12 PAGES.

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 100. SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

## AGAINST ORGANIZED LABOR.

### A Judicial Decision Dealing With the Rights of Labor Unions.

#### ORDERING STRIKES UNLAWFUL.

According to an Act of Congress Prohibiting Combinations in Restraint of Trade.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25.—Judge Billings in the United States court this morning rendered a decision in a suit against the amalgamated council of various labor organizations which ordered the strike of all laboring organizations last November. The suit asked for an injunction against these bodies under an act of Congress prohibiting combinations in restraint of trade. In an elaborate opinion, far-reaching in its effects, the court declares the acts complained of unlawful and the merchants entitled to injunction and order of relief. The decision fully discusses the rights of labor unions. As a result of the decision, criminal prosecution against the defendants would probably lie, but it is not known whether the authorities will proceed any further.

#### COL. CLAYTON'S MURDERER.

The Man Supposed to Have Committed the Crime.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 25.—A telegram was received several days ago from A. J. Werner, Butte, Mont., stating that he had positive proof of identity of the man who assassinated Col. John M. Clayton at Plummerville, Ark. The telegram to the state's attorney at Butte for corroborative particulars brought a reply substantially corroborating Werner's statement. It also stated that a man named Frank Hickey, the party charged with the crime, has been lodged in jail. Governor Fishback wired the sheriff of Butte that he would immediately issue requisition papers for Hickey. Hickey was a resident of Plummerville when Colonel Clayton was killed, and was always regarded as a trifling and worthless fellow. The reward for the assassin has never been withdrawn.

#### ANNEXATION PROMOTERS.

The Scheme Professed by French Canadians.

NEW YORK, March 25.—A Montreal special to the *Post* states that French-Canadian promoters of annexation to the United States intend to organize regular committees in all French-Canadian centers of the United States with a view to induce the Canadians there to correspond regularly with their friends and relatives here, impressing upon them the advantages to be derived from living under the Stars and Stripes.

#### DECIDEDLY ANTI-CHINESE.

A Measure Introduced in the Minnesota Legislature.

ST. PAUL, March 25.—Representative Skinski today introduced a bill in the house prohibiting Chinamen hereafter "from wearing their shirts outside of their pants," requiring them to "dress the same as other citizens." Violations of the act will be punished by a fine of $1 to $10 and forfeiture of the pig tail. Referred to the committee on health and sanitation.

#### Jefferson Davis' Remains.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25.—Mayor Ellyson, of Richmond, Va., is here consulting with the Confederate veterans as to the details of the removal of the remains of Jefferson Davis to Richmond. The interment will take place in the Hollywood cemetery, May 30th.

#### Will Strike on Monday.

BOSTON, March 25.—The Carriage and Wagon Manufacturers association has decided not to accede to the demand of the Carriage Workers union for nine hours a day and other concessions, and as a result a general strike will be inaugurated on Monday.

#### UNITED STATES TREASURER.

Graves Says He has no Private Advisers as to the Matter.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 25.—E. O. Graves, president of the Washington National bank, and of the chamber of commerce, mentioned as the accepted candidate for the United States treasurer, says he has no private advisers in the matter. Some of his friends have been urging his name for the place, though he is not certain he will accept it if tendered. He was for twenty years connected with the treasury department and two years as assistant treasurer.

#### To The Bank of Embassy.

PARIS, March 25.—President Carnot has signed a decree raising the French legation at Washington to the rank of embassy.

LONDON, March 25.—It is officially announced Sir Julian Pauncefote minister to the United States has been raised to the rank of ambassador.

#### Offer of Gold Declined.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—Assistant United States Treasurer Jackson says the San Francisco banks yesterday offered the exchange nearly a million of dollars in gold for notes receiving the latter at New York at no expense to the government. Jackson telegraphed the tender to Secretary Carlisle who replied that it would be declined, as no dearth of gold now exists.

#### Permitted Chinese to Land.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—A telegram was received at the treasury from Chinese Inspector Cubbedge at Portland, Oregon, stating that Deputy Collector Corsett and Inspector Armstrong, at midnight on Thursday, permitted sixty-seven Chinese to land from the steamer Hayden Republic. The Chinese are said to be coolies. Orders have been suspending the two officials and directing a thorough investigation. The collector was absent at the time. The treasury is also advised of the arrest at Deming, N. M., of five Chinese who came from Mexico. These Chinamen will, upon conviction, be deported to China. Since the beginning of the present fiscal year 132 Chinamen have been returned to China. Last year 175 Chinamen were returned.

#### THE CLOTHING CUTTERS.

Five Hundred Men will Be Locked Out Today.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The proposed lockout of clothing cutters by the manufacturers began today. This afternoon 500 cutters will be laid off. The garment workers will meet tonight to discuss the advisability of requesting the executive board to call out the trade of tailors, numbering 10,000. Secretary White said this morning that if necessary to win the fight, the garment workers would paralyze the whole clothing trade of the city by calling out 2000 cutters working for firms not in the manufacturers' association.

#### Sheppard's Funeral.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The funeral of Colonel Elliot F. Shepard will take place from the residence on Tuesday. It will be conducted by Rev. John Hall, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, of which Shepard was a prominent member; probably assisted by several other ministers, as the colonel had pews in half a dozen churches.

The death certificate sent to the board of health today said the cause of the death was inhalation of ether. The register of vital statistics declined to accept it as worded, and refused to grant a burial permit. He sent the certificate to the coroner with orders to make an investigation.

#### SENSATIONAL SUIT.

An Ex-Congressman of Chicago Wants a Divorce.

CHICAGO, March 25.—A sensational bill was filed this afternoon by ex-Congressman R. W. Dunham, a leading board of trade man and once president of that body, praying for divorce from his wife on the ground of adultery and naming a prominent banker of this city as co-respondent. Large property rights are involved and the complaint prays for and granted restraining the wife and one or two others from disposing of it. The whole proceeding is conducted with the utmost secrecy and the exact facts here are not obtainable, but it is understood that another suit for $50,000 for alienating the wife's affections will be commenced against the banker. It is said that the banker's name is Allen and that he is connected with one of the most prominent banking institutions in the city. Dunham declines to talk of the matter.

## FOR CHIEFS OF DIVISION.

### About a Hundred Applications for Appointments on File.

#### Examination to Be Passed to Establish the Fitness of the Applicants.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—There are on file in the treasury department nearly one hundred applications for appointments as chief of division. So far no appointments of this class have been made. Many applicants have been surprised to learn that even this class of positions is within the civil service rules or partially so. The latest treasury department regulations contain the following: "Hereafter no person shall be appointed chief of division in this department unless he shall have first satisfied the board of examiners of his fitness for that position; provided that the chief of the division of special agents, the chief of the secret service division and the chief of the mail division may in the discretion of the secretary be appointed as at the present time without examination. The examination for this purpose will be competitive and not technical, and shall be practical in its character and so far as may be shall relate to matters which fairly test the capability and fitness of the person examined as to the discharge of the duties of the office to which he is to be appointed.

The board of examiners for the examination of such persons shall be constituted as follows: Assistant secretary in charge of the appointment; the chief of the bureau in which the person is to be appointed or the chief clerk of the department wherein such person is to be appointed; the chief of the division of the secretary's office and the treasury examiner.

United States special agents too have to undergo an examination before their appointments to determine their qualifications. The rule reads: "Hereafter no person shall be appointed special agent of the treasury department unless his fitness has been ascertained by suitable tests." Those who apply for these positions will therefore be subjected to such examination as may be necessary to ascertain whether they are possessed of the requisite qualifications. The appointments will be numbered probationary for six months, with the employment for the future to depend upon the fitness of the appointee for the work assigned. The examination board of the special agents will be constituted as follows: The assistant secretary in charge of customs; the chief of the division of special agents and the treasury examiner.

#### Consul at Glasgow.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The President has decided to appoint Allen P. Stokes, Michigan, consul at Glasgow. His principal opponent for the place was Conley of Illinois, who formerly held the place.

#### Chinese for the West Indies.

MONTREAL, March 25.—Canadian Pacific officials here state that a big traffic is about to spring up in the transportation of Chinese from Vancouver to Halifax, en route to the West Indies. The Chinese are allowed to enter the West Indies free and are beginning to go forward in large numbers.

## REMOVING THE OLD PORCH.

### It Awakens Interesting Recollections of Early Days in Utah.

#### MERCHANTS OF FORTY YEARS AGO.

Memories of Days Before the Advent of Telegraphs and Railroads into Western America.

"I worked at putting up the cornice on that building forty-two years ago," said Hiram Rooney, of Taylor, Romney & Armstrong Co., as he glanced up at the workmen engaged in removing the porch in front of the News building, which presents quite a changed appearance today.

"That was in 1851," continued Mr. Rooney, in response to an inquiry, "when I first came to Utah. It is a long time ago, and there have been a good many changes since then. All of the workmen except two or three engaged on that building are dead now. I remember I was one of the youngest there. The circumstances of working at the cornice was deeply impressed on my mind by an incident at the time. My father was foreman of the carpenters, and I dreamed that he fell from the scaffolding and was killed. This dream so startled me that I shall never forget it. Of course my father did not meet with any accident, but a little thing like that will sometimes make a deep impression.

"When the building was completed it was occupied by a Church store, with Edwin D. Woolley in charge. I was engaged by him to haul some of the crockery for the store across the plains, and got half of it for my pay. That is where I got my dishes for housekeeping when I came here.

"The porch was not there till about twelve years later, when I put it up, being then foreman of the carpenters on the public works. We covered over the steps that were in front. From 1850 until '52 there were a number of changes in the occupants of the building. One of the shoekeepers was John D. Lee, who crossed the plains from Liverpool at the same time I did, in 1841. His name was painted on the steps, with others, and may probably be seen there yet."

A search behind the debris for the suggested names brought to view more that was reminiscent of early days in Utah and of men among whom have passed into the great beyond. Beneath the wooden steps of the porch, which have stood so many years' wear and tear, was a broad flight of red sandstone steps which lead to the main door of the building. Painted on the stone balustrades on each side of these steps may now be seen the names:

JOHN M. HORNER,
THOS. S. WILLIAMS,
WM. H. HOOPER,
JNO. NEEDHAM,
JNO. R. ROBINS.

Of these five gentlemen, three are dead. Mr. Needham is now a resident of Logan, and Mr. Horner lives on the Sandwich Islands. The occasion of their names being placed in the situation described was their joint occupancy of the building as a firm of general merchandise dealers. They started business on the premises in 1854.

At that time the News building held its place as one of the far, out in the suburbs of the city. It was built in 1853 it appears, next to the Tabernacle, as the most prominent. When first erected it was occupied as a store, the first consignment of goods that were sold in it having been purchased by the late Edward Hunter and Edwin D. Woolley, who went back to the states for that purpose in the autumn of 1849.

Previous to 1852 the News occupied a small building east of its present quarters, but in that year it took possession of part of the present premises, and remained there for a considerable period. It was in 1852 that the building was plastered, in the manner of both shows the comparative value of labor and some classes of materials in Utah at that early day. The means of holding the plaster to the walls was secured by boring holes into the adobes with an augur. This was no light task in a three-story building, but nails were not to be thought of. Pins had to be hauled by ox teams over a thousand miles, and enough for the purpose would have cost a small fortune. A man with an augur, at $3 per day, was a good day, was good deal cheaper than nails.

One of the salesmen who will be remembered in the store of Horner, Williams & Hooper & Co. was Robert Richards of this city. Before the firm started in business, the portion of the building they subsequently came into was occupied as a shoe store by Mr. Richards, who had been originally instituted in it, and partly by the postoffice. This latter institution is those days had a very prominent appearance in comparison with the surroundings than it has had at any time since, for a broad flight of nearly out stone steps makes quite a prominent appearance.

Before Mr. Williams embarked in merchandise with the firm named, he was one of the pioneers of a general merchandise store located where the Deseret bank building now stands, and where the store backyard took in the whole of a city lot stretching twenty rods east from the corner and ten rods to the north. The advertisement of Williams & Holt, at that place, appears in the early issues of the News.

Speaking of Mr. Williams, an old resident of this city said today: "I remember him quite well, and how he got broke and after wards made a raise and started in with Mr. Hooper and others in the News corner. Back in '51 and '52 he did a good business. At that time there was a heavy trade east in the pelts of wolves and other wild animals, and these were plentiful here. They were hauled to the frontier by teams, and shipped from there to New York. Mr. Williams paid for them out of his store, and of course took in a big lot. He shipped a large consignment east, and anticipated getting a good price. But when the pelts got there they were down in the market. He could not realize anything from them, so he left them on the commission agent's hands. That broke up Williams' business at the time and he left.

"He then went to California to make a raise. With Wm. S. Ogden, he engaged in hauling supplies to the mines in the Sierra Nevada. About three years after Williams' failure, he got word that the particular varieties of pelts that he had in what had been considered a valueless lot had gone up in the market, and the furs were all the rage. His commission agent sold them for a big price, and informed Williams that he had some thousands of dollars to his credit at the bank.

"Williams did no more in California than to get ready and sail for New York. Down toward the Isthmus, the vessel on which he embarked was wrecked. He was instrumental in saving the lives of a number of passengers, and when he got to New York and the news was spread abroad, he was the lion of the hour. He had money and fame. It was not long before he was in the partnership referred to.

"Mr. Williams was one of the firm with Mr. Williams, afterwards became Utah's delegate in Congress and is still well known in that connection, as well as with the firm of Hooper & Eldredge and many of Utah's leading financial institutions. Mr. Robins died many years ago. Some of his descendants live in Cache Valley. Mr. Horner is now a wealthy plantation owner on the Hawaiian Islands, and resides at Honolulu. He is one of the substantial men of that place.

"Joseph Bull, Sen., of this city, who has an extensive acquaintance with men in the Pacific Coast in nearly days, sold today of Mr. Horner: "I knew him well. He was a partner with Horner, Williams & Hooper, in 1854, though he never was in Utah. He had a beautiful homestead in California, midway along the road between San Jose and the bay of San Francisco.

"Mr. Horner went to San Francisco from New York, in 1850, in the ship *Brooklyn*, and was made good stuff. At one time he was the wealthiest man on the coast. It got up an old Spanish grant, said to be 50 miles along the coast from San Jose to the bay of San Francisco, about fifty miles. In those times in California John M. Horner's name was better than a bank. Men would prefer depositing money with him to putting it in a bank. His signature was good for any amount he chose to draw.

"But he was too accommodating for his own good. When the financial panic of 1852 came on the coast, he endorsed paper for others, believing that they would pay it off. But they did not, and he lost his property. He struggled on, and was confident that he would redeem all, but he did not. These endorsements with his own speculations, were too much for him. When Thomas S. Williams started in business here, Mr. Horner invested some money in the store. He was a sort of sent-egg, but he afterwards sold out. He always used to be saying that he was coming to Utah, but he never got here.

"Mr. Horner was an inventor, too. He invented one of the best washing machines I ever saw. I have had one at my house for 25 years."

Many other memories are called forth by reference to those days and times, when it took more months to cross from "the frontier," or where Omaha now is, than it does days at present. The telegraph, in those days, it took possession of part of the present premises, and remained there for a considerable period. It was in 1852 that the building was plastered, in the manner of both shows the comparative value of labor and some classes of materials in Utah at that early day. The means of holding the plaster to the walls was secured by boring holes into the adobes with an augur. This was no light task in a three-story building, but nails were not to be thought of. Pins had to be hauled by ox teams over a thousand miles, and enough for the purpose would have cost a small fortune. A man with an augur, at $3 per day, was a good day, was good deal cheaper than nails.

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E. C. M. L. sets.

## STILL ON THE RAGGED EDGE

### Maybe the Trustees Will Sign the Contract this Evening.

#### DETAILS YET TO BE ARRANGED.

The Manufacturers' Exchange and Chamber of Commerce—Minor Matters.

The conclusion of the copper refinery contract is still in poor repute, and may yet prove an event of the dim distant future, although the promise is that the document will be signed at this evening's meeting of the trustees.

Judge Loofbourow, who is acting as counsel for the citizens' committee in the matter, finally passed upon the title today. He concluded that he was satisfied with it if Mr. Green would be. The papers were then turned over to Chas. C. Dey, Mr. Green's attorney.

Mr. Dey made a careful examination, and came to the conclusion that there was some doubt as to the title to a small portion of the tract, the deed to which had not been received when a former transfer was made, but which was placed on record when the North Salt Lake Land Company discovered the omission. The defect has been remedied, but in order to provide against any possible contingency, Mr. Dey required that a relinquishment be given bearing his client from any expense in the matter. "This bond is to be given this afternoon," said Mr. Dey at 1:45 p.m. today, "and if it is satisfactory I will pass the title as all right."

When this is done there is not anything suggested at present in the way of a cause for further delay.

Judge Loofbourow was called on at three o'clock this afternoon, and said: "It isn't fixed yet, but I suppose it will be settled this afternoon. I understand that the title is all fixed."

At 4 o'clock, Hudson Smith, who is acting with the North Salt Lakers, said: "Things looked a little more favorable this morning, but this afternoon are unfavorable. I understand that everything is fixed up, though I do not believe the contract will be signed before tomorrow."

[As the last hour stated Mr. Pettit and others were in conference for a final arrangement of affairs connected with the refinery site.

FOR HOME MANUFACTURE.

At a special meeting of the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce, held yesterday afternoon, the following resolution was passed:

"Whereas, The time has arrived in the history of our commercial development when the Territory should feel that it should unite in favor of the policy of supporting and developing home industries, therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the Chamber of Commerce of Salt Lake City, that we urge upon the citizens of the Territory the importance of purchasing the products of home manufacturers in preference to those which are imported, and of aiding in the development of our inexhaustible material resources, and recommend that in every part of Utah Territory the citizens organize for this purpose."

The board also appointed a committee of three to meet with a similar committee from the Manufacturers' Exchange to arrange for a mass meeting for encouraging the use of home manufactures. L. P. Kelsey, P. W. Madson and H. P. G. Cutler comprise the committee. This action was occasioned by a communication from the Manufacturers' exchange, signed by President Madson and Secretary Cutler of that organization, saying: "At a meeting of the Manufacturers' exchange, March 20th, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: 'That a communication be addressed to the president and board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce, asking them to call a meeting at their earliest convenience at a suitable place in this city, for the purpose of urging our citizens to patronize home industries.'"

NOTES.

The Bullion-Beck mine began shipments of ore today.

A good strike of ore is reported from the No-you-Don't mine at Stockton. Things generally in that camp are looking up, and a lively business this spring a good business is looked for.

Jack McCarty and Peter Sauce, two miners working in the Ulay mine, near Alta, Cottonwood, were instantly killed yesterday by an explosion which is supposed to have been due to a missed shot, which went off after a fire was put on it.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $770,777; same day last year, $776,[illegible]. Decrease, $5,[illegible].

The amount for the week was $4,[illegible]; same week last year, $5,[illegible]. Decrease, $[illegible].

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York—Silver, 81 [illegible]; lead, $3.[illegible].
London—Silver, 35 15-16d.

ORE AND BULLION.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today, Mingo bullion, $8[illegible].

T. R. Jones & Co. received today: Bullion, $1[illegible]; ores, $5[illegible]. Total, $[illegible].

W. A. Hodges had in today for assay one lot of Bullion-Beck ore, 40 tons; one lot of Utah ore, 24 tons; one lot of North Silver ore, 100 tons, and one lot of ore, 1 ton.

W. G. M. Stewart had in today for assay one lot of Old Jerusalem Galena ore, 45 tons; one lot of Bullion-Beck ore, 85 tons, and a lot of specimens.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Filed for record on the county recorder of Salt Lake county, March 25, 1893:

C. O. Ong (4 ac. in Mount Dutton survey) to Ellen Ong, part of lot 1, blk 1, Ong's addition, warranty deed, $[illegible]

A. J. Stephens to Ann Eliza Stephens, lot 1, blk 1, Stephens' addition, warranty deed, 1 [illegible]

S. J. Lindquist to Emma Lindquist, part of lot 3, blk 3, Lindquist's addition, warranty deed, 1[illegible]

Joseph Wilkinson et al. to Mary Ann Wilkinson, part of lot 1, blk 1, Wilkinson's addition, warranty deed, [illegible]

Filed for record on the county recorder of Utah county, March 24, 1893:

Peter Shoemaker and wife to Robert Shoemaker, part of lot 1, blk 1, Spanish Fork, warranty deed, 1 [illegible]

Peter Shoemaker and wife to Robert Shoemaker, part of lot 1, blk 1, Spanish Fork, warranty deed, 1 [illegible]

Peter Shoemaker and wife to Robert Shoemaker, part of lot 1, blk 1, Spanish Fork, warranty deed, 1 [illegible]

G. C. Snyder to Joseph M. Lansley, part of section 19, township 5 south, range 2 east, [illegible]

United States to Annie C. Wheeler, part of section 1[illegible], township 1 south, range 1 east, [illegible]

United States to Annie C. Wheeler, [illegible] section, part of section [illegible], township 1 south, range 1 east, [illegible]

W. C. O'Hanlon to Lizzie E. Clark, part of section [illegible], township [illegible], [illegible]

John Stallings to H. W. Jones, part of section 3, township 1 south, [illegible]

E. C. Bates to Mary Ann Bates, part of section 3[illegible], township [illegible], [illegible]

Joseph Bull, Sen., to Mary Ann Bull, part of section 3[illegible], township [illegible], [illegible]

Joseph Bull, Sen., to Joseph Bull, Jun.,