

laid on the table. The veto was put on two grounds:

First—It is special legislation, because it applies only to the cities of New York and Brooklyn, notwithstanding the fact that in a majority of the other cities and towns in the state the number of dram shops is greater than in these, in proportion to the population.

Second—Because some of its provisions are unconstitutional and the message is accompanied by opinions from the attorney-general and from ex-Judge Comstock, sustaining that view.

THE GOVERNOR

expressly reserves any expression of his own views on the subject of high license, recites the position of the high license and prohibition advocates and that of the Germans on the other hand, all of whom he pronounces well-meaning citizens. As to the alleged motives actuating the legislature in passing the bill he says: "While the question of temperance is not a party question and cannot well be made such, yet it is impossible to ignore the political aspects of the measure, especially where it is well known that its support was made the subject of consideration at the party caucus of the majority of the legislature, and where it has been ingeniously devised and particularly and peculiarly framed so as to operate slowly on the two great democratic constituencies of the state, while the republican constituencies are exempt from its burden."

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—The propitious weather brought out a large crowd to-day at the Louisville baseball park to witness the fourth game of the championship series between the Chicago and St. Louis clubs, there being about 4000 people present. The contest was a "nip and tuck" one throughout, and there was no telling which way it would go until the last man was out in the ninth inning. Following is the score:

Chicago.....1 0 2 0 3 5 4 1—18
St. Louis.....0 1 0 2 6 2 2 2—15

CLEVELAND, April 12.—It has been decided to hold the next annual conference of Latter-day Saints at Independence, Missouri. To-day's session of the conference at Kirtland was opened with an experience meeting. At 10:30, Elder Anthony, of Wilbur, Nebraska, preached a sermon in which he sought to show that the Latter-day Saints was the true church of God. At the afternoon service a communication from President Smith to the elders of the church was read.

LOS ANGELES, April 12.—P. M. Hagan, city health officer, reports the city has probably seen the last of the small-pox. No new cases have appeared for two weeks, and the incubative period has more than passed.

SIoux CITY, Ia., April 12.—The entire day was occupied in the Haddock murder case by Judge Weaver, of counsel for the defense, in pleading to the jury.

CHICAGO, April 13.—John J. McGrath's wail paper house at 106 to 112 Wabash Avenue, and located in a five-story marble front building, burned early this morning. The stock is an entire loss and the building is irreparably injured. Pipeman Michael Burns was standing in a fourth-story window, when a sheet of flame came out enveloping him and he fell into the burning mass inside. Lieutenant John Heberlie was climbing a ladder to the second story, when it slipped and he fell to the sidewalk, crushing his skull. Captain Fred Reese had his leg broken by a falling stone. The fire was discovered at 3:28. When the firemen arrived it was in the center of the building, but even before the hose could be brought to bear upon it, the flames had jumped from the story above and below and seized quickly upon every inflammable stuff with which the floors were loaded. The second and third alarm were turned in and twenty engines were soon working upon the building. The firemen said they had never before seen so rapid and complete destruction of a large establishment. The fire was out about five o'clock, and owing to the exertions of the firemen very little if any damage was done to the adjoining buildings. The loss is supposed to be about \$200,000 on stock and \$50,000 on the building. The insurance is said to be small.

The loss on stock is found to be much greater than at first supposed, and will aggregate \$400,000, with only \$60,000 insurance. Loss on the building \$40,000, fully insured.

PITTSBURG, April 13.—The accomplices of the railroad thieves are resorting to threats to intimidate the Panhandle Railroad officials. Two more arrests were made shortly after midnight, John Barth and C. W. Smith, brakemen, supposed to be implicated in the robberies, who were surprised at their homes. Barth was discharged from the Panhandle a short time ago and has since been working on the Baltimore & Ohio.

NEW YORK, April 13.—It is reported that the laundry, foundry and other buildings connected with the state prison at Sing Sing are on fire.

The fire was confined to the laundry and caused only slight damage, but occasioned a great panic among the convicts, who succeeded in suppressing the flames.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., April 13.—The strike of laborers at the rolling mill of the Pottsville iron and steel company, inaugurated yesterday and by which seven hundred men were thrown out, is over. A conference was held with the result that the demand for ten per cent. advance in wages was conceded.

PARIS, April 13.—A dispatch from

Mleppo says the steamer *Victoria* is ashore on the rocks near that city. She stranded during a fog. Several of her passengers attached life buoys to their bodies and then jumped overboard and were carried out to sea. The others have been safely landed.

PARIS, April 13.—A dispatch from Dieppe says the packet steamer *Victoria* is ashore on the rocks near the city. She stranded during a fog. Several of her passengers attached life buoys to their bodies and then jumped overboard and were carried out to sea. The others have been safely landed.

The *Victoria* at the time of the accident had ninety passengers and the company owning her believe all were saved.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The Chicago Daily News special from Morris, Ill., says: All evidence in the trial of brakemen Schwartz and Watts for robbery and murder of the express messenger Nichols were completed this evening. The testimony against the prisoners has been purely circumstantial. The arguments begin tomorrow. The case will probably be given to the jury on Saturday.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 13.—Secretary Edge of the state board of agriculture, and Dr. Bridge to-day killed five cattle infected with pleuro-pneumonia on the farm of John Frye, of Manor township. The supervisor have been instructed to keep all cattle off the highways.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—The royal family have abandoned the proposed journey to the Crimea, owing to grave reports from the interior. Two hundred and sixty political arrests were made at Odessa on Easter Sunday. Five persons were surprised in a cellar engaged in killing bombs.

PITTSBURG, April 13.—The accomplices of the railroad thieves are resorting to threats to intimidate the Panhandle railroad officials. Two more arrests were made shortly after midnight, John Barth and C. W. Smith, supposed to be implicated in the robberies were surprised at their homes. Barth was discharged from the Panhandle a short time ago and has since been working on the Baltimore & Ohio.

John Nimmo, chief of the brotherhood of brakemen on the Panhandle road, says that he has been employed on the Panhandle road the past four months. During that time he has never seen anything crooked among the employees.

THE BROTHERHOOD.

he said, will employ counsel to defend the prisoners and if possible establish their innocence. If proofs were shown of their guilt, however, the brotherhood would assist in their conviction. It was the intention also to proceed against the company for damages if the charges against any of the men under arrest are not sustained. The United States authorities have decided to proceed against the plunderers for breaking into government bonded cars.

The Pennsylvania company announced to-day that five days would be given people having in their possession goods stolen from the trains in which to return the same. No questions will be asked and no further investigation will follow if the

GOODS ARE RETURNED.

Evidence is continually accumulating that the speculations on the Panhandle Railroad have been much larger than reported by the officials and others, who are perhaps interested in placing the losses at the lowest figures. It has been stated by parties in the detective bureau of this city that the stolen goods stored in the rear of Gillespie's private office contain over \$100,000 worth of valuables. Further evidence of the magnitude of the theft is contained in the statements of John Hampton, who has been attending to the legal end of the case. He says if the officials of the Panhandle road desired the arrest of all the employees of the road who are directly or indirectly concerned with the robberies, it would have been necessary to

STOP THE OPERATION

of the road. Assistant District Attorney Fagan stated that there were at least 100 informants, containing an average of three persons each. The detectives speak of the probability that some of the firemen and engineers are among the guilty trainmen.

Detective Gillespie, asked about this, would not deny nor confirm it. He said, with a smile, that the engineers and firemen were a fine body of men, and would not be arrested in connection with the present difficulty.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The den of a gang of sawdust swindlers in full operation was raided here to-day and the gang, four in number, Jos. Little, W. J. Brown, Geo. W. Lessen and George Platt, were locked up. The police seized over \$2,000 in new bank notes, genuine, and many express packages of alleged bogus money, and six dry goods boxes filled with addressed stamp envelopes, most of them to southern and western points.

CINCINNATI, April 13.—The St. Louis club went into to-day's championship game badly handicapped. Carruthers and Foutz were both disabled and Boyle was put into the pitch. After one disastrous inning he changed places with Foutz, and the latter pitched a strong game despite his lame arm. Fully 8000 people witnessed the game. Following was the score:

St. Louis.....0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0—3
Chicago.....2 1 3 0 0 0 0 0—6

CHICAGO, April 13.—Members of the central traffic association, passenger department, continued in session to-day, revising their rules to fix the new law. Differences of opinion on essential points were so marked, however, that but little progress was made.

The Panhandle road has made the same rates on freight from Pittsburg to Keokuk and Burlington as it makes to St. Louis, as the quarrel between the eastern and western lines has resulted in the abrogation of prorating, and the

LOCAL RATES

are changed to and from Chicago. This results in all the western business from Pittsburg being diverted from Chicago. The Lake Shore road which is a competitor for Pittsburg business, and only connects with the Chicago lines, is threatening retaliation against the Panhandle.

The committee appointed by the Western Passenger Association to prepare a report regarding excursion rates, submitted one to-day. It directs that special rates shall be given to state fairs and large conventions and gatherings, such as Knights Templar, Odd Fellows and Grand Army of the Republic. The Association is now considering whether these excursions shall be conducted on the old

CERTIFICATE PLAN,

or thrown open to the public on the date when such conventions shall be held.

MONTREAL, April 13.—The general passenger agents of the Canadian railway and steamboat companies now in session here, to arrange summer excursion tariffs, have telegraphed the minister of customs that the proposed new regulations with regard to the admission of travelers' baggage from the United States to Canada are likely to seriously impede, if not altogether stop tourist travel to Canada. They request that the regulations in question be not put in force until such time as the companies interested in international travel have an opportunity of expressing their views to the government.

CLEVELAND, April 13.—At last night's session of the Latter-day Saints' conference at Kirtland, Elder R. M. Eleivin of Nebraska City, preached about the second coming of Christ. This morning there was the usual testimony meeting, which was followed by the ordination of an apostle. In the course of the exercises, which were very impressive, Elder W. W. Blair, of Iowa, spoke of what he referred to as the "Great apostasy which lies in the west." He asserted that the Utah church would be destroyed, and said that he now saw signs of its breaking up. The four apostles appointed are Joseph Luff, of Independence, Mo.; G. T. Griffiths, of Kirtland, O.; Jas. W. Gillen of Lamoni, Ia., and Herman C. Smith, of California.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 13.—The war between the stove moulders and manufacturers has reached Pittsburg, and from present indications there will be a general strike within a few days. The manufacturers have formed an alliance known as the Stove Founders' National Defense Association, which will conduct the warfare on the part of the manufacturers. To-day members of the Defense Association in this city received a confidential circular from D. M. Thomas, secretary of the Defense Association, which states that patterns of the boycotted St. Louis firm, Bridge, Beach & Company, will be sent to all manufacturers in the country, and that on a certain day the firms will be notified by telegraph to have moldings made from the same. The molders in this city say they will refuse to mold from these patterns, and that any attempt to force them to do so will precipitate a strike in all the foundries of the country. The general executive committee of the National Defense Association is now in session at Cleveland, arranging details for the coming fight.

PANAMA, April 13.—A Venezuela news agency thus summarizes the situation of affairs respecting the British Guiana frontier question with Venezuela: "The English have taken possession of all the territory up to Boronia and Amacuro, thus depriving us of the exclusive dominion on the Orinoco River. The Venezuelan government claimed that the territory should be evacuated, but the British minister claimed that this action of his government was correct. The answer was made to him that this action violated the treaty of 1850, which stipulated that neither party would exercise jurisdiction beyond Pemar, and that if prior to the getting of the boundary commissioners matters were not placed on the same footing on which they stood in 1850, friendly relations would be interrupted and Venezuela would protest."

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston), April 13.—A joint committee of Congress has reported in favor of the repeal of the amendment to the Constitution forbidding the immediate reelection of a President, and it is generally believed in political circles that the measure will pass through Congress and go to the state legislatures for their ratification. The *Partido Liberal*, which reflects the views of the administration, takes significant ground regarding the proposed change, and cautions congressmen not to act on any supposition as to the sentiments of President Diaz, but rather to act on their own judgment as to which is the best policy for the nation.

PANAMA, April 13.—A fire took place yesterday at Imperator, one of the stations of the canal line. It destroyed

a machine shop belonging to a contracting firm. Loss estimated at \$200,000. Two lives were lost.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The steamer *Flamborough* from Bermuda, brought the captain and twelve seamen and Mrs. Wanamaker, a lady passenger, of the steamer *Saragossa*, abandoned at sea. The *Saragossa* left Baltimore for Fort Antonio on the 18th ult. She was abandoned on the morning of the 22d in a severe gale, and sunk soon afterwards. The castaways were picked up exhausted, after being in the life boat twenty-seven hours, by the bark *Bachelor*, and transferred to the tug boat which landed them at Bermuda, where they took passage on the *Flamborough*.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 14.—A construction train on the Ohio River Railroad jumped the track at Willow Grove, near Parkersburg, last night, wrecking the engine and nine cars, killing three men and wounding eight or nine others, several of them fatally. From four to six laborers were badly injured, but none of them, it is said, will die. The engineer struck an obstruction while running almost at full speed.

LONDON, April 14.—Further particulars of the loss near Dreppe of the New Haven and Dreppe packet *Victoria*, show that the vessel struck the rocks amidstships. The passengers immediately rushed to the stern, which, through the downward lift of the bow, was buoyed up by the deep water on that side of the rocks. A terrible scene ensued then, while endeavors were being made to float the lifeboats, which was seriously interfered with by the strong swell of sea. At last, when the boat was ready to be lowered and fifteen men and women embarked in it, a lady's shawl became entangled in a pulley of the stern davit and caused the boat to descend to the seaboard foremost. Most of the occupants were thrown out and drowned. Two ladies jumped from the deck of the steamer into the boat and reached the water and overturned it. The other boats were then safely launched and succeeded in reaching Fecamp, rescuing on the way with boat hooks two persons who had been swept out to sea.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—A proposition was urged upon the brick manufacturers of the city last night that they should only employ Knights of Labor in the yards. This was refused and a resolution was adopted that unless the present difficulties between the knights and manufacturers is settled by Saturday, the manufacture of brick will cease on that date. This would result in throwing five thousand men out of employment.

DETROIT, April 14.—Nine hundred stove moulders decided to strike if the St. Louis pattern is to be used in Detroit foundries. If the strike takes place it will throw 7,000 men and boys out of employment.

DUBLIN, April 14.—Parnell, Michael Davitt, and a number of other prominent Irishmen, are actively engaged in the work of promoting the organization of an Irish woolen manufacturing and exporting company, with a capital of half a million dollars. Davitt, while in the United States recently, received many promises of assistance from American importers of woollens.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company has instructed all its agents not to sell through tickets over roads which will not join in the combination to pay no commission to agents.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 14.—The Dominion Parliament opened to-day. The Governor-General, in his speech from the throne, congratulated the Parliament on the general prosperity of the country and on the prospect of the coming season of peace and progress. The Queen's jubilee was referred to and her majesty congratulated on having reached the fiftieth anniversary of her reign. Referring to the fisheries question, his excellency said: "Negotiations between her majesty's government and that of the United States on the fisheries question with respect to which my government has been fully informed and consulted, are still in progress and will, we may be permitted to hope, result in an arrangement honorable and satisfactory to both nations. Meanwhile, necessary provision has been made for the protection of our inshore fisheries. The papers on this subject have been laid before you."

PARIS, April 14.—The *Temps* says England has assured France that she has no intention of making any attack on Hayti. England, the *Temps* adds, has reduced the indemnity demanded of Hayti to \$100,000, and the French admiral who was ordered to proceed to Hayti with his force in order to protect Europeans has been ordered to leave Haytian waters.

PROVO POINTS.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Provo, April 11.

In the First District Court this morning, Wm. Yates was arraigned on a charge of unlawful cohabitation and pleaded not guilty. The case was set for next term of court, as the judge said we would have no time to try any more of that class of cases this term.

The case of the People vs. Reuben A. McBride was resumed. The witnesses for the prosecution testified substantially that on the 17th of March, 1886, at Fillmore, Oliver H. Speed was shot by Reuben A. McBride, near Mr. Roof's yard. That Mr. McBride went out of the gate and met Mr. Speed coming

down the sidewalk, that McBride had a conversation with his son, and said, "I will settle that," and then asked Speed what he had done to his son, at the same time reaching around, drawing a pistol. Speed asked him to wait a minute and he would explain. McBride then knocked him on the head with his pistol; they clinched and McBride had his pistol in his left hand and shot Speed in the left side near the breast and then got his pistol in his right hand and shot him in the right side. Mr. Roof came out and they took McBride off. McBride said, "Take me off, I've killed the s— of a b— and am glad of it; I would kill any man who would slap a boy of mine." Speed was taken into the house and there was fire in his clothes. Mr. Jackson put it out. Speed died about three hours after he was shot.

Quite a number of defendants in unlawful cohabitation cases are to be sentenced and taken to the pen. tomorrow.

Louis Steen, convicted of murder in the second degree, was at 2 p. m. to-day sentenced by the court, for the murder of Homer J. Stone. Defendant was 19 years of age. His parents died while he was young, and he lived with his relatives for a while, then got dissatisfied, and shifted for himself. Had led a wandering life; had been in almost every Territory and had led a frontier life. The court felt that if it were not for the recommendation of the jury for mercy, he would give the full penalty of the law, as the provocation was very little. He had received kind treatment by the court, and a recommendation for mercy. "You will go to the penitentiary for a number of years, and owing to the condition of affairs, you may make the time less by good conduct, and be better off the next ten years in that place than you have in your wandering life." The sentence was that he be confined in the penitentiary for and during the period of ten years.

The murder case of Joe Young (an Indian boy), follows the McBride case.

Provo, April 12, 1887.

Sentences in unlawful cohabitation cases: Don Carlos Snow, of Provo; in view of the fact that the government had not been put to expense in these cases, sentenced to six months and \$100. J. T. Arrowsmith, Provo, six months and \$100. John P. Kelley, American Fork. Judge Dusenberry appealed to the court for suspension of sentence in view of the age of the defendant and that he has not lived in the relation of unlawful cohabitation, only as the court construes it, for ten years past, but had not publicly renounced the relation; he supported his children; the defendant said he had made solemn covenants before God and man, and would not promise now to obey the law. The case was postponed for consideration. John Gibbs, of Lehi, six months and \$100; Edwin Standring, Lehi (had withdrawn a former plea); the case had been set for trial and the government put to some more expense, and the defendant was a man of means. Six months and \$200. Bishop George D. Shell, of Spanish Fork, was preparing for trial but finally pleaded guilty. The Court understood that he was a prominent man and one of the kind that led to this condition of things, and he was a man of means. Sentenced to six months, \$200 and costs. Sanford Fuller, of Springville, six months and \$100. Lucius Whiting, of Springville, six months and \$50.

The defendants then took their departure for their new home, within the mud wall in the afternoon.

The testimony is all in in the McBride case for the prosecution, and the defense was opened by Judge McBride this p. m. Judge McBride held that the crime was not murder as charged, but if anything, manslaughter; that the defendant (McBride) had always led an honorable life; that he and his father before him had made their home in Millard County; that he has been always respected and held offices of various kinds had been justice of the peace, selectman and at the time of the homicide was county attorney; and he had a pistol in his pocket that day as a public officer fearing that trouble might ensue, as he was acting as a police officer of the town of Fillmore; that he started home telling his boy to go home and do his chores; he met Speed and son; Speed had an angry eye, was enraged, and McBride said, "What have you been doing with my boy?" Mr. Speed said, "None of your business, you old graybeard son of a b— and if you don't like it you can have some of the same," and then jumped at McBride, who had been an invalid for some time and was weak, and this young, powerful man closed in on him; McBride pulled out his pistol and in the struggle it was discharged twice, and as soon as he got Speed's hand off the pistol he threw it away and the struggle continued, and all that McBride did was in self-defense, and when our evidence is in we will ask for an acquittal.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The overdue steamship *Salerno*, of the Wilson line, is reported by cablegram from London this morning to have been spoken twice during last week, once April 4, in latitude 45 deg. north, longitude 35 deg. west. The vessel reported "all well on board." On April 7 she was spoken again. At that time she was proceeding under sail. Her position on April 1 makes her about 1,200 miles from Liverpool, her destined port.