

INSURRECTION IN
YEMEN PROVINCE.

It Puts All Other Revolts in That
Part of Arabia in the
Shade.

CENTER OF MOVEMENT AT SAADA

Everywhere Are Signs That it Will be
Extended into Province of
Assrye.

INSURGENTS STUBBORN FIGHTERS

Many Turkish Troops Refuse to Resist Any Further and Are Deserting.

Constantinople, March 1.—The present insurrection in Yemen province, Arabia, appears to put in the shade all previous revolts. The center of the movement is at Saada, northward of Sanaa, and there are signs of its extension to the province of Assaye. The insurgents have again surrounded Saana, and a stubborn fight has been in progress for five days. Many of the Turkish troops refuse to resist any further and are deserting. In the south the towns of Aab and Hidgeh, the

After containing 2,000 troops with four guns, are surrounded and on the point of capitulating. The alleged victory of Feb. 1, when it was officially announced that the Turkish forces had routed the rebels investing Sanaa and Hodeida, Yemen province, and had relieved the besieged garrison of Sanaa,

success. Turkey's defective transportation delays the dispatch of reinforcements. The object of the insurrection is believed to be the creation of an autonomous Arab state.

WORK AT VLADIVOSTOK.

Three Shipbuilding Yards in Course of Construction.

Manila, March 1.—M. Bloomindoff, a Russian naval reserve officer, who came here Feb. 27, as super cargo on the

85 days out from Vladivostok with supplies for Port Arthur was, after losing her propeller, carried by contrary wind and currents to Philippine waters, said today that great work for the Russian navy is now being done at Vladivostok.

and that complete equipments for three ship building yards have been transported from Germany. Six cruisers of the first class, the officer says, are now in course of construction there.

M. Bloomindoff claims that he laid the mines which blew up the Japanese battleship Hatsuse off Port Arthur on the morning of May 15.

DON'T WANT HAYTL

Minister Assurances.

Washington, March 1.—In an answer to an inquiry on the subject, Secy. Hay has formally assured the Haytian minister here that the United States government has no intention whatever of acquiring by annexation or otherwise possession of Hayti or San Domingo nor of extended American influence in

Rumors of Peace False.

Tokio, March 1.—Marquis Saionji, president of the constitutionallists (one of the two great political parties, the other being the progressists, headed by Count Okuma), in delivering a farewell

address today to those of the party who are members of the diet, warned them to pay no attention to false rumors of peace between Japan and Russia. He said it would be necessary to

prosecute the war until the complete attainment of the national object—namely, the securing to Japan of the guarantee of a permanent peace.

Sharp Shooters Harass Japanese

St. Petersburg, March 1.—Two brief dispatches from Gen. Kuropatkin, dated Feb. 27 and Feb. 28, confirm the capture of the head of the Shakhe river bridge. Attacks on the Japanese on

Gautam were repulsed Feb. 27 and again Feb. 28. The Russian advance guards still hold their position at Kudazai. The sharpshooters continue harass the whole Japanese front and it is confirmed, caused considerable damage by the use of hand grenades at Sandlapu during the night of Feb. 27.

Battle of Flowers.

New York, March 1.—At Villfranche the annual battle of the flowers has just taken place, which the Nice correspondent of the Herald. Enormous crowd from Monte Carlo and Nice witnesses the beautiful spectacle on the bay which commenced at 2 o'clock and continued until 5 o'clock with great animation.

Duke's Condition Not Serious.

New York, March 1.—The condition of James B. Duke, president of the American Tobacco company, who was reported very ill from blood poisoning, was said to be still serious. Mrs. Duke

TROUBLE WITH PANAMA.
Commissioners Arrive, Having Settled Matters.
New York, March 1.—Dr. Charles A. L. Reed of Cincinnati and Thomas T. Gos

of Washington, the commissioner appointed to settle the remaining difficulties between the United States and Panama arising under the canal convention, arrived here on the steamer Advance to-day from Colon. During their stay in the canal zone the commissioners satisfactorily settled the Diaz condemnation suit and also that of a small property near the hospital there.

Henry Irving Improving.

London, March 1.—Sir Henry Irving who recently suffered from a severe chill at Wolver Hampton, continues to make progress toward recovery.