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# **BILLS WERE MANY ENACTMENTS FEW**

Present Session of Congress Discussed More Important Questions Than Any Other.

## APPROPRIATIONS VERY GREAT

## Greatest Effort Was Put Forth to Pass An Emergency Currency Law, But Failed Signally.

Washington, May 22 .-- A resume of the present session of Congress elicits the interesting fact that there were more important questions presented to and discussed by Congress on which the public generally or sections or

will exceed those of any previous ses-sion in times of peace. Standing conspicuously above all other questions with which Congress dealt was the effort to mass an emer-scency currency bill. Thrust upon the attention of legislators at the opening of the session by a financial depression that had not fully subsid-ed, it was the first big question to be considered. Likewise, it was the hardest to meet, and it did more to de-lay adjournment than any other meashardest to meet, and it did more to de-lay adjournment than any other meas-ure. The senate and house failed to agree, with the result that a com-mission of senators and representa-tives in Congress, whose duty it is to study the subject and report at the next session, was the alternative destated adopted.

### LABOR BILLS.

Numerous bills affecting labor were considered by both the senate and the house. In the form in which the bills were presented, organized inbor was not heartily behind them. and questions concerning the constitutionality of many of the measures, in the light of recent decisions by the supreme court of the United States,

raised other barriers. It is conceded that more legislation would have resulted had it not been for the pending national elections. The elections placed the majority in a delicate situation—a fact not over-looked by the Democrats in the house, who further complicated the Republicans' position by a filibuster to compel the passage of measures demanded by President Roosevelt and anoresed by a majority of the Reand opposed by a majority of the Re-publicans in both branches of Con-

Out of this condition of affairs was steered a new employers' liability law, to take the place of that de-clared unconstitutional by the suclared unconstitutional by the su-preme court, and there is pending a bill providing for the compensation of government employes in hazard-ous occupations who are injured in line of duty. Other matters of equal or greater importance to organized labor failed. These include an anti-injunction law; provision for the ex-emption of organized labor from the treble penalty clause of the Sherman anti-trust law and other amendments to relieve the labor unions from the operations of this law. Some of the striking things urged

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like Schilling's Best: we pay bim,

announced by Republican leadwas announced by Robolican load ers, which was generally regarded as a concession to the president's big naval program. Authority to name a tariff commission and to appoint ex-perts to gather data, with a view to the revision of the tariff at the pext example. the revision of the tariff at the best session, was strongly advocated. As a result resolutions were adouted in the senate authorizing the committee on finance, and in the house authoriz-ing the committee on ways and means, to conduct individual investigations. These committees are empowered to employ such experts as they need.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

Several features were raised which were designed to place greater powers in the hands of the interstate commerce commission in the matter of regulatng railroad rates. Among these was a proposition that the commission pro-ceed to ascertain the physical valua-tions of railroads; that the commission these were of President Roosevelt's the given the power to suspend in-making. Comparatively, the enact-ments were few. On the other hand, the aggregate of appropriations was great, and when the final figures are obtainable it is not doubted that they will exceed those of any previous ses-sion in times of peace. the establishment of a statistical and accounting department of the commis-sion, which appropriation was opposed by Chairman Tawney of the house

committee on appropriations. An effort was made and is still in progress in the senate to suspend the operation of the commodities clause of the Hepburn railroad rate act un-til Jan. I. 1910, but there has been no general sentiment in either body de-manding this legislation in the interest of railroads which own mines and manufacturing establishments. A further argument against the proposition has appeared in the fact that there has been little legislation in aid of other commercial classes or for the benefit of labor organizations. The commodities clause became effective on May 1 and under it railroads which

May 1 and under it railroads which transport interstate commerce producions of mines or manufacturing plants which they own, wholly or in part, are subject to heavy penalties for each violation. The law applies particulary to railroads which own coal mines. There was a faction in Congress who believed no necessity exists to relieve railroads from the operation of this law, and they were of the opinion that the law when contest 1 will be declared memorialitations.

unconstitutional.

### SHERMAN ANTI-TRUST LAW.

Some general revision of the Sher-man anti-trust law in the interest of both capital and labor was demanded and a bill was presented by the Nation-al Civic federation. It was advocated strongly by Seth Low, Victor Morawetz and other walk known persons, here and other well known persons, but samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor and an officer of the National Civic federation as well did not endorse it. After a number of hearings were held before and senate it became evident that it stood no chance of passage. A movement was then started for the ap-pointment of a commission to consider

pointment of a commission to consider such legislation during the recess of Congress, but this met with no encouragement. NATURAL RESOURCES.

The question of conserving the nat-

The question of conserving the session operations of this law. Some of the striking things urged upon Congress by President Roose-velt, other than those already men-tioned, and which were not enacted, resulted in compromise. For in-stance, he wanted a national child labor law. He also asked for the enactment of a law regulating child labor in the District of Columbia and the territories, and the latter bill was passed. The bill as passed will not serve as a model act for the en-couragement of state legislatures for the reason that it was amended for buragement of state legislatures for te reason that it was amended fo t peculiar conditions in the district. BATTLESHIP QUESTION. The construction of four battleships as urged in a special message to the construction of four battleships as urged in a special message to the construction of four battleships as urged in a special message to the construction of four battleships the construction of four battleships the construction of four battleships the construction of the program the construction of four battleships the construction of the program the prog The construction of four battleships it being contended that President was urged in a special message to Conservation of the present month. At policy of authorizing two each year bit the conservation of natural re-

## DESERET EVENING NEWS SATURDAY MAY 23 1908

FOLGER'S Golden OLDEN GATE Gate COFFEE Coffee

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Beer and the second second second is were brought conspicuously

fore Congress. The bill to permit the president to appoint the inland wa-terways commission was passed, MORE PAY FOR ARMY. An act of great general interest was the provision for a substantial increase in the pay of officers and enlisted men of the army, may, marine corps, rev-enue cutter service and life-saving service of the government. Several other bills were presented for the benefit of the military establishment and among these was a provision to increase the

marine corps by what will amount to one regiment. A bill was passed removing the re-A bill was passed removing the re-strictions from the sale and disposition of lands held by members of the five civilized tribes, except fullbloods. The effect of this act is to put \$150,000,000 of property on the tax lists of Oklahoma, which will increase the revenues of that state about \$3,000,00 annually. Campaign publicity bills were consid-cred in both branches of Congress, but none of the measures became law. Bills regulating the shipment of liquor to prohibition states were considered without results and bills to establish postal savings banks met the same fate. The announced policy of President Roosevelt to veto bills for the construc-

Roosevelt to veto bills for the construc-tion of dams across navigable streams unles such bills provide for the comunles such bills provide for the com-pensation of the government for the franchise and contain some limitation on the time the franchise shall run re-sulted in a number of such measures being sidetracked. The Rainy river. Minnesota, dam project, which was passed by Congress and vetoed by the president because of the absence of such provisions was passed over the president's veto. The reason for this action was that authority to construct this dam was granted before the presithis dam was granted before the presi-dent's policy was announced and the company building the dam had expendthe ed a great deal of money upon it, the vetoed bill being merely to extend the time of completion of the project. At the same time there were large numbers of bills passed authorizing the con-struction of dams, as well as many bills providing for the building of bridges across navigable streams.

SHIP SUBSIDIES.

A determined effort was made in the senate to take a step looking toward ship subsidy. The ocean mail subven-tion bill was passed as an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill. It met with oposition in the house and is a disputed item in conference. It is in-tended to encourage the establishment of mail and passenger steamships be-tween the United States ports to ports in South America, Philippine Islands, Japan, China and Australia. Another important piece of legislation in the postoffice bill is a provision authorizing the postmaster general to suppress per-todicals which publish articles inciting to anarchy, arson or murder. A determined effort was made in the to anarchy, arson or murder

MEASURES PASSED.

Among other measures which became laws at the present session are the following Prohibiting betting on races in the

equiring the regis-

ville affair and the movement for the reinstatement of the negro soldiers who were discharged without honor, the whole subject going over until next ses-sion. An investigation of charges of structural defects in battleships before the committee on navaf affairs; the treaties negotiated at The Hague con-formers and mean artification treaties **DOCTORS of KNOWN RELIABILITY and SKILL** the committee on havdi analys, the treaties negotiated at The Harge con-ference and general arbitration treaties with practically all nations, all of which were ratified. The treaty pioviding for the control of wireless telegraphy went over until next session, as did also the question of taking some action against President Castro looking to the collec-tion of American claims against Vene-xuela. In the house there were ex-tended hearings on resolutions provid-ing for the abolition of the tariff on wood pulp and print paper, which has failed to result in legislative action; also an investigation of charges brought by Representative Lilley of Connecticut affecting the conduct of members of Congress concerning submarine boat legislation, which inquiry resulted in a severe arraignment of Mr. Lilley him-self. treatment now is worth three other season of the year Your

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## GODWIN SCUDAMORE DEAD.

Last Survivor of Union Prisoners to Escape Through Libby Tunnel.

Lakeport, Cal., May 23.-Godwin Scudamore, the last survivor of the Union prisoners who made their escape through the tunnel from the Libby prison during the Civil war, is dead at his home near Lakeport. He was \$3 years of age.

IT REACHED THE SPOT.

IT REACHED THE SPOT. Mr. E. Humphrey, who owns a large general store at Omega, O., and is pres-ident of the Adams County Telephone Co., as well as of the Home Telephone Co., of Pike County, O., sbys of Dr. King's New Discovery: "It saved my life once. At least I think it did. It seemed to reach the spot-the very sent of my cough,-when everything else failed." Dr. King's New Discovery not, only reaches the cough spot; it heals the sore spots and the weak spots in throat, lungs and chest. Sold under

in throat, lungs and chest. Sold under guarantee at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 So. Main St. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

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## COMMODITY CLAUSE.

### Senate Discusses Resolution for Extending Time for Enforcing It.

Washington, May 22.-Consideration of the resolution extending the time for putting into effect the penalty pro-vision of the commodity clause of the Hepburn railroad rate law was re-sumed in the senate today, and it was discussed at some length by Mr. For-aker, who made reference to various portions of the rank of the interstation commerce commission to the senate resolution inquiring as to compliance of ailways with that section of the rate

He contended that the railroads were The contended that the failboards were merely keeping separate accounts as a compliance with the law. This they were doing in order to continue supply-ing their patrons with coal, as, because of the rights of the mortgagees of the roads, they could not segregate their coal lands. Mr. Foraker asked the senate to pass his substitute which he said would

Mr. Foraker asked the senate to pase his substitute which, he said, would simply restrict railroads from hauling any commodity of its own production acquired since the passage of the rate bill on June 29, 1906. Senator Beveridge discussed at length the power of Congress to regulate in-terstate and' foreign commerce, and was interrupted frequently by other senators on the Republican side. A motion to adopt the Foraker sub-stitute in place of the resolution re-ported by the committee on interstate commerce was lost by a vote of 23 to 32. The senate then went into executive session and soon afterward adjourned.

## BROWNSVILLE INCIDENT.

## Senator Foraker Thinks it Will be Im-

ture in the national campaign this year.

while no prospect of a favorable on the measure was held out at session, he is convinced that it will be passed next December. Meantime, the Senator Foraker of Ohio, the Browns-ville incident will be an important fea-



ald remember that a mistake in selecting their Physician cannot be reckoned by ALONE-for in serious allments if a mistake is made there may not be time to

Sick people should remember that a mistake in selecting the made there may not be time to the MONET LOSS ALONE-for in serious allments if a mistake is made there may not be time to RECTIFY THE ERROR. Disease does not wait—and people who try first one Doctor and then another—always concluding that if one Doctor fails they can still secure another—must remember THEY MAY NEVER HAVE THE SECOND CHANCE—and should be sure THE FIRST TIME that the Physician selected is the most competent and most successful Doctor procurable, regardless of like charges. HOW TO TELL THE FRAUD FROM THE REPUTABLE SPECIALIST.

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portant Feature of Campaign.

into the army, Washington, May 22 .- In the view of

ifth than for the assassing of Garfield or McKinley and that the pending neasure was intended only to force "a murderers and perjurers" The Ohio senator says further that

the reason that it was amended to fit peculiar conditions in the district.

District of Columbia requiring the regis-tration of all cases of tuberculosis in the District of Columbia, which is intended as a model for state legislation; re-classification of many important posts in the consular service; repealing the shipping law in relation to trade with the Philippine Islands so as to permit the free operation of foreign vessels, and increasing from \$8 to \$12 a month the pensions to widows and orphans of solidiers.

the army under certain restrictions. Senator Foraker asserts in the letter that the president declared in a letter to Senator William Alden Smith of

passed next December. Meanti senator says, the negro voters country can demonstrate their influence n the national campaign.

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Quality Wall Papers. That describes our line; quality rst with us. W. A. DUVALL. Both phones. 110 W. 2nd So.

## SAILOR KILLED IN STREETCAR ACCIDENT

Bellingham, Wush., May 22.-J. Straub, a seaman on the New Jersey. was killed, and F. Lutinski, third-class master of arms of the same vessel, was seriously injured in a street car acci-dent this afternoon.

Straub and Lutinski were riding or Straub and Lutinski were riding on the fenders of a heavily crowded car coming from a pleasure resort on the shore of the lake. The tender gave way and the two sailors were dashed under the wheels. Straub was almost cut in two, but Lutinski was still con-scious when dragged from the car and was immediately taken to St. Luke's hospital. Some hope is expressed that he will survive. Straub's home is in iDetroit. Mich., while Lutinski enlisted in Chicago. in Chicago

#### MINERS TO RETURN TO WORK.

MINERS TO RETURN TO WORK. Kansas City, May 22.—Thirty-five thousand coal miners of Missouri, Kan-sas, Oklaboma and Arkansas, members of the United Mine Workers of Ameri-ca, who have been on strike since March 1, last, will return to work early next week. The convention of mhers of these states here today ratified and signed the agreement reached by the joint sub-committee of the miners and operators late last night. Prices and conditions are to remain the same as they were last year,

#### BALLOONS FOR GOVERNMENT.

New York, May 23.-Capt. Thomas H Saldwin, who is building the new dirig ble balloon for the United States army has received an order to construct an deliver within 60 days two observa-tion balloons for the signal of the army and to be built from a vulcarized rul ber recently invented. One of the ba loons is to be of 1,000 cubic meter co pacity and the other sof 540 cubic me ters. meter ca

#### GLOBE BANK RESUMES.

Globe, Ariz., May 23 .- The Globe Na tional bank, which closed its doors Nov. 4, after a running lasting several days, reopened this morning prepared to pay all depositors. The bank's capi-tal is \$50,000.

#### EARL GULICK DISCHARGED.

New York, May 23 .- Darl Gulick, the New York. May 23.---Barl Gulick, the former well known "boy soprano," was discharged when arraigned in police court yesterday on a charge of larceny. He was arrested, it was said, on the complaint of A. H. Dunlap, who claimed to have been robbed. Dunlap said in court that Gulick had no connection with the loss of the money.



# To the Grocers:

Dozens of wagons have been working night and day distributing wink ammunition. Many hundred deliveries have been made to grocers so that they could respond properly to the wink. We thought every grocer had been supplied; we are disappointed in finding that a few have been missed. If this advertisement catches the eye of a grocer who did not get his wink ammunition we want to hear from him either by letter or phone at once. If it is read by a grocer's assistant won't you please call the attention of the manager to it, or if the grocer's wife or the assistant's wife reads it-ask your husband if he got his.

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