

that the party was, as a whole, ashamed of "my" (Powers') "ticket," but we hardly expected the sentiment to be so clearly indicated at this stage of the performance. Why don't the "Liberals" shout "E. R. Clute," formerly of Pioche, "for assessor and collector?" Because he is particular poison to his own party. The editors of the chief organ are in danger of being subjected to Powers' threat, and "drummed out" of the "Liberal" ranks.

NO NEED TO LEAVE THE CITY.

January 30, at a Liberal meeting, E. R. Clute, registrar of the Second precinct, rewarded for swelling the registration list with illegal voters by having his name placed on the ticket of his party for assessor and collector, exhibited the most brazen effrontery. He said he registered 2790 voters in the Second precinct *without going out of Salt Lake*, and of the 2790 only 700 belonged to the People's Party.

Now, the total registration of the Second precinct, including both parties, was about 1700 at the election of last August. Thus the Liberal registration has been tremendously increased. E. R. Clute, who has been clearly found guilty of placing the names of illegal voters on the list, proclaims that he did this work without leaving Salt Lake City. We believe this latter part of his statement to be true, for the most crooked men will sometimes tell the truth. He cannot truthfully deny, however, that skirmishers, who supply the names of residents along the line of the Rio Grand Western Railway, render the absence of the registrar from the city entirely unnecessary.

A "Liberal" with a capacious mouth, and chunks of gold in his teeth, gave the *modus operandi* away long before Clute practically declared it. So did the Salt Lake Tribune in its committal defense of the Second precinct registrar after it had been discovered that he had registered the late E. F. Warner, a "Liberal" not entitled to vote. It said this:

"Under the discipline of the campaign, there were Liberals appointed in every precinct to see that all names of possible voters should be got before the registrars. Men handed in these names, and the tables of the registrars were covered with them."

Now, if "under the discipline of the campaign" "Liberals" covered the tables of the registrars with the names of possible voters, what necessity was there for Clute to leave

Salt Lake City to swell the registration of his precinct to "Liberal" proportions which it is utterly impossible to reach by any method but a corrupt one?

Hence the need of changing the Second precinct polling-place from a public building like the Court House to the private premises of James Glendenning, business partner of George M. Scott, the "Liberal" candidate for Mayor. The Continental Hotel is a convenient place in which to entertain personators and for the general corrupt manipulation of an election. As Col. Page has given no reasons for the polls being established there, the public is left to form its own inference. We believe it has done so. We defy the other side to furnish an adequate reason, and denounce the change as not in the interest of a fair election.

On this point the anti-"Mormon" organ of this January 31, says:

"The News charges that the Second precinct polling-place was changed to the Continental Hotel because it is owned by a partner of Geo. M. Scott. It has always been understood that the Continental Hotel is owned by the estate of Hooper & Eldredge."

If that is not begging the question then we never came in contact with anything that did. It does not controvert the fact that Mr. Scott's partner conducts, controls and operates the Continental Hotel, but substantially admits it. Then why was the polling-place of the Second precinct removed to that private establishment from a public building?

A WORTHY OBJECT OF "LIBERAL" SLANDER.

A VERY worthy and respectable gentleman now staying in this city has been vilely slandered by the scribes who delight in libelling everybody supposed to look with eyes of justice upon the "Mormon" people. He has been admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of this Territory and, so far as we can learn, is entitled, by his legal standing and good reputation, to the respect of any community among whom he resides or sojourns for a season. The gentleman is Jesse B. Barton, Esq., who was, on January 30th, denied the right to appear as an attorney for voters who were objected to, in the tremendously important court of Registrar McCallum.

Mr. Barton holds credentials that prove his admission to the bar of the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois, of the District Court of the United States for the Northern Dis-

trict of Illinois, and of the Circuit Court of the United States for the same district. He has also been endorsed by Chief Justice Fuller of the Supreme Court of the United States as a gentleman of honor, ability and trustworthiness, who will attend faithfully to any duty he undertakes; he has been associated with Judge Fuller on several very important cases.

We append here a few of the letters of endorsement which we have seen, written by prominent and famous men in Chicago, and ask our readers to consider them:

CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY,
Judge Murry F. Tuley,
In Chambers.
November 26, 1889.

Hon. Jesse B. Barton:

MY DEAR SIR.—If you need any certificate as to good moral character—your reputable standing and first class ability as a lawyer, I can give it to you and will do so with much pleasure. You will need no certificate as to ability if you have only a chance to show it in an important case. With best wishes for your success, I am yours, etc.,
M. F. TULEY.

103 Adams Street, Chicago,
January 27, 1890.

I have known Mr. Jesse B. Barton for many years during his practice at the Chicago Bar. For several years I was associated with him professionally in representing large corporate interests here, and thus had abundant opportunity to judge of his professional attainments. It gives me pleasure to say that I have always ranked him among the very best of the younger lawyers of this city. He is unusually accurate and thorough in his methods of professional work, preparing his cases in the most thorough manner, and has been an invaluable associate in matters in which we have acted together. I predict for him a successful career wherever he may locate, and take pleasure in recommending him to my professional brethren.
JAMES L. HIGH.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD
COMPANY,
Office of the General Solicitor,
Chicago, November 27, 1889.

Mr. Jesse B. Barton, P.O. Box 942, Salt Lake City:

Dear Sir—I am glad to know you are pleased with your new location, and hope you will succeed. From my observation of you in connection with business transacted for this company in times past, I know that you are a lawyer of ability and a man of integrity, and I would not hesitate to place in your hands matters of importance involving legal questions. As such is my own opinion, I have no objections to saying so to others, so you are at liberty to show this letter to others, if you think it to your interest to do so.

Yours very truly,

C. BECKWITH,
General Solicitor C. & A. R.R.

CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY,
Judge Julius S. Grinnell.
CHICAGO, Dec. 5, 1889.

My dear Jesse.

I wish you every success, although sorry that you have left Chicago. Good luck to you, and if you find that any word from me will help you, call upon me, as I shall be glad of an op-