

MAYOR MORRIS MAKES PROTEST.

Urges Interior Department Against
Permitting Private Reservoirs
in Tributary Canyons.

WOULD DAMAGE CITY RIGHTS.

Big and Little Cottonwood Streams Are
Particularly Specified—Public Ne-
cessities in the Premises.

Acting in accordance with authority granted by the city council Mayor Morris yesterday mailed a protest to the secretary of the Interior at Washington against the location of reservoir sites by private parties in Big and Little Cottonwood canyons. The protest, which follows, states that such reservoir locations will disturb and impair the city's water supply from those canyons. The letter to the mayor follows:

Sept. 14, 1905. Hon. E. A. Hitchcock, Secy of the Interior, Washington, D. C.: Honorable Sir—At a meeting of the city council of Salt Lake City, Utah, held Sept. 11, 1905, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, Certain applications have been made to the department of the Interior for reservoir sites within the Salt Lake forest reserve, which if perfected would be harmful to the city's water supply;

"Now, therefore, be it resolved, That the mayor and city attorney are hereby authorized and requested to take such action on behalf of the city as will prevent the approval of these applications and fully protect the city's interests."

The reasons for the adoption of the above resolution are partly shown on the face of the facts bearing upon the case as follows: Salt Lake City has recently expended large sums of money for the purpose of acquiring a part of the rights of Big Cottonwood creek to supply the city with potable water. Negotiations are now pending to secure some of the water of Little Cottonwood creek for the same purpose. There are no other streams or water sources within practical piping distance of this city from which potable water may be obtained. The city has been suffering for a long time from the lack of water, and the city administration, by paying large cash bonuses, negotiated with the owners of the Big Cottonwood waters for an exchange of a part of such waters for canal waters from Utah Lake. Like negotiations are now being entered into with the owners of the Little Cottonwood waters.

Upon the scheme of the above exchange and proposed exchange, the city administration, passed by the council of the city, proposed the plan of bonding the city for \$500,000 to establish a water system to conduct the water of said streams to the city. This proposition was placed before the voters of this city at a special bond election in January and was carried. At present the exchanges for the Big Cottonwood waters have been made, and work on the conduits has been begun.

The people of the city fear that reservoirs in either Big Cottonwood or Little Cottonwood canyons, when perfected, will impair the city's water supply. There are many ways in which such a reservoir could and would be likely to do so.

In behalf of Salt Lake City and its inhabitants I respectfully request that no reservoir sites be allowed in either of said canyons or on either of said streams, and further request that Salt Lake City be notified of all applications for such sites and be given opportunity to present such facts as it may have in the matter before the Interior.

Respectfully,
RICHARD P. MORRIS,
Mayor of Salt Lake City.

Burett's Vanilla is pure. Don't let your grocer work off a cheap and dangerous substitute. Insist on having Burett's.

NEW HOME FOR MASONS.

Ground Broken This Afternoon for
Handsome Structure in This City.

Ground was broken early this afternoon for the new Masonic building to be erected at the northeast corner of First South and Second East streets. Judge Moore throwing the first spadeful.

The building will be a two-story structure, of the Renaissance style of architecture. The exterior walls are to be of dark red brick for the first story, yellow brick for the second, and cement plaster for the third. The interior is to have all the accommodations required for the workings of the various Masonic orders, and the furnishings will be very complete.

FOR TORMID LIVER

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
It stimulates healthy liver activity, relieves constipation, sick headache and malaria.

LOST MONEY ON PULLMAN.

Now Seeks to Recover Same With
Hotel and Other Expenses.

Suit has been filed in the civil division of the city court by John P. Pullman against the Pullman Palace Car company and the Oregon Short Line Railroad company to recover \$112 for losses sustained by him through the alleged negligence of defendants. He alleges that he secured a berth on a Pullman car at Portland on Aug. 1, bound for Salt Lake City en route to Europe. He had \$285 in cash with him and claims that through the negligence of defendants' servants and agents the money was either lost or stolen and he arrived in this city without funds. He was compelled to stay until Aug. 28 before he received money from Portland with which to return to that city and during his stay

THE COST OF GOOD TEA IS SO

very little; only a third of a cent a cup! a cent-and-a-half or two cents for the family breakfast!

In every package of Schilling's Best Tea is a booklet How To Make Good Tea.

Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

(DO YOU REMEMBER?)

Col. George Ward Nichols, Union soldier and author of "Sherman's March to the Sea," died at Cincinnati, O.

Louis Riel, Canadian half-breed rebel, under sentence of death, was received, pending a decision of the British privy council.

The police of San Francisco discovered the dead bodies of more than 300 Chinese in a house in Chinatown. A number of Chinamen were employed in boiling and scraping the bones, preparatory to sending the remains to China. The stench was something dreadful, and was not much lessened by the presence of live skunks.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

Minnie Dean was hanged at Auckland, New Zealand, for the murder of numerous children, which had been entrusted to her care.

FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY.

The boundary line between Costa Rica and Colombia was decided by President Loubet of France, to whom the question had been submitted for arbitration.

Serious charges of brutality were brought against the Russian soldiers in China. It was reported that men, women and children received terrible treatment at their hands.

Incurred an expense of \$44 for board and lodging. He asks judgment for the amount lost and also for his expenses while detained here.

Abbeys.
W. H. Harrison, Cleveland, Miss., writes, Aug. 12, 1902: "I want to say a word of praise for Ballard's Snow Lotion. I stepped on a nail, which caused the cords in my leg to contract and an abscess to rise in my knee, and the doctor told me that I would have a stiff leg so one day I went to J. P. Lord's drug store (who is now in Denver, Colo.) He recommended a bottle of Snow Lotion. I got a 50c size and it cured my leg. It is the best ointment in the world."

ADVERTISE. With few exceptions, an indicative of constipation or debility. They may, however, result from blows or from foreign bodies introduced into the skin. Fresh, such as splinters, thorns, etc. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

OVER THE POND.

Autos on the Alps, Swiss Pupils, and How Grim Old Vesuvius Looks.

Glen Miller says that his party was the last to pass over a number of dangerous passes of the Alps in automobiles, as these machines have been forbidden passage over such places in the future. But he was much pleased with traveling by auto as one can stop whenever and wherever he wishes, and make kodak pictures of which he took 200 last summer.

In speaking of the Swiss country schoolmaster, Mr. Miller called attention to the fact that in some schools the schoolmasters are held responsible for the advancement of their pupils, and the progress is satisfactory, and the teachers lose their jobs. The pupils do not have desks but sit on long benches and keep their books in a box-like arrangement in front of them. School hours are from 7 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

Mr. Miller says the "only way" to learn a foreign language is to live among the people speaking that language. Swiss people have an idea that Americans are all rich, and double their fortune is made. Labor is cheap in Europe, as for instance in the Swiss watch factories, boys receive \$2 per month. European places, and with Americans, and they spend money royally. Mr. Miller went on Vesuvius, which he said reminded him of the jumps at the Murray smelter.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Will be Held at Grand Theater Sept. 28—Primaries Sept. 21.

The Democratic City committee at a meeting last night in the rooms of the Young Men's Democratic club, arranged for the dates of the Democratic primaries and convention, and apportioned the delegates for the convention.

The dates agreed upon are: Thursday, Sept. 21—Primaries for the election of precinct delegates, beginning at 8 p. m.

Monday, Sept. 25—Precinct conventions. Thursday, Sept. 28—City Democratic convention, Grand Theater, beginning at 8 p. m.

The call for the meeting was issued by Chairman Nathaniel Thomas, and was responded to by almost every member of the committee. As a temporary chairman for the convention, R. B. Sloan was chosen, and a secretary, Ben D. Lane.

On motion of D. O. Wiley the delegates were apportioned on the basis of one for every 20 votes cast for Mayor Richard P. Morris in 1903.

The discussion developed the fact that although the apportionment for the election prior to the last was one for every 14 votes cast for James Leary, this ratio would make too large a convention for this year. As the total vote cast for Mayor Morris was 1,000, over 100 delegates would be chosen for the convention.

After dealing on minor matters connected with the convention, executive session was held in which Mr. Sloan was agreed to as chairman, and Mr. Lane as secretary.

The following table gives the number of delegates to be selected from each district:

District	No. Delegates	District	No. Delegates
1	12	11	12
2	12	12	12
3	12	13	12
4	12	14	12
5	12	15	12
6	12	16	12
7	12	17	12
8	12	18	12
9	12	19	12
10	12	20	12
11	12	21	12
12	12	22	12
13	12	23	12
14	12	24	12
15	12	25	12
16	12	26	12
17	12	27	12
18	12	28	12
19	12	29	12
20	12	30	12
21	12	31	12
22	12	32	12
23	12	33	12
24	12	34	12
25	12	35	12
26	12	36	12
27	12	37	12
28	12	38	12
29	12	39	12
30	12	40	12
31	12	41	12
32	12	42	12
33	12	43	12
34	12	44	12
35	12	45	12
36	12	46	12
37	12	47	12
38	12	48	12
39	12	49	12
40	12	50	12
41	12	51	12
42	12	52	12
43	12	53	12
44	12	54	12
45	12	55	12
46	12	56	12
47	12	57	12
48	12	58	12
49	12	59	12
50	12	60	12
51	12	61	12
52	12	62	12
53	12	63	12
54	12	64	12
55	12	65	12
56	12	66	12
57	12	67	12
58	12	68	12
59	12	69	12
60	12	70	12
61	12	71	12
62	12	72	12
63	12	73	12
64	12	74	12
65	12	75	12
66	12	76	12
67	12	77	12
68	12	78	12
69	12	79	12
70	12	80	12
71	12	81	12
72	12	82	12
73	12	83	12
74	12	84	12
75	12	85	12
76	12	86	12
77	12	87	12
78	12	88	12
79	12	89	12
80	12	90	12
81	12	91	12
82	12	92	12
83	12	93	12
84	12	94	12
85	12	95	12
86	12	96	12
87	12	97	12
88	12	98	12
89	12	99	12
90	12	100	12

Total 1,000

1,000

1,000

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A good com- rade for cabin or castle.



High grade. High price.
Sold only in aroma-tight
tins. Never in bulk.

J. A. FOLGER & CO.
San Francisco
ESTABLISHED 1850

John Walsh to Anna E. Strong, 2nd rds nw fr 2d 41, B. 500
Charles W. Johnson to Frank L. Walters, 3rd rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 700
Sarah A. Hardy to A. M. Gordon, 3rd rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 700
Commercial National bank, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 5,000
Anna J. Ingerson to E. E. McGinnis, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 200
Home Investment and Savings Co. to E. K. Hummel, 13th rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 200
Le Grand Young to Jane H. Brown, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 130
William C. Eyer to William H. Hiram, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 100
Austin M. Wilson to John H. Freeman, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 100
Andrew W. Wheeler to Mary H. Crockett, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 800
A. B. C. McBride to James W. Cahoon, 15th rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 1,000
J. E. Lowry et al to Ernest Baumberger, 1st rds nw fr 10 rds s of se 1, 12th A. 100
West Mountain 100

W. J. BRYAN OUTLINES A PLAN FOR PERMANENT PEACE

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 14.—A letter addressed to President Roosevelt from Wm. J. Bryan in which a plan for permanent peace is suggested, was made public this evening. Mr. Bryan congratulates the president on his success in bringing Russia and Japan together, and says:

"Why not ask Congress for authority to submit an international question (when an agreement cannot be reached by parties interested) to an impartial board for investigation and report? Investigation will in nearly every case remove the cause of complaint and reconcile the parties. Questions which a nation might be unwilling to submit to arbitration in advance could be settled by investigation by an impartial international board."

"It was a glorious thing to end the war between the Russian and the Japanese, but it would have been more glorious to have prevented the war and saved the frightful loss of life. The moral prestige which our nation now enjoys in all probably enable it to lead a successful peace movement. The congratulations which you have received from the heads of European governments strengthen the chances of success. If the leading nations of the world would enter into an agreement to join in the creation of a permanent peace, they would remove the cause of complaint and reconcile the parties. Questions which a nation might be unwilling to submit to arbitration in advance could be settled by investigation by an impartial international board."

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