The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NO. 144. VOL. XXVI.

RELIGIOUS TOPICS.

Proceedings of the Presbyterian Assembly at Washington.

THE INERRANCY OF THE BIBLE.

When the Church is Entitled to Deal with Political Questions.—Temperance Work.

WASHINGTON, May 19. — The most notable part of Dr. Young's annual sermon, delivered before the Presbyterian assembly yesterday, was that relating to the inerrancy of the Scriptures. Upon the subject he said:

"Our own beloved church has again and again expressed the firm and settled conviction that no discrimination as to truthfulness can be made between different parts of the Bible; that from beginning to end, from the opening sentence of Genesis to the last verse in Revelation, the Bible is the very word of God. Of the same purport (and this should be conclusive) is the clear positive testimony of Christ. From and to end he placed the seal of royal assent upon the book. Upon no other theory or belief can we, as it seems to me, claim a divine, infallible, perfect constitution for a church. No apprehension should be felt as to the safety of the Bible. No possible harm can befall it here. To doubt is disloyalty to God. To fear it is a sin. It courts the most searching investigation; it welcomes the sharpest criticism. From the flaming ordeal through which it is now passing, it will come forth as it has from all other fiery tests—in its full integrity, without so much as a smell of fire about it. And when the very names of those radical and reign rationalistic critics who are seeking to destroy its historical truthfulness, its perfect infallibility, with their widely heralded product-productions shall have been buried in common oblivion, the Bible, the whole Bible, history, biography, prophecy and doctrine, shall by increasing millions of believers continue to be received, read and prized above all earthly possessions as the very work of Almighty God."

AT THE AFTERNOON SESSION,

came the election of a moderator. The nominations were as follows: Rev. Dr. Charles A. Dickey of Philadelphia; Rev. George Baker of Philadelphia and Rev. Willis G. Craig of the University of Chicago; Rev. Calvin Stewart, D. D. of Washington. The result of the ballot was as follows: Craig 324, Baker 198, the other candidates having withdrawn.

VARIOUS REPORTS.

The annual reports of the various church boards, such as those on temperance, beneficence, missions of freedom, etc., show encouraging results in every branch of the work undertaken by the Presbyterian church. These reports will be taken up by the general assembly now in session here and considered from time to time.

The report of the committee on temperance contemplates with shame the spectacle of the "vast national grogshop" at the World's Fair; favors the establishment by Congress of an impartial commission to inquire concerning the liquor traffic such has been provided for in the bill passed several times by the Senate but defeated by the liquor interest in the House. The report emphasizes the statement that church is not a political organization, but if the question of morals becomes a question of politics also, the church is not precluded on that account from dealing with it. The report also protests against the system known as the army canteen, in which it is claimed the officers and soldiers are detailed as saloonkeepers.

The report of the committee on systematic beneficence shows total receipts of all boards during the year of $2,799,792, and increase over last year of $178,765.

In the Sunday school and foreign mission fields, the year was one of prosperity and development. The home mission work, however, has not been so prosperous, partly owing to lack of funds and partly owing to the increasing difficulty of reaching the foreign and skeptical elements of the population.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

The second day's session of the Presbyterian general assembly opened with devotional exercises. Dr. Hotchn, Nebraska, moved the appointment of a committee to formulate an expression of opinion on the Chinese exclusion act, as it affects foreign missionary work. Adopted.

Rev. Dr. Duncan, of the Episcopal church, was introduced. He is a member of the joint committee on church unity. He said the committee had been in session for two days. There were four points the Episcopal church deemed essential to assist the union. On three of these they practically agreed, and the fourth involved largely a difference in terms. He prophesied, there ore, unity in a not distant future.

Protest Against Sunday Opening.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—The Young People's Christian Union of the United Presbyterian church this morning adopted a protest against the Sunday opening of the World's Fair, and elected the following officers: President E. E. Elliot of the *Morning Sun*, Ohio, secretary; Miss Kate Mackee, Allegheny, Pa., treasurer; W. E. Stewart, Pittsburg and A. R. Moffit, Mammouth, Ills.

MISS SANDS AND MR. DELAMAR.

Married at the Church of Heavenly Rest.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Nellie Virginia Sands, this city, and Joseph Raphael Delamar were married at the Church of Heavenly Rest. Delamar is the owner of a belt of gold mines in Delamar, Idaho. He owns an entire township of that plateau, which is worth $1,000,000. Mr. and Mrs. Delamar will visit the World's Fair and travel for a year.

Iron Company Attached.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The sheriff has received an attachment for $225,587 against West Superior, Wis., Iron and Steel company, in favor of the assignee of Francis H. Weeks, the missing lawyer.

THE INFANTA.

Arrival of the Spanish Princess in New York.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Spanish steamer Reina Maria Christina, bearing Infanta Eulalie and suite, arrived in the outer harbor last night, and cast anchor in the bay off Sandy Hook.

Today dawned bright and beautiful. The first vessel to visit the Spanish steamer this morning was a tug bearing the Spanish consul, vice consul and officers of the Spanish war vessels in port, who went to pay their respects to the representative of the queen regent. It was soon followed by the United States dispatch boat Dolphin, followed closely by the Spanish war ship Infanta Isabel. At about 11 o'clock Infanta Eulalie was transferred to the latter vessel and, preceded by the Dolphin firing a royal salute, proceeded up the bay to the docks.

Reina Maria Christina accompanied them. All three were in gala attire, resplendent with bunting. The guns of Fort Wadsworth and Hamilton boomed a royal salute as the vessels passed. Before entering the Narrows the vessels hove to at Quarantine and the ship was boarded by Health Officer Jenkins who was courteously received by the prince. This ceremony over, Infanta Isabelle weighed anchor and moved into the harbor followed by the other Spanish and the Dolphin in the order named. They made their way to the Pennsylvania railroad dock in the Hudson river, arriving shortly after noon. Amid renewed booming of cannon from the warships and forts the princess entered the cutter and was conveyed to the dock at once and took a special train for Washington.

EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.

Place of Next Meeting Chosen by the Delegates Today.

Indignant Protest Against the Geary Exclusion Law and Sunday Closing of the Fair.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The National Edit ial association today chose Asbury Park, New Jersey, as the next place of meeting. Papers were read and addresses made by Emory Herbert and Col. D. B. Anthony, Kansas; Joseph M. Chappel, Ashland, Wis.; William E. Fabor, Florida, read a poem.

ISABELLA BEECHER HOOKER

was introduced by the chair and said:

"I came here to arouse indignation. My husband writes me that the Supreme Court has sustained the wicked anti-Chinese Geary act. I protest in the name of Thomas Hooker, one among those who framed the first free Constitution on earth. We, his descendants claim to know something about constitutions. The United States's Constitution is based on justice to all people. What kind of justice is it to persecute the Chinese as long as they are law-abiding? It is not the justice of Christ. All those oriental people with their beautiful religion should send missionaries to us to teach us Christianity. When you deprive the liberty of the Chinaman, you insult your God." Mrs. Hooker also spoke warmly against Sunday closing of the World's Fair.

A Strike of Gold.

Special Dispatch to the News.

SARATOGA, Wyo., May 19.—The owners of the Altamont Star mine in the Gold Hill district have made a strike. They followed an eighteen inch vein until it divided and became two veins of three and four feet each. Six assays give an average of $5200 per ton gold and twenty ounces of silver. A. P. Stickman, an assayer, his made an inspection of a dozen properties in the Gold Hill district, and it is expected that there will be a large amount of development work done in that section this season.

Carbon County Coal Mines.

Special dispatch to the News.

RAWLINS, Wyo., May 19.—Statistics show that during the year 1892, the output of the Carbon county coal mines was 355,219 tons of lump and 9,405 tons of nut coal, employing 779 men, and in 1892 the output of lump was 528,483 tons and 16,284 of nut coal, employing 542 men.

AND STILL THEY COME.

Five Hundred Chinese Arrive at Portland, Ore.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 19. — The steamer Danube arrived from Victoria, B. C., with 500 Chinese.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The President has made the following appointments:

John G. Brown, Idaho, register of the land office at Bisch hot, Idaho.

George R. Young, New Mexico, register of the land office at Roswell, N. M.

John M. Jones, Idaho, receiver of public monies, Blackfoot, Idaho.

Wm. H. Cosgrove, New Mexico, receiver of public monies, at Roswell, N. M.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 19.—There was a break in the whisky trust stock at the opening of the stock exchange this morning of from 2½ per cent to 14½, on account of the suit against the company by the attorney general of Illinois. The general market was firm, notwithstanding the statement that two million in gold will be shipped tomorrow.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Meeting of the Directors This Afternoon.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Northern Pacific directors met this afternoon and perfected the collateral trust agreement with the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, trustee, and committee under the trust: Oswald J. Ralston, president of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company; John A. Stuart, president of the United States Trust company; James Stillman, president of the National City Bank; John D. Probst, and F. T. Gates. Vice-President Williams says Ralston represents the trustees of the railroad company; Stuart & Stillman, the subscribers other than the holders of the present indebtedness; Probst, the Deutscher Bank of Berlin, Speyer & Co. and their associates, and Gates, the Rockefeller interest. The entire subscription of $12,000,000 is now assured. It is understood that of the amount the following subscriptions are representative: Rockefeller, $3,000,000; Speyer & Co. and the Deutscher Bank, $2,500,000; C. H. Widdington, $1,000,000; Henry Villard, $1,000,000; his associates, $500,000. Villard was not present at the meeting today.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., May 19.—W. H. Schuerman, president of the Normal Exchange bank, which failed last Monday, has been arrested charged with embezzlement. His friends wanted to furnish bail, but he would not allow it.

World's Fair Notes.

CHICAGO, May 19.—There was no special attraction at the World's Fair grounds today, but the weather was bright and warm, and throngs of people took advantage of the fact to visit the grounds.

This afternoon the president of the board of lady managers and the state vice-presidents held a reception in the Woman's building in honor of the distinguished women in attendance on women's congresses.

When the national commission assembles, the judiciary committee, which has the question of Sunday opening under consideration, announced that it would be ready to report late afternoon. This was objected to by some members of the committee and the matter was finally put over till Monday.

A communication was received from President Higginbotham of the local directory, refusing to enter into any informal conference concerning the resignation of Theodore Thomas, the musical director, but saying he would be pleased to have a formal one.

Receiver Appointed.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 19.—In the United States court this morning a receiver was appointed for the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad, otherwise known as the Clover Leaf, on application of Stout & Cory, New York, claiming to have a judgment of $10,000 in the court at Toledo, on which execution has been returned unsatisfied. The bill sets forth that claims aggregating nearly $1,000,000, unsecured, are pending in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, on some of which suits are already begun, with others about to be commenced and that the road is insolvent. A receiver was therefore asked for and granted, S. R. Galloway, Toledo, being named. Colonel R. G. Ingersoll, counsel for the company, was present and suggested the appointment. Application will be at once made to the judicial district circuit court, Chicago, for a similar appointment for Indiana and Illinois, action having already been taken to that end in Indianapolis. The road runs from Toledo to Kansas City, a distance of 453 miles, and had general offices in Toledo. To all appearances it was in a flourishing condition. Its "Cloverleaf" freight line was apparently doing large business. It was reorganized and improved a few years ago by eastern capitalists, with S. T. Knoland of New York, formerly of the Union Pacific, at their head.

National Cordage.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Deering & Co. have dismissed all attachment suits against the National Cordage company at their own cost, leaving the receiver in undisputed possession of the property of the National Cordage.

An Appointment.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The President has appointed Kerr Craz-, North Carolina, third assistant postmaster general.

Explosion of a Boiler.

BERLIN, May 19.—The boiler of a locomotive at Ilmenau, Saxe Weimar, exploded, instantly killing five persons and so seriously wounding eight others that they are dying.

Strike Declared Off.

HULL, May 19.—The union dock laborers' strike has been declared off and the men will go back to work on Tuesday. The settlement is the result of mediation. The strike began on April 7th.

A Chinese Dedication.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The Chinese building at the World's Fair was dedicated this morning. The dedication consisted chiefly in serving invited guests with cups of strong tea without sugar or cream.

A Difficulty Settled.

NEW YORK, May 19.—There are rumors this afternoon that the Pacific Mail and the Panama railroad have settled their difficulties and the Panama railroad will withdraw the steamer service.

Death Notice.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 19.—James E. Murdock, the well known tragedian and teacher of elocution, died here today, aged 83.

Expelling the Jews.

MITAU, May 19.—A new ukase has been issued expelling the Jews from the Asiatic provinces of Russia. It will cause widespread suffering.

Unitarian Women.

CHICAGO, May 19. — Among the World's Fair auxiliary congress in session today were the representatives of the National Alliance, Unitarian and other Liberal Christian women, delegates of the Western Unitarian conference and members of the Women's Unitarian conference of the Pacific coast in union meeting. There was a large attendance, when Rev. Ida C. Hamlin, president of the Women's Western Unitarian conference called the session to order. Reports were read of the National Alliance of Unitarian and other Liberal Christian Women; Women's Western Unitarian conference of the Pacific Coast, and post office mission work, the conference closing with an address by Mrs. Rake Tupper, Galpin, Cal.

WHICH WILL WIN?

Battle Between Natural and Artificial Gas in the Council Tonight.

THE TWO EVENLY MATCHED.

Odds, However, are Given on the Counselmanic Illuminator By Old Time Experts.

Only a great deal of filibustering and needless discussion will prevent the resolution granting certain privileges and franchises to the Salt Lake & Ogden Gas and Electric Light company from coming up at the meeting of the City Council tonight. The company is the successor and assigns of the franchises of the Salt Lake City Gas company and the Salt Lake Power, Light and Heating company, corporations heretofore existing in this city. The resolution has been hanging fire for months and the contest at the final reading promises to be a hot one. In the minds of many it is a question as to whether the natural or the artificial article will triumph. Old experts, however, are giving odds on the counselmanic illuminator. The resolution as amended stands:

Section 1. Be it resolved by the City Council of Salt Lake City, that the Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light Company, a corporation existing under the laws of the Territory of Utah for such purposes and assigns have the authority and consent of the said Council, and the permission is hereby granted it to use and occupy the streets, lanes, alleys and public places of Salt Lake City, for the purpose of conveying gas and electrical currents by means of suitable pipes or conduits laid or to be laid below the surface of the ground, or by means of wires or conductors placed above said streets, to be used for electric lighting, and use pipes to be laid below the surface of the ground for the conveyance of steam for heating, furnishing power and other purposes, so the substantial property owners and users in said city, for the term of twenty-five years from and after the passage of this resolution.

Sec. 2. That said company, its successors and assigns, during said term be and hereby are vested with the right and privilege of entering upon the streets, lanes and alleys of said city for the following purposes:

a. The opening of said streets, alleys lanes and public places for the purpose of laying gas mains, electrical conduits, or pipes for steam purposes.

b. The privilege of erecting and maintaining in the streets, lanes and alleys of said city, poles and attaching thereto and excavating and maintaining thereon wires or conductors for the purpose of transmitting electrical currents within the limits of said city, to the inhabitants thereof.

Sec. 3. The said Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company shall file with the city engineer a plat showing the streets, lanes, alleys and public places of said city where the said company proposes or may hereafter locate gas pipes and electrical conduits, or pipes for steam purposes; and the said company shall have the right to open trenches for the purpose of laying said mains and conduits and for the purpose of maintaining them in good repair. The said company to have access to all such main gas pipes or conduits as may be necessary from time to time, and no railroad track or other like obstruction shall be laid over said gas mains, conduits or steam pipes, or nearer than one foot in the clear laterally from the bell joint of such gas mains, electrical conduits or said steam pipes, except in crossing the same.

Sec. 4. All streets, lanes, alleys and public places that may be opened by the said company for the aforesaid purposes shall be filled and put in as good repair as they were prior to the opening of such trenches so as not to unnecessarily obstruct the free passage over the streets for a longer time than may be necessary. The use of streets for such purposes shall be controlled and governed by the ordinances of said city relating to the manner of laying distributing pipes and conduits as above specified.

The said streets, lanes, alleys and public places shall be repaved by said company to the satisfaction of the city engineer of said city.

Sec. 5. The said Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company, its successors and assigns, shall be responsible for any damage to person or property resulting from any act or negligence on its part which may accrue by reason of the exercise of any of the privileges herein.

Sec. 6. The Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company during the period aforesaid, shall by its acceptance of the privileges hereby granted agree with the said city to furnish gas to the citizens of said city at a price not exceeding $2.25 per thousand cubic feet, and that the said city for all purposes of street lighting, for buildings owned by the city, for all hospitals and public buildings for charitable or religious purposes of any kind shall make a discount from the aforesaid price, of ten per cent. And the said Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company agrees to furnish an illuminating gas of not less than 18 candle power, and incandescent electric light of not less than 16 candle power, the same to be subject from time to time to the inspection of a proper officer appointed by said City Council, to determine the quality of said illuminating gas and electric light.

Sec. 7.—Unless a [written] acceptance of this resolution, with the conditions, restrictions and limitations therein contained is filed by the Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company with the city recorder of Salt Lake City within sixty days from the date of the passage hereof, this resolution and the franchise hereby granted shall be void and of no effect.

NEW DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Judge Judd Selects Judge Howat, Messrs. W. L. Maginnis and Joseph T. Richards as His Aids.

U. S. District Attorney Judd late yesterday afternoon appointed his second and third assistants. As already stated in the NEWS, Judge Howat succeeds Mr. F. H. Stephens; Attorney W. L. Maginnis, of Ogden, will be the successor of Mr. E. M. Allison, and Attorney Joseph T. Richards (of the law firm of Richards & Richards of this city) will take the place of John M. Zane. Judge Howat and Mr. Richards will look after the criminal business in the First and Third divisions, Attorney Maginnis will see to the Fourth district, while Judge Judd will give his attention for the present to the Second district, where there is some important business on hand.

ABOUT A DEPOSITION.

The Railroad Company, the Notary and the Lawyer As Appeal.

In the Third district court yesterday afternoon the case of the Union Pacific Railway company vs. D. W. Stafford was on hearing.

It seems that some time ago Reporter Frank McGurrin was employed by the Union Pacific Railway company to take a certain deposition. His commission as notary public having expired, he asked Stafford, who was a notary, to assist him. Stafford did so and heard one witness, swore two witnesses, and did some other similar work. After McGurrin had finished the deposition he left it with Stafford, who had to duly sign it as a notary public, before it could be used. As soon as it had been completed, Attorney Van Cott went to Stafford, thereupon presented a bill for $32.50, but later dropped to $20, and told Mr. Van Cott that he could get the deposition when he settled. Mr. Van Cott was taken aback, but finally offered Stafford $20, which he thought was four times as much as the service was worth. The notary, however, refused to take that sum, and as Mr. Van Cott was compelled to have the deposition he paid $41 to Stafford under protest and got the deposition. Suit was then brought against Stafford for $21 in Commissioner Pratt's court and judgment rendered against him for the amount, from which judgment he appealed. The hearing was had before the court without a jury. Judge Zane found a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for the amount demanded. His Honor believed the $20 received by Stafford was much more than the services were worth.

COURT NOTES.

The case of W. S. Simkin vs E. S. Snelgrove, in which the plaintiff claimed that he furnished brick to the value of $71.50 for a house which the defendant was building, and that said defendant had agreed to see that the bill was paid, the brick being ordered by the contractor has been concluded before Judge Zane.

Mrs. Joseph Barmlem, who was charged with having obtained $50 from a man named Wright by false pretences, had a hearing in Justice Whitehurst's court yesterday afternoon and was acquitted.

DANGERS OF OUR STREETS.

The Little Son of Deputy Marshal Roman Cannon Knocked Down by a Careless Bicyclist.

It is pretty nearly time that active measures were taken for curbing short the reckless career of the sidewalk bicyclist within the prescribed districts. He has enjoyed a long and uninterrupted monopoly in this city, and the ordinance which ought to control his actions appears to be altogether regarded as a dead letter.

Marshall, the little six-year old son of Deputy Marshal Roman Cannon, is the latest victim at the evil here alluded to. He was standing on the sidewalk just in front of his parents' residence at the corner of Fifth South and East Temple street, about six o'clock last evening, and was knocked down by a bicycle driven at a furious rate, the machine passing over the child's left arm and badly lacerating that member almost its entire length. Blood flowed freely. The poor little chap was picked up by a neighbor, and the father on hearing his child cry ran out to him. But the "man" who was responsible for all the trouble rode away as fast as the machine could carry him, and had got clear out of sight before there was any chance of identification. Deputy-Marshal Cannon stated to a NEWS reporter this morning, when furnishing him with the foregoing facts, that his son had suffered great pain all night; but no serious results are apprehended. His great wish now is that he could learn the name of the careless fellow who knocked the boy down and then, heedless of what he had done, hurried away beyond reach.

$1000 Claimed For Assault.

The last case on Judge Zane's list yesterday afternoon was the $1,000 damage suit of E. C. Davis vs B. M. Ellerbeck et al. Plaintiff alleges that on July 13, 1892, the defendants beat, kicked and otherwise assaulted him and that one of them flourished a gun and threatened to kill him. The alleged assault occurred during the labor troubles last summer and a criminal action was also prosecuted at that time but the defendants were discharged and still deny that they assaulted Davis. The case was proceeded with up to the hour of adjournment and was resumed this morning.

The verdict, had not been up to the time the NEWS went to press.

AGAINST THE CITY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tucker Demands $3200 For a Fall on the Sidewalk.

The trial of an action brought by Elizabeth R. Tucker and Samuel S. Tucker (her husband) against the City Council of Salt Lake began in Chief Justice Zane's court this afternoon.

The claim was for $3200, damages for personal injuries alleged to have been sustained by Mrs. Tucker on March 6th, 1892, owing to the negligence and carelessness of the defendants in the construction of a sidewalk.

In August, 1890, on the north side of Third South street, between Main and West Temple, the defendant corporation laid down an iron and glass sidewalk, a portion of which was constructed on a sharp incline, thereby causing a steep and slippery descent. While passing along this sidewalk on the date first named the female plaintiff fell violently down, breaking her arm and receiving other bodily injury. The sum of $500 was expended for medical attendance and nursing, and it is stated that the use of the arm is permanently impaired.

The defendants put forth a general denial, now particularly in regard to the allegations of negligence.

Stephens and Schroeder are the plaintiff's attorneys; City Attorney Hoge represents the defendants.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEIL BURGESS in the County Fair, plays two nights and a Saturday matinee commencing this evening.

HARRY S. HANY will appear in their new act, The Idea, next Wednesday and Thursday.

MISS HANSON, the popular reciter and instructor of physical culture at the University, will give, with the aid of her pupils, a very interesting and artistic exhibition at the Tabernacle on Tuesday evening next. The affair will be an costume, and it is sure to attract widespread attention. Further particulars will be given in the NEWS tomorrow evening.

Forest Dale Sunday School.

Forest Dale Sunday school was organized in January of the present year. Under Superintendent W. L. Hansen and his assistants, S. H. Love and F. M. Lyman Jr., the school is making good progress. To aid in procuring books and charts, a concert will be given this evening at 8 o'clock. A good program has been prepared and an enjoyable time is assured.

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

The Residence of Maynard Bixby Forcibly Entered and $150 Worth of Goods Taken Away.

Commissioner Pratt is engaged this afternoon with the further hearing of the charge against Art Flint, James Keefe, Charles Carter and W. J. Davis, of burglarizing the residence of Mr. Maynard Bixby, a mining man, on South Seventh East street, and stealing from the premises a variety of articles, aggregating in value $150.

On Sunday evening, the 7th inst., Mr. Bixby being away from home, Mrs. Bixby and her daughter left the house shortly after 7 o'clock to go to church. The servants girl went out soon afterwards, previously locking all the doors and assuring herself that everything was safe. Mrs. and Miss Bixby first returned, just before 9 o'clock. They were astonished to find the front and back doors open, a light in the hallway and also in one of the front rooms. As the ladies entered a scuffling noise was heard, as though one or more persons were hurrying out of the place. An inspection of the rooms showed that the house had been ransacked, and that there was a large quantity of silver-plated ware, a valise, several razors, handkerchiefs, etc., carried off. The police were notified and Capt. Paul and his men took the matter in hand. Eventually they were induced to pay a visit to the dwelling occupied by the defendant Flint, where Mr. Bixby's valise was found; also at the bottom of a trunk there were a number of articles forming part of the missing property. Davis and Carter, it was proved, had left a room at a local saloon by paying for drinks of whisky, and upon all the prisoners, when arrested, other stolen goods were discovered. The servant girl is the poorer by some $10 for the visit of the burglars.

Attorney D. C. Richmond appears for the prosecution; Attorney John Anderson defends.

When Flint is done with on the present charge there is another against him, of being concerned in a burglary at the house of a Mr. Clarke and stealing a revolver, etc.

PROVO.

Damages Awarded.—Lawsuit Between Brother and Sister. — Queen of the May.—Snow in the Hills.

Regular Correspondence.

PROVO, May 18.—In the case of W. H. Winn, assignee for the purpose of the suit, vs the Rio Grande Western railway, the jury yesterday afternoon returned a verdict of $410 for plaintiff.

The case of Margaret Bonnett Price vs James Bonnett, a suit to recover $650 alleged to have been entrusted to defendant in France and not satisfactorily accounted for, came up for trial yesterday, but on account of a misstatement of fact the attorney for plaintiff withdrew the complaint. The case, however, went to trial on a cross complaint of the defendant claiming $600 for services in traveling to France for, and returning with plaintiff, who is his sister. Readers of the NEWS will remember that Mrs. Price was the aged maiden sister of Mr. Bonnett, and that by him induced to leave her native land and come to Utah with the understanding that her brother would care for her the remainder of her days. She, however, did not long remain with her brother, but preferred to become Mrs. Price. She will reinstate her suit for the recovery of the $650 as soon as her attorneys can draw up a corrected complaint.

An scalding election has been held in the B. Y. academy for the selection of a young lady to be the "queen o' the May." There were a dozen candidates, and Miss Ida Stewart secured a plurality of votes. She received 210 votes out of 500. If the weather is fine the May day will be tomorrow.

Judge Jones has received a letter from his brother, Robert Jones, who is at the head of Provo river. The letter is of the 14th inst. and states that there are four feet of snow at Kidder's old mill site. The judge has been familiar with the country at the head of the river for twelve years past, and he states that during that time, he has never known snow to lay at Kidder's old mill site as late as May 14th; so plenty of water may yet be expected from the hills.

THOSE WILD WATERS

The Cold Spell Materially Reduced Their Quantity.

THEY ARE NOW UNDER CONTROL.

Bingham's Devastation. — Watching Jordan, the Canals and City Creek.—The Roller Up.

The cold spell which came on with yesterday's storm has proven a great boon to people in this vicinity, by causing the rapidly melting process that was being applied to the mountains' snows to temporarily cease operations, so that the volume of water in the creeks, canals and river has been materially lessened.

In the canyons there was more damage done during the continuance of the storm. Parley's creek became very high and ran over and cut up the road rather badly in places. A force of men went up last night to make repairs. It was reported that the Utah Central railway track had been washed out, but this was not a fact. There were quite a number of washes by streams from the mountain sides, but none of these were serious, and the railway traffic was not materially interfered with.

In Bingham canyon, however, matters assumed a different aspect. Some days ago the floods so injured the R. G. W. track that trains had to stop a mile below the station, and passengers and mail matter were unloaded at Dry Fork. Yesterday's storm in the canyon was a terror. The wind blew a gale, and the rain and hail of the morning gave way to a blinding snow storm, which continued till about six inches of snow had fallen. Bingham creek came up to an alarming height, and considerable damage was done. The railway track lies in such a condition that the company has had to refuse freight until repairs can be made. No ore can be hauled out, and some of the mines are stopped for lack of fuel and timber, which cannot be hauled to them in the present condition of the roads. In some places where formerly there was a fair wagon road, it is now almost impassable to men on horseback. The county will be called on to expend a considerable amount in repairing roads.

The Salt Lake and Los Angeles railroad people have found it necessary to raise their bridge over the Jordan, and a large force of men have been engaged at that work. The bridge was quite near the water for ordinary seasons, and too close for safety for the present, but it is now being located in high and dry.

City creek, the canals and the river were carefully watched last night, and with the fall in the water are now under control. Mayor Baskin went to the relief of the water department by calling on the other departments to send out men to aid in the work of keeping the waters back. Under this order matters are progressing nicely at present. City creek is also being relieved some by tapping the water big drains.

South and north of this city the people are kept on the alert by the rushing mountain streams. Weber and Morgan counties are having some of their old time experiences, and Weber and Ogden rivers are yet dangerously high, though it has gone down some with the cold spell. The road between Weber and Morgan county is re-roled under water, in some places several feet. In Ogden canyon the roads are submerged in places; west of Ogden the Ogden river has overflowed its banks at the Southern Pacific bridge and great streams of water are escaping over the farms in that neighborhood, doing great damage to the orchards, grain fields and gardens. At one point within a half mile of the bridge two houses are surrounded with lakes and the occupants are forced to use rubber boots to gain access to the dwellings. High levees have saved many of the homes in that vicinity from damage but those who were caught unawares are sustaining heavy losses. Old settlers say the rivers are higher this spring than for eight years. Below the confluence of the Weber and Ogden rivers the stream spreads out all over the country and the settlement of Marriott and the districts surrounding are inundated. The country resembles a great lake.

With the precautions now being taken, however, it is likely that the principal danger is past, both at Salt Lake and elsewhere in this vicinity.

Barney is Dissatisfied.

The chances are that the last has not been heard of the damage suit lodged by Barney Morgan, the miner, against the Ontario Silver Mining company, tried before Judge Zane and a jury during the early part of the present week. The sum claimed was $11,400, but the jury returned a verdict for $800 only. With this the plaintiff's counsel (Powers & Hiles) are not satisfied. They seem to think that if the severe bodily injuries which Morgan met with are worth anything at all, no amount short of $11,400 should cover them. Hence the question of moving for a new trial is under the serious consideration of counsel at this time.

A Sad Condition.

There has been confined in the county jail since last evening a young woman about twenty years of age named Winnie Joyce. She has been employed at the Valley house in this city for some time past, but latterly her mind has shown signs of weakening. It is now feared she is insane, and that question is to be determined by an inquiry in the Probate court this afternoon.