

the present time there was a much greater flow of sewage than there ought to be. This was either from the illegitimate use of water or else there was a leak in the sewer some place that let the water in. This might be worth investigation. He was in favor of the pump as a temporary arrangement, but the only way to settle the sewerage question was to put in the gravity system just as soon as possible. In the meantime, the excessive flow of water in the sewer ought to be investigated. It was out of all proportion with the number of people served by the sewer. One reason for it was probably defective plumbing. In almost every office building in the city every tap could be found running a small stream all the time. This was not a use of water; it was an abuse of water. If this was investigated and the present pump set lower, they might get along with it for the present. Even if they bought the new pump they would have to run the sewage into the canal, and that would be objectionable, too. The flow of sewage in our present sewers ought not to be more than 1,000,000 gallons per twenty-four hours.

Moran—Mr. Doremus, how much water per capita per day do we use in our sewer district?

Mr. Doremus—About one hundred gallons. In European cities an average of only thirty-three gallons per capita is consumed. In New York, where a greater amount of water per capita is used than in any other city, the rate is a little more than one hundred gallons per day.

Rich—I am in favor of purchasing the pump, and I think other members of the Council also favor the proposition, but the bids are incomplete and indefinite. That is what we object to.

Moran again arose and proceeded to speak and the chair said he was ubiquitous and too talkative and he ruled him out of order.

Lawson then attempted to speak on the question and was very persistent but the chair was emphatic and rapped the table hard and long with his gavel and said Mr. Lawson could not and should not speak again.

Lawson—I have not spoken on this before.

The Chair—Yes you have.

Lawson then sat down muttering—

I tell you Mr. Chairman that you are wrong and I want you to remember it.

The motion to accept the bid for the purchase of the pump then carried.

AFTER HOLD OVER OFFICIALS.

Heis offered the following:

Whereas, It is claimed that there are now appointed officers discharging the duties of certain officers and holding over after the time has expired for which they were appointed; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the committee on elections is hereby instructed to investigate the matter and report to this council at the next meeting all such cases, if any such exist, the name of the office and the party or parties so holding over.

Folland—I am in favor of this resolution. I think it should go to the committee for investigation and report. If there are individuals holding over we should know who they are.

Rich—I concur with Mr. Folland. If we have officials holding over in violation of law we should know it.

The report went to the committee on elections.

THE GRAVITY SEWER QUESTION.

The report of the city engineer on the gravity sewer question, published in full in the NEWS on Thursday last, came up and was discussed in a decidedly amateurish manner for nearly an hour and then went over until the next regular meeting without any definite action having been taken.

ICE POND NUISANCE ABOLISHED.

Mr. Evans offered the following:

Resolved, That the parties owning or leasing the ice pond situated on Ninth West street, between South Temple and North Temple streets (known as Hunter's pond), be not permitted to take water from the Ninth West street canal or City creek for the purpose of making ice, and the watermaster is hereby authorized to prevent the damming of City creek at Ninth West street for that purpose.

MISCELLANEOUS.

White & Sons and others asked for an electric light at the junction of Richard's street and First South street.

A. F. Kendall and others asked for an electric light at the intersection of U. and Second streets.

H. R. A. Grives and others asked for an electric light at the intersection of B. and Fifth streets.

E. P. Deal and H. Shields asked for a lease on a piece of city property north of Fort Douglas for a rock quarry. Referred to the committee on public grounds.

The Recorder reported that sewer intention No. 5 for a sewer along First South street, from Fifth to Eighth East street, had been published as by law required, and not enough protests to defeat it had been received. The council ordered the intention of the council to make the improvement advertised, and November 17th was fixed as the date for the sitting of the board of equalization on the assessment.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Thomas Langran.....	\$ 5 00
Alex Mitchell.....	3 30
Thomas Yardly.....	3 30
O. H. Weeks.....	3 30
William Gilbert.....	300 60
Joseph Lippman.....	125 00
Tribune Publishing Co.....	31 50
Utah Central Railway Co.....	128 00
Robert Skinner.....	165 40
Herald Publishing Co.....	28 80
Frank Harrigan.....	1,094 38
J. H. Bowan.....	1,231 53
Monheim B. & F.....	400 00
H. M. Willard.....	79 00
Sierra Nevada Lumber Co.....	388 25
Payne & Lyne.....	13 42
Morrison, Merrill & Co.....	125 77
F. Platt & Co.....	4 00
G. M. Scott & Co.....	39 90
O. H. Parsons.....	50 00
Spiers Bros.....	6 90
C. L. Hughes.....	57 00
J. L. Nebeker.....	8 00
Houlahan, Griffith & Morris.....	1,911 93
Wolstenholm & Morris.....	78 70
Total.....	\$3,283 21

A DREAM OF WEALTH.

A special correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle writing from Phoenix, Arizona, under date November 4th, says: One of the most peculiar freaks of psychological phenomena ever brought to light has just culminated in this county, and it will not only be of interest to the scientists who study the relations of the mind but to the curious as well. In 1859 two brothers, A. B. and Luther Ellett, lived in Nemaha county, Kas. Luther chose the part of the wanderer and came west, presumably to Colorado,

and nothing more was heard of him except vague reports that he had been killed by Indians. Then the war came and A. B. Ellett served four years in the Union army, coming out in 1865 completely broken in health. He returned to Kansas and settled down on his farm, near Sabetha, where he remained until recently. He accepted rumor as truth, and not getting any letters from his brother, regarded him as dead. In 1889 he was afflicted by the breaking out of an old wound and was confined to his room for many weeks. During that time he dreamed that his brother was alive and in Prescott, A. T. It seemed that they were together in the mountains, and in passing down a canyon they discovered a fabulously rich gold mine a few miles from an old abandoned shaft once owned by Luther. The dream made little impression on him, but the next night it was repeated and even the trees and outlines of the mountains were perfectly impressed on his mind. He did not heed the possibility of the mine being there, for the smell of hay had never been out of his nostrils, and he did not know quartz from lava, but he thought it worth while to make some inquiry about his brother, which he did.

A letter directed to the postmaster at Prescott brought the information that his brother was an old resident, but was then out in the mines. A correspondence began between the two brothers, and during its course the part of the dream relating to the mine was divulged. Being in that vicinity one day Luther Ellett looked for the mine, but found nothing. The matter passed along until a month ago, when the Kansas brother concluded to visit his relative in Arizona, and at the same time to look at the country. He still had an inclination to look for the mine, but was ashamed to own it. His brother met him in Prescott, and after staying a few days there they came to the mountains and visited the old abandoned mine. When they approached it the Kansas man recognized the country as the one he had seen in his dreams, and told even how the shaft was situated with regard to the mountains and canyons with such accuracy that his brother was filled with astonishment, but he was an old prospector and a belief in dreams was not one of his superstitions. When they arrived at the spot Mr. Ellett said it seemed to him that he had often been there before, and after looking over the ground they took a pick and walked westward toward the point indicated by the dream. In crossing the canyon the prospector stumbled on a very rich ledge and exultantly exclaimed that they had found the mine. The brother answered that it might be rich, but the one they were in search of was richer. Climbing up the other side of the gulch they came to the spot where the dreams had located the lode, but there was nothing in sight but half-decomposed granite. The perfect resemblance of the land marks had so excited their hope that they were much disappointed, and they stood for some time talking the matter over. While so standing the one with the pick began picking on the shelving rock, and a great piece of it fell down, exposing a