

and Billy Forrester, all now in the State prison, murdered Benjamin Nathan, in New York, some years ago.

S. Sprig Belt, cashier of the Franklin Bank, was found dead, yesterday, in the woods attached to his country seat, 12 miles from the city. He had left his house in the morning for a hunt.

The coroner's jury in the case of the persons killed in the late riot by members of the Sixth Regiment, come to the conclusion that the soldiers being demoralized, a great deal of unnecessary firing was done on Baltimore Street. The responsibility for killing rests entirely with the rioters who attacked the soldiers.

CINCINNATI, 3.—Pestering's Cigar Box Factory was burned this morning. Twenty-five girls were working in the upper stories. It is reported that four of them have perished in the flames.

Later—The fire originated in the cellar. An attempt was made to extinguish it without the aid of the fire department, but was unsuccessful. After reaching the first floor the flames spread with fearful rapidity, and in a short time reached the roof. The employees, mostly girls, were at work in the third and fourth stories. Some escaped through the windows and upon the roofs of other buildings, but it is feared that eight or ten perished in the flames. Four bodies have been recovered, so disfigured that they are almost beyond recognition; pieces of clothing led to the identification of Mary Nurre, Mena Kueb, Frank Studair, and Anna Fratger. John Blanchard, engineer of the factory, died soon after from injuries received. Two girls, and one man, Isaac Scofield, were so badly burned that they will probably die. From the factory the fire spread to six frame and one brick building, all of which will prove a total loss. The amount of the losses is not yet estimated. The insurance, as far as known, is \$15,000.

PITTSBURG, 3.—An accident occurred at the Lucy Furnace Co's works, this morning, which resulted in the death of two men, and the injury of five others. Seven men engaged lining a furnace, were on a scaffold, which was supported by ropes. These took fire from the furnace, and the scaffold fell, precipitating the men into the furnace.

INDIANAPOLIS, 3.—In the United States court, this afternoon, Judge Drummond sentenced the strikers who were arrested in this city, Vincennes, and Terre Haute, for interfering with the operation of the roads in possession of the court, to three months each in the county jail.

WASHINGTON, 3.—The cabinet session, to-day, was short, and no business of importance was done. There was a discussion of Utah matters and the indictment of certain Mormon leaders in connection with the Mountain Meadow massacre, labor troubles, and matters pertaining to appointments in the Territories.

HAZELTON, Pa., 3.—An attempt was made last night to burn the Lehigh Railroad freight depot here. The fire was discovered before it made much headway, and extinguished. The police force have been strengthened, and precautions taken to guard against a repetition of last night's incendiary attempt.

CHICAGO, 3.—The *Times'* Keokuk, Iowa, special says, an entire family, consisting of Lewis Spencer and his four children, two girls and two boys, living in Clark County, Missouri, were murdered, last night. The crime was no doubt committed for money, as Spencer had in his possession \$700 belonging to the township, of which he was trustee. The weapons used were an axe and a pitchfork. No trace of the murderers has been discovered.

SCRANTON, 3.—The feeling among the working classes over the affair of Wednesday is intense, and threats are freely indulged in against members of the posse making the arrests. The funerals of the men killed in the riot took place to-day. There was a large demonstration, but no disturbance. The miners manifest no desire to return to work. Every industry of any consequence in the valley is now idle, with no sign of an early resumption.

WILKESBARRE, 3.—Gen. Heldekoper's command came into Wilkesbarre this afternoon by the valley road from Pittston. Four companies were sent to Fairview and brought the freight train in which had been stopped by the strikers,

The mail train south, which was abandoned here on Wednesday, was taken out, to-day. The engine and twelve cars were filled with soldiers. The strikers who assisted in stopping the mail train on Wednesday were arrested to-day.

NEW YORK, 4.—In relation to Murphy, the man who committed suicide yesterday, the *Herald* has the following details: He had come to this city from Hartford, Conn., and was believed to be a commercial traveler. He took his meals at different restaurants, and was in the habit of going to his room at early hours in the morning, and sleeping very late. The following is the letter he left:

New Orleans, 12, 1876.

To whom it may concern:

My name is J. F. Murphy. My mother lives in Elgin, Ills. I am recently from San Francisco; have \$2,300 deposited with the Odd Fellows Saving bank in San Francisco; Also some property in the town of Hollister, Cal., all to go to my dear mother in case of my death. My will is deposited with the National Gold Bank and Trust company of San Francisco. Mildly and sanely, J. F. MURPHY.

At an informal examination, yesterday, Leland, proprietor of the Stuytevant House, said that Murphy, on Thursday, sent \$5,000 to his wife, who is living in San Francisco.

Oscar D. Peterson, arrested for grand larceny, and who fired at the police and shot a citizen, was identified, to-day, by a deputy warden of Sing Sing prison, as "Jim" Brady, the notorious burglar and bank robber. He is well known to the police as being implicated in the Northampton Bank robbery, Keesville Bank robbery, and other crimes in Philadelphia, this city, and elsewhere.

CHICAGO, 4.—The *Tribune's* London special says, for reasons political as well as strategical, gloom and forebodings fill the Russian press, and the people are haunted with the dread of coming evil. It may be taken for granted that the Russian government will place the last regiment in the field. There is a prospect of one of the most fiercely contested wars Europe has ever seen.

ST. LOUIS, 4.—Ben De Bar, proprietor and manager of DeBar's Opera House, in this city, arrived home, yesterday, suffering from a paralytic stroke, which attacked him in New York about a week ago. Dr. Lankford pronounces his case serious if not hopeless. There being, beside paralysis of the limbs and parts of the body, a softening of portions of the brain. Mr. DeBar is the oldest theatrical manager in the country, and the oldest actor in the world except Bedford and Buckstone, of London.

NEW YORK, 4.—The Turkish minister for foreign affairs has sent a circular to the Turkish representatives abroad, reciting the "barbarous acts committed by the Russians, and says, that it is necessary that the civilized world should become acquainted with these horrors, to express its indignation, and to brand them. The inhabitants of Ternis, near Tirnova, having, on the approach of the Russians, taken refuge in a mosque, were burned alive in the enclosure; the Russians having met 300 carts filled with fugitive families, destroyed them with cannon shots, then completing their work of extermination by massacring all the men and women they could find. In every suburb or village occupied by the Russian troops the dwellings of Mussulmans were given to the flames. The Bulgarians, excited by the example of the Russians, commit, against the peaceful and resigned Mussulman population, acts of barbarity and outrages still more atrocious and more horrible than those perpetrated by the invaders.

The Chief of Police, of Chicago, telegraphed to Superintendent Walling, this afternoon, that a woman had kidnapped three children there, and had fled to this city with the intention of taking them to Germany by to-day's steamer. The woman was arrested, and appeared to be a lady of refinement. She said she was taking the children to Germany to be educated there. The police justice remanded the parties to the custody of the police to await further particulars from Chicago.

OMAHA, 4.—Three companies of the 14th Infantry, one company of the 2nd Cavalry, and one company of the 5th Cavalry, left Omaha for their posts in the west, to-day,

from which they came about a week ago.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—A press dispatch from Lewiston, August 1st, received yesterday, says, Indian Joe and his family, who have been with the people at Slate Creek all through the Indian troubles, and have proved true and faithful to the whites, returned from Kamiah where they had been sent to ascertain the movements of the hostiles. His squaw says, the Indians at Kamiah told her that they were going across the mountains by the Lolo trail with their stock and families, and when they got them in a secure place, they would return and fight the soldiers. She also states that before leaving Kamiah they went to the friendly Indian camp and drove off all the young squaws, beat them with clubs, and forced them along like so many cattle; also came back and robbed them of everything they could find, and all their horses of any value. She further stated that the hostiles are to be reinforced by other Indians from the other side of the mountains, when they return. Her statements are considered reliable by those who have known her.

It is now believed by old acquaintances of Joseph that he will put away in safety his stores and extra horses, and return to Camas prairie, returning by Elk city or Piette's trails, which are much more easily travelled than the Lolo. This trip can, with forced marches, be made in about seven days. He has asserted his determination to burn the grain on Camas prairie, and then arrange his plans to go to Wallowa, and the opinion is that he will attempt it.

WASHINGTON, 5.—A good portion of the President's message, upon the re-assembling of Congress, will be devoted to the consideration of the labor question. It is known that at the numerous cabinet meetings held within the past two weeks, this subject has, in several instances, been discussed to the exclusion of all other matters. Several members of the cabinet are known to favor the passage of a law providing for the organizing of a commission which shall have due regard for the interest of all concerned, producers, merchants, railroad employes and capitalists, so that on any question a fair compromise may be effected. A member of the cabinet, in a recent conversation, spoke of this plan, and argued that Congress had the right to pass such a law under the clause of the Constitution authorizing that body to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several States and with the Indian tribes. Such commission might be vested with power to examine into the desirability of chartering new railroads, and might require certain conditions to be fulfilled so as to establish a reasonable certainty that the projected road would be remunerative, and that the company would have the means to pay for its construction, and thus avoid disastrous failures.

CHICAGO, 5.—The *Times* London special says, it is asserted that Russia is trying to secure intervention by some third power, and that Austria, instigated by Germany, will lend her influence in aiding Russia to secure peace.

A Pera correspondent asserts that Suleiman Pasha is pushing the Russians and will annihilate them. It is thought that both the Turkish armies in the north are closing in on the Russian line with every prospect of success. Only intervention or a miraculous victory, will save the Russians from destruction. The German sentiment is growing hostile to England, and high authority at Berlin says, her policy as to the occupation of the Dardanelles will not be permitted.

NEW YORK, 5.—The Turkish minister has received a dispatch from Constantinople officially denying the report that the Russian wounded were killed on the battle field of Plevna.

HARTFORD, CONN., 5.—The adjusters have completed the settlement of the losses of the St. John, N. B., fire. The total amount to be paid by insurance companies is \$6,736,000, of this, English companies will pay \$4,822,000; Canadian companies \$1,469,000; American companies \$445,000.

CHICAGO, 6.—The *Tribune's* London special says, the report that Plevna had been re-captured is contradicted. The condition of the Russian army after the battle rendered an immediate renewal of the battle out of the question. The Russians are showing great energy

in sending forward reinforcements. The force in the Dobrudscha has been ordered to Sistova. Everything indicates that the Russian commanders fully appreciate the importance of reversing their position as soon as possible. Osman Pasha's situation must draw upon him a serious onslaught before many days. The twelfth corps, whither pressed by Mehemet Ali, cannot remain in bivouac before Rutschuk, but must march to the support of its beaten comrades. The Russians have retired from Biela to Sistova.

According to the latest intelligence from Turkish sources, the position of Osman Pasha at Plevna is now solidified, and with the recent cavalry reinforcements, he commands 65,000 men. Supply depots have been established at Rahova and G'avna, and he has been able to detach a flying column under Hafiz Pasha, by the post cross roads, to Selvi. This column is intended to communicate with the army of the Lower Danube.

Our Country Contemporaries.

Utah County Enquirer, August 1—

On Sunday evening last, while Mrs. Shadrack Holdaway was coming to Provo with her husband from their farm at the Lake bottom, she met with a very sad accident. She had been at the farm during the week, cooking for the hands, and was returning, and was riding in the wagon, on which was a hay rack, and a few hundred pounds of hay. While driving along the wagon wheel ran into a deep rut and tipped the rack, which threw her off, and she fell under the wheel, which rolled over her right arm and left foot. She was taken up at once, and it was seen that her arm was broken below the elbow, and the socket bone of her ankle. She was conveyed to Provo, when Dr. R. M. Rogers was called in immediately, who attended to the sufferer, and set the bones carefully. She is doing reasonably well under the unfortunate circumstances.

Ogden Junction, Aug. 3—

We are pleased to state that Mr. C. C. Loveland, who was so seriously hurt at Brigham City one day last week, is rapidly recovering.

The report of the Hooper Irrigation Company, just received, shows that during the year ending July 31st, they had expended in labor for improvements, \$2,728.10; received in cash, \$395.45; cash paid out, \$289.03; notes on hand, \$106.42; amount of taxes remitted, \$2,550.60; amount allowed on damages, \$60; settled by transfer, \$1,106.07; secretary's fees, \$125; collector's fees, \$244.81; treasurer's fees, \$25; trustee's fees, \$90. The Company's resources amount to \$2,720, their liabilities are \$2,913.10, their cash obligations being \$103.40. The total number of acres assessed was 4,129.

Ogden Junction, August 4—

Mr. Dunn, who was recently sent out here by President Bassett of the U. N. R. R., from New York, returned from the north a day or two ago and went to Salt Lake, having completed the investigations which he was delegated to make. It appears that the entire cost incidental to pushing the road twenty-five miles further (Cottonwood) will not be so great as to operate detrimentally to the consummation of the project; and in the event of raising the necessary funds in the east—a matter of trifling moment but for the recent strikes—Mr. Dunn is to remain and take supervision of the work. The road is already graded ten miles beyond Franklin, which brings it to the base of a hill, necessitating a tunnel of 1,200 feet in length; both sides of this hill have been dug into to some little extent, and it is not believed that there will be anything more serious than ordinary earth to penetrate. The people of that vicinity are willing to do the work and furnish the ties, taking payment in cash and first mortgage bonds, one-half of each. In the absence of a law for the organization of railroad companies in Idaho, the Utah Northern will be compelled to take advantage of the regulations provided by congressional enactment; so that the only real obstacle to the extension at this time is the obtaining of money in the east, and this will doubtless soon be overcome.

Beaver Square Dealer, Aug. 3—

The county jail is progressing rapidly in the hands of Thos. Frazier & Co.

The Beaverites will be in the midst of their wheat harvest by the first of next week.

The new barn in the Tithing Office yard is about completed and is a capacious and substantial building.

The grain crop in Beaver County every where on the river, is tip-top, and the lucerne crop in Minersville is abundant.

The Court has been mainly employed during the week with the case of McGerry vs. Shepherd. The jury reported this forenoon that they would be unable to agree on the main point. The Court sent them back for another pull at the verdict.

The writer was living at Salt Lake at the time of the arrest of the Morrisites and knows that neither the people nor their leaders were responsible for any lives that may have been lost. Burton, who at the time was the sheriff of Salt Lake County, together with the sheriff of Davis County, was ordered out with a posse under the command of officers of the Territorial Militia, by the Governor, to arrest Morris and Banks, who had resisted the warrants of the Davis County sheriff, and threatened his life. Governor Frank Fuller and Judge Kinney were wholly and solely responsible for the Morrisite war. This will be shown by the first step of judicial investigation. The arrest of the Morrisites was a perfectly proper step. They had stolen cattle and horses belonging to the people of Kay's Ward, and forcibly occupied the farms of two or three of the Davis County citizens, expelling the owners thereof. When the Governor was made aware of these facts, he took steps to have the laws of the Territory enforced, and this brought on the collision which resulted in the killing of one Mormon soldier, and a number of the Morrisites. We are confident that nobody was murdered, either by Sheriff Burton or Dr. Clinton.

Jennie June has been to Europe, and she comes back enraptured with things there, inasmuch that she not only has been there, but would go again. She says, "I want to go back to a country where life, character, conduct stands for something, where men have to give guarantees of qualification for citizenship, and women are not only admired but respected. I want to live where the universe for women does not turn on the cut of a polonaise or the shade of a ribbon." To think that a trip to Europe should have disgusted her in that way with America!

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