DESERET EVENING NEWS: MONDAY, MAY 14, 1906.



First Publishes Portion of Written Statement Made to Him by Mr. Chandler.

RATE BILL CAUSE OF TROUBLE

Controversy is Over Executive's Attitude on the Court Review Feature.

Washington, May 13 .- Senator Tillman, who yesterday made a statement in the senate covering the details of his and Senator Bailey's negotiations through ex-Senator Chandler with President Roosevelt regarding the rate bill, tonight made public a portion of a written statement made to him by Mr. Chandler of his various conferences with the president on this subject. The portion given out by Mr. Tillman is largely a repetition of the first part of his statement in the senate yesterday. It covers, however, that portion where Mr. Tillman had quoted Mr. Chandler as saying that the president had stated that he had come to a complete disthat he had come to a complete dis-agreement with the senatorial lawyers who were trying to defeat or injure the bill, naming Messrs. Knox, Spooner and Foraker, regarding which state-ment Senator Lodge subsequently said he was authorized to say from the White House that it was an unquali-fied faisehood. On this subject Mr. Chandler, referring to the president, said in his written statement:

"He sold that he had been much troubled by the possibility of an un-limited court review by some of the lawyers of the senate-naming Senators Knox, Spooner and Foraker-as trying to injure or defeat the bill by ingenious constitutional arguments, but that he had come to a complete dis-agreement with them. He made this point emphatic by repetition."

THLLMAN'S STATEMENT.

The statement given out by Mr. Tillman follows:

Senator Tillman said today that on Saturday, May 5, he insisted on having from ex-Senator Chandler a written statement of the various conferences by the latter in connection with the statement of the various conferences by the latter in connection with the plan of the president to control the railread rate legistation by alliance with the Democrats of the senate, and Mr. Chandler gave him such a state-ment, made prior to Saturday, May 12, and signed by Mr. Chandler. Mr. Till-man said he would give a portion of that statement relating to the inter-view of Mr. Chandler with the presi-dent on March 31, which had become a subject matter of dispute, but would retain the remainder for use in case any other parts of his statement in the any other parts of his statement in the senate on Saturday should be denied. The following is the portion of Mr. Chandler's statement given out by Mr.

Tillman WHAT CHANDLER SAYS.

"On Saturday afternoon, March 31, 1906, a friend of mine came into my of-fice and told me of the White House conference of that day in which an un-derstanding as to a limited court re-view had been reached with Senator A CRITICAL PERIOD INTELLIGENTWOMEN PREPARE Dangers and Pain of This Critical Period

How many wo-

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men realize that the most critical period in a woman's existence is the change of life, and that the anxiety felt by women as this time draws near Mrs AEG Hyland is not without reason?

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portant period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. helpful to ailing women.

rupted me, saying that I need not ex-plain further because he was warmly in favor of some such restriction. "That evening I saw Mr. Tillman, and

he told me what had occurred." Senator Tiliman's statement in the senate yesterday was the principal topic of discussion in official circles today. The senator had a number of callers at his apartments with whom he talk-

d freely about the matter, among hom were Senator Balley and ex-Sen ator Chandler. Mr. Chandler has been urged by some of his friends to make public a statement over his own sig-nature tegarding the denial by Senator Lodge of the accuracy of the president's remarks in reference to Senators Spoon-er, Knox and Foraker. He declined, however, to be further brought into the controversy at this time, saying ne would let the matter rest for the preswritten statement is the public by Mr. Tillman. It was with Mr. Chand-ler's consent that the portion of his written statement to Senator Tillman of his conferences with the president ex parte injunctions to meet the wishes enators Tillman and Bailey. UNDERSTANDING EASY.

After informing Mr. Bailey of the urport of the Chandler interview, Mr. Illman said that on the next day he had told Mr. Chandler that in his and in Mr. Balley's opinion there would be no difficulty in compare to standing on the basis proposed by the resident

president. "On the evening of Monday, Mr. Chandler told me he had so assured the president and asked him not to be disturbed by the newspaper items growing out of the talk about Senator Long's amendment, published in the newspapers as one agreed upon at the White House conference Saturday." White House conference Saturda; He then said that he and Mr. Chand-y had continued their conferences and April 5 the ex-senator had gone to on April 5 the ex-senator had gone to the White House to make a favorable report to the president. On April 8 Mr. Chandler told him that he had conferred with Senator Allison asking

him to intervene in the conference then in progress and that the Iowa senator had agreed to do so. Later Mr. Allison had seen the president. had seen the president. On April 13 Mr. Chandler had advised that he (Mr. Tillman) and Mr. Bailey see the attorney general. Consequently they had met that official on the 15th. finding themselves in perfect accord with the second second difference with him except as to a small difference on the matter of injunction.

WAS ABSOLUTE ACCORD.

"There was absolute accord from the first on the proposition that the court review should be limited to the inquiry whether the commission had exceeded its authority or violated the carriers' onstitutional rights."

constitutional rights." Mr. Moody had then agreed to supply the senators with a memorandum of his views, and had done so, "and we have the original of it," said Mr. Tillman. The next day Mr. Tillman said that he had seen Mr. Moody and had as-secured him that 25 Democratic votes could be secured for the com-fromise proposed, and told him that it would be necessary to get 20 Republi-can votes. It was understood that we should work together to get the votes necessary to pass the comprehuse. The, attorney general had evenessed doubt attorney general had excreased doubt of getting enough Republican votes to assure the acceptance of the Bailey non-suspension proviso, but had suid that he felt sure of the Overman

mendment. Mr. Moody, he said, had assured him that it was the fixed purpose to insist upon the Long amendment, and he (Mr. Tillman) had no suspicion of change of front on May 14, when the president had his interview, with the assembled newspaper men.

SMILES AND LAUGHTER.

The reading of the statement evoked many smiles and some laughter from senators. There was especial merri ment over a statement of assurance of the South Carolina senator that the president need not be alarmed over wspaper reports. He had, he said was no danger of the result as to the bill, as the president would adhere to

He then had the clerk read the Moody prandum, covering the point agreed upon as the basis of amendients

Mr. Tillman's time expired before he had concluded his statement, but he was permitted to proceed by unani-mous consent. He said that he and ex-Senator Chandler had been informed at Senator Chandler had been informed at the same time of the president's change of attitude. They had gone, together with Senator Bailey, and all had re-paired to the residence of Mr. Moody, the fourth conspirator," and had found him apparently entirely innocent of knowledge of the change. TILLMAN HESITATED.

He admitted that he had hesitated about entering upon the negotiation with the president, because of his "lust with the president, because of his "just indignation for a past wrong." but he had concluded to pocket his pride in the interest of a great cause. He also the interest of a great cause. He also



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o communication, to know whether in ex-member of this body assumed an

authority not granted to him Mr. Lodge made the remark in closing that it must be obvious to the senator from Texas from what he (Lodge) had read, that the president admits fully that he had a conversation with ex-Senatoir Chandler on the subject, "as he has had with dozens nd scores of senators of both parties this chamber," President Roosevelt and the White

House stenographers were at work un-til a late hour tenight, and it is beileved that the president prepared a statement to answer Senator Tillman. The statement may be made public,

TURKISH TROOPS HAVE

Constantinople, May 13.-Tabah has been evacuated by the Turkish troops,

by order of the sultan. The porte's reply on Friday to the British note agreed to the avacuation of Tabah and to the appointment of a commission for the delinitation of the boundary, but it was conched in such terms as to make it not acceptable to Sir Nicholas O'Connor, the British am-bassador, and he has insisted on com-plete satisfaction being given before the expiration of the limit set by the British It is fully expected that this will be accorded.

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" I had been suffering with a displacement

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Long and others and he told me that the president wished to get into com-munication with the Democrats and would shortly ask me to come and see him. While he was talking a messenger boy arrived with a letter to me from Mr. Loeb, as follows: "The White House, Washington,

March 31, 1906, "'My Dear Senator Chandler-The

"My Dear Senator Chandier-The president requests me to say that he would be glad to have you come to the White House to see him at 6:30 o'clock tonight. Will you please let the bearer know whether you can come? Very truly yours. WILLIAM F. LOEB, JR.

"'Hon. W. E. Chandler, 1421 I street.' "I told the messenger I would be there.

PRESIDENT'S WORDS.

"At the time and place appointed the president said to me that he wished president said to get into communication with Mr. Tillman, Mr. Bailey and other Democratic senators. He stated his purpose slowly and carefully, and in exact substance his statement was this: That he had reached the conclusion that the best plan for railroad rate leg islation was to expressly grant a court review, but to distinctly limit it to two points: first, an inquiry whether the interstate commerce commission had exceeded its authority, and second, an inquiry whether the constitutional rights of the carrier had been violated. He said that he had been much troubled by the advocacy of an unlimiter court review by some of the lawyers of the senate-naming Senators Knox. Spooner and Foraker as trying to in-jure or defeat the bill by ingenious conjure or defeat the bill by ingenious con-stitutional arguments, but that he had come to a complete disagreement with them. He made this point emphatic by repetition; said that he would go thas far and no further and that his decision would be unalterable. He declared that he wished to ascertain whether there could be united action in the secure empire the friends of the bill so that it could be united action in the scients among the friends of the bill so that it could be surely passed without inju-rious amendments, and he named vari-ous Republican senators who, he thought, were true friends of the bill, but said that it would take nearly all the Democrats to carry the limitations and defeat all obmovious montaines.

and defeat all obnoxious provisions. "After the president had made his statement, I replied that I had reason to believe that most of the Democrata in the senate would sustain his limitation of the courts' powers, but that I was sure that Mr. Bailey and Mr. Till-man would insist upon coupling with the limitation some restriction up a the power of the courts to issue injunctions against the orders of the commis sion. Before I had tinished my state-ment on this point the president inter-

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Washington tomorrow Senator Lodge called at the White House this evening and took dinner with the president. Subsequently Sec-retaries Root and Taft arrived at the

retaries Root and Taft arrived at the White House and joined the president and cenator Lodge. Senator Lodge and Secretaries Taft and Root remained with the president until late at night. None of the par-tice present would discuss the visit, and all of them declined to answer any-questions regarding the subject under disconstant. discussion

THE STATEMENT OF SENATOR TILLMAN.

Washington, May 12 .- Senator Tillman in a lengthy statement made during the consideration of the railroad rate bill, accused the president of wavering on the rate bill. He referred specifically to the Long amendment, saying that he did so with the purpose of making an explanation. He said the senators would be surprised to know that he had been in conference with the president.

CHANDLER AS MESSENGER.

On March 31, said Mr. Tillman, ex-Senator Chandler told Senator Tillman, ex-senator Chandler told Senator Tillman that the president desired to get in communication with Mr. Tillman for the purpose of getting sufficient Democrats lined up together to defeat ob-noxious amendments to the railroad rate bill.

Mr. Chandler quoted the president as being entirely at outs with the senatorial lawyers, including Knox as well as Spooner and Foraker; and that the chief executive deliberately and with care stated that he thought there should be co-operation on the following basis, namely, an amendment express-ly granting a court review, but limiting

If granting a court review, but limiting it to two points: First-An inquiry whether the com-mission had acted beyond its author-ity ultra vires and second, whether it had violated the constitutional rights of the carrier. Mr. Chandler stated that the president repeated that he had reached a fund decision that the right reached a final decision that the right of review should be thus limited; that thus far he would go and no further; this his decision would be unalterable. Proceeding he said that Mr. Chandher had said that the president had as sured him that he would be in favor of a restriction against the issuance of

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe. angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that

she looks forward to the hour when she shall

him 22 votes on the Republican side ence he felt justified in his assurances o the president's representatives. "It would be useless to pursue the rgument," said Mr. Tillman The senator from Rhode Island (Mr.

Aldrich) has resumed control of the Re-publicans," he said. A slight, murmur of mirth ran hrough the senate, Mr. Tillman re-

through the senate, sit. Infinian re-marking: "The senator need not shake his head. But I simply want to say that he has come nearer being unhorsed and thrown in the ditch than at any time since I have been here." This produced an emphasized smile in the senate

the senate. Turning his attention again to the president, he said that if the president had stood fast to his original declara-tion "we would have won out." "As for this treatment of me. I shall

say nothing." He closed by asking whether or not the president should be entitled to the glory of the legislation which was conceived in a Democratic convention.

LODGE SKEPTICAL.

During the adoption of the final Al-During the adoption of the floal Al-lison amendment, some time after Sen-ator fillman had completed his state-ment, Mr. Lodge came into the senate chamber. He said he had not heard Mr. Tillman, but that he had read portions of his statement. He said he could hardly believe that part in which ex-Senator Chandler was quoted by Mr. Tillman as saving that the president Tillman as saying that the president said he had "come to a complete dimsaid he had come to a compute diffe-greement with senatorial lawyers," mentioning Senators Knox, Spooner and Foraker, Senator Lodge, continu-ing, said he had gone to the official stenographer, and obtained the exact sentence used by Senator Tillman, and had called up the White House on the that being the most rapid telephone. way of reaching the president.

PRESIDENT DENIES IT.

"I read the sentence to the presi-"I read the sentence to the presi-dent," said Senator Lodge, "and he said in reply that the statement which I had read to him—attributed to him by Mr. Chandler—was a deliberate and unqualified falschood; that Senator Foraker's name was never mentioned at all in the conversation; that Senator Spooner was only mentioned by him to express a cordial approval of Senator Spooner's amendment. As to Sen-ator Knox, he said that he did not after with a portion of his proposed amendment, but thought that he made a very strong argument for granting affermatively the jurisdiction or the authority of the court.

authority of the court. "I think, Mr. President," continued Mr. Lodge, "that it is a mere act of justice to allow this statement to go out with that which was read and atributed to the late senator from New Hampshire."

BAILEY QUESTIONS LODGE.

As Mr. Lodge seemed to have con-An Mr. Bailey asked if the senator sould tell the senate whether it was idmitted by the executive whether the illeged conference took place. 'I did not cross-question in regard to the statement made by the senator from South Carelina, for I did not

hear the statement myself, and the president has not read one word of it. I imagine tomorrow that when he has read the statement in full he will make a reply which will satisfy the curiosity senator from Texas.

of the senator from 'fexas.' "It was not a matter of curlosity." responded Mr. Bailey. He explained that if it were true that the president had not held the conferences, that also ought to go into the Record, because he took it that the senator from South Carolina was just as willing as the senator from Massachussetts that the president of the United States should have the full benefit of the truth. "I think it also important." he continued for those of us on this side who had