THE EVENING NEWS.
PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT
FOUR O'CLOCK.
GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Wednesday - - March 19, 1878.

NOTICE

The Forty-eighth Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will convene at the Large Tabernacle in this City, at 10 o'clock a.m., April 6th, 1878.

JOHN TAYLOR,
President of the Council of the Twelve Apostles.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Iowa Legislature has rejected woman suffrage by a vote of 49 against 29. If the ladies keep working, the majority will come to the other side after a while. Justice will win, in time.

The Wisconsin Legislature is divided on the educational question. The House recently passed a bill for compulsory education, but the Senate killed it. America is not yet ripe for this measure.

New York statistics make a good showing for the German part of the population. Their rate of mortality is 38 per cent. below the average, while their increase by births is larger than that of any other nationality.

The New York *Methodist* argues that non-property holders are not fitted to exercise the right of suffrage. Will its brother organs publish this view of the question? Or is taxation a right basis for representation in the east, but a wrong basis in Utah?

The noted prevaricator Stokes is coming to grief. The notorious Madame Restell, of New York, is under heavy bonds awaiting trial for selling some of the "medicine" with which she has acquired an immense fortune, and now Madame Chapman, of St. Louis, is in the same fix. The New York Society for the Prevention of Crime has instituted proceedings in both cases. Success to them. The professional abortionist is a professional murderer.

The electric light has been tried at Cleveland, Ohio. Two electric lamps, one hung near each end of a building 80 feet by 150 feet, brilliantly illuminated the town with a pure white light like moonlight. Cost—everything included, 15 cents per hour; illuminating power—equal to 750 full sized gas burners. Electricity is a force which will be utilized in many ways in the near future; at present its use is only just beginning to be recognized.

From the *Christian* we learn that "a new method of observing the Lord's supper has been adopted by the new South Free Church (Unitarian), Boston, following the practice of Dr. Furness, of Philadelphia. The bread and wine are displayed on the communion table—but that is all. The people not partaken of by the congregation." This is in keeping with other parts of modern Christianity; the ordinances and blessings of the ancient gospel are viewed afar off by the sects without being tasted. They read of them, as a hungry man may read of a feast, but like the sacrament referred to above they are only matters of sheer form.

DEATH TO THE DEBTY OTER.

SALT Lake fruit of all kinds until the past two or three years was a luxury. It cannot be excelled for fineness and flavor. With the exception of grapes, the California fruit, ripened in a climate almost tropical, does not begin to rival in rich and exquisite taste of the Utah products. But latterly a enemy has invaded our orchards, whose insidious and unchecked attacks have increased to such a degree that ruin has overtaken the apple crop, and other fruits are impaired and partially destroyed.

The codling moth has settled down here apparently for a permanent home, other devotees are taking up their abode in different quarters in the Territory, and this city, which seems to be the centre of the armies of the destroyer, will soon lose its fruit reputation. Some combined effort is to be made to conquer the rapidly multiplying pests.

A correspondent sends us some suggestions on this subject which we think worthy the attention of every person in this city who has either plums infested with the codling moth. He recommends that the ground be loosened for a yard or so around the trees and a good coat of lime applied. Now is the time for this to be done. When the trees are in blossom dust them thoroughly at night when there is no wind, with a mixture of three parts wood ashes and one part sulphur. In place around the trunk, as particularly in the notch where the branches fork, place a wad of wool or burlaps, which will act as a trap for the worms, the cloths to be removed and restored after the worms are destroyed, the operation to be repeated until all the worms are gathered.

The apple worm, it is generally admitted, goes into the ground near the roots of the tree in the Fall, coming up in the Spring a miller and depositing its egg in the blossom. The lime will kill many of them, the ashes and sulphur dusting of most of the rest, and the chickens will catch what escape till the fruit season.

Now if every orchardist in the Territory is treated in this way during the present year, the probability is that next year the codling moth will be a beauty stranger in the land instead of a winged host spreading devastation; and poverty will think the effort worth making. Our apple crop should be of immense value. At present it is a delusion and a vexation. The fruit looks fair to the eye but inwardly it is honeycombed with filthiness. Most of it is unfit for the table and the markets reject it. The Territory may be cleared of the grey little interloper by a united effort. The attack must be general. Single assaults will avail but little. Let every person owning or in charge of an orchard, whether large or small, commence the campaign at once. Give 'em Hell. When the blossoms come forth in their pure white loveliness dust them with wood ashes and sulphur. Next set the cloth traps and keep up the fight until the fall. The labor will not be great, the cost is the merest trifle, the results will be of immense value to every victor and the whole community. Let the motto be "Death to the destroyer."

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WISCONSIN UNION TELEGRAPHLINE.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Mitchell introduced a bill for the protection of homestead settlers on the public lands; referred.

It was ordered that there be printed, for the use of the finance committee, the statement made by the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the repeal of the specie resumption act, and the tables submitted to him on the subject.

Allison introduced a bill to repeal the pre-emption laws and provide for the sale of timber on the public lands; referred.

The Senate bill to amend section 2464 of the revised statutes, relating to the cultivation of timber on the public domain was discussed briefly and passed—yeas 29, nays 12.

Windom, Blaine, and Withers were appointed a conference committee, on the part of the Senate, on the military academy appropriation bill.

Howe submitted the following:

Resolved, That the President be requested to inform the Senate whether W. K. Whitaker, who recently presided in the superior criminal court of the parish of Orleans, was formerly employed either in the internal revenue service or as assistant treasurer at New Orleans. Is said Whitaker a defaulter to the United States, and to what amount? Whether legal proceedings have been taken against said Whitaker? and whether such proceedings are still pending? Ordered that it be printed and lie on the table.

EASTERN.

Still Searching for His Boy.

NEW YORK, 20.—The *Times'* Boston special says: Ross, the father of the lost Charley, will address a public audience with the hope of enlisting aid in search of his boy.

The Toronto Riot.

The *World's* Toronto special says: All is quiet on the principal street at this hour. Collins had prepared his hotel for a siege, and though stones were flung for a time, nothing serious occurred. Rosen left by the 3 o'clock train yesterday afternoon, for New York, slipping quietly on the cars at Young street, nobody outside of his friends knew him, and to that he owes his life.

Loss of a British Steamer—The Captain and Thirty of the Crew Perish.

A Rio Janeiro letter says the British steamer *Asturia* stranded at Castillos, on the 31st of January. During the night the storm increased, and at daylight only two of the masts were seen above water with seven or eight persons clinging to them. No help could be rendered because of the high sea. The sea continued rough until the 5th, when a boat was got to an islet near the wreck, but nothing was found except putrifying corpses. Captain Bagne and thirty of the crew perished, only two men being saved, Mr. Parsons, the first mate, and Donald Campbell, the third engineer.

The Surrender of the Insurgent Forces.

According to an official telegram, the surrender of the insurgent forces of Los Villas was completed yesterday, the territory being now completely quiet. Those who presented themselves are Major General Roloff, Brigadier General Maceatre, three Colonels, eight Lieut. Colonels, 55 officers and 449 soldiers, with about 100 women and children. The insurgent bands of Bayamo, Mazanillo and Giguasi had already presented themselves on the 8th instant, with Modesto Diaz, so that in Holguim all is pacified.

The Walking Match Excitement.

A London dispatch says Albert Smith, of Chicago, has wagered several hundred pounds on the books that O'Leary will win. Smith is fairly besieged by book makers. Carroll Livingston, James Gordon Bennett, Mr. Stevenson, Earl of Fermoy, who took heavily on O'Leary when he beat Weston, are among his strong supporters. At midnight, over 10,000 persons were present, and O'Leary was walking a five-mile-an-hour gait amid the applause of the excited thousands.

Selled.

Richard C. McCormick, United States commissioner general to the Paris Exposition, sailed, to-day, in the steamer *France* for Havre.

New York Stocks.

Silver bars, 120½; greenbacks, 119 gold; silver coin ¼ @ 1 dis.; gold closed 1¼; money easy, 3 @ 5; Governments strong, higher; stocks higher; Western Union, 78¾, ex div; Quicksilver, 17; Pacific, 18½; Mariposa, 1¼; Wells, Fargo, 86; New York Central, 105½; Erie, 10¾; Panama 137; Union Pacific, 72¾; U P Bonds, 106¼; Central Pacific, 106.

The Eastern Question—The Situation Critical—England Preparing for Instant Action.

CHICAGO, 20.—The *Times'* London special says: The situation is unchanged. There is still a dead lock between Russia and England on the basis of the congressional discussion. The impression is gaining ground that the difference is irreparable, and many confidently apprehend war as the only outcome. Public feeling at St. Petersburg is represented as all one way, in favor of hostilities against England. A telegram from there says the government seems yielding to popular clamor, and that there is reason to fear the worst. The British government evidently fears that the result of the present dead lock may be an armed collision. The fleet has been reinforced and everything is being prepared for instant action in case of necessity.

Arrest of Counterfeiters.

Special Government Detective Tyrrel, this morning, arrested Edward J. Lee, George Hooper, Geo. Quigg, notorious counterfeiters, who have been sending base coins out into the northwest for several months. Their whole apparatus and some of the coinage was captured.

The Rush For Cent. Bonds.

Subscriptions to four per cent. bonds, to-day, were $106,000.

A Defaulter Pardoned.

TRENTON, 20.—Josephus Scoy, the defaulting treasurer of New Jersey, who has spent nearly three years in the State prison, has been pardoned out.

A Difficulty Settled.

PROVINCETON, Mass., 20.—The proposition made to the owners of the whaling schooners *Rising Sun* and *Eliza Minnah*, through secretary Evarts by the Spanish government, that they each receive $5,000 damages for detention, etc., while whaling in Spanish waters, last season, has been accepted, with instructions to forward the money here to the agents of the vessels. The owners are much pleased that a settlement has been so promptly and satisfactorily arranged.

Arrested for Murder.

PHILADELPHIA, 20.—James Graham, aged 27, single, has been arrested on a charge of murdering John M. Armstrong, at Camden, N. J., on January 23d last, and confesses to the crime.

The startling part of Graham's confession is where he detailed how Hunter visited the house of the wounded man when he was at the point of death, and going to the bedside of Armstrong, in the absence of the lady member of the family, pressed his victim's head and made the wounds bleed fresh again. Graham says the plot to murder Armstrong was carefully matured, and that he agreed to do the job for $200 when Armstrong was settled.

The Unruly Students.

HANOVER, N. H., 20.—Quiet is restored in Dartmouth college. There has been a large number of dismissals, but only two expulsions, Isaac G. Barnett, a junior, from San Francisco, and John Crocker, a freshman in the scientific department, from Illinois. The sophomores, to-day, escorted their dismissed classmates to the cars, some accompanying them to the next station.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Indemnity.

LONDON, 20.—A St. Petersburg correspondent has reason to believe that the Czar did not, as the Turks hoped, remit a portion of the indemnity when he ratified the treaty.

A Russo-Turkish Treaty Discredited.

Well informed people there discredit the report of the secret defensive and offensive treaty between Russia and Turkey. They point out that Russia is the only power which is interested in preventing further dismemberment of Turkey, and the Turks, if they comprehend their own interests, will act with her without a treaty.

Relinquish Their Intention.

A Pera dispatch says: It is reported that the Russians, in consequence of the Porte's objections, have relinquished their intention of going to Bujukdere.

Ringleaders Arrested.

A special from Cora reports that a movement in favor of the creation of Albania into a principality, under the protection of Italy, has been commenced at Berat. The Turks have arrested the ringleader.

A Dead Lock.

A dispatch from Vienna says: The dead lock between Russia and England is complete. Austria and Germany are altogether opposed to England's demand. Austria has been confidently informed of the conditions of peace, and considers them, on the whole, moderate and susceptible of further moderations at the congress.

Reduction of Wages.

The cotton masters of North and North-east Lancashire will reduce the wages ten per cent.

International Walking Match.

The international walking match began on Monday morning, and to last six days, progresses amid much interest. At 11 o'clock to-day, O'Leary completed 261 miles, H. Brown, 254, and Harry Vaughn, 222.

Did Not Like the Address.

Hobart Pasha invited the principal leaders of the insurrection at Macrinitza to meet him for parley, with a view to the suspension of hostilities in Thessaly. His letter was addressed to the "Chiefs of the Malcontent Party." They replied that if Hobart Pasha wished an interview with the chiefs of the provisional government of the province, they would send envoys to meet him.

Disease Among the Russian Troops.

Advices from Tiflis state that typhus is raging among the Russian troops in Asia. Generals Milikiff, Golowieff, and Scheikofnikoff, are reported to have died. It is believed more men have been lost by sickness since the cessation of arms than on the battle field during the war.

Gen. Gourko's Staff.

A special from Pera of the 9th, says General Gourko's staff and many other officers start for Odessa to-day. Gourko himself remains at San Stefano. The departure of the guard is delayed in consequence of the Porte's refusal to permit embarkation at Bujukdere.

Predicted a Mob Demonstration.

The *Semi-Official Politische Correspondenz* of Vienna, prints a St. Petersburg letter which declares that England's claim has produced so bad an impression in Russia that a meeting of the congress is doubtful. Nevertheless, it is believed in Vienna and Berlin that the congress will meet on the 2nd of April.

Marriage of the Earl of Rosebery.

The marriage of the Earl of Rosebery to Miss Hanna De Rothschild, only daughter of Baron Meyer De Rothschild, was celebrated, to-day, in Christ Church, Mayfair.

Stocks.

Consols 96½; Bonds, 67's 107½; 10-40's 106½; new fives, 107½; Erie, 10¾, preferred 25.

GERMANY.

Austria's Future—Saltpetre and Torpedoes.

BERLIN, 20.—The North and South German newspapers express great anxiety about Austria's future.

Russia is buying large quantities of saltpetre and torpedoes.

HUNGARY.

Work Suspended.

PESTH, 20.—The Austrian-Hungarian government has ordered a suspension of work on the five Russian torpedo boats commenced near Vienna, pending an inquiry.

WEST INDIES.

Insurgents Still Surrendering.

HAVANA, 20.—Sixty insurgents with arms, 151 unarmed, 118 women and 118 minors, have surrendered in the jurisdiction of Holguin. Prominent Cubans, in a meeting yesterday, at Mr. Farrel's residence, unanimously adopted a resolution that the natives of Cuba should make some public manifestation in repudiation of the recent meeting of Cuban refugees in New York, and declare their hearty agreement in and support of the terms of peace.

AUSTRIA.

England and War.

VIENNA, 20.—It said in official circles, England has no cause to go to war without first going to the congress. If she does she will have the disapprobation of Germany and Austria. If England compromises the congress, Andrassy's policy will be thwarted, and the hopes of an Anglo-Austrian understanding must be abandoned. The Berlin cabinet holds the same view.

Correspondence.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH,
March 18, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

On Saturday, the 16th inst., in company with Prof. L. F. Monch and Mr. Myron Butler, I took a trip to Huntsville, in the beautiful little Ogden Valley. The Professor was on a professional visit to examine the Huntsville school. We left this city about eight o'clock in the morning. The weather was delightful. A fresh breeze blew from the kanyon which was bracing and healthful. When we entered the kanyon we found considerable snow, which was melting and rapidly disappearing. In several places little land slides had occurred, which impeded our progress somewhat, but notice having been given to the toll-gate keeper, the *debris* was promptly removed—the road was again cleared and travel was unimpeded.

The wild mountain scenery on either side of the canon appeared as grand, as sublime, as it did the the first time I beheld it. We arrived at our destination about half-past 10 o'clock, and proceeded at once to the school, where we were kindly received by Mr. Charles Wright, the school teacher, the school trustees, and by Bishop F. A. Hammond. Mr. Monch and I were the guests of the Bishop during our stay in the Fort. At present the valley is covered with a sheet of snow, about 10 inches deep, but it is fast disappearing beneath the genial rays of Old Sol, and the citizens are expecting ere long to be entirely rid of it, and to commence their agricultural operations.

The Huntsville day school consists of 175 pupils. They are divided into classes as follows: Fifth Reader, 10; Fourth Reader, 24; Third Reader, 38; Second Reader, 40; First Reader, 25, and Miscellaneous, 38. There are three spelling classes, four geography classes, four grammar classes, four of mental arithmetic, six of written arithmetic, etc. The teacher is assisted in his labors by Mrs. Mary Hall and Miss Surrina Perry. About 11 o'clock Prof. Monch proceeded to the examination of the various classes, which occupied the balance of the day, which was satisfactory to him. The school has made satisfactory progress since his last official visit to it.

In response to the invitations of the Bishop and the Superintendent, we remained over Sunday, attended their meetings and visited their Sabbath school, containing about 180 scholars.

Their exercises consisted of lessons in the Book of Mormon, Book of Doctrine and Covenants, the Bible, New Testament, the *Juvenile Instructor*, and that excellent little book—Elder John Jaques' "Catechism." It was a delightful assembly of happy youths and maidens—a rising generation of Latter-day Saints. Their quick and correct answers to the questions in their studies evinced a diligent and careful training of these minds in the principles of the Gospel of the Son of God. These are some of the future men and women of Israel, who will bear off and build up the kingdom of God to his honor and glory. It was a pleasure to hear them sing and recite, and to see with what diligence the teachers, both old and young, male and female, devote themselves to the religious instruction of these happy children. The Bishop, as well as his counselors, take great interest in promoting the welfare of these excellent institutions. Every Sabbath he takes charge of a class in the Sunday school, and teaches his pupils and people by precept and example. We were invited to address the scholars and the general assembly of the people, which we did. It was an interesting visit to us, and one to which we shall often look back with pleasure. Respectfully,

JOS. HALL.

FOUND.

A RED POCKET BOOK, containing a number of Letters, etc. Call at this office and identify it. 639

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I have in my possession the following described animals:

One red HEIFER, 2 years old, branded on left hip O L and branded on left horn and leg hole, white on belly and back of tail white, small white spot in forehead.

One red COW and calf, branded on left hip J S, with crop off both ears, and has two teats grown together, 4 or 5 years old.

One sorrel mare MARE, about 3 or 4 years old, branded L on left thigh. Any white hairs not claimed by March 25, 1878, will be sold according to law.

E. R. YOUNG, Jun.,
District Poundkeeper.

Wanship, Summit Co., March 16, 1878. 638-w

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that there will be a meeting of the land holders of Russian Cristian Mining District, in Midway, County, U. T., held in the Schoolhouse in the town of Midway, Monday, April 1st, 1878, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, at which time a report of the sale of said district will be presented, and the said land holders will vote yea or no on the following questions:

First—Do you mutually agree to pay 25 cents per acre, delinquent tax, and 25 per ct. for city, delinquent tax, to keep in repair the canals and ditches?

Second—Do you approve the action of the mass meeting in the election of officers.

Witness our hands at Holden, this 16th day of March, 1878.

JOHN BEARD,
JOHN CHRISTINSON,
WM. CHRISTINSON,
R. J. STRINGHAM,
WM. R. TRUSTEN,
J. S. GYLES,
A. S. HANSON,
W. J. STEVENS, Secretary.

TO
CONFERENCE VISITORS.

I BELIEVE that the Citizens of the Territory will feel inclined to accommodate the Public, by providing, from their farms, the necessary food for the horses of the visitors to the Conference, which commences on the 6th of April, in the remarkably fine city of Salt Lake. I, for one, shall be happy to supply a few tons of hay, and a few bushels of grain, to the numerous visitors, and would be pleased to have my brethren do the same. I will, in the course of a few days, make a trip to the Rocky Mountains, with a team and wagon, for the purpose of buying hay, and shall be happy to sell it, when I get home, at a reasonable price, to the Conference visitors. I am sure that many others will do the same. Let us show our hospitality to our brethren who will come from all parts of the Territory, and show them that we are willing to do our share towards entertaining them. Let us show them that we are willing to do our share towards providing for their comfort, while they are with us, and we will be amply repaid for our trouble