

# THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 27.

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**Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE** is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the **DESERET NEWS** throughout Cache County.

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## Correspondence.

FARMINGTON, Davis Co.,  
August 4th 1868.

Dear Bro. Cannon:—We have had some considerable cause of excitement in the last few days.

On Thursday last an examination was held by the Hon. H. C. Haight, Probate Judge, in the case of James Follingsberg, who had been arrested on a charge of having committed a rape on the daughter of William Bromley, of Bountiful, under the most villainous circumstances. He having given her the privilege of riding from town to Bountiful in his wagon, after passing the brewery took the upper road, a road not travelled in summer time, and having come to a convenient place took her off the wagon and forced her to yield to his vile purpose; then leaving her by the roadside, he drove across to the travelled road. The girl happened to have a very slight previous acquaintance with him, as he had friends living in the same town, and caused him to be arrested. Her testimony was corroborated by his own admissions, and was so conclusive that he was remanded to appear at the next term of the Probate Court.

On the afternoon of the same day the sympathies of the whole town were aroused in behalf of Bro. Ezra T. Clark, and family, who had just casually heard of the death of Bro. Ezra James Clark their oldest son and brother, returning from his three years' mission to England, which according to the best information they were able to glean from letters received in the city, occurred at Albany about two weeks before. His death was caused by sunstroke. Up to this present time they have received no direct information from the company with which he was traveling.

On Friday a man by the name of Levi Goodwin, who had been living in Farmington about a year, left the town and his family suddenly, and departed to some other place, for fear of the indignation, anger, and just vengeance of the fathers of some little girls to whom he had been acting indecently.

On Saturday a drunken, half idiotic man, dressed in soldier's clothes, entered the house of a woman living a little north of Farmington, and assaulted her, but was kept at bay until she obtained help and had him arrested; when he was delivered over to the Sheriff he ran away, and not stopping when ordered, was shot at and wounded slightly under the right arm. He has had an examination before Judge Haight, and is now in the custody of the Sheriff.

On Sunday morning Bro. Oscar Schenk, a very promising young man of about 19 or 20 years of age, working for Bro. Thomas Hunt, was taking his mules to water, when one of them got scared, and Oscar having got the halter very foolishly fastened around his wrist, was dragged by the mule on the road about 75 or 80 yards, cutting up his face very badly and bruising his body in several places; but it is thought that he will recover.

On Monday morning, (yesterday) shortly after daylight, it was rumored that the prisoner who had committed rape had been shot, and inquiry elicited the fact that the father of the injured girl, who was not at home when the circumstance happened, had left his home in the night and arrived about daylight at the house where the prisoner was being kept, and watching his opportunity when unperceived by the guard, shot him through the window, the ball passed through his head and he

never spoke again. The man Bromley then gave himself up to the officer and is bound over to appear at the next term of the Probate Court. Word was sent to the wife of the dead prisoner with permission to take the body, but she did not want to see him again.

Davis County is harvesting about two-thirds of what would have been a very good crop of grain and hay, had not the hoppers cut them up. Bro. Haight's farm and others on the shores of the lake have suffered very severely, their crops being nearly a total failure.

Yours very truly,  
ARTHUR STAYNER.

## OUR LOCAL'S CORRESPONDENCE.

### THE RAILROAD IN THE CAÑONS.

No. IX.

BEAR RIVER, August 1, 1868.

#### SECOND TUNNEL IN ECHO.

Less than three quarters of a mile above the first and longest tunnel comes another short one, which will be about 170 feet through, on Miller & Patterson's contract. They are working at this tunnel also with double shifts, keeping the work going night and day. Between the two tunnels there is a fill 75 feet high and 350 feet long. They design using nitro-glycerine in the blasting they may have to do in the tunnels, the smaller one being principally rock. Their contract is a little over seven miles in length and continues to the summit of Echo. They have work progressing nearly two miles from the tunnels and expect to have more camps organized soon. A portion of their contract is not staked out on the eastern end; but the work is known to consist principally of cuts and fills, some moderately heavy. As the lighter, until the summit is reached. They had about 350 men and 160 teams at work when I called at their camp, where Mr. Miller received me very courteously; and they wish to hire more. But as a large proportion of their laborers are regular navvies, who have a penchant for "striking" which nearly equals the efforts of a blacksmith, it is difficult to say how many men they have at work any time an hour after an estimate is made.

#### A SMALL STRIKE.

Illustrative of the style in which these "gentlemen" do things, I may relate the following: Day before yesterday, some sixteen of them having previously got their "shock-locks" together, concluded they would "go in" for a strike. Consequently, being determined not to waste time unnecessarily, they paid a call of state to Mr. Miller, at his store in camp, and informed him of their intention to make him "go up" in a very few minutes if he didn't give them "their time" with all the addendas, etceteras, and greenbacks which they deemed their due. Not being accustomed to look over books and settle monetary matters on such abrupt demands, he secured himself in a log house next door, where his arms are kept, with some other men on whom he could rely, and in a brief parley with the belligerent sixteen, gave them the option of retiring and having business done in a business-like manner or of making a small pile of defunct navvies, their bodies perforated with bullets. His argument was sufficiently convincing to induce them to alter their previously expressed determination. They were discharged. The east end of Messrs. Miller & Patterson's contract, at the summit of Echo, is where

#### MESSRS. NOUNNAN & CO'S CONTRACT

Begins, which runs some thirty-seven miles and a half, though the distance by stage road is shorter. Starting from the summit of Echo, the line runs down the east side of Porter Creek, over an easy grade, about two miles, when it crosses the creek and runs on the west side about a mile. Here it makes a curvature a little to the southeast, following the creek down and crossing some three times, when it turns a curvature to the left and keeps on the right bank of the creek till it runs almost southeast. Then the line crosses and runs on the north

side to nearly the junction of Porter Creek with Yellow Creek. At this point the road crosses a "hog's back," where there will be a moderately heavy cut. It then crosses Yellow Creek unto the east side, and runs down half a mile. Then it crosses a point, and re-crossing takes the east side again, running along a distance, where leaving Yellow Creek and taking a sweep around the point of a hill, it reaches Bear River some twelve miles from the summit of Echo. As it approaches the river there is some heavy work on a cut around the hill mentioned, of over half a mile in length, and some thirty-eight feet deep, through a formation of gravelly cement and sandstone. At this point men are at work. Where the line first touches Bear River there is a curve in the latter which the road must run over, or an exceedingly heavy cut through the mountain side will be necessary. The river runs with much force at the place and has washed away considerable of the bank since the survey was made and the line located. Major Lawrence, the engineer who has had the location of a large portion of the line through that country, informed me that piling the river at this point would most likely be resorted to, as superior to and cheaper than cutting the mountain, for the dash of the torrent against the bank might have to compel piling afterwards to protect the cut, the river being so close to the mountain. As quite a distance of the road on this contract was not staked out, it cannot be spoken of with so much certainty and reliability; but the nature of the ground down Porter Creek and Yellow Creek, being a beautiful, level country, will render the construction easy, from where the contract begins to Bear River, except at the point named. The line then keeps down the west bank of the river for about eleven miles, over a very level, but in some places marshy bottom.

Near the point where Sulphur Creek empties into Bear River from the east the line will cross, and the river will be piled for the purpose something over 200 feet. After crossing, and striking Sulphur Creek, it keeps the course of the latter pretty closely nearly to Willow Creek, passing over the stage line about a mile and a half east of Bear River station, keeping under the bluffs where the creek runs to the south of the stage line. The work along here for some miles will be moderately easy, light fills and light cuts predominating; and in a number of places the creek will have to be turned out of its bed over which the line will run. I found Chas. S. Kimball and David H. Cannon at work some three miles east of Bear River, grading at a lengthened but low embankment, with a number of teams. A few miles further on J. Q. Knowlton has teams and men at work, where there is a heavy fill nearly a mile in length and in places twenty-five feet high. On Sulphur Creek is a small tunnel 145 feet through, caused by a spur of the mountain.

Previous to striking Willow Creek, where Messrs. Nounnan's contract is joined by Reynolds & Dowling's, there is a heavy cut twenty-six feet deep, through slate rock. At the points named is about all the heavy work on this contract. The country through which the line passes from Bear River to Willow Creek is undulating, with no particular feature to arrest and please the eye, the interminable sage brush covering, in most places, bluff and level. Further east, on Reynolds & Dowling's contract, the work is said to be heavy, but I did not visit it. Messrs. Nounnan's camp is nearly opposite the coal bed on Sulphur Creek, and about two miles from Bear River station. They had about 300 men and 100 teams at work, but as part of their men were "strikers," it is difficult to say at any given time how many men they have employed. They are anxious to hire workmen from Utah, and bear unqualified testimony to the agreeable manner in which they can get along with our people. They declare that they would discharge every man of the regular navvies in their employment, who are always dissatisfied and give a great amount of trouble because of their intemperate and riotous habits; and that they would have their work done by

people from Salt Lake City, if they can obtain them. Messrs. Miller & Patterson also want workmen from this Territory, in preference to the regular railroad hands, the little experience they have had thus far, satisfying them of the superiority of Utah men as workers, while they are sober, quiet, orderly, and do their work without any trouble, giving satisfaction in performing it.

E. L. S.

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

## By Telegraph.

### GENERAL.

Washington.—Gov. Warmouth's official requisition for a force to secure order in Louisiana, was presented to the President yesterday, by Col. Deane of the Governor's staff. Gov. Warmouth presented various letters from citizens and officers, setting forth the terrible outrages daily being perpetrated in portions of the State. He says in many parishes there exists no protection for citizens in the courts, that men are shot down in the roads and at their homes without any steps being taken to bring offenders to justice. The Judge of the twelfth judicial district refused to go to the parish of Franklin without a force was sent to protect him. The sheriff of another parish, a Democrat, has resigned, confessing his inability to make arrests. Prominent Union men in Paris write that their homes are beset by desperadoes. Their lives thus far have been saved by the arrival of men who volunteered to guard them. Hodspeth, district attorney of the 8th district, whose letter is enclosed, says, men, women and children have recently been murdered in the parish of St. Landry by bands of armed men who remain unmolested. The Governor has no doubt but a hundred and fifty men have been murdered in Louisiana during the last month and a half. It seems to be a settled determination by the rebels, either to kill or drive away Union white men and the leading colored men, so as to be able to terrify the masses of the colored people into voting as they shall dictate. In conclusion, the Governor says he believes a bloody revolution is meditated, and asks for two regiments of cavalry, a regiment of infantry and a battery of artillery, to enable him to suppress the violence, arrest criminals and protect officers. He believes a few examples of condign punishment would secure peace in the State as soon as the political campaign is over.

New York. Four persons were taken with cholera in the streets, yesterday; all were taken to the hospital.

Washington.—The gas main in the Capitol, under the centre dome, exploded to-day with great force, blowing out all the heavy frame work surrounding it, and tearing the doors and windows to splinters; the explosion for a time created alarm for the safety of the building. Fortunately no one was in the vicinity, therefore nobody was injured. The damage will be promptly repaired.

Chicago, 8.—Gen. Grant arrived at Galena, his old home, yesterday; he was received with the utmost enthusiasm, the entire population turning out to welcome him. In the evening a torch light procession marched to the Gen's residence and serenaded him. The General appeared on the balcony and expressed his heart-felt thanks for the cordial greeting of his old friends and neighbors. He announced his intention to remain in Galena a fortnight.

St. Louis.—The Democrats nominated E. A. Lewis, Washington Adams, and E. H. Norton, Judges of the Supreme Court.

### FOREIGN.

Panama advices to the 28th say that no collision has yet taken place between the government troops and the revolutionists; both sides are making active preparations, though there is some prospect of an amicable arrangement.

The Chilean Congress has abolished imprisonment for debt.

Liverpool.—Jeff Davis arrived last night.