## LECTURE ON THEOSOPHY.

William Q. Judge, of New York, a prominent Theosophist, who has been identified with the society from its organization—sixteen years ago-until the present, delivered a lecture on the subject of Theosophy at the Metropoli-tan Hotel last night. The society has a branch in this city consisting of only a few members, presided over by Mr. John Lloyd. That gentleman had charge of last night's meeting, and introduced the speaker, who said in eubatance:

## IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE

to cover the vast range of the subject in one lecture, and his purpose would be to give his audience a general idea of the grounds on which Theosophists rested their belief. The object of his visit was merely to aid in creating a nucleus here which would encourage men to think and examine for themselves and to help carry out the true spirit of the brotherhood of man. The churches, and nations as well, fall far short of this aim.

The two classes interested in human progress are the philanthropic and the devout, and both, when any unfamiliar scheme for such progress is submitted to them, are sure to point out that mere beliefs have wholly failed. They say, with entire correctness, that not a new platform or church is needed, but something withan object and an impulse hitherto untried.

In the middle ages the church held that no one had a right to speak con-trary to Scripture, and the latter said winds came from the four corners the of the world, therefore everybody must believe that the world was square, that the Bible said the world was six thousand years old, and those who did not helieve in it must go to prison. But we know better now. Scientific men revolted, and we had materialism, hut some of the churches have not yet given up these dogmas.

Spirituality is ingrained in man. but there is divorce between religion science. Christianity would and be good enough, but church-ianity is all have had. While pretending to follow Jesus, we have been following the olt law. The religion that covers the world is oriental in origin and spirit. The science of today comes from Aristotle, and we are only living over the past. Some think that Theosophy means Hindooism. Brahminism is the relig-ion of India. We find in all religions one truth, most of them have one God, one heaven and the doctrine of rewards and punishments. We also find idolatry in some form almost every-where, even in America we have the idolatry of the almighty dollar. Jesus and Buddha are at the basis alike, and this basis is what we want to find, an underlying truth. Greece and Rome had the greater and lesser mysterles in which all their noted men were taught the universal truth. Evolution was known then and we are going back to find those truths.

All forms in nature were first evolved in the astral plan and there were gathered the materials which made them visible. The story of Adam is only an allegory. Life in Eden was the perion of astral bodies,

sins and d esires are separate from the will and judgment. At death both oassion and desire units with the astral body and the natural body is a cast-off garment. It is the astral body which comes back in spiritual seances. This itself will die, it is not the immortal nature. Here comes in the fact of re-incarnation. No one life is adequate to a man's development. Again and again must be come to earth, to taste its quality, to lay up its experience and its discipline, each career on earth determining the nature of its successor. Two things follow: 1-Our present state discloses what we have accomplished in past lives; 2-Our present habits decide what the next life shall The formative power is lodged in be. us; our aspiration prompting, our will effecting, the aim desired. Retribu. tion or reward comes in re-incarnation. This is not new. By it we explain differences in character. Why ie a child born in Whitechapel and you here? Without reincarnation the here? Without reincarnation the Christian scheme is a failure. After years of investigation our greatest men are satisfied of the correctness of this theory. Only by it can genius be explained and not on the theory of heredity. The character is made by the ergo, the ergo, itself. We can't change human character by death. Man is the key of evolution Mat-ter is life living receives the impressions of thought. We are all re-Matsponsible for ourselves and to some extent for others as well.

Does any one follow in practice Christian ethics, the cheek and cheek and the coat and cloak doctrine? Here are Christian Gentiles trying to punish the "Mormons" for carrying out the doctrines of the Bible. The evils of the day cannot be cured by legislation.

As to the relation of this doctrine of the eco to evolution, when it has once reached man it never goes back to a lower order of existence, such as the mineral or vegetable. While all sprung from a common ancestor, yet man never sprung from the ape, nor is the ape a degenerated man. We are mor-tal. All were once in the mineral kingdom and have advanced. The spark once started never goes back. This mov-able and moving threshold of the conscionsness, then, appears in all nature. It can only be the result of two causes. Either an inner and a higher con sciousness is shaping and transforming matter, with a definite and intelligent end in view, or it is the result of blindly acting law, working, as we have said, under the despotic need of unin-telligent force. And if we are com-pelled to admit an inner and a higher consciousness in any single effort of nature, the fortress is taken; for step by step we shall be forced to admit a higher consciousness in all; and the question as whether man has a higher consciousness, or soul, is once more answered by the biological argument in the affirmative.

And again we are driven to the conclusion that since this higher consciousness is not dependent in any way upon the matter which it shapes to further its ends-as a potter might-for its continued existence, then it does not and indeed can not die upon the death or transformation of the latter. On the contrary, analogy, points to and the material body was afterwards the fact that, as a man wears out and letter all acided. It is admitted that the pass- casts aside as useless many tools or question.

garments in the course of the labora of a life, so his higher ego must wear out and renew many bodies in the course of its infinite pilgrimage. Here once again the fact of and reason for reincarnation meets us squarely as the logical result of biological investigan tion of its Higher Self, or the Creative Logos of St. John, and which, though as spirit infinitely higher, still as the absolute includes also its lower self, or matter, so man's lower personality is the creation of his higher ego, which tocludes without being limited in any manner by it, except perhaps as a mechanic might be limited by more or less perfect or imperfect tools.

Man is represented by the Christian apostie as composed of body, soul and split. Theosophy views him as of sevenfold nature. First, the body, thet which we see; second, the life princi-ple; third, the astral body, which is material but more refined and othereal than the body; next, the passions and desires, then the immortal soul or personal spirit, and last the universal spi-rit dwelling within.

## THE COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

Already numbers of people are cousidering how they can most ad-vantageously visit what promises to be one of the greatest international Expositions of modern times. To meet the demands for transportation and other facilities, the World's Fair facilities, the Transit & Truet Company was formed and incorporated under the laws of this Territory. Its charter anthorizes it to do business throughout the entire Inter-mountain region se far west as Portland, Oregon. While similar in Portland, Oregon. many respects to other companies now operating in many States, it has special features of its own. Similar organizations are now doing business in Nebraska, Texas, Kansas, Colorado, Wash-ington, the eastern States, and the Reka, Washpublic of Mexico.

Its membership is as follows: George Q. Cannon, president; R. C. Chambers, vice-president; T. G. Web-ber, secretary; John W. Donnellan, treasurer; Edward F. Colborn, general manager.

Directors, George Q. Cannon, R. C. Chambers, F. H. Auerbach, T. G. Webber, Moses Thatcher, John W. Donnellan, Edward F. Colborn. Board of Control: Meses Thatcher,

F. H. Anerbach, John W. Donnellan, T. G. Webber, R. C. Chambers. Custodians of Funds: Zion's Savings

Bank and Trust Company, The Com-mercial National Bank, The Deseret Mational Bank, Salt Lake City, Thatcher Brothers' Bank, Logan, Utah.

Principal office, roome 23, 24, 25 Commercial Block, Salt Lake. C. E. Wantland and W. C. Spence

general agents, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming.

There are about 400,000 people within its territory, and it was quite certain some company would commence operations here and this was organized, believing a home association would be more careful of the interests of the people than one composed of residents. It is not only a home euterprise but its financial ability to carry out to the letter all of its agreements is beyond