middle of the camp of Tigre. All were

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Saturday - April 25, 1868.

THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.

The following is a description, dated Feb. 22, of an interview between General Napier and Prince Kassai, an Abyssinian Prince:

"A little before eleven o'clock a message came in to say that the Abyssinian vanguard was in sight. Shortly afterwards a dark group crowned the top of the slope opposite the British camp, where a red tent was quickly pitched. A red tent is the sign of the King's residence with an Abyssinian army. In about half an hour news was received that Kassai's main body, with drums beating and colors flying, was moving towards the Diab. In a short time the extreme of the camp of Tigre. All were astonished at their appearance and armament. They clustered around the Englishmen in done but arderly masses. Their heads were bare, except for their plaited hair; their costumes were plcture-que—long white togas, embroidered with scarlet; they were nearly all possessed of fire rus of every description, from the matchlock to the double-barrelled rifle, but by far the greatest number had double-barrelled percussion guns of English or Belgian manufacture. Many had pistols, and all had the long crooked swords worn on the right side, a cut from which it is said to be impossible to guard. The few—but there were very few—who had not fire-arms were armed with the sword, spear and shield. Of the 4,000 men present, about four hundred were cavalry, mountaineers quick in availing the proposition of the first arms were armed with the sword, spear and shield. Of the 4,000 men present, about four hundred were cavalry, mountaineers quick in availing the proposition of the store of the s that Kassai's main body, with drums beating and colors flying, was moving towards the Diab. In a short time the group of men around the red tent was largely swollen, and soon about 4,000 soldiers could be made out on the summit of the hill. A few minutes before mid-day the army of Tigre began its advance down the slope towards the river. It numbered about 4,000 men, who moved in a long, deep line, to the music of rude kettle drums. Two yellow affiled the pennants, borne aloft in the centre, marked the position of the chief. As soon as the Abyssinians began to move the British troops got under arms, and in a few minutes were, in an opposite direction, moving down towards the water. They halted about a hundred yards from the stream, where a large tent had been erected for the meeting. The Commander-in-chief, mounted on an elephant, and followed by his staff, rode down to the banks of the rivulet. The appearance of the British general on the elephant was to impress Kassai with the power and scientific skill of our nation, for the Abyssinians fear the elephant much, and have never ventured to tame him. Close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the stream the Commander-in-chief dismounted from the elephant and close to the strea Close to the stream the Commander-inchief dismounted from the elephant and mounted his horse, lest the unusual sight of the huge earth-shaking beast should create a panic, and cause disasters among the cavalry of Tigre. By this time the Abyssinian line was within 100 yards of the stream. It suddenly opened out in the centre, and Kassai, surrounded by his immediate counselors and guard, rode forward on a white mule with a crimson umbrella borne above his head. He forded the stream, all the ground to the left of their on the file of their chief, and surrounded by his mounted in the centre, and Kassai, seat, and placed Sir Robert Napier at his side. The Abyssinian officers of high grade sat round the tent on the file of their chief, while the English also seated them selves on the ground to the left. Close to the stream the Commander-in- them, and surrounded by the dense above his head. He forded the stream, selves on the ground to the left of their and was received by Sir Robert Napier. | commander. The scene was mixed and Mutual salutations were exchanged, picturesque. The afternoon sun shone which no doubt were quite as sincere as through the red tent and lighted up those in daily vogue in the civilized with a crimson hue the robes and silkworld, although the words of each were en shirts of the Abyssinians and the REASONABLE quite unintelligible to the other. Kas- uniforms of the Englishmen. Girls sai was then conducted to the tent, bearing large baskets of Abyssinian where he was received by a salute from bread and curry came in and placed a guard of honor. Here all dismount- them on the ground in front of the visied. The British commander led Kassai tors, who were requested to eat. The into the tent and placed him in a chair tors, who were requested to eat. The bread was brown, formed in flat circular cakes about a foot in diameter, and seated in a chair. Their respective had a slightly sour taste. Very little officers ranged themselves on opposite suffices to satisfy curiosity, although sides of the tent, those of Kassai squat- here it was permitted that each guest

years of age. His face, of a dark olive color, is intellectual, but he wears a care-worn and wearied expression, which justifies his statement that he did not desire power, but that it was thrust upon him by the people of Tigre. He wore the Abyssinian costume, a white robe or toga, embroidered with crimson around his body, and the flowered silk shirt which marks those high in office around the King. His dark black hair was arranged in careful plaits, which, drawn back from the forehead, are tied by a piece of ribbon around the back of the neck. The conforehead, are tied by a piece of ribbon around the back of the neck. The conversation was conducted through an interpreter. At first, it consisted of almost meaningless inquiries after mutual health. But the Abyssinians soon threw out hints for presents of firearms. These hints were adroitly fenced, and the conversation turned to the subject of our mutual Christianity. In this subject neither the chief nor his counselors appeared to take nearly so much interest as in that of the firearms; but they were held to it until it was suggested that a private interview would be desirable. The presents to be given to the Abyssinian chief were now brought in. These consisted of a double-barreled rifle and some jugs and goblets of Bohemian glass. They were laid on the floor at Kassai's feet, and then, after the floor at Kassai's feet, and then, after inspection, removed by one of his ser-vants. The most valuable present of accompanied the general to the door of vants. The most valuable present of all could not be brought into the tent, but was surveyed through the doorway, for Sir Robert Napier gave to him a fine Arab horse which had been his own charger. The goblets were brought back for use, and port wine, which was much enjoyed by the Tigrean courtiers, served out in them. According to Oriental custom, the Commander in chief had to drink some to prove that it was not poison—a not unnecessary precaution, considering that it was obtained from some spare hospital stores, as in a "Early next morning Kassai paid a"Early next morning Kassai paid a" from some spare hospital stores, as in a "Early next morning Kassai paid a from some spare hospital stores, as in a camp where all depend upon commissariat rations no wine could be obtained from any other source. The tent was then cleared of all but one or two officers on either side, when doubtless serious matters were discussed, but the subjects of further conversation have not transpired.

"Early next morning Kassal paid a farewell visit to the British camp, and had a second private interview with Sir Robert Napier, the results of which are said to have been most satisfactory. He is reported to have promised to afford security to our convoys, to send in grain to the markets of our stations, and to threaten with severe punish-

"In a short time Kassai was left alone ment any who should molest our tele-to rest, and about an hour later was graph throughout his dominions." summoned to witness a review of the British troops. The 3d Bornbay Light Cavalry, clai in light blue and silver; the 4th King's Own, in scarlet; the gunners of Murray's battery, in dark blue and red facings; and a small detachment of the 10th Native Infantry, with scarlet coats and white turbans, olcturesque and compac though small force. The cavalry charged, the infantry skirmished and formed square, much to the admiration of the Abyssinians; but they were chiefly delighted and impressed by the Armstrong guns. Kassai dismounted and closely. inspected the pieces, handled the shells, done looked through the rifled barrel, while some of his followers remarked that the Heaven would not give them intelligence to mould such wondrous weapons, By this it would appear that to their ideas the greatest blessings which can be vouchsafed to Christian morality are firearms and gunpowder.

Napier and the officers of his staff accompanied Assai to the rivulet, and there intended to bid him farewell. At the point of parting, however, an urgent invitation was given that the English officers should visif the Abyssinian camp. The rivulet was crossed, and in a moment they found themselves in the When the review was over Sir Robert

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ting on the floor, while those of Sir should help himself. In general, in Robert Napier adhered to their more usual, though, perhaps, less natural, erect position.

"Kassal is a young man of thirty-five wheading it into ball thrusts it into the years of age. His face, of a dark olive mouth of each diner. After enough had in this business cannot fail to secure in this business cannot fail to secure to them a liberal portion of the public patronage.

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As may be seen by the following article, which we copy from the New Orleans Times of loth inst., Buck & Wright have borne off the highest premium in the stove line at the New Orleans Fair. Six entries were made with Buck's "Brilliant," away shead of the heap.

New Orleans Fair. Six entries were made with Back's "Brilliant," away shead of the heap.

The great stove trial was resumed yesterday at 12 o,clock, before a largely increased crowd over the day preceding. The utmost good humor seemed to prevail, both among the exhibitions and spectators, all of whom seemed thoroughly imbued with the good old P. R. principle of "may the best stove win." Promptly to the time the committee appeared on the judges' stand, Saunders, particularly, glowing with excitement and responsibility. The entries were the same as at the previous trial, and the engineers had not been charged.

At ten minutes to one the drum tapped, and all lighted up. Norton's Furnace, run by Mr. E. Wood Perry, led off in smoke, amid the cheers of the crowd and loud cries of "Go it, old one." Charter Oak followed, and the rest gave vapor immediately after. In four minutes, just as they were (as we might say rounding the quarter stretch, "Cotton Plant" popped in bread; all followed suit as quickly as though life depended on the issue, but Buck's Brilliant had started fire with bread already in the stove. Then came the tug; the cooks' countenances glowed like the stoves, a perpetual snapping of opening and shutting doors resounded over the arena. Stoves were patted, coaxed and petted as though they were human beings. All seemed the scene with numerous and encouraging comments from time to time. Mr. Perry's efforts seeming to be the greatest favored.

'At twenty minutes past one "Cotton Plant" threw open its throttle valves and announced that it wanted no more fut. All the others "shut up" and "keeping dart." As the time for the bread to be baked ap; roached, excitement had increased to a baking heat, both within and without the arena. At last Peerless turned out its bread in 42 minutes; Norton's Furnace followed suit, in 42:15; Cotton Plant next, in 43, then Charter Oak, in 43:2; then Good Samaritan, 44:20, and lastly Buck's Brilliant, in 167. The grand result of the triat was as follows: Norton's Furnace, E. Wood

At the conclusion of the trial, the bread weighed 7 lbs 4 oz; burned fuel 7½ lbs.

Charter Cak, Rice, Bros. & Co., bread weighed 7 lbs 4 oz; burned fuel 6½ lbs.

Peeriess, Campman & Co., bread weighed 7 lbs 4 oz; burned fuel 6½ lbs.

Good Samaritan, bread weighed 7 lbs 8 oz; burned fuel, 7½ pounds.

Cotton Plant, Levi & Navra, bread weighed 7 lbs 1 oz; burned fnel, 7½ lbs.

Ruck's Brilliant, Buck & Wright, bread weighed 7 lbs 4 oz; burned fnel, 7½ lbs.

At the conclusion of the trial, the bread was taken charge of by the Awarding Committee and locked up for an hour, at the expiration of which it was all eaten by them. In accordance with their duty, and the gold medal awarded for best wood stoves to Buck & Wright, of St. Louis, honorable mention being made of the Peerless, Campman & Co.—New Orleans Times, Jan. 15.

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