TELEGRAPHIC.

A PECULIAR CASE.

George Monge Falls From a Horizontal Bar and Breaks His Neck,

YET HE SURVIVES THE ACCIDENT

And the Physicians Hope to Be Able to Repair the Generally Fatal Injury.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A broken neck is the only drawback to the physical happiness of George Monge and even on the surgeons of Flower hospital hope to remedy before snow flies again, and his neck will be like those of other living men. He was a student of Williston seminary on June 9 last. On that day while he was exercising on a horizontal bar he lost his hold and fell to the floor. He struck on the back of his head and was picked up unconscious. A local doctor diagnosed his injury as a severe strain to the tendons of the neck. After passing two weeks in bed Monge was sent to his home in Philadelphia. Several weeks after the accident he was sent to the Pennsylvania hospital and his neck was found to be broken.

He remained in the hospital for months. His upper body was encased in a plaster cast, to which a "jury mast" was rigged to keep his head in position. He finally went to the Flower hospital. They determined to encase him from his waist up except his face and ears in a plaster of paris cast. In four months the bones are expected to knit and become as strong as ever.

A Graceful Act.

PARIS, July 1.—Count Von Munster, the German ambassador, informed Prime Minister Dupuy and M. Mouneaux, the minister of foreign affairs, that upon the occasion of M. Carnot's obsequies, Emperor William had granted a pardon to Lieutenant Delmy and Lieutenant Mileval, the two French officers who were convicted in December last at Leipsic of being spies.

THE RAILWAY SITUATION.

Business in Chicago Seriously Paralyzed—Pullman Goes East.

CHICAGO, July 1.—In Chicago and vicinity today was spent by the two contending forces in the great railway strike in playing a waiting game, each one narrowly watching the next move of the other.

Railway officials profess to be sanguine of the ultimate defeat of the strikers, and the latter are equally certain of final success.

At a number of vantage points throughout the city efforts were made to move freight trains, which were promptly frustrated by strikers and their sympathizers, who poisoned spur switches, carried off the links and pins, set brakes and chased away the men, retiring whenever a superior force of police appeared on the scene. Barring a few minor scrimmages, in which no damage was done, the day was fairly quiet.

Passenger traffic on most of the roads was not seriously interfered with where Pullman cars were not handled, except at Rock Island, where the Rock Island trains are still held.

It was learned this evening that George M. Pullman had quietly left the city since last night, presumably for the East, although it is impossible to obtain definite information as to his destination.

Business in Chicago is seriously paralyzed as the result of the present labor difficulty.

About 6 p. m. a gang of about thirty strikers broke into the Lake Handle switch tower at West Pullman, and with threats and abusive epithets, chased the towerman operator out of it, declaring they would have his life if he ever returned.

A mob of 500 men is gathered at Riverdale with the avowed intention of making an assault on train No. 21, carrying mail and Pullman sleeper and dining car. Sheare, with fifty-two deputy sheriffs, and Soper, with eleven deputy marshals, are there, and reinforcements have been sent them with a view of protecting the train.

Passenger trains on the Chicago & Alton in Illinois are moving in both directions about on time with the usual equipments. Passenger trains to and from Kansas City and St. Louis were stopped at Slater, Mo., where engines are changed, by reason of the firemen refusing to go on trains hauling Pullman equipment. The company has arranged for United States deputy marshals to go to Slater and raise the blockade.

The situation on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe at Chicago this morning was about as it was yesterday. Passenger trains at Chicago have arrived and departed on time. Passenger trains are not running through to Grand Junction and Denver. Train No. 95, which was held up at Grand Junction yesterday, left there 8:40 p. m. with Pullmans and the men at that point have all returned to work. In Colorado the road put tied up is Trinidad. There is now no obstruction in moving trains, freight or passenger, on the Atlantic & Pacific.

The Southern California railway is still tied up. The situation at Raton Las Vegas is as for several days past, trains being tied up.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy's passenger service in Chicago is intact, and no trouble is anticipated. Everything is quiet along the line and at outside points.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific has abandoned all trains until further notice.

Six persons today were given authority to tie up every Chicago industry. By a resolution adopted by the Trade and Labor assembly, the members of the executive committee were given absolute power to act in support of the American Railway union until the boycott on the Pullman strike is settled.

It is said the building trades council will discuss the advisability of taking similar action at a meeting to be held tomorrow.

If these two organizations decide to order a strike more than one-fourth of the workmen in Chicago will be idle in less than twenty-four hours.

DISARMED THE MARSHALS.

DENVER, July 1.—Federal troops are about to take hold of the Pullman boycott situation at Trinidad. On Saturday Receiver Trumbull of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf system applied to Judge Hallett of the United States circuit court for an injunction restraining the strikers from interfering with the property or operations of the lines on the road. The order was granted, and last night over 100 deputy United States marshals were sent to enforce the order. When the officers arrived here today, they were immediately surrounded by a mob of 1,000 strikers and disarmed.

Japan Goes on War.

LONDON, July 1.—A special to the Times from Shanghai says: Hitherto Japan upon gaining supremacy in Korea, Japan confirmed her warlike preparations on a large scale. Japan has summoned the King of Korea to relinquish Chinese suzerainty, to declare his independence, to accept Japanese protection, and to dismiss the Chinese residents.

Japan has answered the English and Russian pacific overtures by sending 3,000 more troops to Seoul. The Japanese troops in Korea now number 8,000. China has sent a special envoy to Seoul to confer with the Japanese officials.

THE BODY LAID TO REST.

Remarkable Civic and Military Displays in Paris.

Funeral Ceremonies over the Remains of the Murdered President of the French Republic.

PARIS, July 1.—The remains of the late President Sadi Carnot, the murdered chief magistrate of France struck down by the hand of Cesario Santo, the anarchist, at Lyons, on Sunday last, were deposited in the Pantheon by the side of the remains of his grandfather, Lazare Carnot, the "organizer of the victory."

The funeral was made the occasion of one of the most remarkable civic and military displays in the history of France. Crowds began to gather along the Champs Elysee, the Rue Duvel and the streets on the Ile de la Cite, from early yesterday evening. People camped all night, quiet and mournful, discussing the tragedy and cursing the assassin.

By 5 o'clock this morning the streets along the route were already crowded, and by 6 o'clock the Place de la Concord was black with people. The housetops, windows and balconies of every house along the line of march and every other point of vantage was occupied, fabulous sums of money having been paid for the use of houses, windows and balconies, from which to view the funeral procession.

The neighborhood of the British embassy was so packed with people yesterday evening that many who wished to get away in order to obtain food and drink were unable to do so, and Lady Dufferin, the wife of the British ambassador, left an much composition for them that she instructed her servants to distribute all the refreshments possible to the throng outside the doors of the embassy. The example of Lady Dufferin was followed by the occupants of a number of adjoining mansions.

At 9 o'clock this morning the whole route of the procession was packed in a manner never before seen in this city. The weather was glorious tonight, but the heat soon became almost unbearable. All the tatrows, benches, chairs and tables which could be brought out of the houses were placed upon the sidewalks, and standing room upon them was snapped off, and to many more at large prices.

There was no immense stir among the crowds when Casimir Perier, the successor of the late president, drove up to the palace, for, contrary to precedent, the newly-elected chief magistrate of France had determined to attend the funeral. The troops presented arms upon his arrival and he was received at the entrance of the palace by a number of high officials. General Saussier then gave the signal for the funeral to commence.

At exactly 10:30 a. m. the procession began its march towards the cathedral of Notre Dame. A squadron of Republican guards emerged from the grounds of the palace and proceeded slowly down Avenue Marigini toward the avenue Gabriel and the Champs Elysee, the band of the guards playing a funeral march. All the troops presented arms, and the people uncovered their heads in spite of the blazing sun.

Following the band of the Guards Republicaine came four of the private attendants of the Elysee, with the tri-colored cockade in their hats and bearing Casimer-Perier's splendid wreath of roses and palms across two poles. Then came two carriages containing the priests who were to receive the body in Notre Dame. After the clergy came the six-horse funeral car, which had been used at the funerals of Presidents Thiers and McMahon. The trappings of the car and horses were richly embroidered with silver, and angels with outstretched wings surrounded each corner. The casket was covered with the tri-color of France and was heavily draped with crepe. There was no flowers on the funeral car.

As the funeral car passed, those who had not previously doffed their hats did so, many of the women fell upon their knees, and all good Catholics made the sign of the cross and offered up silent prayers for the repose of the soul of the murdered president.

Two infantry regiments bearing a large velvet cushion upon which rested President Carnot's various orders, marched after the funeral car. They were followed by the officers composing the civil household of the late president. Behind these were the three sons of the dead man. The other members of the family, excepting the widow, came next, and preceded Casimer-Perier, who followed them unc-covered, with the cordon of grand master of the legion of honor across his breast.

The ambassadors and the staffs of the different embassies, all in funeral uniform, followed. Behind them were the cabinet ministers, headed by Premier Dupuy. The cardinals and nearly all the senators and deputies had the seat place in the procession, preceding the personal friends of the family and the leading military and naval officers of the republic.

The remainder of the cortege was composed of deputations from the various departments of the government, the Legion of Honor, the different institutes, the clergy and others.

There was one serious accident. A man standing upon some railings overbalanced himself and was impaled and killed. The heat was so intense that hundreds of people fainted, and, owing to the packed crowds, it was with difficulty they could be revived and removed.

A panic occurred at the Arcades of the Rue de la Revoli, near the Chatelet. At the end of the procession passed an officer's horse ended and backed into the crowd. Those behind the first few lines of the crowd were not aware of the cause of the disturbance and some foolish person shouted: "A bomb!" The affrighted sight-seers made a desperate rush in their effort to escape what they believed to be an impending explosion. Stands and benches packed with people were overturned and some persons fell to the ground and were trampled under foot.

The procession reached the Cathedral of Notre Dame at nine where a most impressive scene was witnessed. As the casket was taken from the funeral car the officers all saluted together, the troops presented arms, the moments rang out a grand sonata, the muffled drums rolled and the bells tolled mournfully, the whole filling the air with a strange wailing sound which echoed for miles.

The clergy, headed by the archbishop of Paris, preceded the bier up the aisle to a monumental catafalque, displacing the altar which usually stands at that spot.

The choir at Notre Dame and the Conservatoire de Musique executed the Hungarian sonata and the sanctus of Gounod's "Messe et Ville," M. Felix Faure, the famous baritone, being the soloist.

The plaintive notes of "Dies Irae" were sung by the choir and M. Faure's rendering of "Pie Jesu" from Saint-Saen's requiem.

This produced a profound impression. Before pronouncing the absolution, the archbishop of Paris delivered an allocutio ; the cardinal said:

"Before this mourning, which has afflicted every French heart without distinction of opinion, one recognizes that France, in spite of moments of forgetfulness and error, always regards Bacchist of state as a representative of divine authority.

"The late president was an upright man in public as well as private life, and these simple words have been repeated by all class his death and constitutes a greater eulogy than orations.

"May this life, sacrificed to duty, prove a great lesson to all France hearts."

The archbishop of Paris concluded with offering respectful homage to the Carnot family, and by inviting all Christians to pray for the repose of the soul of the late president.

The religious ceremony to the Cathedral was concluded at 2 p. m., when the procession re-formed and proceeded across the river to the Pantheon.

Mme. Carnot remained at the Elysee Palace with her daughter and the wives of the members of the military household after the funeral procession had started, and at noon, when the body was arranged to arrive at Notre Dame, mass was celebrated in the chapel in the palace for the repose of the late president's soul. The chapel was draped with black and the widow manifested the greatest anguish as the Abbe Kohler officiated at the sacred ceremony.

IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—Solemn requiem high mass for the late President Carnot was celebrated in St. Matthew's church at noon today in the presence of President Cleveland, the diplomatic corps and representatives of all branches of the government.

After the requiem mass the crucifix was borne before the black draped candelabra and the prayers for the repose of the soul of the dead president were repeated by Father Kearvis.

ANARCHIST PLOTS.

Sentence of Death Pronounced Upon the Russian Czar.

BERLIN, June 30.—In connection with the anarchist movement, a startling rumor has reached here from St. Petersburg. It says that the czar recently found upon his table a document which set forth that sentence of death had been pronounced upon him, and that the sentence would be carried out within twenty-four hours. This document was signed "The Society for the Liberation of Russians." The Czar found upon the dressing table in his dressing room a skull with the word "Alexander" inscribed upon the frontal bone.

Up to the present time all the resources of the Russian police have proved ineffectual to discover how the document and the skull were introduced into the palace, or to find any clue to the persons connected with this attempt to alarm the Czar. General Tschewnin, who was in charge of the imperial palace, and who was responsible for the safety of the czar, has since been dismissed from his position. It is stated that all the imperial servants, since the discovery of the "sentence of death" and the skull have been replaced by old soldiers.

SIGNOR BANDI KILLED.

LEGHORN, July 1.—A crime somewhat resembling the murdering of President Carnot was committed in this city today. As Signor Bandi, director of the Gazetta Livornese, was entering his carriage at 5 o'clock, he was set upon by a man whom it was subsequently learned was an anarchist, who drew a knife and stabbed him in the abdomen.

Signor Bandi was at once attended by physicians, who decided the only hope of saving his life was to perform the operation of laparotomy. This was done, but Signor Bandi died a short time after wards.

Prime Minister Crispi was questioned in the Chamber of Deputies in regard to the murder. He stated that Signor Bandi had been stabbed and killed by an anarchist, owing to the articles that had appeared in his paper against anarchism.

ITALY ANGUISH.

ROME, July 1.—The murder has caused a great sensation throughout Italy, and the feeling against the anarchists has been greatly intensified. The blow delivered by the assassin closely the dagger to penetrate the liver, and the similarity of the wound to that which killed M. Carnot was remarked upon by the victim shortly before his death.

As yet the murderer has not been captured. He was seen after the deed to run to a carriage, in which were sitting two men, who were apparently waiting for him. He jumped into the carriage, the horses were lashed into a gallop and the three men escaped before any attempt could be made to stop them.

Signor Bandi represented in Leghorn the Reuter Telegram company of London.

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That Drs. Shores & Shores are Salt Lake's Leading Specialists.

The Wonderful Treatment has Brought Health and Happiness to Hundreds of Homes.

THE BEST PEOPLE TESTIFY TO THE SKILL OF THESE PHYSICIANS.

HOW IF THIS?

Evidence from Mr. Richard Smith, Another Old and Respected Resident of Salt Lake.

Mr. Richard Smith, proprietor of the hackery at 219 C street, is one of the old pioneers. He is known to nearly everyone in Salt Lake City. After taking the days of Drs. Shores & Shores's treatment, he says:

"I can truthfully state that under Drs. Shores & Shores's new treatment I have improved more than I ever thought possible for a man of my age. I can recommend their skill to all my friends as honest, conscientious and skillful physicians."

SINCE 1850.

Mr. W. M. Scott, has Resided in Salt Lake City—He Endorses Drs. Shores & Shores' New Treatment.

Did you ever notice the orthopic testimonial by Drs. Shores & Shores in some one of the oldest and most respected residents of Salt Lake City? Why is it they are telling the public about their remarkable cures? What other medicine ever gave such evidence of their skill? You are a reader, and can judge for yourself. Read what Mr. W. M. Scott says:

W. M. SCOTT, RESIDENCE SIXTH WARD.

He has resided in the Territory since 1850, surely no one is relied upon. Here are his words:

"When I came to Drs. Shores & Shores a week ago I was a terrible sufferer. My nose was constantly stopped up, dropping in the throat. Some nights I could not lay down at all on account of the scratched dropping from the head to the throat. I had a sort of gripping pain in the pit of my stomach, making food, in fact I was in a bad condition, and want to state that after ten days' treatment with Drs. Shores & Shores my improvement has been wonderful, and I heartily recommend their profession to all.

"I will take care, considering the fact that his patient has only had ten days' treatment, yet the improvement has been noticeable from the very beginning, and if earth can be cured, improvement should appear in that length of time."

THE TRUTH ALWAYS.

Mr. Thomas Criscroft, of 703 East Fourth South Street, Testifies:

Mr. Thomas Criscroft has resided here for the past twenty-three years. Can his statement be doubted? Is this not evidence sufficient to overcome the most skeptical? Mr. Criscroft says:

"I have been a great sufferer with catarrh. After taking Drs. Shores & Shores treatment, six days I felt so much improved I deem it a duty to inform others who may be suffering as I was, that Drs. Shores & Shores' new treatment is a decided success."

MR. W. H. M'CARTNEY,

Bookkeeper for Rothwell & McConaughy, the Lumber Dealers, Adds His Testimony:

One of the most expert bookkeepers in the city is in the employ of Rothwell & McConaughy, the lumber dealers. His name is W. H. McCartney. In an interview with Mr. McCartney, he says:

"Yes, I can endorse Drs. Shores & Shores' new treatment, for it has done wonders for me, and to any who may be suffering from catarrh I would say don't delay, go to Drs. Shores & Shores. They have proven they are successful specialists."

A FEW MORE.

Good people who endorse Drs. Shores & Shores' new treatment:

Mr. Ralph Sprack, Spanish Fork.
Mr. Hyrum Eccles, Grouse Ward, City.
James L. Chamberlin, 147 Fourth South street, City.
John N. Mathews, 302 West South Temple street, City.
Mrs. Julia Van Wagoner, Midway, Utah.
Colonel Farnham, Ogden, Utah.

IF YOU CANNOT COME TO SALT LAKE

Write for the most treatment. One of the physicians in personal charge superintends the mail department, by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

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SPECIALTIES—All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Female, Rectal and private diseases. Our treatment for Piles is new painless, safe and certain. Our own method.

Office hours: 9 to 11 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Five dollars a month for all Catarrhal Diseases. Medicines furnished free from our own laboratory.

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FOR SALE BY GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.

GRAND FOURTH OF JULY SALE.

Fizz! Bang! Boom!

The Bottom has Dropped out and Prices are all Smashed.

As a Fourth of July Inducement,

THE SIEGEL CLOTHING CO.

Make the Following Cut in Prices:

Summer Coats and Vests, Silk, Pongee, Mohair, Flannel, Outing Cloth, Etc., Etc., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $4.50.

Summer Suits, Sack; Frock, Square Cuts and Prince Albert, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $5.75, $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10, $11, and $12.

Summer Underwear, Balbriggan, Plain, Colored, Striped, Fancy and Natural, Etc., 50c, 70c, $1.00, $1.50, $1.70 a Suit.

SUMMER HATS!

A New and Elegant Line of Wide Brim Straw Goods just received by express, also a full line of Summer Neck Wear, Jersey Fitted Bathing Suits, 50 per cent less than Eastern Cost. There is no time like the present. These Bargains will not last long. If you delay you may get left.

Bargains, Great Bargains, Immense Bargains, at

The Siegel Clothing Co.

SALT LAKE. BUTTE. OGDEN.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

ANOTHER WEEK OF OUR TREMENDOUS MIDSUMMER

Clearing Sale.

EVERYTHING GOING AT CLOSING OUT PRICES. VAST CROWDS FILLED OUR AISLES LAST WEEK AND WERE ASTONISHED AT the PRICES. WE WERE SLAUGHTERING SUMMER GOODS

Midsummer Clearing Sale Prices on Silks.

19 inch, Black Gros Grain Silk, worth 60c, for 39c yard.

20 inch, Black Gros Grain Silk, worth $1.25, for 79c yard.

20 inch, Black Faille Francaise, most heavy and, worth $1.75, for 89c yard.

20 inch, Black Satin Rhadame, good quality, the black, worth 90c, for 69c yard.

Printed Jap, Printed Chiffon. Lowest prices ever offered for substantial material, for the quality, in lovely Dark Ground Designs, down to 25c.

Our 50c quality, down to 19c.

Look at our 65c and 75c.

These are the best bargains in desirable and seasonable goods ever shown in this country.

LACES

At Less than Eastern Cost.

Black Chantilly Lace, value 75c yard, for 19c yard.

Black Spanish in handsome patterns, sold at 40c and 50c yd, for 25c and 29c yard.

An Elegant Assortment of Ecru and White Point de Venise and Point de Gaze Laces, in latest designs, with and without edge, sold from 12½ to 50c yd, for 7½ to 25c yard.

Black Bourdon Lace, Insertion, value 20c, 25c, 30c, for 10c, 12c, 15c yard, 1 to 4 inches wide.

BELTS.

A Large Variety of Leather and Velvet belts, elegant for dressed ladies, worth 25c to 50c, for 12c and 25c.

Leather and silk belts, worth 50c, for 19c.

GREAT REDUCTIONS ON ALL READY-MADE GOODS.

DUCK SUITS.

New Styles and Patterns have arrived and we are now showing the most complete assortment of all the Latest Styles, in Colaways, Strawbiles, and Boys' and shapes in Duck, Percale, and Canvas, Linen, etc., from $1.95, $2.75, $3.50 up.

The greatest, noblest Suit in the city, for $5.50, value $10.00. Elegant, Tailor-made.

WHITE WAISTS.

[illegible] Stock!

So many [illegible] have never before been shown here.

25 doz. White Waists, colored embroidery edge, worth $1.50, for 79c.

Beautiful Colored Embroidered Waists, worth $2.25, for $1.45.

Very Handsome Embroidered Waists, white or colored, worth $3.00, for $1.75.

Colored Waists, Shirt Waists. These goods of them, all being closed now at slaughter Prices.

WRAPPERS.

Another big invoice of Wrappers arrived, and will be sold at about half the usual prices.

Indigo Blue Wrappers at 75c, 85c, 95c.

Solemn Wrappers at $1.00, $1.25, $1.75, etc.

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