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ANNUAL Y. M. AND Y. L. M. I. A.

CONFERENCE. The Fourteenth General Annual Con

ference of the Young men's and Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement Associa-tions of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be held in Sait Lake City, on Saturday and Sunday, June 5th and 6th, 1909.

All officers and members of the association are requested to be present at ail of the meetings of the conference, and a cordial invitation is hereby extended to the Saints generally to attend the meetings to be held in the Tabernacle on Sunday, June 6th, at 10 a. m. and at 2 and 7:30 p. m.

JOSEPH F. SMITH. HEBER J. GRANT. B. H. ROBERTS. General Suptcy. Y. M. M. I. A. MARTHA H. TINGEY. RUTH M. FOX. MAY T. NYSTROM. Presidency Y. L. M. I. A.

Y. L. M. I. A. NOTICE.

In connection with the June conference, department meetings of the Y. L. M. I. A, will be held Friday, June 4, at 2 p. m., in the Fourteenth Ward Assembly Rooms. There will be a meeting for Secretaries and Treasurers and another for the Traveling Library. Matters of interest to others will be discussed, however, so a full attendance is desired. MARTHA H. TINGEY,

MARTHA II, IIROD	1
RUTH M. FOX,	
MAE T. NYSTROM,	
Presidency Y. L. M. L	

ANNUAL PRIMARY CONFERENCE.

The seventh annual general conference of the officers of the Primary associations of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be held in Salt Lake City, June 4th, 5th and 5th, 1909. All officers, stake and local, are requested to be present at all the sessions of this conference.

LOUIE B. FELT. MAY ANDERSON, CLARA W. BEEBE, Presidency Primary Associations.

PATRIOTIC OBSERVANCES.

A peculiar movement is now on foot among the Danish-American citizens to visit the Old Country and take part in the celebration of the Fourth of July there, which has been made a special feature of an industrial exposi-

he would consent to lower still further the rates on these articles, Mr. Aldrich promptly declared that he would not. Senator Aldrich maintains that there may be a tariff tax on some articles without raising their price in this country. This is true in the case of the articles under consideration and is undoubtedly true in some other instances. Whenever we supply the whole home market and have also a surplus to export, as is the case with most of the great agricultural staples, the price of the article is not affected by the tairff unless a trust is formed to take advantage of it.

A tariff that stimulates production and thereby lowers prices is the newer theory of the protective tairff. A tax that serves merely to increase the price, we understand Mr. Aldrich to say, he would not defend.

If this is the ground taken by protectionists in general, the question of prices at home and abroad will become the all-important one in future discussions, to the great advantage of the clearness and final correctness of conclusions.

PROBLEM OF SCHOOL TEACHERS.

The familiar ordeal of the school teacher's qualifications is being forcibly presented in the city of Ogden.

The Board desires the teachers to attend summer school and the annual State convention for teachers as part of their yearly duties. Some additional pay is provided, but not, perhaps, the full equivalent for the additional time thus required. The teachers are therefore objecting to these new provisions in their contracts.

The latest information is that the teachers of the Ogden public schools who do not sign their contracts for the next school year by Tuesday afternoon may have to look elsewhere for employment. At the last meeting of the board of education a second petition, signed by ninety-two teachers, was received in which additional demands were made. The teachers objected to the clause in the contract which required them to attend state teachers' conventions and summer schools. In the former petition received last week the teachers objected to the clause which withheld a portion of their salary each month to prevent

the breaking of the contract. The provisions of the contract seem reasonable enough, especially the last one. Why should teachers be permitted to break their contracts with the schools at their own pleasure or convenience, and without regard to the effects that such action might have on

the schools? The clause requiring teachers to at tend summer schools and the annual educational convention is a good one. It tends to the improvement of the schools by the improvement of the teachers. It makes the calling of the teacher more strictly professional. But it also takes up the time heretofore at the teacher's own disposal; and therein lies the whole difficulty.

Is the city willing to pay the teachers for this extra time? If so, we can perceive no valid objection to its en-

forcement. The teacher's calling has become more and more unprofitable in recent years Teachers' wages have not materially changed in the past decade, though the requirements made of this profession have become much more exacting. thing else. The result is that the large majority of the teachers are young ladies, most loveliest. of whom do not expect to continue long as teachers. The average term for these teachers is less than three years. troubles! That is, they teach just long enough to learn how to teach, serving merely a fair apprenticeship, and then leave the school room. We do not blame the lady teachers for leaving the school room; but the efficiency of school work is greatly impaired when most of it is conducted by amateurs. By universal consent, teaching is the highest form of human service; and if the poorest kind of vocations suffer from the predominance of tyros in the work, what must be the loss to the community as a whole from the continuous removal of most of the allows. fully trained members of the teaching profession? The public has been perfectly willing to advance the pay of the builders, the bottom of a well. plumbers, and of those who supply the material part of the school expense; but it has not been deemed necessary to advance the pay of teachers. The inevitable result has followed; there are few permanent professional tecahers and many untrained for temporary ones. The Ogden school board is moving in praise. the right direction. Teachers ought to attend the educational agencies that provide for their professional training. But they ought also to be paid for so doing. In our opinion, more-Midas. over, there should be more men in the schools; the undue preponderance of female teachers has other disadvantages than , the important ones just mentioned that most of them expect fering public. and hope to leave the schoolroom at the earliest opportunity. Men are needed for imparting more of strength, ruggedness, discipline, to the education of to be broken. American boys and girls. Character is the principal and the highest thing that education imparts. It is acquired partly by precept, partly by practice,

schools is to deal with them precisely inight as well frankly recognize the get precisely as much as we are willing to pay for. We hope the Ogden schools will carry

out the new plans, and will make it worth while for the present corps of teachers to remain. It is easy enough to supply new teachers. Cheaper, younger, more boyish or more girlish persons can be engaged, not to do the work of teachers, but to "keep schools; and it may be many years before the public will ever know the difference. but the loss and damage to the pupils will then be without possible remedy.

THEY ARE RESPONSIBLE.

The Tribunc, by asking irrelevant questions, is still trying, in vain, to get away from the fact that the infamous "stockade" was established under the auspices of the so-called "American" officials. This time the paper expresses the hope that the "News" will state its opinion "of the graft perpetrated upon the taxpayers of this

county by the payment" to a morning paper of " a number of thoussand dollars unlawfully and without the formality of a contract being entered into as the law requires." We do not see how that can have any bearing upon the question as to

whether so-called ""American" office holders are responsible for the "stockade"-a proposition denied by the Tribune-and therefore decline to enter upon a discussion of it in this connection. But we may say that if the case is as represented by the Tri-

bune, which of course is doubtful, the transaction is as censurable as the expenditure by the so-called "American" council of thousands of dollars of the taxpayers' money contrary to the pledges made when the million-dollar loan was asked for. Wrong is wrong, no matter who commits it.

But the question at present is whether "American" party officials have permitted the erection of that institution in this City against the protests of the citizens, against the law, and in flagrant violation of the decent sentiment of this community. That is what the people are concerned about just

now. The City is rapidly fiilling up with denizens of the underworld, horse racers, and gamblers-ad bent upon fleecing the people to the material injury of every kind of legitimate business. Who is responsible? We are informed that gambling is being carried on to an extent never before known in the history of the City, in rooms connected with saloons, and that the police have orders not to close the dens. If this is true we must draw the conclusion that party bosses are again concentrating their "civilizing" forces in order to carry the City at the next election. And it will be remembered that the Tribune years ago announced, editorially, its opinion that saloons and brothels, gambling dens included, would be more potent agencies of freedom than the press. And we have

no reason to believe that our contemporary has changed its views. Fortune favors the grave.

Better brain fag than brain storm.

Is it safe to forsake winter flannels'

If at first you don't succeed, try some

ivilization.

conference at Leipzig. It has adopted us we deal with other matters. We a motion declaring that membership in any church or religious sect is contrafact that in the general result we shall ity to the principles of anarchy, and calling on all anarchists to cease their membership in churches.

> In an address at the Royal institution, London, Dr. Gowland Hopkins put forth a scientific justification of cannibalism. This is no new discovery, for did not Dean Swift advocate the fattening of Irish babies for the market?

New York

With

NOV.

No.

A Washington dispatch to the organ of the Pseudo-American party says that members of the Senate are asking "Who wrote Smoot's speech on cotton manufactures?" Not the person who is said to have written the speeches for a certain ex-Senator from Utah.

VACATION BY THINK. Nautilus.

Make a compact with your soul to take a vacation and the way is simple. take a vacation and the way is simple. There are portions of your time over which you have control. Probably your evenings and your Sundays are your own. Set apart a month or so. Eliminate the self-assigned tasks for those hours out of business and give yourself up to the pursuit of pleasure. Get others to join you. Call a Vacation club. Adopt a real vacation spirit and go in for a good time. Resolve never to speak of work out of business hours, but to fill to the full that time which is your own with recreations which most appeal to you. Did you ever sing? Sing now. Did you ever paint? Paint now. Remember nature's gifts to you. and find occasion to praise nature within as well as without.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST WOMAN. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Julia Ward Howe, whose nineticth birthday was lovingly remembered by her children and friends Thursday, is undoubtedly the first woman of Ameri-ca today. If in all her long life she had done nothing but write the mighty Battle Hymn of the Republic" she yould deserve lasting honor and rev-rence, But Mrs. Howe has not been content to rest upon this achievement. Up to within the last decade she has been actively engaged in forwarding reform movements, and her pen has seldom been idle. Her life should re-main an inspiration to all Americans. Already a middle aged woman when she wrote the battle hymn, Mrs. Howe had long been engaged advancing the anti-slavery movement in New Eng-land. After the Civil war she turned her energies to other activities, and took a special interest in prison reform, and in same advocacy of suffrage for women. Mrs. Howe has always been, in a good sense, an agitator. She has striven for things the realization of which were apparently beyond her day and generation. And now, in ex-treme old age, she is loved and honored by all the people as a brave and noble and unselfish soldier in the cause of

JUST FOR FUN

Paradise Lost.

One Angel-"Why, what's this, broth er? Unhappy in Paradise?" The Other (gloomlly)—"Yes, I am! "ye told 'em again and again that the only way they can make sure of eter-nal peace up here is by having a big army and navy, and I can't make a soul of 'em believe me. Satan's building six new Dreadnoughts too, I hear." -Puck.

Where the Trouble Lies.

In the matter of tariff, however, the irreducible minimum doesn't appear to complicate things nearly so much as the irreducible maximum .-- Indiana po-lis News.



Honest, now, aren't the manufacturers of alarm clocks behind this move-ment to start work two hours earlier

Sample Waists One-Third Off at Z. C. M. I.

500 manufacturers' samples 1910 waists, sizes mostly 36. Manufacturers invariably send out the pick of their lines. If you can wear a 36 waist-or find your size among these-you will get a bargain.



A beautiful assortment-occupying six tables-cotton, linen and linenette tailored Waists, black and colored silk waists, ecru and white nets, satins, voiles, etc., these together with hundreds of waists taken from our regular stock, make a choice gathering. While they last-

One-Third Off.

The regular prices on these waists are:

Cotton and Linen from \$1 to \$5. Black and Colored Silk from \$3 to \$8 Ecru and White Nets from \$3.25 to \$8.

OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 SOUTH MAIN ST.



Combining beauty, durability, cleanliness and economy. The finest line ever shown in the state. Come in and inspect the splendid variety. Mantels complete from \$50 up

See What You Are Buying, Don't Select from a Catalog.

Our Patent Radiant Grate Was Specially Constructed for Economy And Cleanliness.

MAR WA

KUN REV R.

tion held this summer in Denmark, Patriotic songs will be rendered on that day and prominent speakers will be heard, telling the people at home of the blessings of the New World. It is quite a unique idea for naturalized citizens to carry the celebration of the Fourth of July into their native land, as the Danes will do this year. Who knows but that this is the beginning of a custom that will become more and more general, until the birth of American freedom shall be remembered with jubilation all over the world and the anniversary of our Declaration of Independence become a great holiday of the entire human family.

The Danes in this country are going to celebrate the Fifth of June, the anniversary of the birth of the Danish constitution, in the usual manner, and they are inviting the general public to commemorate with them, the victory of despotism, of which that instrument is a monument. The Danish citizens here have arranged a good program at Wandamere, and all will be made welcome there. There ought to be a big turn out. It is very proper that great days of foreign countries be observed in this country, especially the days that mark the progress of freedom. In that all mankind is equally interested.

NEW PHASE OF PROTECTION.

The new phase of the theory of the benefits to be derived from the imposition of a tax, not for revenue but for protection, was concisely stated by Senator Aldrich during Saturday's debate on the tariff bill The committee on finance had recommended an increase from 4 to 5 cents a pound on bacon and hams, and Senator Bacon opposed these amendments.

The dispatch says that after Mr. Bacon had declared that the proposed increase on bacon and hams, lard, fresh meat, yeal, mutton, pork, etc., would endanger the welfare of the Republioan party, Mr. Aldrich smilingly declared that as "he had the welfare of the Republican party at heart," he would withdraw the committee amendmont in section 280, 281 and 284. .

This came as a surprise; and Mr. Aldrich explained that he had taken this action because he wanted to curtail the debate and did not believe the lower duty provided by the house would affect the importations.

Senator Beveridge, indicating that he approved this course. Mr. Heyburn expressed surprise that such action should be contemplated, and said he had supposed these amendments restoring the duties of the Dingley law, which had been lowered by the house, would be maintained by the committee on finance.

"If I believed," said Mr. Aldrich, "that every item of this bill raised the price of the article affected, then I should cease to be a protectionist, 1 think." When asked by Mr. Bacon whether

work.

partly by unconscious imitation. No boy or girl should go through the grades of the public school without coming under the training, discipline and influence of men as well as women, Strength and tirmness are needed,quite as much as the artistic tendencies and the mental culture that comes from its own. mere grammatical study. For these

purposes the presence and power of men seem indispensable. The symmotrical or complete development of the pupil requires that he learn from and imitate men as well as women. These are reasons, however, that the same season. average man or woman may not be

able fully to appreciate. Nevertheless, all can perceive that permanence four and a quarter million dollars. This makes it very plain that the United is necessary to skillful work in any calling; and it is men only, who, as a States needs a tariff for revenue quite rule, can make of teaching their life as much, if not a little more, as for protection.

The only way, therefore, in which to do much for the advancement of the

