

after the front wall fell into the street. The south wall, which was unusually strongly built, as it was within ten feet of a large private dwelling, remained intact.

The fire was finally confined to Music Hall and the church. Music Hall was completed in 1883, having been about a year in the course of construction. St. Louis Church was the oldest Roman Catholic Church in the city.

OTTAWA, Ont., 26.—The government has received no information of any collision between the mounted police and Riel. The so-called rebellion is confined to a small district near Fort Carleton, on the outskirts of Prince Albert settlement. Riel is reported to have about 100 followers, 40 of them Indians and the rest half-breeds.

CHICAGO, 26.—*Tribune's* Washington special: A prominent republican official, of Idaho, who was formerly an eastern journalist, in a letter to an officer at Washington, makes some extraordinary statements as to the anti-Mormon movement in that Territory. While as much opposed to polygamy as one can be, he says that for business integrity, the Mormons surpass the Gentiles in Idaho, while the leaders of the anti-Mormon crusade are simply unprincipled traders in public office.

## FOREIGN.

CAIRO, March 25.—Two Soudanese sheiks have gone to Constantinople to enter the service of the Sultan.

SYDNEY, March 25.—The New South Wales Legislative Council by a unanimous vote and the Legislative Assembly by 63 to 34, approved the dispatch of a Colonial contingent to the Soudan. The announcement of the vote was received with loud cheering for the Queen.

SUAKIM, March 25.—The Grenadiers and Surrey regiment reached Suakim from the zereba without loss, although they exchanged shots with hostile Arabs on the way. The Arabs lost 400 men in yesterday's skirmish.

The total loss of the Arabs in last Sunday's engagement is now stated at 3,000, including 34 women who had been armed as soldiers, and who proved as impetuous and determined as the men. The bodies of these Amazons were counted on the field after the fight.

The British loss in last Sunday's battle were much greater than at first reported. Gen. Graham to-day telegraphed the Home Government that he fears he must add to the list of that day's killed 38 men still missing from the Sikhs (Indian) regiment.

The latest returns place the number of killed and wounded in Sunday's battle at 580, including camp followers.

The British lost 1,000 camels, and are seriously crippled for want of transportation.

Suakim, 25.—The redoubts at Hasheen having proved a failure as a protection to the British troops, have been destroyed by order General Graham, to prevent them protecting the Arabs.

Yesterday's convoy by mistake took a number of empty water vessels for the zereba.

The occupation of Hasheen is now admitted to be a mistake. The convoy work is telling severely on the troops, many of whom are sick.

Osman Digna on Sunday ordered his troops to advance on Suakim, after the slaughter of the British.

Two members of Osman Digna's tribe have sent a messenger here asking on what terms they could join the British forces.

A large number of camels and mules, laden with baggage, broke away during the skirmishing yesterday and were captured by the rebels.

LONDON, 25.—The British ambassador at St. Petersburg has been instructed to press the Russian government for a reply to Granville's proposals of the 16th, regarding outposts on the Afghan frontier.

Yesterday's council was called to consider dispatches from Dufferin forwarding the demand of the Ameer of Afghanistan for immediate war drafts, and rumors that the Ameer had received overtures from Russia offering favorable terms for an alliance. The council decided to invest Dufferin with plenary power to arrange terms with the Ameer.

An additional force of 20,000 Russian troops is proceeding from the Caucasus to the Afghanistan frontier.

Russian finances are unable to bear the strain of war. No power except Germany is able or willing to supply a loan to Russia, and it is doubtful whether even Germany could do so.

DUBLIN, 25.—The newspapers have received a copy of a letter alleged to have been sent by Mayor O'Connor, intimating that the civic flag was removed from the Mansion House in order to prevent the possibility of an insult being offered to the Prince of Wales by the lowering of the flag. The letter says when the Prince arrives the flag will be hoisted into a prominent position in Dublin, and thousands of stalwart hands will be ready to guard it if necessary, and that it will be taken to other towns on the Prince's tour for a similar purpose.

LONDON, 26.—At Aldershot orders have been received providing for raising 5,000 troops for India. One battery of horse artillery proceeds from Woolwich to India immediately. The government of Burma is sending 1,000 camels to India to be employed in the transport service on the frontier of Afghanistan by General Stewart, the British commander.

Orders have likewise been sent to armories throughout the Kingdom to return immediately to the Tower of

London all the Martini-Henry rifles which they have in stock. The object is that they be inspected and dispatched to India. Fourteen thousand rifles now at Portsmouth, will be forwarded to India to-morrow. Orders were received at Portsmouth directing that the composite sloop *Cormorant*, be made ready for sea.

The Queen has just sent a message to the House of Commons calling out the reserve militia for permanent service.

LONDON, 26.—In accordance with the Queen's message the War Office has called out the army reserves and the militia.

LONDON, 26.—The call issued by the war office in accordance with the Queen's message is from 53,000 reserves and 140,000 militia.

SUAKIM, 26.—A convoy of Grenadier Guards, under the command of Gen. Graham, accompanied by the Shropshire, Surrey and Sikhs (Indian) regiments this morning, took their departure for Tamal going as far as McNeil's zereba. The start was made at 7 o'clock, and the zereba was reached with a loss of three men wounded in the fight on the way. A force of Arabs rushed out upon the troops. The latter at once formed a square. The Arabs recklessly charged upon this, and with such impetuosity that they got within twenty yards of it, but were repulsed with a loss of 100 killed.

LONDON, 26.—Advices from Tamatave state that a disastrous hurricane visited the east coast of Madagascar on February 25th, during which the American bark *Sarah Hobart* and the French steamers *Oise* and *Argo* were wrecked and 17 persons lost.

LONDON, 26.—The ordnance department at Chatham has been ordered to ship to India all the Martini-Henry rifles available. Government is placing large orders for rifles and munitions of war with manufacturers. The men-of-war *Mercury*, *Devastation*, *Colossus* and *Blackhawk* are being rapidly prepared for sea. Notwithstanding these war preparations, prominent financiers state that actual hostilities will be avoided. The stock market responds to their views. Consols and Russian securities are a fraction higher. The general list of stocks is better and continental bourses show corresponding improvement.

BOMBAY, 26.—The Duke of Connaught has obtained leave to remain in India, in the event of the failure of Anglo-Russian negotiations concerning Afghanistan.

PARIS, 26.—*La Justice* states that it has good authority for saying that an English firm in Birmingham has made during the past six months 20,000,000 cartridges for China, and consigned them to a German officer in active service under the Peking government.

LONDON, 26.—Gladstone stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Russians had advanced no nearer to Penjdeh than Pulikhatum, which, he said, is eighty miles distant from Penjdeh. General Alikhanoff, Gladstone added, has established a post of Turcomans at Pulikhatum.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

LONDON, 26, 5 p.m.—Consols, after the close, made a heavy decline to 96½ for both money and account.

Orders have been sent to Chatham to supply immediately five million cartridges. Wild rumors are afloat among them that some of the Russian troops have attacked a portion of Sir Peter Lumsden's party and that two were killed.

James Ure as principal and Brother William Brewer as his assistant.

Children seem to be troubled with ringworm and croup in this place; if any of your readers know of a good remedy for ringworm, and they would please circulate it through the NEWS, it would be gratefully received. Respectfully, ROBERT A. JONES.

## HINTS FOR THE AGRICULTURISTS.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 23, 1885.

Editors Deseret News:

Some days ago the NEWS had a brief paragraph on pea bugs and

### PEA CULTURE.

Let me add a few items on the subject which, no doubt will be appreciated by those who favor a more extensive cultivation of this excellent crop.

If peas are sowed, say, about the 10th of June, they will be harvested free of bugs. They are a most valuable crop to prepare the land for any small grain, and a bushel is worth at least two bushels of our spongy and unrelishable corn for fattening purposes. Peas ground into meal, and mixed with cut hay or lucern leaves, makes excellent food for horses and horned stock. Well soaked peas, fed whole to swine, fatten them wonderfully fast.

The labor bestowed upon raising one bushel of corn will produce, at least, two bushels of peas, and while corn impoverishes the soil, peas enrich it. Peavines also make as good provender, if seasonably cut and properly cured, as corn fodder. Corn must have rich soil and almost constant culture to do well, while peas will do well on light soil and require, but little manipulation. The harvesting, too, is very much cheaper, and the after care of fodder and grain much easier. Peavines are handled with the fork, and when fed, like hay, readily assimilate with other fertilizing agencies, while corn fodder is generally carried in the arms and the stalks never make good manure. Peas may be garnered as cereals are, corn must have a ventilated crib.

What more need I say in favor of pea-culture?

### SPARROWS AGAIN.

Some time back I submitted a few notes through the NEWS about the English sparrow, its habits and its likes and dislikes. I suggested that, for the next six months, a few of them should be sacrificed in each ward of this city, and the contents of their craws or crops be inspected, to learn if they are friends to the gardner or to the destructive worms and moths.

An orchardist from England maintains that they devour the codling moth with a relish. I trust this is true. It can, however, be easily determined by opening the crop, as I suggested, and by carefully examining the contents, and noting the different kinds of food contained therein.

The birds should be killed in the evening, and the examinations made before the food is digested. Some maintain that codling moths do not go abroad till after nightfall. But this is a mistake, for it is well known to close observers, that they commence flying about four p.m.

### POPLARS AND OTHER SOFT WOODS.

It is true that all soft-woods are subject to the ravages of different kinds of borers, which greatly disfigure and finally destroy them as shade trees. Years, however, pass before they become wholly useless. They are very fast growers, and before the old trees are destroyed by worms, younger ones can be planted between the old ones, which will amply repay all trouble and expense, in the fuel they produce.

Now is the time of year to cut off the sprouts and superfluous limbs and to stick them into wet ground, in which they rapidly take root and soon become trees, large enough for transplanting.

All admit that the Lombardy and Canada poplars, and Weeping Willows are beautiful trees and should be more extensively cultivated. Some urge that the Lombardy does not spread enough for shade, but if put near enough, say six or seven feet apart, they will make more shade in the same number of years than any other tree. Now is the time to thicken the sides of every enclosed water ditch with slips from the sprouts and limbs of these trees and in a very short period you will have trees for home use and for sale, which, in this city, now, cost 40 cents apiece.

A. M. M.

## PLEASANT SURPRISE PARTY.

BENJAMIN, Utah County, March 21, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

While some are enjoying themselves in the large cities of our beautiful land, we are also trying, in this more secluded part of the vineyard, to find our share of enjoyment. Last evening we had a pleasant time at the residence of one of our highly respected citizens, Brother J. Gull, is about to remove to the south, who was surprised and honored by about fifty brethren and sisters calling upon him to make a farewell visit. After a sumptuous repast the evening was spent in dancing, singing, reciting and indulging in other amusements until about 12 o'clock, at which time the company dispersed, after a few encouraging remarks from Brother Gull.

We are also progressing very favorably with our spring labors, most of the brethren having got in their small grain. E. B. HAWKINS.

## NEWS FROM KAMAS.

### A Series of Accidents.

KAMAS, Summit Co., Utah, March 23d, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

The past winter has been mild and generally pleasant, the month of March remarkably so, without storms or the usual March winds. We now have warm, spring-like weather, and the snow is fast disappearing from the valley.

Business and money matters have been rather dull during the past season, yet perhaps on a par with other parts of the Territory.

We have been blessed with good health during the winter, and the young have enjoyed themselves in the usual winter recreations. The Mutual Improvement Associations have been well attended, and much interest has been manifested by all in the cause of improvement.

### A FEW ACCIDENTS

Have occurred here lately, among which are the following:

Julian Carpenter a lad of about 15 years of age, lost the sight of one of his eyes in the forepart of the winter by a piece flying into it from a giant powder cap, which he thoughtlessly burst on a rock. His older brother, Grant (both being the sons of J. S. Carpenter, of this place), soon afterward lost the forefinger of his left hand by accidentally discharging a self-cocking pistol which he was examining. A woman and two small children were in the room at the time, but fortunately none others were injured.

About ten days ago a young man named Moroni Pitt, residing in Kamas, who was employed in the "Old Spanish Mine," on the west side of this valley, met with a painful accident and narrowly escaped being killed outright. He had two blasts to touch off. When he lighted the first his candle went out, which he stopped to relight. Before he could touch off the second, the first exploded, throwing him forcibly against the wall of the tunnel, bruising him severely in several places and nearly blinding him. The only wonder is that he was not blown all to pieces. He is now doing well, and it is thought his sight is but little injured, if any.

Day before yesterday two young men, H. McCormick and Ives Pack, were running a horse race on the main street, past the Co-op. store, where a crowd of men and boys were congregated, watching the sport. The horse which the latter rode belongs to E. Sorensen, who, as they neared the store, for some reason at present unexplained, stepped in front of his horse, throwing up his arms as though he would stop him or turn him from his course. The animal came in contact with him with such force as to knock him nearly fifteen feet. He struck in a bed of cobble rocks with such force that he was rendered insensible and the blood gushed from his nose and one ear, and also from an ugly gash he received on the cheek bone near the left eye.

The horse fell, throwing its rider, knocking out three of his front teeth, cutting his lip and otherwise severely, though not seriously, injuring him.

They were cared for the best that they could be with the means at hand. Mr. Sorensen was conveyed to his home as soon as a conveyance could be procured, where he now lies in a precarious condition, having only partially regained his senses. The doctor entertains very little hope of his recovery.

The prospects bid fair for an early spring, with an abundance of snow in the mountains, apparently sufficient for all purposes connected with the streams flowing therefrom.

S. F. ATWOOD.

## IMPORTANT.

### FISH AND GAME LAW.

All persons having or maintaining mill or other dams in the streams of this Territory will take notice that unless a proper fish-way is constructed over or around said dams on or before the 10th of April, 1885, steps will be taken to prosecute for said neglect under the provisions of the Fish and Game law, and all persons after that date that negligently or purposely permit any substance or thing, including sawdust, to be put into the streams in this Territory that is injurious to fish, or that renders the water unfit for household purposes, will be prosecuted. We also call attention to section 10 of the fish and game law, which requires grating to be placed across the head of all ditches or canals. Parties neglecting to comply with the above will be prosecuted without further notice.

By order of the FISH & GAME COMMITTEE.

THE ANCIENT CELTS.—The ancient classical writers dwell rather strongly on the unfavorable side of the Celtic character. It is well known how low an opinion Aristotle formed of the Celtic morality. Strabo says that the Celts are simple, but proud and sensitive, fond of dress and ornaments. It is even admitted that they dyed their hair and allowed their mustaches to grow,

so that it interfered with their eating and drinking. Strabo goes on to say that they are not malicious, but reckless, changeable, fond of innovation, and never to be depended on. They are quick in their resolutions, but often inconsiderate, fond of war, brave, but intolerably conceited if victorious, and quite demoralized if defeated. Polybius confirms that their first onslaught is terrible, but both Caesar and Livy agree as to their want of steadiness and perseverance. Other Latin authors add that they are unmanageable and inclined to revolutions, and that, owing to continual faction, many are obliged to leave the country and to try their fortunes as adventurers elsewhere.—*Max Muller in Nineteenth Century.*

The consideration of the Weil and La Abra treaty consumed the day, and was not concluded when the doors reopened and the Senate adjourned.

In Ashland, Or., the motion for a new trial was overruled in the case of Lewis O'Neil, convicted of murder in the first degree for assassinating Lewis McDaniel last November. O'Neil is sentenced to hang May 21st.

## THE HOPE OF THE NATION.

Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### GUARDIAN'S ACCOUNT.

In the Probate Court within and for Salt Lake County in the Territory of Utah.

Hon. Elias A. Smith, Judge.

In the matter of the Estate of Mary M. Garn, Andrew Garn, Josephine Garn, William F. Garn, Wilhelmmina Garn, Philip Garn, Jacob Garn, and Fanny M. Garn, minor heirs of the Estate of Daniel Garn, deceased.

ZERUBBABEL SNOW, THE DULY appointed and the duly qualified Guardian of the Estate of the above named minor heirs of the Estate of Daniel Garn, deceased, having on the second day of January A. D., 1885, duly filed in this Court his report and account as such Guardian up to the first day of January A. D., 1885, by which it appears that the said Mary M. Garn, Andrew Garn, Josephine Garn and Philip Garn have arrived at full age, and that he had settled with them and each of them, delivered over to them and each of them all the property and money belonging to them and each of them, which came to his hands as such Guardian; and also showing the estate and its condition now in his hands belonging to Wilhelmmina Garn, Jacob Garn, Fanny M. Garn and William F. Garn, who are yet minors, and praying for an order of Court appointing and confirming the same.

It is ordered by the Court that this matter be set for a hearing at the Court House in Salt Lake County in said Territory on the third day of April A. D., 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., and that all persons interested in said estate then and there appear and show cause, if any there be, why said report and account should not be approved and confirmed, and that this order be published in the DESERET WEEKLY NEWS, in three successive issues before the said third day of April, 1885, and the Clerk of this Court post up notices thereof in the manner required by law.

Dated January 7th, 1885.

ELIAS A. SMITH, Probate Judge.

Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, ss

I, John C. Cutler, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Order appointing time and place for settlement of account, etc., in the matter of the Guardianship of the Estate of Mary M. Garn et al, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, this 7th day of January, A. D., 1885.

JOHN C. CUTLER, Probate Clerk

3ww

**KENNEDY'S**

**EAST INDIA**

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

4 FAMILY TONIC AND BEVERAGE FOR DYSPERSIA RHEUMATISM &c.

**BITTERS**

COMPOUNDED WITH

**MINERAL WATER.**

**BEST**

**REMEDY IN THE WORLD!**

Rheumatism, Constipation, Biliousness, Lung Diseases, Impure Blood, Dyspepsia, Sedentary Diseases, Kidney Complaint

**ILER & CO.**

PROPRIETORS AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS, OMAHA, NEB.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS.