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## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The President today nominated James H. McLeary of Texas to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs today has the resolution introduced by O'Neill of Missouri, thanking Gladstone for his efforts to secure Home Rule for Ireland, under discussion. No action was taken and the discussion indicated a disposition on the part of the committee to allow the resolution to lie on the table in the committee room.

Senator Fair of Nevada has written the following letter to the Secretary of the Interior setting forth a plan for the settlement of the Apache question:

U. S. SENATE,

Washington, April 10.

To the Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, Secretary of the Interior.

DEAR SIR.—I enclose a pamphlet of which I spoke to you yesterday. By examining the map you will see the exact position of the Santa Catalina. It is isolated, and too far from shore for any ordinary boat to reach it. My idea is that if the Apaches were put on this island they would require no guards, and all that would be needed would be a small steam tender and crew to run between the island and the port of Wilmington for the purposes of communication and supply. This would, in my opinion, set the Apache question to rest forever, would save the country many valuable lives and the government millions of money. The title to the island is perfect, as near as I can remember. The price asked by the owner is either three or four dollars per acre. Owing to the location of the island, the climate is as mild and salubrious as can be found anywhere in the world. Should you look with favor upon my suggestion as to the value of this island for the purposes named, I shall be glad at any time to go more into detail with you upon the subject.

I am yours, very truly,

JAS. G. FAIR.

Senator Fair, when spoken to upon the subject, said that he really believed the Indians would be pleased with Santa Catalina after they got there, although they might possibly fight against going. The island is situated in the Pacific Ocean, about 25 miles southwest of Los Angeles. The climate he said, is delightful, and the fishing excellent. Should the island be purchased and the Indians placed thereon, it will forever put an end to the annual summer raids of the Indians upon the unprotected white settlers and their families, and the government should take some steps in this direction looking to the protection of its citizens.

The members of the Exposition Executive Committee had an interview with the President this afternoon with reference to the proposed celebration at Washington of the four-hundredth anniversary of the landing of Columbus, and the centennial anniversary of the formation of the government of the United States. The President expressed much interest in the subject, regarding it with great favor, and said it should receive his immediate consideration, that he might determine what was proper for him to do officially.

The existing labor trouble was the topic of conversation at the cabinet meeting to-day, in the course of which the riots at Chicago, Milwaukee and elsewhere were referred to with a view of taking such precautionary measures for the protection of government property as may be found necessary.

The examination of Major Clarke, the Tribune correspondent, was continued before the Telephone Investigating Committee to-day. He said that he had called upon the Attorney General on Oct. 1st last, when he had returned to Washington, and the result of the interviews with him and the Solicitor General had been published in the Tribune of the following day. The Attorney General's statement was on "all fours" with his letter to the President.

As Mr. Ranney of the committee had expressed a desire to meet Mr. Starrow, counsel for the Bell Company, witness had brought them together.

The chairman wished to know if witness regarded it as a legitimate method of obtaining news to take statements from a secretary calculated to injure his employer.

Witness replied that he had considerable newspaper experience and he had never found any way of getting at crooked transactions except from people who knew everything about it. Said he: "If I thought the enemy of mankind had a piece of news, and I could get an interview with him, I would do it."

In the Senate to-day the Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President transmitting a letter from the Secretary of the Interior submitting a draft of the bill recommended by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, providing for the payment for improvements made by the settlers on the Mescalero Indian reservation in New Mexico. It was referred.

The majority of the House judiciary committee in reporting adversely upon the proposed woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution, submits but a formal report recommending that the proposition lie upon the table. The minority report, which is signed by E. B. Taylor, Hepburn, Caswell and

Ranney, comments upon this fact, but says: The importance of the question of woman suffrage is forcing its full discussion everywhere, and the silence of the committee will have no tendency to withdraw it from public attention. In a government by the people, the ballot is at once a badge of sovereignty and a means of exercising power. The women are people, and we submit that they are neither morally nor intellectually incapable, and that no necessity for their disfranchisement can be suggested, on the contrary, we believe that they are entitled to immediate and absolute enfranchisement.

MILWAUKEE, 6.—Governor Rusk has informed Alderman Ridsinski that the latter will be held responsible for any trouble which may hereafter arise from the doings of Polanders who have been prompted to act by Ridsinski's advice.

To-night the situation as regards the labor riots remains as during the day, with every indication that all trouble has come to an end. Two more deaths, making six in all, have occurred from the wounds received in yesterday's insurrection at Bayview. Johann Maszeka and the boy Frank Nowatzka died today, both having received wounds in the abdomen. Martin Janhawalak and Albert Erdmann are in a critical condition, and the physicians have but little hopes of their recovery. The arrest of several Socialists has been effected to-night. A quantity of ammunition, guns, pistols, etc., found in their possession has been confiscated.

A writ of habeas corpus has been sent out in the case of the 25 employees of the Arbeiter Zeitung. They will have a hearing in the Criminal Court at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The four imprisoned Anarchists, August, Spies, Fieldin and Schwab, were photographed by the police to-day. The police inspected the house 322 Henry Street, and found fifty rounds of ammunition, two rifles, a sword, a bayonet, a revolver, a billy, and a quantity of Anarchist literature. Standge, the occupant of the house, is said by the officers to be a moulder of bombs. He was arrested and taken to the central station. The police entertain the belief that Standge is the man who threw the bomb.

The New York pattern makers report that nearly all the employers have conceded the demands for shorter hours. Varnishers expect a similar triumph, as many of the largest employers have signed a contract for shorter hours. The carriage makers report favorable progress towards a shorter hour settlement. The furriers claim a majority of the bosses are willing to concede their demand.

Cheyenne, Wyo., 6.—The strike of the Union Pacific brakemen is ended at this point, and all the men reported for duty this afternoon except several who were discharged yesterday. Superintendent Denel sent out four freight trains from this city, and all freight is moving between North Platt and Cheyenne.

At Laramie to-day, no attempts to move freight have been made, owing to the disappearance of coupling pins and the keys of the draw-heads. If not restored by the strikers, it will take some time to replace them. One hundred Deputy U. S. Marshals are being sent to Laramie and Rawlins to protect the company's property and assist in moving trains.

KANSAS CITY, 6.—A terrible hail storm prevailed on the line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway near Florence this afternoon. Fifty-four panes of glass were broken on the California express train on that road, including all but a solitary window on the north side. The stones were immense, some measuring four inches in diameter. According to the report of a train man the storm lasted an hour and a quarter. An immense rainfall succeeded, flooding the country for miles.

The Journal's Emporia, Kansas, special says: A waterspout passed down Jacob's Creek, 14 miles southeast of here, to-day. B. B. Jacobs, a farmer, saw the storm coming and gathered his wife, two young children and a brother Charles in a wagon and started to flee, but they were overtaken by the torrent, which swept away the vehicle and the occupants. Mrs. Jacobs and the younger child were drowned, while Mr. Jacobs nearly perished in endeavoring to save them. The brother saved himself and the other child.

The Journal's Nevada, Missouri, special says: The damage to streets, buildings and culverts by the storm there to-day will reach \$10,000. The Missouri Pacific track was washed out in several places between there and Ft. Scott.

A Fort Scott, Kansas, special says: A terrific rain storm occurred about noon to-day. The rain came down in torrents for two hours and caused great damage to the streets and sidewalks will reach several thousand dollars.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., 7.—One of the heaviest rain storms ever known in this section took place yesterday afternoon, doing a vast amount of damage both in town and the surrounding country. The rain was preceded by hail which fell thick and fast for about 15 minutes. Many of the hailstones being from one-half to two inches in diameter. The rain began to fall soon after noon and continued to pour down in torrents for nearly three hours, causing all the creeks and branches to boom with much swollen torrents, tearing away fences, inundating a large extent of the bottom lands, and badly damaging wheat and corn. Gordan Creek which runs through the village rose very rapidly

## DRIVING FORTY FAMILIES FROM THEIR HOMES.

some of the women and children were carried out on horseback and on men's shoulders to escape drowning, the water in places rising into the second stories of dwellings. About half a mile of the Gulf Railway track, within the city limits, was submerged and the grade so demolished that trains cannot pass. Three of the city's wooden bridges were washed away, besides sections of sidewalk, and the basements of numbers of business houses were filled with water.

WASHINGTON, Penna., 7.—At 12:30 this morning the tanks of Thayer No. 1 were set fire to by some incendiary and are now burning. The fire spread to the derrick of Gordon No. 1 a few rods distant, which was burned to the ground. The workmen saw a man running from the tanks.

CHICAGO, 7.—The general resumption of traffic is commencing on all the western roads. Every line has a large force at work this morning and in nearly every instance all the freight offered is being handled.

HALIFAX, N. S., 7.—Two or three American fishing schooners have appeared in the basin at Digby within the past day or two, for the purpose of buying bait. In response to a telegram the government steamer Landsdowne arrived this morning, and giving chase to the David J. Adams, of Gloucester, overhauled her and took her back to Digby, where she will be taken to St. John to-night under seizure for violating the fishing laws. The Adams was put in charge of a prize crew to-night and 13 members of the schooner's crew were transferred to the Landsdowne, several of the men belonging to Campbell, N. B. Captain Pinney is about 50 years old and is said to be imprudently daring. The schooner is of 170 tons. This is the first American schooner that has been seized by the Dominion authorities.

TORONTO, Ont., 7.—To-night Charles Reid, a book-binder, called on his wife, from whom he had been living apart on account of jealousy, and shot her in the arm and shoulder and then shot himself in the head, dying almost instantly. The woman is not fatally wounded.

CANTON, Miss., 7.—Last night a negro entered the house of W. N. Bledsoe and attempted a criminal assault on his 14-year-old daughter. Chambers was taken from jail to-day by a number of citizens and hanged.

CHATTANOOGA, 7.—Fourteen of the twenty democratic members of the Ohio State Senate arrived in this city to-day in a special car and are occupying the car which now stands in the Cincinnati Southern Railway yard. They left Columbus, Ohio, secretly on Tuesday night, and met at Covington, Ky., where they took the car for Chattanooga. They left the State of Ohio in order to go beyond the jurisdiction of the process that might be issued by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. They state that they are merely standing by their constitutional rights and have no intention or disposition to obstruct legislation; that the appropriation bill has been passed and all important measures disposed of, and they now leave the Senate to preserve the Constitution of their State and defeat the plans of scheming politicians. They are firm in their determination not to yield an inch and will remain until a compromise is effected.

MONTREAL, 7.—For some time past custom authorities have understood that the firm of Patterson, Kilscock & Co. were passing goods at an undervaluation. Several times they attempted to gain access to the books of the firm and obtain the necessary information, but failed. This morning they made another attempt and a struggle ensued as the firm had taken legal advice and were informed that their books could not be forcibly taken. During the altercation revolvers were drawn and the police were called in, who arrested the custom officers. They returned to the store subsequently but were again baffled by the firm, who had locked the books in the safe. The officers then seized the stock, which is valued at \$175,000. The firm have taken legal proceedings against the Custom House authorities. The firm state they are innocent of any wrong doing. It is said that the charge against the firm is of a very serious character.

NEW YORK, 7.—The Irish Home Rule meeting at the Academy of Music to-night was a great success. Among those on the platform were Eugene Kelly, Ex-Postmaster General James, Governor Hill, Mayor Grace and Governor Leon Abbott of New Jersey. Later, Senator John Sherman, Congressman Grosvenor and Congressman Butterworth of Ohio and General Stewart L. Woodford also arrived and were escorted to seats on the platform.

Mayor Grace was made temporary chairman, and spoke briefly of the meeting. Resolutions were passed endorsing Gladstone and Parnell, congratulating Ireland on her coming emancipation, and congratulating England on the progress in public sentiment which has permitted the introduction of the Home Rule measure in Parliament.

After the resolutions were passed, O'Donovan Rossa arose and demanded an amendment, and protested against praising Gladstone. His voice was drowned in hisses and groans, and on the advice of Governor Hill he subsided. The resolutions will be presented to Messrs. Gladstone and Parnell by Mr. J. J. O'Donnaghue, who will sail with them for Liverpool tomorrow.

BOSTON, 7.—Captain Cyrus B. Avery

of Rockland, Maine, has made a demand upon the Queen of Madagascar for \$8,000 damages for robbery and abuse of himself and daughter, and the looting and burning of his vessel—the bark Surprise—on the Madagascar coast last November. The documents have been forwarded by the State Department to the Consul at Tamatave, with directions to request that instant reparation be made. The Rockland Courier, which prints Captain Avery's account of the affair, says that it is stated that a United States war vessel was recently dispatched to Madagascar in connection with the outrage.

NEW YORK, 7.—The sons and foster sons of Ohio resident in this city celebrated the founding of the Ohio Society of New York by a banquet at Delmonico's to-night. The leaders in the movement were General Thos. Ewline, General Henry L. Burnett, Colonel W. L. Strong, General Wager Swayne, General Thomas T. Eckert, Colonel C. W. Moulton, Homer Lee, Algernon S. Sullivan, Whitelaw Reid and others of national reputation. Unlike the similar organization—the New England Society—which is composed of the sons of six States, the Ohio Society is made up of the sons of one State the first-born of the American Republic. The large banquet hall was filled to reception. More than 250 people were present and talked over the time when the Buckeye State was the home of the Indian and the buffalo and the site of many a log cabin long since made famous in song and story. All political differences were forgotten, all sectional disputes were overlooked, and as John Sherman and "Joe" McDonald shook hands in the ante room before dinner, all present felt that they had need to feel proud of a State which sets in the center, belongs to no section, and is a bond of all. The hall was plainly but prettily decorated.

The following cablegram was received from Hon. S. S. Cox:

General Thomas Ewing, 155 Broadway, New York:

Ohio is full of civil and military honors. Her sons are heroes without the heraldry. Her daughters are Peris without the harem. Fill the golden horn.

Mr. Homer Leo, secretary, read a number of letters of regret from invited guests, among which were letters from Chief Justice Drake, ex-Governor Hoadley, General Durbin Ward, Murat Halstead, Judge Thurman, Chief Justice Waite, Judge Carter, General Schenck, Senator Jones, William D. Howell, Richard Smith, General Sherman, Lieutenant General Sheridan and others.

After appropriate remarks on reunion General Thomas Ewing, president of the society, said: "Gentlemen, I have now the pleasure to present to you a typical Buckeye, the architect of his own fame and fortune, who stands below only one man in the Republic in official station, and below none in the respect of his countrymen—John Sherman."

Senator Sherman was enthusiastically and vociferously received. He spoke at length in a happy vein, reviewing the history of Ohio and her prominent men. He was followed by Senator Payne, ex-Governor Bishop, Gen. Benjamin Harrison and others.

PITTSBURG, 7.—Considerable excitement was occasioned in the lower wards of Allegheny and some parts of this city to-day by the distribution of anarchistic circulars in large numbers. The circular was printed in German and English, and urged the workingmen to revenge the killing of the McCormick men and to burn, pillage and destroy, and to eat, drink and be merry. The circulars were distributed early, so that no suspicion of their character was entertained until thousands of copies had been given out. In this city there are seven groups of anarchists, with a total membership of not more than 150.

ST. PAUL, 7.—As an outcome of the stock growers' meetings at St. Paul articles of incorporation of the Montana Live Stock Company were filed with the Secretary of State to-day. The principal place of business is to be at St. Paul. The capital stock is placed at \$250,000. The incorporators are F. H. Logan, Miles City; W. A. Towers, Kansas City; F. J. Bryan, Miles City; Granville Stuart, Fort Miggins; Adolph Hiller, Milwaukee; Robert A. Smith, A. B. Stickney, W. B. Merriam, Angel Oppenheim, Wm. Lindeke, Geo. R. Finch and J. B. Power, St. Paul.

Dubuque, Iowa, 7.—Harry McFadden, the buyer of the C. B. & Q., and Miss Avie Taylor, both of Savannah, Ill., while taking a pleasure ride last evening from Savannah to Bellevue, got their buggy entangled in the brush close to the river bank and were tipped over, the horse, buggy and both occupants thrown into the river. All were drowned. The bodies of the couple were found this evening.

ST. LOUIS, 8.—J. G. Hewlett, leader of the deputies who fired on and killed several men in East St. Louis about a month ago, and who has been held in the city jail on charges of manslaughter and of being a fugitive from justice, was yesterday allowed to furnish bail in the sum of \$5,800. After the bond was approved Hewlett armed himself with means to guard against all possible attacks by sympathizers of East St. Louis victims, and made his way to the Union depot, where he boarded the train for his home in Meridian, Mississippi. The other deputies will furnish bail next week and be released.

CHICAGO, 8.—Information was received at police headquarters late last night to the effect that Herr Most, the anarchist, would arrive in this city this morning. The dispatch stated

that he boarded the train at Cincinnati and would reach Chicago at 7:15 this morning. The authorities immediately determined to arrest him as soon as he arrived, and detectives were detailed to make the capture. The officers boarded the train, and the conductor pointed out the person supposed to be Most, but the detectives failed to recognize him from the description they had of him. The difference was so great that the officers knew at once they had been misinformed.

The railroad situation shows further improvement to-day. All the roads are handling freight in large quantities. The police made a number of additional arrests last night and this morning. Fully fifty are now under arrest with evidence of having explosives in their possession or having fired at the police.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, 8.—Outwardly there is very little apparent change in the strike situation. City employees have been voted ten hours pay for 8 hours work and a number of individual manufacturers have made settlements with their men, but the great mass of strikers remain idle. I hear but little indication of a strike on the streets. There are but few people in the streets and business seems to be progressing as usual. Orderly processions of strikers have passed through the streets every day, but very pronounced demonstration of violence and particularly Socialistic methods has given to the public a sense of freedom from danger of riot. This feeling has not been shared by the authorities. For several days the first regiment of Ohio Volunteer Guards has been on duty night and day at its armory near the Court House. Several hundred special policemen have been appointed and safety organizations have been made all over the city. At the mayor's request four regiments of militia have been ordered here by the Governor. The explanation for all this preparation is made to-day for the first time. It is that the police commissioners here have discovered that Socialists to the number of six hundred are organized and armed with effective rifles; that they contract here with the manufacturers of dynamite for bombs; that the one used in Chicago was made here, and they have now on hand for use a supply of these infernal machines. The commissioners claim they have found the name of the manufacturer to be William Haines, of Covington, Kentucky. This, in connection with a rumor that Herr Most was in Covington last night, gives some plausibility to the fears of the authorities, and accounts for the apparently unusual precautions taken. The troops ordered have not yet arrived. They will probably be quartered in the suburbs.

FRANKLIN, Pa., 8.—The Eclipse Oil Refinery, one of the largest in the oil regions, is now one mass of flames.

CINCINNATI, 8.—The Seventh Regiment of Ohio National Guards has arrived at Hamilton County fair grounds, and is going into camp. The other regiments are expected before night. They will be all quartered at the fair grounds, or in that vicinity, distant but about six miles from the city. The force will have two field pieces and nine Gatling guns.

CHICAGO, 7.—The petition for habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. T. M. Holmes, Adolph Fischer and a man named Lizer, employees on the Arbeiter Zeitung for release, was called before Judge Rogers in the circuit court this morning. The State's attorney said he could not now divulge the character of the evidence he had against their people. He was willing that Lizer should be released and Mrs. Holmes should be admitted to \$5,000 or \$10,000 bail, although she was probably guilty of preparing some inflammatory articles in the paper. As for Fischer, he had evidence that he had personally thrown the deadly bomb, or was a party to it. This produced a sensation in court. The judge accordingly admitted Mrs. Holmes to bail, ordered Lizer's release and Fischer's return to jail for one week.

DENVER, Colo., 8.—A Tombstone, special to the News says: General Miles arrived at Nogales from Wilcox last night. He immediately telegraphed Governor Tasson of Sonora to furnish all the needed supplies to the United States troops cooperating with the Mexican forces and that the same would be paid for a Fort Huachuca, the present headquarters.

Captain Newton, Troop B Fourth Cavalry, is in command of the combined forces in the field and has already gone south on the trail of the hostiles who are reported making for the Canan Mountains.

Hobstad of Sonora reports Chief Magnus killed and claims to have his scalp.

General Miles declares that a vigorous campaign will be carried on until every hostile is either killed or captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—A Guaymas, Mexico, dispatch says: A courier arrived to-day from General A. Martinez, reports the capture by the Mexican troops of Aril, the central defense of the Yaqui Indians. One Mexican officer and eight privates were killed. Chief Cagem and the greater portion of his army left some days before the engagement. The casualties on the Indian side are not known. The general opinion is the Yaqui war is ended.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—Advice received from Honolulu give an account of a disastrous conflagration which occurred there April 15th. The fire started in a cook-house of the Chinese quarter, where a Chinaman in starting a fire in the stove carelessly set fire to the walls of the building. The fire soon got be-