viously published, was read for the first time and laid over for one week. POPPERTON PLACE AND FORT DOUGLAS RAILWAY.

The resolution granting a franchise to the Popperton Place & Fort Douglas Rapid Transit company, was then taken up, read twice and laid over for one week. The resolution grants a franchise for a single or double track railroad, to be operated by electricity or cable motive power, along Fourth street from Popperton Place to C street; along C street from Fourth to South Temple; along Second street, from Popperton Place to F street; along F street from Second to First.

CAN POST BILLS.

The committee on public grounds recommended that the petition of Barnes & Byrne for permission to use or let the fence around the Warm Springs for advertising purposes be granted. Adopted.

TO FIX THE RATE OF TAXATION.

R. W. Young offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas, It will shortly be necessary to determine and fix the rate of taxation for the current year, therefore, Be it resolved, That the mayor be

Be it resolved, That the mayor be requested to furnish, with the cooperation of the heads of the various departments, an estimate in detail of the expenditures to be met from the revenues derived from taxation, the estimates to be furnished at our next regular meeting.

MUST BE ACCORDING TO GRADE.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. Hyde, was referred to the committee on streets:

Be it resolved by the mayor and Clty Council of Salt Lake City, That all persons before creeting any building facing the street, or laying any sidewalk, shall apply to the city engineer for the proper grade for the same, and for any sidewalk made not in accordance with the grade given by said city engineer, where permanent grades have been adopted, the party or parties constructing the same shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$100.

The following appropriations were

## NEW IMMIGRATION ACT.

[PUBLIC-No. 152.]

An act in amendment to the various acts relative to immigration and the importation of aliens unfer contract or agreement to perform later.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following classes of aliens shall be excluded from admission to the United States, in accordance with the existing acts regulating immigration, other than those concerning Chinese laborers: All idiots, insane persons, paupers, or persons likely to become a public charge, persons suffering from a loathsome or a dangerous contagious disease, persons who have been convicted of a felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, polygamists, and also any person whose ticket or pass-

age is paid for with the money of another, or who is asisted by others to come, unless it is affirmatively and satisfactorily shown on special inquiry that such person does not belong to one of the foregoing excluded classes, or the class of contract laborers excluded by the act of February 26th, 1885, but this section shall not be held to ex-clude persons living in the United States from sending for a relative or friend who is not of the excluded classes under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may pres-cribe: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to or exclude persons convicted of a political offense, notwithstanding said politcal offense may be designated as a "felony, crime, infamous crime, or misdemeanor, involving moral turpitude" by the laws of the land whence he came or by the court convicting.

Sec. 2. That no suit or proceeding for violation of said act of February 26, 1885, prohibiting the importation and migration of foreigners under contract or agreement to perform labor, shall be settled, compromised, or discontinued without consent of the court entered of record with reasons therefor.

Sec. 3. That it shall be deemed a

Sec. 3. That it shall be deemed a violation of said act of February 26, 1885, to assist or encourage the importation or migration of any alien by promise of employment through advertisements printed and published in any foreign country; and any alien coming to this country in consequence of such an advertisement shall be treated as coming under a contract as contemplated by such act, and the penalties by said act imposed shall be applicable in such a case: Provided, This section shall not apply to States and Immigration Bureau of States advertising the inducements they offer for immigration to such States.

Sec. 4. That no steamship or transportation company or owners of vessels shall directly, or through agents, either by writing, printing, or oral representations, solicit, invite or encourage the immigration of an alien into the United States except by ordinary commercial letters, circulars, advertisements, or oral representations, stating the sailings of their vessels and the terms and facilities of transportation therein; and for a violation of this provision any such ateamship or transportation 'company, and any such owners of vessels, and the agents by them employed, shall be subjected to the penalties imposed by the third section of said act of February 26, 1885, for violation of the provisions of the first section of said act.

Sec. 5. That section five of said act of February 26, 1885, shall be, and hereby is, amended by adding to the second provise in said section the words "nor to ministers of any religious denomination, nor persons belonging to any recognized profession, nor professors for colleges and seminaries," and by excluding from the second provise of said section the words "or any relative or personal friend."

Sec. 6. That any person who shall bring into or land in the United States by vessel or otherwise, or who shall aid to bring into or land in the United States by vessel or otherwise, to adopt due precautions to prevent the landing of any allen immigrant at any place or time other than that designily of a misdemeaner, and shall, on instead by the inspection officers, and

conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 7. That the office of superintendent of immigration is hereby created and established, and the Presi-dent, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, is authorized and directed to appoint such officer, whose salary shall be four thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly. The superintendent of immigration shall be an officer in the Treasury department, under the control and supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury, to whom he shall make annual reports in writing of the transactions of his office, together with such special reports, in writing, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall require. The secretary shall provide the superintendent with a suitable furnished office, in the city of Washington, and with such hooks of record and facilities for the discharge of the duties of his office as may be necessary. He shall have a chief clerk, at a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, and two first-class clerks.

Sec. 8. That upon the arrival by water at any place within the United States of any alien immigrants, it shall be the duty of the commanding officer and the agents of the steam or sailing vessel by which they came to report the name, nationality, last residence, and destination of every such alien, before any of them are landed, to the proper inspection officers, who shall hereupon go or send competent assistants on board such vessel and there inspect such aliens, or the inspection officer may order a temporary removal of such aliens for examination at a designated time and place, and then and there detain them until a thorough inspection is made. But such removal shall not be considered a landing during the pendency of such examina-tions. The medical examinations tions. The medical examinations shall be made by surgeons of the Marine Hospital service. In cases where the services of a Marine Hospital surgeon cannot be obtained without causing unreasonable delay the inspector may cause an alten to be examined by a civil surgeon and the secretary of the treasury shall fix the compensation for such examination. inspection officers and their assistants shall have power to administer oaths, and to take and consider testimonies touching the rights of any such alien to enter the United States, all of which shall be entered of record, During such inspection after temporary removal the superintendent shall cause such aliens to be properly also, in housed, fed and cared for, and his discretion, such as are delayed In to their destination n. All decisions made proceeding after inspection. inspection officers by the their assistants touching the right of any alien to land, when adverse to such right, shall be final unless appeal be taken to the superintendent of migration, whose action shall be subject to review by the secretary of the treasury. It shall be the duty of the aforesaid officers and agents of such vessel to adopt due precautions to prevent the