

Revenue to result from the growth of population and the consequent growth of business industries. To railroad managers whose tenure of office may depend on the magnitude of present revenue, the first policy would be preferable, but even with such a policy no conflict can arise on the part of Salt Lake interests.

The attractions and resources of Salt Lake and neighboring cities are sufficient to draw largely on the capital and population of the east. With the influx of both, business is increased and could be increased in Salt Lake and the vicinity almost indefinitely. The very inauguration of such a policy would be sufficient to make thousands abandon Omaha and Denver for homes and business investments in Utah. Let it be understood in the east by those who are forced to accept \$10,000,000 monthly in coin from the government for the bonds they surrender that such capital can be safely and lucratively invested in Utah, that our resources and attractions are greater than any on the continent and that the factories, mills and shops cannot be closed at will by the railroads, that the mines need not be shut down through the impossibility of shipping their products or treating their ores for want of salt located in mountain heaps within a short haul, and the owners of these millions will throng to us.

When all our facilities and advantages are known and neither capital nor labor is deterred from locating amongst us through fear of railroad discrimination or other difficulties, our city will operate as a loadstone to attract the hundreds of thousands who are now living on less hospitable territory, and the prosperity of the railroads will be increased proportionately.

That we have the resources and attractions no one will deny, can deny. Let the railroads but permit us to utilize them and avail ourselves of the advantages they afford us; let them, if necessary, aid us by a generous, prospective policy in developing our resources and making known our attractions, and it will be but a short time till Salt Lake City will be as beloved of the railroads as Omaha or Denver.

But, to reduce the situation to a practical issue immediately, we beg to state that our citizens, feeling at various times, and having long felt that they were not being fairly dealt with by the Union Pacific Railroad, presented their grievances to General Manager Shelby, who promised that they should receive proper attention and consideration, and that a remedy would be applied. We waited patiently for a reply, but in vain. Our troubles continued, and after having waited till patience became exhausted our Chamber of Commerce and business men generally determined to discuss the difficulties openly, and make application of whatever remedy might be suggested. Our business men met for this purpose last week, but deferred action at the suggestion of the representatives of the Union Pacific Railroad, that a conference may be had with Messrs. Potter and Monroe, of that road.

We have studied the situation carefully, and suggest as a basis of understanding, that the following rates be fixed to and from the points mentioned, on ores and bullion:

Ores from Salt Lake to Omaha..... \$10.00
Bullion from Salt Lake to Omaha..... 12.00
Ores from Wood River to Salt Lake..... 7.00
Ores from Tintic to Salt Lake..... 2.50
Ores from Park City to Salt Lake..... 2.50
Ores from Salt Lake to Denver..... 8.00

It was suggested to Manager Shelby, and the suggestion favorably considered, that freights from Salt Lake, regardless of classification, should be hauled to the northern limit of Idaho at twenty-five (25) cents per 100 lbs., and from Pocatello west at 50 cents. This suggestion we again repeat and believe that such arrangement would be just and equitable to all parties.

We also suggest that our salt manufacturers be enabled to enter the mining territories of the north with their products, and for that purpose that a rate on salt of seven dollars (\$7) per ton be fixed from Salt Lake to Butte City, Montana.

Respectfully submitted,
W. H. REMINGTON,
JAMES GLENDENNING,
T. R. JONES,
G. F. CULMER.

We, the committee from the Ogden Board of Trade, fully endorse the sentiments contained herein.

V. M. C. SILVA,
H. L. GREEN.

A lengthy discussion followed, in which Mr. Munroe granted quite a number of important concessions. With reference to the mining interests, he could give no definite answer, though it was generally conceded that in this was the greatest injustice. The matter will be brought to the attention of General Manager Potter, and it is likely that reasonable concessions will be made before the question is allowed to drop. Outside of the bullion and ore shipments, Mr. Munroe gave satisfactory answers as to rates for shipment from local points. It was agreed that there should be neutral ground for both Salt Lake and Ogden, and the decision reached was to this effect: That north, on the Utah & Northern to Mendon, the advantage in rates should go to Ogden; that south, on the Utah Central to Payson, Salt Lake should be entitled to an advantage in the rates; that between Ogden and Echo, Ogden should have the advantage. But beyond these points all rates should be in common—the same rate obtaining for both places. This makes all territory beyond a point of about fifty miles north, south and east, neutral ground. The questions were not finally disposed of, however, Mr. Munroe taking a list of articles on which special rates were wanted, and agreeing to answer within three days. A meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held on Wednesday evening next, at which the committee expect to make a final report.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, SEPTEMBER 18.

Arrested.

Last evening a gentleman named Summer, of Logan, who came in with the emigrant yesterday afternoon, was arrested by Deputy Exum on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. After some difficulty he obtained bondsmen and was to appear this morning.

Summer has been absent about two years in Switzerland.—Ogden Herald, Sept. 18.

A Gorilla at Large.

Last night a number of men were seen in the lower part of town running around with torches, peering over fences and around houses, as if in search of something. On inquiry it was learned that a gorilla had got loose from the circus which is now exhibiting on Union Square. At a late hour the animal had not been found.—Ogden Herald, Sept. 16.

Hoyt Sherman's Appointment.

Omaha, Sept. 13.—Mr. O. P. McCarthy, who has been assistant general ticket agent of the Union Pacific, has been appointed chief clerk of the reorganized passenger and ticket department. Mr. T. W. Miner, who was chief clerk of the passenger department, has been placed in charge of the advertising.

Hoyt Sherman, Junr., who has been with the passenger service of the Union Pacific, as traveling agent, is appointed assistant general agent of the passenger department, with headquarters at Salt Lake.

Dr. A. G. Pfeiffer, chief surgeon of the Union Pacific, is in the city from headquarters at Denver.

Tickets for the Odd Fellows' excursion to Denver went on sale today. The fare from Omaha is \$18.15, or one fare for the round trip. A special Pullman Car will leave here next Monday morning with the Omaha delegation. They are to be joined at Valley by the Lincoln delegation and take on others at the several stations along the route.—Denver News.

Before Judge Zane.

Proceedings in the Third District Court to-day:

Geo. M. Scott et al. vs. Silas Reed; motion to relax costs on ground of excessive mileage charged for witnesses; the court allows the mileage as taxed by railroad—106 miles from Park City, instead of 30 miles by stage route.

Frederick Heath vs. Salt Lake County; motion for judgment upon report of referee, and motion of defendant to set aside report of referee, considered. The court sustains the objection to the report, and refuses to enter judgment. New trial allowed; plaintiff allowed twenty days to amend complaint.

Thomas LePage vs. John D. Graham et al.; demurrer to complaint overruled.

Chas. F. Blandin vs. Salt Lake County et al.; demurrer to complaint overruled.

Wm. Ayerton vs. Thos. A. Tennant; motion of defendant for new trial argued and submitted.

Sarah Ann Bassett vs. Wm. E. Bassett; motion of plaintiff for allowance of temporary alimony and costs, etc.; heard on record and affidavits, and argued and submitted.

W. H. Kellogg et al. vs. David Williams et al.; demurrer to amended complaint argued and submitted.

Thin Case.

The McFarland unlawful cohabitation case was resumed before Commissioner Black yesterday morning. The witness Jenkins was in attendance and was sworn. His testimony was that he had visited the residence of Mr. McFarland some time in July or August of last year and had seen a lady who was reputed to be the third wife of Mr. McFarland's come over to Mr. McFarland's well to get a bucket of water. He had also seen another lady, who was said to be the wife of the defendant, at the house of his legal wife. The ladies seemed to be working together about the house. Witness, however, had no certain knowledge that defendant has more than one wife. This was all the evidence the prosecution had to offer. The Commissioner had stated yesterday that the evidence of the former witnesses was not sufficient to hold the defendant. Now the defense moved for a discharge of the defendant, on the ground that there was no evidence that a public offense had been committed. This was opposed by Mr. Hiles, who argued that there were other witnesses who had not been subpoenaed, but whose testimony might be more conclusive. It would be no hardship to the defendant to remain under bonds till the grand jury meets, if the attendance of the other witnesses is not secured before. The defense urged that the defendant was entitled to a discharge, as the offense charged against him had not been proven. The commissioner, however, concluded to hold the defendant to appear before the grand jury, and so ordered.—Ogden Herald, Sept. 14.

Ogden Items.

Yesterday afternoon a Herald reporter was passing by the premises of the Co-operative Wagon & Machine Company, where he saw three of four of the police officers carefully examining some footprints in the yard. On inquiry it was learned that a watch had been stolen. The watch was the property of Mr. Gilbert Wright, an employee of the firm. Sitting by, was a man who had been arrested on suspicion of having stolen the time-piece. There were tracks in the yard made by some person wearing nailed shoes. The man's shoes fitted the tracks exactly, and he was taken in

charge. The officers had traced the steps from the yard down Fifth Street to the man's wagon, where they had found him. He gave the name of Geo. Edmonds, and said his home was in Hooper. He stoutly protested that he had not been in the yard, but his shoes fitted the tracks exactly, and there could be no doubt on the matter. On arriving at the City Hall he gave bonds in the sum of \$50 for his appearance when wanted. In the meantime, however, the watch had not been found. An inquiry was made, and in the search for the watch the real culprit was found. He gave his name as John Shay. He is a stranger in Ogden and has lost one arm. The man Edmonds had been in the yard, it was evident, notwithstanding he denied that he had. The watch was stolen from Mr. Wright's vest pocket, the vest at the time being hung up in the yard.

Yesterday Judge Henderson sent an invitation to the members of the bar in this city to meet in the court room at 2 p. m. A number of the gentlemen were present at that hour. His honor stated that a very embarrassing question had arisen in connection with the matter of the court reporter of the First District Court. About a year ago Mr. A. H. Winn, who was then the incumbent, asked to be excused from duty for one year. His request was granted and Mr. J. W. Pike, after examination, was appointed court reporter pro tem. Now Mr. Pike asks that his appointment be made permanent. In the meantime Mr. Winn heard of Mr. Pike's application, and has now presented himself for duty. The court explained that the question of who shall be reporter is one of great importance to the attorneys and he would be pleased to receive their recommendations on the subject, in confidence. Both gentlemen are said to be competent to perform the duties of the office. The question will be decided in a few days.—Ogden Herald, Sept. 15.

ARRIVED LAST NIGHT.

The Immigrants Reach Utah—An Unfavorable Voyage.

Elder John C. Carlisle, of Mill Creek, in this county, who arrived with the immigrants last evening, called at this office to-day. As before announced, the company, which consisted mainly of Scandinavian Saluts, left Liverpool August 27th. The voyage to New York occupied eleven days, and was characterized by head winds nearly the whole time. One severe storm was encountered on the ocean. After leaving New York a little girl named Esther Anderson died on the ship. The remains were brought to Ogden.

That portion of the company which came over the D. & R. G. arrived in this city at about the same hour that those who traveled over the U. P. reached Ogden. The detachments were not far from equal in numbers. Elder Carlisle left Utah October 27th, 1885, and labored during the whole period of his mission in the Liverpool conference, with the exception of two months spent in visiting in other parts of England. He reports the conference to be in a favorable condition, better than two years ago. Baptisms have been more frequent in it during the past year than for some years previous.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 17.

Admitted to Bail.

At the examination on Thursday in Park City, into the charge of murder against Charles Axtell, for killing James Bowen, last Tuesday night, Commissioner Cohen held Mr. Axtell to await the action of the grand jury for his deed. He was admitted to bail, however, the amount being fixed at \$2,500. Up to last accounts he stood little chance of finding sureties for that amount.

Shocking Fatality.

From folks who came down from the north yesterday, it was learned that a terrible accident took place at Pocatello on Wednesday evening. Nellie, an eight-year old daughter of D. B. and Martha Rees Thomas, was standing on the track when a train came along and killed her. Her right arm was severed from her body and her face and head presented a sickening spectacle. The wheels passed along the body, killing the unfortunate little one instantly. The remains were taken to Brigham City for interment.—Ogden Herald.

Third District Court.

Proceedings before Judge Zane at to-day's session:

Wm. H. Kellogg et al. vs. David Williams et al.; demurrer to amended complaint sustained; fifty days allowed to amend or stand on complaint.

Sarah Ann Bassett vs. Wm. E. Bassett; motion for temporary alimony and attorney's fees and costs allowed. Alimony \$30 per month, \$50 costs and \$150 attorney's fee at present payable.

Wm. Ayerton vs. Thomas A. Tennant; motion for new trial; ten months remitted, and findings amended.

A. C. Bixen vs. Deseret National Bank; motion for new trial submitted without argument.

Samuel Brisacher vs. F. H. Dyer; motion of plaintiff for new trial argued and submitted.

The People, etc., vs. Howard F.

Friend et al.; for forgery; demurrer to indictment argued by W. H. Dickson and W. J. Clarke for People, and C. S. Varian and H. R. Watrous for defendants, and submitted.

DANGEROUSLY HURT.

Steuben Rawlins, of Centerville, Badly Hurt by His Team.

Yesterday Brother Steuben Rawlins, of Centerville, brought a load of hay to this city, and after disposing of it, started on his return home. It was about three or four o'clock in the afternoon, and he had reached a point about half way between the hot and warm springs, north of this city, when the sign of an Indian caused his horses to take fright, and they became unmanageable. The neck yoke and tongue bolt were broken, and Brother Rawlins was thrown to the ground.

He received VERY SEVERE INJURIES; but exactly in what manner our informant was unable to state. Some section men on the railroad saw him at the time of, or soon after the accident, and conveyed him to one of the hospitals in this city, where he now lies. He was entirely unconscious for a long time after being hurt. His head is bruised and he has vomited quantities of blood, indicating internal injuries. His condition is critical but there are hopes that he will survive.

Brother Rawlins was one of the first settlers of Centerville, is between 50 and 60 years of age, and is highly respected by his neighbors.

THE PARK CITY KILLING.

The Coroner's Jury Consider the Shooting to be Felonious.

On Wednesday an inquest was held at Park City, by Frederick Rasband, coroner of Wasatch County, over the remains of James H. Bowen, killed by Charles Axtell. The account there given of the shooting differs somewhat from that already published, and is published in the Call as follows:

Scotty Hunter, the principal witness, testified that he was awakened by the barking of the dog; heard Bowen and Axtell talking but didn't understand what was said; Axtell rushed into the room, jumped on the bed, grabbed Bowen's revolver from under the clothing, picked up a handful of shells and began to load the gun. Hunter asked him what the trouble was, and Axtell said Bowen wanted his blood. Axtell started for the back door with the gun and passed out, stopping on the near side of a black horse. Bowen was on the off side and had an axe in his hand. He said "you s— of a b—, I'll get you anyhow." He heard three shots fired and Axtell came into the house and said "he is out there, lying by the trail, Scotty." Hunter said, "Charley, what have you done? Are you drunk or crazy?" Axtell asked him if he had anything to eat in the house and was told there was plenty. Hunter then took a candle and went out to look for Bowen, as he passed through the door, the dog caught hold of his over-shirt and drew him over to where Bowen was lying in the brush, about forty feet from the cabin door. He looked at him and thought he was dead. He returned to the house and found Axtell eating tomatoes. He asked him if he would stay in the cabin while he, Hunter, went to the Rochester mine for help. Axtell said he would stay there a year if Hunter said so. Hunter went to the Rochester and found everybody in bed. He woke them up and told them Axtell had shot Bowen dead. They had heard the shots fired, and a man by the name of Turner had made the remark that somebody had been shot. Mr. John Madden, the foreman, dressed himself, got a lantern and they went back to the cabin. Madden asked Hunter if Bowen was dead, and he said he thought he was. When they examined Bowen with the lantern they found him dead, and carried him into the house. They then made preparations to come to town, and Axtell was placed under arrest. Bowen was standing with his right side to Axtell when Hunter saw him, having the axe about half raised; the gun used belonged to Bowen, and was a 45-calibre.

The jury in the verdict found that "the deceased, James H. Bowen, came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound, fired from a Colt's double action revolver in the hands of one Charles P. Axtell, and from the evidence adduced would consider said shooting felonious."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 19.

Death Expected.

Miss Zola Webb, of Provo, who has now been suffering extremely for a little over a year, from the effects of burns, caused by an accident with a lamp is gradually sinking and her death is now look for any moment. So we are informed by a Provo correspondent.

A Bootless Burglary.

Late on Saturday night the premises of Goddard & James, barbers, near the Council House corner, were burglarized. The thief broke two panes of glass in the rear window, and was thus enabled to loosen the catches, raise the sash and gain the interior. He rummaged the desk, leaving the articles it contained strewn about in con-

fusion. Not finding any cash, the object of his pursuit, he decamped without taking anything with him.

A Fire at Hyrum.

A gentleman from the north informed a representative of the Herald yesterday that a fire occurred at the premises of Bishop Molen at Hyrum, on Thursday morning. A large quantity of hay was destroyed, also the corral and some stacks of wheat. The damage will amount to between \$500 and \$600. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained.—Ogden Herald.

Death in Provo.

"Annt" Phoebe Soper Pratt died last Saturday evening at her daughter's residence, Third Ward, Provo City, aged 64 years. She was a wife of the late Parley P. Pratt, and was with him a great deal in his travels preaching the Gospel, especially on his first trip to South America, and endured the many hardships of the mission. She died a faithful Latter-day Saint.

The funeral will take place at the ward house, Provo, Tuesday, the 20th inst.

Arrested for Larceny.

James Marshall, a well known character in this vicinity, was before Justice Pyper to-day on the charge of grand larceny. He pleaded not guilty, and the case will be heard to-morrow. He was arrested at Glenwood Springs, Colorado, last Thursday, and was brought back by Sheriff Burt, who made the round trip from Gunnison Col., 200 miles, on a buckboard.

The Rich Mines of Mexico.

From Mr. S. J. Brown, of this city who returned on Monday last from El Paso, Texas, we glean the following items concerning mining in Mexico: Mr. Brown informs us that he left this city on the first of last April for the purpose of erecting a smelter for the El Paso Smelting Co., of El Paso, Texas, where he succeeded in putting up a smelter of four furnaces, costing \$170,000. The company have large amounts of ore piled up at Escalante, in Mexico, about 300 miles from El Paso, and the principal reason for the erection of the new smelter was the fact that the works in Kansas City were inadequate to handle the ores as fast as they were produced. Mr. Brown states that El Paso is situated in the Northwestern corner of Texas, on the Rio Grande, that about half the town consists of saloons, that Mexicans and Americans of the border stripe are so abundant that it is not an uncommon circumstance to "have a man for breakfast." He thinks there is no discount on the reports of rich mines in Mexico.

Killed by Jim Jagers.

On Wednesday evening, the 14th inst., about 8 o'clock, news was received in Dillon, Montana, that James Jagers, a ranchman of Horse Prairie, had shot and killed John B. Bushill, a saloonkeeper of Bannack, in the doorway of the Bannack Hotel. It appears that on the afternoon of the shooting, just before 2 o'clock, Bushill was in the bar-room of the Bannack Hotel and telling how he had made men "weaken" in that town, and turning to Jim Jagers, Bushill said, "I can make you weaken, too," or words to that effect. Jagers advised Bushill to take a drink and keep still. Bushill then left the hotel and proceeded across the street to his saloon where he "heeled" himself. Bushill was returning to the hotel with his gun in his hand, when a woman who was upstairs in the hotel, cried down through a stovepipe hole, "Look out for Bushill. He's coming with a gun in his hand!" A moment or so afterward Bushill entered the doorway of the hotel. The report of two pistols was almost simultaneous. Jagers escaped unhurt. Bushill received a fatal wound in the upper part of his breast. Other evidence showed that Bushill was the assailant, and that in hunting his man he met his death. At the conclusion of the testimony Justice Meade discharged Jagers on the ground that the homicide was justifiable, having been committed in self-defense.

James Jagers is well known at Glendale, Dillon and Bannack, and is at present ranching on Horse Prairie. John B. Bushill, the deceased, had been keeping a saloon in Bannack for some time past.

Commissioned.

The following additional commissions have been signed by Governor West:

John Houston, prosecuting attorney Garfield County.

Geo. Dodge, superintendent district schools, Garfield County.

James W. Pace, sheriff, Garfield County.

Arthur Miller, selectman, Garfield County.

George Dodges, clerk of the county court, Garfield County.

Davis County; Edward A. Cottrell, constable, Farmington; Geo. A. Lincoln, justice of the peace, East Bountiful; John E. Wooley, justice of the peace, Centerville; Jos. Barton, prosecuting attorney; Lewis M. Grant, selectman; Henry L. Steed, superintendent of district schools; Ailly L. Rose, coroner; Thos. J. Steed, justice of the peace, Farmington; Joseph Barton, surveyor.