMPERED AND THE NIGHTS ARE COOL.

PEOPLE SLEEP WELL AND HAVE A GOOD APPETITE IF THEY GET THEIR SUPPLIES OF

FANCY GROCERIES

FROM THE IMMENSE ASSORTMENT CARRIED BY

Z. C. M. I.

AT PRICES REACHABLE BY A POOR MAN.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

SALT LAKE THEATER

CHAS. S. BURTON, Manager.

THREE NIGHTS, BEGINNING THURSDAY, July 20

An elaborate production of the new Spectacular Comic Opera,

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Written and composed by Clay M. Greene, J. Cheever Goodwin and Randolph Cruger.

And presented by

Mr. George Thatcher,

And his

Operatic Extravaganza Company,

Numbering more than 50 people.

A bright and original libretto. A tuneful and catchy score. A wealth of beautiful scenery. A magnificently costumed.

Prices—$1.50, $1.00, 50c and 25c.

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2461 Washington Ave., Ogden, Utah.

Wholesale and Retail

A Carload of Fireworks, Flags, Etc.

Finest Assortment and Lowest Prices.

Send for Catalogue.

WHO

Ever saw a better opportunity for profitable investment than the present time! Congress meets August 7th, and soon thereafter times will be better the country over, and especially in the West. The western men are beginning to see the importance of, and preparing for this special session of Congress, and

WHEN

Did you ever see the men of the West take hold of anything in earnest and with determination and that they did not carry through! They are in earnest now and they will meet with success.

NOW

Is the time to make your investments and in a few months you can reap the profits. "EAST WATERLOO" lots are better than money in the bank. Real estate is the safest and most substantial security. Lots $325 each. Monthly payments. Big discount for cash or half cash. We also have a great bargain in an 8-room pressed brick modern house, $4,000, and a 5-room cottage, $1,450.

W. E. Hubbard,

41 W. Second South St.

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LAGER BEER, ALE AND PORTER.

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G. H. BACKMAN, Sec'y and Treas.

THE

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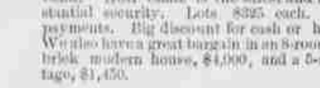

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