Special Business Notices.

Want Nothing Better.

As to the CHARTER OAK COOKING STOVE, we can truthfully say that it is as near perfection as any stove we ever expect to find: we want nothing better, and do not ever expect to find any other as good.

200 new patterns of wall paper from 10 cents to $2.00 per roll at H. Dinwoodey's.

MANAGER HARRIS'S benefit at the Theatre to-night. The bill—"Octoroon," "Grand Ollio," "Persecuted Chinaman," and "Mulligan Guards." See the advt.

Passing away! passing away!
Each tooth wash of a former day.
SOZODONT gives the *coup de grace*,
Good-bye to the humbugs! let them pass. ds&w

FOR WM. CULLEN BRYANT'S New Work, in parts, finely illustrated, responsible Canvassers and General Agents wanted. J. B. Ford & Co., New York. d271

Call at Z. C. M. I. and examine new bills of French and American Wall Papers, from 12½c. to $2.00 per roll; also fresh novelties in Ceiling Decorations, Frescoe Borders, etc.

THE RAPID popularity gained in this Territory by the OLIVER CHILLED PLOW during the short time it has been introduced here is something marvelous. This splendid plow has distanced all competition, and now stands at the head of the list, unequaled by any implement of the kind ever brought to Utah. With the Oliver Plow FALL PLOWING can be done QUICKLY and EASILY and WITHOUT IRRIGATING, no matter how hard and dry the soil. It is offered on the most favorable terms by Howard Sebree, at the Bain Wagon Depot, one-half block south of Theatre. d268

RED CANYON AND ROCK SPRINGS COAL.—The only reliable market for lump, assorted and egg coal. Large stock always on hand, and full weights guaranteed. Prices low, and special attention given to suit the wants of the public. Office, 65 Main Street.
ROBERT SMITH,
d21 Agent.

FOR SALE, one First-class mileage ticket in book form, for 1,000 miles, over the Chicago and Northwestern Railway; apply at this office. tf

"PERSECUTED Chinaman" at the Theatre this evening.

Z. C. M. I. Carpet Dept. displays a rare and choice assortment of Curtains and Curtain Materials, Blinds and Blind Trimmings, Upholsterer Goods, etc., etc.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Lyon's Kathairon is an invigorating tonic vegetable preparation, positively free from any mineral or deleterious substances. It is the most delightful of all hair dressing—cooling the head, allaying irritation, curing headache and throbbing temples, making the hair strong, fragrant, glossy and obedient to control, so cleanly to use that it will not soil the finest fabric, causing the hair to grow luxuriantly and beautifully, removing dandruff and pimples. No man or woman can become bald who will use the Lyon's Kathairon properly.
15 e o d —3—

The Relief Society Woman's Mercantile Association

Is opening a store for the sale of home manufactures in the building lately occupied by the Woman's Centennial Territorial Fair, known as the Old Constitution Building, opposite Z. C. M. I. store.

We are now ready to receive home-made useful and ornamental articles of all kinds, which we will sell on commission.

Many of our citizens have felt the want of a place devoted exclusively to Utah productions, and now that we are, in accordance with the wishes of President Young, uniting our humble efforts in this direction, we confidently trust that we shall not only have the support of all branches of the Relief Society throughout the valleys of the mountains, but also of our brethren and all others who feel an interest in the future welfare and prosperity of Utah.

Commencing as we do without capital, we wish it distinctly understood that at present we can only sell on commission.

ELIZA R. SNOW, President.
PRISCILLA M. STAINES,
Vice President.
ELIZABETH DAVIS,
Secretary.

Carpets of every style and shade from 30c. per yard upwards. Chinese & Cocoa Mattings; Linoleum, a first class and durable material for covering halls, counting-rooms, offices, etc.; together with Mats, Rugs and English and American Oil Cloths, can be found in endless variety at Z. C. M. I. d250

FOR RENT, a HOUSE, containing six rooms, Two Blocks from Main Street, good well and other conveniences, apply to John B. Kelly, NEWS Office, or on the premises.
d 257 1 w

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

is an unfailing prescription for a faultless complexion. Sallowness, roughness, sunburn, moth patches, freckles, discoloration, dark spots, unwholesome paleness, tan, pimples, eruptions, redness and every other kind of blemish disappear like magic by the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm. A few applications applied with a soft linen cloth will leave the delicate hues of refined beauty and youthful bloom. Its application cannot be detected, and it is absolutely free from all possible harm, warranted purely a vegetable extract from the flowers of Southern France.
d95eod —2—

GEO. C. FERGUSON, watch maker, 11, First South St., a few doors east of Commercial St.

EVENING NEWS.

Saturday, - October 21, 1876.

PRICE OF GOLD.

Corrected daily by Deseret National Bank.
SALT LAKE CITY, October 21, 1876.
Buying at $1.08. *Selling at* $1.10.

Local and Other Matters.

THERMOMETER 48 degrees F. in the shade at 1 p.m. to-day. Partially cloudy.

For Arizona.—Three families with ox teams and wagons passed through the City to-day, en route from Malad Valley to the Little Colorado country. They take a small drove of cattle with them.

Sheep Raising.—A correspondent at Kanosh, Millard County, writes as follows—

"It may interest sheep raisers in our Territory to know, and may excite a friendly rivalry thereby, that Charles Crane, of this place, has a thoroughbred Merino buck, weighing 144 lbs., and clips 18 to 20 lbs. of wool; also one yearling, weighing 189 lbs., which we believe cannot be beat in the world. The buck is not fat and weighs as he stands."

Theatre.—This evening Mr. W. T. Harris takes a complimentary benefit at the Theatre and presents a most liberal and attractive bill, consisting of the "Octoroon," "Grand Ollio," "Persecuted Chinaman," and "Mulligan Guards."

Among other able ladies and gentlemen Miss Colebrook appears, Mrs. Harris also for the first time, Mr. A. Thorne the first time these two years, Messrs. Graham and Forster, Wilton and Bowring, Mr. Harris, also Messrs. Reamer, Appleby and Thompson. Read the bill. It promises a large and varied entertainment.

Sale of Property for Taxes.—The City collector commenced selling property at ten o'clock this morning, in front of the City Hall, as per advertisement, for delinquent taxes. Beginning at the head of the list he disposed of several pieces and then adjourned the sale until next Saturday morning at the same hour and place. The list has materially diminished in numbers, as will be seen by the one published to-day. We understand the original list of property attached by the collector contained 244 names, the great majority of the persons having since paid or made satisfactory arrangements for payment.

Danger Ahead.—The prospects for an extremely critical period in our nation's history, at an early day, are, in view of the recent status of the political atmosphere, very strong. It has seldom, if ever, been the case that wise heads in both parties looked forward with such dread to the struggle which takes place every four years, as they do now; for, whatever be the issue, the "look beyond" is dark and unpromising. To complicate matters, there is no probability of either party, as during the past sixteen years, achieving such a triumph as effectually quiets and subdues the opposition; on the contrary, the prospects are very favorable for no election at all by the electoral college, which would place the result in the hands of the present minority, by going to the House of Representatives for determination; as this has not been the case for many years, and never the case when the conflict was so nearly sectional as at present, it will, to a certain extent, have the aspect of a social revolution at least. But there is even a greater danger than this to be dreaded. The Senate and House meet in joint convention for counting the electoral votes; the Senate is Republican and the House Democratic; either can stubbornly refuse to count the vote of any State, and no vote can be counted under such circumstances; thus the House, supposing Tilden to lack three votes of an election or to be two votes behind Hayes—could throw out the vote of Colorado on some technicality pertaining to its organization, admission or election, which would give their candidate a majority of one, The Senate would then, of course, object to the counting of the vote of some Democratic State to offset the loss of the one thrown out by the House; this kind of thing might be kept up till confusion reigned supreme and nothing could be done. On the other hand, should Tilden have a small majority, it would be an easy matter for the Republican Senators to find some fault with the manner in which the election was conducted in some Southern State, such as intimidation of colored voters, etc., and thus reduce a majority for the Democratic, to a majority for the Republican candidate, with results doubtless identical with those previously indicated. So that, it would appear, there is less to fear in the event of the election going to the House, as will doubtless be the case in either candidate having a small majority.

Leading Democrats are already arranging for this, as appears by dispatches recently received, the plan being to withdraw from the contest in South Carolina, where the Republicans are largely in the majority, and refuse to count the vote of that State in February next, when the joint convention takes place, on the ground of illegality. Some Senators were wise enough to foresee possible difficulty in relation to this matter, during the session of Congress of two years ago, when Senator Morton declared that the danger ahead was not fully realized, and that, unless some remedial provision were adopted, this was "the rock upon which we would split." The last session of the House also adopted some rules, for the government of joint conventions, but the Senate failed to concur; so it would appear that the obstructions in the path of the political progress of the country have at last assumed such proportions as to become formidable indeed. We have but a short time to wait to witness what will likely prove to be, stating the case very mildly, political excitement running at flood tide, from which Utah has a fair prospect of being comparatively free.

Logan.—The city of Logan has made excellent progress in her material interests during the last five years, evidences of increased thrift, energy and enterprise being abundant. Most of the notable improvements were described a few months since in articles published in the NEWS at that time, but matters then in progress have since been further developed.

The Tabernacle, a building of magnificent proportions and of symmetrical architectural style, is approaching completion, the walls being up to the square, the workmen being now engaged in putting the roof on, and it is anticipated it will be covered in inside of a month from date. It is 126 feet 6 inches long by 66 feet 6 inches wide, besides the vestry, which is 22 feet by 20 feet, but the proportions have already been published. It is estimated that it will cost $150,000, and it will be second, in beauty of design and adaptability for the purpose for which it is intended, to no other building now existing, of the same kind, in the Territory, so far as we are aware. It will stand as a monument to the public spiritedness, liberality and energy of the people of Logan City and of the adjacent settlements of Cache Valley who have contributed to its erection. It is an evidence of what can be produced, by the genuine capital of every community—the brain, bone and muscle of the people, the amount of cash used in the good work being exceedingly limited. The ladies have not been behind in the matter, having donated, as a body, something over $1,000 in the products of their handiwork, and the individual donations have ranged, in amounts, from $50 to $1,000.

The principle of co-operation is having a steady growth in that northern community, and a continuation of progress in that direction will, in a few years, place the people in a comparatively independent position. The United Order Manufacturing and Building Association have added recently to their stock of machinery, and consequently to their facilities for increasing the quantity and variety of productions, being now in a position not only to manufacture sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, flooring and all other articles of woodwork in the building line, but also furniture of a very excellent quality, and all from the timbers taken from the adjacent cañons. The most beautiful furniture is produced from cedar, which abounds, in large timbers, in Logan Cañon. This wood readily receives a fine polish, and its variegated colors, from deep red to almost white, gives it a very fine appearance.

The walls of the new Woolen Mills are up to the square. The main building is 100 feet by 50 feet, and a story and a half high. The necessary machinery is expected soon to arrive, and it is anticipated the mills will be in working order in time for next season's wool clip.

The United Order Foundry and Machine and Wagon Manufacturing Company is developing into one of the most substantial and useful home producing institutions in that part of Utah. Between 8,000 and 9,000 pounds of castings have lately been turned out by the foundry department, and they are as clean and good as could be desired, and the business of the whole is increasing to such an extent that the premises, which are already large, will soon have to be extended.

Under the direction of Elder Brigham Young, Jr., President of that Stake of Zion, the Presiding Bishop of the County, William B. Preston, and the other Bishops and officers under their jurisdiction, matters temporal are in a generally promising condition, and the people, as a rule, feel well spiritually, and are disposed to sustain the work of building up Zion.

Rioters Arrested.—Last night nine men formerly employed at the Sheridan Hill Smelter, West Jordan, were brought to the City, under arrest, by a couple of United States deputy marshals, on a charge of rioting and intimidation. They were taken before United States Commissioner E. T. Sprague, and, not being ready for examination, and failing to give required security for their appearance on Monday, remanded to the custody of the officers and placed in the county jail, where they now are.

The circumstances leading to the arrests, so far as we have been able to learn, were that the parties are members of what is known as the Miners' League, the rules of which require that the hands engaged at the smelters shall, in consequence of the injury to health caused by the metallic fumes, only labor eight hours a day.

The manager of the Sheridan Hill works determined to break through this rule, and extend the work hours considerably beyond that time, and the men refusing to accede, were discharged. The manager, Mr. DuRell, engaged others in their place, who were warned by the outgoing hands that they had better not go to work, as if they did they would have to take the consequences. A night or two since the discharged employes attacked the new hands, while the latter were at work, throwing into the works a shower of lumps of ore and other missiles, injuring several of the men and causing them to beat a hasty retreat, leaving the machinery, &c., unattended. The men who were attacked came to the city and made complaint against the other party, hence their arrest.

Third District Court.—Friday, Oct. 20th, afternoon; Louis Marier *vs.* Charles Lee *et al*; default against Lee and order of reference to E. T. Sprague, to take testimony and report the same, with a decree, to this court.

Blair *vs.* D. H. Wells; on application of defendant's attorneys, the time for answer herein was extended five days.

John Nickles *vs.* D. H. Wells, same order as last foregoing.

E. D. Ivins *vs.* Flagstaff S. M. Co.; motion for continuance for the term overruled.

Saturday, October 21st, morning—Samuel Ten Eyck *vs.* Mary F. Templeton; motion to dissolve the attachment granted.

May Admire *vs.* R. T. Burton; leave given to file an answer within five days.

Mary O'Brien *vs.* Thomas Slater; report of referee confirmed and judgment accordingly.

William Hanson *vs.* William H. McFarland; appeal dismissed and proceedings to issue.

Daniel Alexander *vs.* Sol. Rosenthal; same as last foregoing.

James E. Mathews *vs.* Lord Claud Hamilton *et al*; Rosborough and Merritt enter their appearance as attorneys for defendant and time to file an answer extended twenty days.

Emily T. Spencer *vs.* John Van Cott; upon motion of plaintiff's attorneys, cause referred to E. T. Sprague, to report findings of fact and conclusions of law.

High Price of School Books.

It is astonishing to note how the prices of school books have increased since 1861. It would seem that the supply is hardly equal to the demand when one takes the pains to compare the prices of to-day with those in vogue fifteen years ago. The book publisher who is fortunate enough to obtain a contract to supply such a city as Cincinnati with school books these days may congratulate himself on having a good thing. The high prices of school books have prevented many poor but honest people from sending their children to school. The school boards have authority to furnish the necessary books to children whose parents are unable to provide them, but the latter are often too sensitive and proud, though poor, to ask such favors. We have before us a list of prices at which books sold in 1861, and as a matter of interest we compare these rates with those of to-day. The books here mentioned were used in this city and vicinity previous to 1871. McGuffey's Speller, in 1861, sold for 80 cents per dozen; to-day the price is $1.75. McGuffey's First Reader, in 1861, also sold for 80 cents per dozen, but to-day retails at $1.75. We give a schedule of prices of other important school books: McGuffey's Second Reader sold for 80 cents per dozen in 1861; in 1876 the rate charged is $3.40. The Third Reader sold at $2.50 per dozen in 1861; to-day the price is $4.80. Since 1861 the price of McGuffey's Fourth Reader has risen from $2.88 per dozen to $5.75; the Fifth Reader from $5 per dozen to $9.10; the Sixth Reader from $6.50 to $11. The prices of other school books have increased in proportion. For instance, Ray's Arithmetic, Part First, used to retail at $1 per dozen, now it brings $2.25; Ray's Arithmetic, Part Second, used to sell at $1.80 per dozen, now $3.40 is demanded; and Ray's Third Book is selling to-day at $6.50, against $3.50 in 1861. A comparison of the prices of other books needed in the schools show that the prices have proportionately increased since the war began; that there is a greater demand for them since the war we have no doubt, as millions of people who did not attend school when the war progressed have been enabled to attend since. But why the booksellers should keep the prices of their publications up to such a high standard now, when the price of labor of all kinds has been reduced, we can hardly understand. The school authorities in every State and city can remedy the evil if they feel so disposed.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Schools and School Books.

Every one seems to be complaining of the high price of school books—not only in this city, but all over the Union. The book makers who are successful in getting their books endorsed by school boards, seem to have pretty much their own way, and that the prices of books are exceedingly extravagant few will deny it. And then, too, school books are so frequently changed that to purchase them is a hardship on the parents of pupils—some of whom are all to poor to pay for them. The people's colleges have all been monopolized by the sons of the rich, who dress well, it takes a great deal of money—for a poor man—to dress his children in such a way that they will not disgrace the clothes worn by the sons and daughters of the wealthy, or be the objects of attraction on account of their poor clothing, in comparison with that worn by their fellow pupils.

The truth is the public schools are not what they were originally intended to be—institutions in which the children of the poor could receive a good English education, without money and without price. It was never designed that the higher branches of a collegiate education should be acquired at the people's colleges. Rich men who wish to give their children classical educations should send them to colleges—not to our public schools, to become a tax upon the people generally. We sometimes think it would be better if there were no high school attached to our public schools—for poor children seldom reach this institution, their parents neither affording the money nor the time of their children to go through this department. It is the high school business, in a great degree, which causes the school levy to be so large. If the public schools were conducted as originally designed, the levy for school purposes would be, comparatively, but a trifle to what it is at the present time—swelling up the levy until it beomes burdensome—a great deal of it going to teach the higher branches of an education to the sons and daughters of the rich.—*Ex.*

MINING STOCKS.

STREETS.

San Francisco, Oct. 21, 1876.
2 p. m.

Mex, 29½ b, ¼ a, ½ s
Jacket, 24½ b, 5 a, 4½ s
Ophir, 52½ b, 3 a, 3 s
Alpha, 45 b
Cala, 58 s, 59 a
Con Va, 54½ b, 55 a
Justice, 25 b
Union, 13½ b, ¾ a
Savage, 14½ b, 15 a
B & B, 48 b, 47½ a
S Nev, 13 a
Chollar, 80 a
Point, 12½ a, ½ s
Utah, 19 b
Caledonia, 10½ a

BOOKS WORTH READING.

Book of Mormon.
Roan, $1.70. Morocco Gilt extra, $4.00

Doctrine and Covenants
(In the Press.)

Hymn Book.
Roan, 1.25. Morocco Gilt, 3.00.

The Voice of Warning.
Cloth Embossed, 1.00. Im. Morocco, 1.50.

Spencer's Letters.
Cloth Embossed, 1.25.

The Government of God.
Stiff Paper Covers, 50 cents.

21,880

(Or if placed in a line, over)

16 MILES OF

CHARTER OAK STOVES

SOLD DURING THE YEAR 1875
EVERY STOVE IS
UNHESITATINGLY RECOMMENDED
WHEREVER USED OR SOLD
As Absolutely Without a Fault
Our New Sizes
Nos. 37, 38, 39, 47, 48 and 49
ARE A MARVELOUS COMBINATION OF
Convenience, Neatness and Economy,
And all the essential points that go to make up the
MOST PERFECT COOKING STOVE
Ever offered to the public.
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO
Nos. 613, 614, 616 & 618 N. Main St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
SOLD BY
Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Salt Lake City, Utah.

GET THE BEST

IN BUYING A STOVE, the best proves to be the cheapest. Stoves manufactured by Rathbone Sard & Co. have stood the test for thirty-five years, and their pattern take the lead of all other manufacturers.
d 223 Z. C. M. I.

To Trappers, Co-operative Stores and Others:

As numbers of our Patrons are already bringing and sending in MUSKRAT SKINS, we wish to state that those pelts are always of an Inferior Grade, when taken from animals which are trapped before about November 15th. We cannot, therefore, purchase Skins taken off prior to that date.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt,
Z. C. M. Institution.
d 269 s6 w4

CITY TAXES.

To the following named persons, and to all owners of or claimants to the real estate and improvements thereon, or improvements, when assessed separately, hereinafter described: You are hereby notified that the following described parcels of land with improvements thereon, and improvements when separately assessed, have been attached and will be sold (or so much thereof as may be necessary) to the highest bidder, in front of the City Hall, Salt Lake City, on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock a.m., to recover the sum set opposite each person's name, for the payment of Delinquent City Taxes and costs, unless paid before the day of sale, at the Collector's Office, No. 18 City Hall.

Name	Lot	Block	Plat	Amount Tax
Chase S A	6	3	B	$15 10
Braithwaite Joseph, part	5	35	A	23 75
Dewey Frank, part	4	54	A	27 25
Hawkins & Hammon, part	8	57	A	17 25
Riley A T, part	5	55	A	17 75
Richie J B, part	8	54	A	51 50
Tresedor H M, part	5	55	A	21 50
Webb C G	8	37	B	53 50
Holman Frank, part	3	21	F	9 50
Johnson & Co, building on	2	30	F	30 00
Ostler Mrs, or Townsend, part	8	41	B	36 50
Wiggle Ell, part	4	40	B	17 65
Rune ——, part	1& 8	46	B	11 00
Crowther Edmund, part	1	45	B	9 25
Carter J M, Estate, part	2& 3	46	B	374 50
Christiansen Christian, part	1	46	B	17 00
Hughes F D, part	6	44	B	23 25
Iverson Iver, part	5	46	B	9 00
Jarman Emily, part	8	52	B	22 50
Lannan Thomas, part	3	59	B	30 25
Lee Brothers, part	5	45	B	12 00
Smith James M, part	5	58	B	25 75
Unknown owner, part	7	44	B	13 00
Thompson John P, part	1	45	B	14 50
Carter M A, part	5	61	B	327 00
Durell B M, part	5	61	B	365 25
McKnight James, part	8	51	B	40 00
McCurdy Mrs S P, part	8	51	B	83 00
Nowell Mrs, part	2	50	B	46 75
Capson Charles, building on	1	75	A	17 00
Day James M, building cor 2nd S & Commr St				121 00
Ensign J C, part	2	55	A	48 70
Houtz Henry, part	8	56	A	87 25
Johnson Olof, building on Comm St				58 25
Reich Frederick, part	3	57	A	211 50
Snyder B F, part	7	56	A	9 00
Winters Mrs J, part	6	58	A	38 00
Carrigan, Mrs, part	8	58	A	73 00
Martin Edward, part	7	60	A	125 50
Richards (or Mary A Harker), part	7	58	A	97 00
Atkins Geo F, part	2	28	E	17 00
Brewster Frederick, part	2	113	A	15 90
Gorringe William, part	5	23	E	10 50
Hamlin George, part	5&6	16	E	42 00
Olsen Hokonse, part	3	12	E	11 10
Pohlson A W, part	1	17	E	6 65
Anderson O C, part	3	9	G	7 50
Bain J H, part	4	75	D	6 50
Boyle Andrew, part	2	22	G	4 00
Jones William, part	3	11	G	9 15
Lindsay John J, part	1	40	D	12 00
Paul John, part	1	21	G	13 50
Porcher Thomas, part	8	3	G	15 50
Paul Walter, part	3	6	D	18 00
Smith Wm J H, part	3	72	D	15 15

The sale of that portion of the above property which was not sold to-day is postponed to Saturday, Oct. 28th, at the same hour and place.

JOHN R. WINDER,
Oct. 21st, 1876. Collector.

RICHARDSON MATCH CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Telegraph, Round and Parlor
MATCHES,
No. 13 Michigan Avenue,
H. W. Durant, Agt, CHICAGO, ILL.
Our Matches are sold by nearly every grocery house in the Territory. d153*

CASH NOTICE!

TO THE

TRADE!

OUR MOTTO IS:

"A NIMBLE SIXPENCE IS BETTER THAN A SLOW SHILLING,"

THEREFORE

We will not sell on Credit, as by so doing we will avoid being disappointed by not receiving our money when due, and to live we must make a Profit to cover all bad debts and time (as time is money). In future by selling only for

CASH.

We will sell our Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

At Less Margin than ever was known in the

Mercantile Business of Utah.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

Wm. Jennings, Sons & Sadler,

IMPORTERS, JOBBERS AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

EAGLE EMPORIUM.

A. MINER,
Attorney and Counselor
Office in Wasatch Hotel, S. L. C'y.
EAST TEMPLE STREET
426tf

DR. A. W. CALDER,
DENTIST.
Fellow of the American Academy of Dental Surgery.
OFFICE—Main Street, opposite Wasatch Hotel. d244

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE AT THE Workingmens Co-operative Association 87 Main St. Give General Satisfaction. Keep at Wholesale Prices. Send for Them

D. M. STEELE, St. Joseph, Mo. S. R. JOHNSON, Omaha, Neb.
STEELE & JOHNSON,
Wholesale Grocers,
538 and 538 Fourteenth St., Omaha, Neb
Agents for Sable Iron Works Nails.
d 140

"GUION LINE"
Carrying the U. S. Mails.
Sailing from Pier 46, N. R.
FOR
QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL
ON
TUESDAY,
AS FOLLOWS:

WYOMING,	Oct. 3,	at	3.00 p.m.
DAKOTAH,	" 10,	at	11.00 a.m.
*IDAHO,	" 17,	at	3.00 p.m.
MONTANA,	" 24,	at	10.00 a.m.
*NEVADA,	" 31,	at	3.00 p.m.
WISCONSIN,	Nov. 7,	at	9.30 a.m.
WYOMING,	" 14,	at	3.00 p.m.
DAKOTA,	" 21,	at	9.00 a.m.
*IDAHO,	" 28,	at	2.30 p.m.

☞ *Intermediate Passengers for steamers marked thus * must not be booked without consulting us.*

Cabin Passage, $65, $70 & $80
Intermediate, - - - $40
Steerage, - - - - $26
PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
29 *BROADWAY N. Y.*
Sept. 23d, 1876. d263

FALL. - - 1876.

WALKER BROS.

Invite attention to the large and carefully selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods

THEY ARE NOW OFFERING TO THE INSPECTION OF THE PUBLIC, CONSISTING OF

Dress Goods, Waterproofs,
Linseys, Flannels,
Kentucky Jeans,
Brown & Bleached Domestics,
Sheetings, Prints, Cheviots,
Blankets, Quilts, French,
English and American
Hosiery, Ladies and
Felt Skirts, Children's Merino
Cardigan Underwear
and Sleeveless
Knit Jackets,
Shawls,
Beaver and
Chinchilla
Coats, etc., etc.

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS'

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Under and Overshirts,

DRAWERS, HOSE, &c., &c.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Matting

LACE CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES.

AND ALL CLASSES OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Agents for the celebrated

CALIFORNIA RIVETED GOODS,

BLANKET LINED OVERCOATS, COATS AND PANTS

Mining and Hunting Coats,

OVERALLS, JUMPERS & SHIRTS,

MARYSVILLE BLANKETS, HEAVY FLANNEL UNDERWEAR, &c.

ALWAYS A PLEASURE TO SHOW OUR GOODS.

OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT

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