

Local and Other Matters.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 4.

The Last Company.—The last company of this season's emigration will sail from Liverpool on Wednesday, Oct. 13.

For Australia.—Elders Welling, Steed and Miller go on board the *S. S. Great Britain*, at Gravesend, on the 24th of this month, and sail on the 25th for Australia.

Return It.—Should anybody pick up a piece of a silver watch chain, with key attached, they will oblige by leaving it at this Office for the owner.

That Beating Affair.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. D. McAlister had nothing whatever to do with the beating of John C. Lambert on Wednesday evening, but acted rather as a peacemaker.

Will Start Again.—On Monday morning President D. H. Wells and Elders Lorenzo Snow and Franklin D. Richards will leave the city again on their proposed trip through the south. They will visit the settlements of Sevier County, will also go to Kanab and St. George, returning to this city on or about October 6th.

Cactus.—The following note and accompanying specimen cactus, a fine one, were received this morning—

"Editor Deseret News:

"I have received a consignment of cacti from Mr. J. E. Johnson, of St. George, by whom I am requested to give the editor of the NEWS a nice plant. I have selected one from the 'Bee hive' variety, which I beg your acceptance of, in his name.

"I remain,
"Most respectfully,
"JOSEPH L. BARFOOT,
"Museum.
"Sept. 4th, 1875."

The cacti received by Prof. Barfoot embrace four varieties—the "echino" cactus, "the mamillaria," the "opuntia" and the "cerus." We understand they are on sale at the Museum.

The Work in England.—Elder Henry C. Fowler, now on a mission in England, and laboring in the London Conference, writes to a friend in this city, under date of August 18th. We extract the following:

"Last Sunday I was at Bede, a small hamlet, about eight miles inland from Hastings. We had outdoor meeting and a congregation of between two and three hundred, who paid great attention. Some of them had to walk from two to three miles to hear the word. I believe good will be done in that neighborhood. I am told it was the largest meeting ever held there.

"To-night I expect to hold an open air meeting here (Ashburnham). A Methodist parson came to me last evening, and the result will be more hearers to-night. He made so much noise that it advertised my presence and gave me a chance to announce the meeting to the people."

Effects of Injustice.—The editor of several eastern agricultural and horticultural papers, who visited this city about two years ago, writes as follows to Mr. John Reading, nurseryman of this city, in alluding to the editorial excursion party, which lately visited Utah, showing that the effects of the abuse of the "Mormon" people by a certain slanderous sheet published in this city, is very different from that desired by their enemies—

"Some good friend sent me a file of the Salt Lake papers, with notes about the excursion, and it is clear enough that you have bitter enemies about your own homes. Still, their opposition—that is, the way they do it—disgusts all decent people. It does not do you much harm; indeed it does you good, because it is our knowledge of their injustice which makes so many of us here your warm friends."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 6.

Full Houses.—We understand the Margetts Combination Dramatic Troupe had full houses at Ogden on Friday and Saturday nights. They perform at Willard to-night.

Wants His Pay.—James Sewell has sued U. S. Marshal Maxwell, in Justice Pyper's court, for \$275 for services in guarding at the penitentiary from April 1st to July 22nd.

Going to Cache.—We understand that Elders John Taylor, George Q. Cannon and A. M. Cannon will leave to-morrow morning, on a preaching tour through Cache Valley.

Bound Over.—On Saturday afternoon William Woolsey was bound over, by Justice Crismon, in \$500 dollar bonds to await the action of the grand jury, on a charge of stealing cattle from Mr. F. Knowlton.

Good Grapes.—To-day Brother Joshua Terry, of Draperville, laid on our table some bunches of the Salem and Wilder varieties of grapes, raised at that place. They are large, fine fruit, and the vines are hardy.

Kaolin.—A gentleman brought into this office a specimen of kaolin for making porcelain. The vein, or rather mountain, for there is a vast deposit, of the material from which the specimen was taken, was discovered by a Mr. Clawson, and is some twenty miles south of this city.

Gone South.—This morning President Young and a party of prominent brethren, accompanied President D. H. Wells, and Elders Lorenzo Snow and Franklin D. Richards as far as York, on their Southern tour. The escorting party intended returning to the city this evening.

The South.—To-day we had a call from Elder Jesse N. Smith, of Parowan, Iron County. We learn from him that, owing to the dryness of the season, the cattle ranges are giving out, and unless great care shall be exercised next winter, the cattle will be likely to suffer severely. This condition extends from Millard County, inclusive, throughout the whole of the South. The crops, generally speaking, are as good as could be expected under the circumstances.

On a Mission.—Elder W. A. Sabin, on a mission in the States, writes from Fond Du Lac, Wis., under date of Aug. 31st, to a friend in this city. He states that preaching the gospel thereabout is rather up hill work, for as a general thing he gets abuse for his trouble. There are a few, however, who are ready to embrace the truth. He says the "Corinne scare" created something of a sensation in Fond Du Lac, as one Ed. Perris, formerly of that place and now residing at Corinne, and some others, telegraphed that the "Mormons" and Indians were going to use up the innocent Corinneites. Perris used to be agent in Salt Lake City for the La Belle wagon.

A Human Brute.—This morning a miserable, slouchy looking specimen of humanity was before Justice Pyper on a charge of outraging the person of a small child, a little girl, between four and five years old, residing in the 19th Ward, where the crime was committed on Saturday afternoon, the fellow having been pursued and arrested then by police officer Phillips. In answering the charge the fellow made a semiplea of guilty by stating that he was "guilty of indecent conduct," advancing as an extenuation that he was under the influence of liquor at the time.

Witnesses for the prosecution were examined, including the parents of the little girl, who is a beautiful and interesting child, and the evidence was most conclusive of the guilt of the accused. In default of finding \$3,000 bonds, he was committed to jail to await the action of the next grand jury.

Cold Poison.—This morning John Metz, proprietor of a saloon near the railroad depot, concluded that he would "shuffle off this mortal coil," and thought the most speedy, convenient and agreeable means of attaining that, to him, "consummation most devoutly to be wished," was by taking a "cup of cold poison," so he swallowed an ounce of laudanum.

Dr. Thompson, who was sent for soon after the rash act was committed, rather spoiled the programme that Metz had chalked out, for he "gave him something to take," which quarrelled with the poison and finally ejected it from his stomach, so, although he is very ill to-day, he is in a fair way of recovery.

We understand he had lately several times threatened to commit self murder, and at length came very near carrying out the intent.

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

HARTFORD, 2.—At the Charter Oak Park races, to-day, the running race, mile heats, was won by Kade in the remarkable time of 1.14 and 1.14, Burgo second, Spendthrift third. The last heat was won in the best time ever made. Kade and Burgo came under, and were so near that many claimed that Burgo won.

MONTREAL, 2.—This p.m. the members of the Institute Canadian, and their friends, numbering some three hundred, accompanied the body of Guilford from the Protestant cemetery vaults, and reached the Catholic cemetery gate, where five hundred French Canadian roughs had assembled, cursing Guilford and the Institution Canadian, and vowing that they would never let his bones lie in consecrated ground. On the approach of the procession a rush was made by the mob, who barred the gates and refused entrance, at the same time pouring forth a volley of insults. The hearse was driven from the entrance to the grave yard, and Mr. Doncker dispatched the bailiff to notify the guardians of the cemetery that the hearse was denied admission, he also sent a message to the city authorities, demanding police and military aid. Two thousand people were present by this time. At half past three the mob made a rush for the hearse, crying, "Curse him, curse him!" and stoned it off the ground. The driver was injured with stones, and many were bruised and trampled on by the horses. At 4:15 it was decided that it was impossible to gain admission, and as the bailiff reported that it would take some time for volunteers to arrive the hearse moved away amid the derisive cheers of the multitude, and as it drove off the crowd began to disperse. Several fights took place, but the injuries done were of a slight character.

NEW YORK, 3.—The letter of Gounod, the eminent French composer, declining the directorship of the American College of Music, to be established in this city, is published. It closes thus—"If I dared offer any advice it would be this—Put an American at the head of an American conservatory, whoever he may be."

Mr. Jewett, receiver, and the board of directors of the Erie Railway, have had a conference with the English committee appointed to inspect and report upon the condition of the road, and he has agreed that the advice of the foreign stockholders shall be considered in the management. Sir Edgar Watkin says the way is clear to a speedy and thorough reorganization without serious damage to the property and interests of the road; and as soon as reorganization is effected they should strive for economical and active management, and although the English interests have power to command the New Erie, they will give their attention to the internal development of the road, and waive all ambitious schemes, which have proved so disastrous in the past, be satisfied in effectually controlling what is strictly their own property and leave railway wars to be waged by others.

A party of twenty-five gentlemen, from Virginia, headed by General Fitzhugh Lee, has arrived here to attend a conference with the leading northern residents, as to the best means of benefitting the interests of that section of Virginia which was the chief theatre of active operations during the civil war, and has ever since suffered owing to the want of immigration.

The *Tribune* has a special from Sandersville, Ga., yesterday, which says that the trial of Corday Harris, the colored man accused of attempting to incite an insurrection among the negroes of the county, closed this evening, with a verdict from the jury of not guilty. The acquittal of Harris was simply the result of the failure of the prosecution to produce any proof of criminal intent in any of the acts of which the prisoner was accused.

CHICAGO, 3.—A special from Vicksburg says that a riot occurred last night in a republican club meeting, at Yazoo city, growing out of a dispute, about the honesty of officials, between the republican sheriff Morgan, and a democratic negro; some fifty shots were fired, and deputy sheriff Mitchell was

killed and a negro badly wounded. The town has been in intense excitement all day, business suspended, and armed men picketing the roads to guard against invasion by negroes.

August Ross and Daniel Leary, young butchers, quarrelled this a.m., in Washington Market, and the result was that Leary was fatally stabbed and Ross seriously.

The *London Times*, in its financial article says—"There is increased firmness in the discount market, anticipating an increasing demand for money." It adds, "It is known that we shall have to import an unusually large quantity of wheat, and it is equally certain that all the malting barley will have to come from abroad."

The treasury transferred to San Francisco, to-day, \$150,000, making a total since the commencement of the troubles of the Bank of California of one million nine hundred thousand.

A special from Tamaqua, Pa., says that Jno. Jones, the general inside boss for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Companies at Lansford, was shot dead this a.m. One hundred and fifty men and boys were within a short distance of the scene of the crime, but the murderer escaped.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 3.—Louis Rehl, teller of the Planters' National Bank, who confessed having taken the money himself, was presented at the city court this a.m., and held in \$50,000 bail to answer.

MONTREAL, 3.—After the departure of Guilford's remains from the Catholic cemetery gates yesterday, the mob remained in force on the ground until the arrival of fifty police, when they immediately abandoned the gates and dispersed; before this, however, some of them had been to the empty grave and torn down the cross over it. The Prince of Wales' regiment rendezvoused last evening, and was held in readiness for any outbreak. A mob numbering several hundred, and well armed, is at the cemetery to-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—With few exceptions the ring have probably captured the city. The contest between Clayton and Bryant is still undecided. Badlan, independent, is no doubt elected assessor. One or two minor offices are in doubt, otherwise the democrats are thought to have made a clean sweep.

The inquest in the case of Ralston was concluded to-day; the report of the chemists showed no evidence of poison in the stomach, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death from congestion of the vital organs and drowning.

The opening of the Merchants' Exchange Bank, and the prospect of the immediate resumption of the Bank of California cause the best possible feeling in business circles, and with the exception of the closing of the Stock Board business has practically settled down to its usual routine. This morning the Board of Brokers will hold a meeting, and it is possible that they may conclude to resume business by Monday, though more cautious ones advise waiting until the resumption of the Bank of California; the time is not yet fixed for the opening of the bank, as much work remains to be done in the examination of the accounts. Mr. Ralston's successor is not yet decided upon; at present D. O. Mills is at the head of affairs. The amount of new capital subscribed up to date is four million, eight hundred thousand. The bank affairs will be taken in charge, and the business managed as before the failure, and until all the assets are collected and all the debts paid, the engagements and obligations of the bank will be regulated quietly and prudently, so as to restore confidence among the merchants and relieve the city of any anticipation of injury in any respect. The stockholders are expected, in their own interest and that of the city, to give the syndicate a controlling interest in the stock, and when the bank is free from its obligations, and its assets have been realized, any benefit accruing will be distributed among the stockholders *pro rata*. The assurance is given on indisputable authority, that the business of the bank will be closed up, as it affects all creditors and stockholders, in the most advantageous way. Time will be given to debtors who are unable to meet their bills, but an effort will be made to collect the assets as soon as circumstances will permit, and as fast as cash is available the indebtedness of the bank will be paid off. When the affairs of

the bank have been cleared up the syndicate will take into consideration the advisableness of continuing the old organization or starting a new one, or what other course will be taken.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 14.—There has been a heavy typhoon in the China Sea, during which several ships were wrecked. The steamship *Gaelic* was considerably injured and the chief officer, Ritchie, and a seaman named Patterson, were washed overboard and drowned. There has been great damage in the central provinces of Japan—farms flooded, many lives lost, houses and bridges and upwards of two million dollars worth of produce destroyed. The rain fell was seven and a half inches in a few days.

Hong Kong, 4, Shanghai 5th.—The declarations of the Chinese authorities respecting the Formosa savages now prove empty threats; the troops refuse to follow the aborigines into the heart of the island, and have revolted by regiments; the savages now remain masters of the situation, and Chinese military operations are suspended.

A body of returned soldiers from Formosa, soon after landing at Foocho, assaulted an American lady and gentleman with great violence, severely bruising both; there will be an investigation by the U. S. consul.

The Chinese government is preparing to send diplomatic representatives to the leading western nations; according to report, they will be preceded by a roving mission similar to Burlingame's.

The British commission have started for Gannon, to investigate the murder of Margary, accompanied by the viceroy, Li Han Chang, and by Chem, a Chinese magistrate of the mixed court of Shanghai.

CINCINNATI, O., 4.—Willie, the youngest son of W. C. Depaner, a well known resident of New Albany, Ind., while loading a pistol last evening, shot himself through the heart; he was alone at the time, and when the family found him he was lying on the floor.

The bridge on the L. N. A. & C. Road, near Bidford, Ind., was burned last evening, preventing the passage of all trains.

AUGUSTA, 4.—The grand jury of Washington Co., before whom the alleged insurrectionists have been on trial, presented a report yesterday recommending the discharge of the remaining prisoners, and commending the judge and counsel for their faithful performance of duty. Judge Johnson then addressed the grand jury and citizens, advising the latter to acquiesce in the decision of the jury, and commending the people for the conservative and law-abiding course they had pursued. All the prisoners not indicted were discharged, and the court adjourned until the regular term.

CHICAGO, 4.—A Washington special says there is a strong movement on foot here, backed by a ring of Pacific coast men, to have a new department of the government established. It is intended that this new department shall be especially devoted to land surveys. The merits of the movement consist in the fact that the new department will afford a number of additional places for political pets and will more readily subject the lands of the west to the control of capitalists. This project, in reality, is nothing more than the old plan of separating the Interior Department from the Patent Office. The merit of the project becomes clearly understood by a glance at the backers of it, among whom are Effigy Argent and other patriarchs of his class.

A letter from a member of the Red Cloud investigating committee conveys the gratifying intelligence, that the Commission is prepared to thoroughly whitewash Secretary Delano of the charges preferred against him by Prof. Marsh. If this proves true there will be only one way that this Commission can still further serve their suffering country, and that will be to go and drown themselves.

The treaty of Washington seems to be an everlasting thorn in the side of the Canadians. The taxation of the tin cans containing lobsters and salmon was counted a Yankee trick, and the annoyance in regard to seal locks, in the transportation of bonded goods across the frontier, next vexed our neighbors; and now comes the greatest of all—the Grand Trunk R. R. Co. has been emphatically informed by the sec-