TELEGRAPHIC.

TO RESCUE SILVER.

Plan to Control the Market in New York Instead of London,

AND CAUSE STABILITY IN PRICE.

The Effect of This Scheme Would Be a Steady Advance, It Is Confidently Predicted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Daniel Guggenheim, president of the Guggenheim Silver Smelting and Refining company, has returned to New York from Denver. Mr. Guggenheim has been attending a conference in which all the large smelting interests of the United States were represented. It is one of the first conferences of the kind ever held in this country, and the results hoped to be achieved by it will very likely have a very marked effect on the silver markets of the world. "We met simply for the purpose of investigating the practicability and advisability of the silver smelters and refiners disposing of their product through a central committee in New York. The price of our silver smelters, despite the fact that we control the world's market for this commodity, is made in London.

"The committee appointed to investigate the advisability of arranging all through the central committee in New York consists of Guy C. Hatton, A. S. Meyer and myself. Our object in bringing about the sale of silver in this manner is to eliminate the speculation on silver which is now carried on by the brokers dealing in this commodity. In this way we hope to keep the price stable and be able at all times to tell just where we stand.

"Another thing we hope to do is to manipulate our own product. The big buyers of silver are now India, China and Japan. They buy our silver through London. There is no good reason why this should be so. We should sell to them direct."

"What result will the action of this conference have on the silver market?" Mr. Guggenheim was asked.

"When the business becomes thoroughly adjusted to the new conditions, I believe this will be a right advance in the price of silver. There will be no boom of sudden jump. It will simply be a gradual increase, such as the intelligent management of any business is likely to set forth."

MRS. CLEVELAND CENSURED

For Using Wine in the Ceremony of Naming the St. Louis.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 20.—During yesterday's session of the W. C. T. U. Mrs. Campbell, of Wisconsin, arose to call attention to the fact that there was on the floor of the convention a woman who had named a steamship by breaking a bottle of water over its bow, in place of champagne. This woman who was called to the platform, was introduced as Mrs. T. A. Moore. In presenting her, Miss Willard said: "We will certainly hold up a woman who will bring in a new custom so good as this. We think a great deal of Mrs. Cleveland, and of how she stood for total abstinence under difficult conditions, and yet we cannot but help think water would have been better to pour over the recently launched St. Louis than champagne."

The Report Entirely False.

SIOUX CITY, IA., D., Nov. 20.—Senator Pettigrew in an interview concerning a dispatch today stating that he I gether with Senators Stewart and Jones will initiate a new silver party in place of the silver men in the Republicans and put a free silver plank in their platform in 1896, says the report is entirely false.

Held Up and Robbed.

GETTISBURG, O. T., Nov. 20.—Near Woodward, James Patten, who has just driven from Michigan to set up a farm, was held up and robbed of a large sum of money by two masked men.

Cherokee Bill Remanded.

CLARENDON, I. T., Nov. 20.—As a prominent citizen of this place was returning from the conduct at Tahlequah he unexpectedly met Cherokee Bill and another member of the Cook gang, between Wagoner and Inola. Cherokee Bill is wounded in the thigh and arm. He made no effort to conceal his identity, telling who he was and all about the recent fight at Talala. They were both heavily armed and outfitted for Winchester in fashion. They are traveling south to join others of the gang, thinking it prudent to get among friends to new having another fight. A posse of Deputies are on his trail.

THE ARMENIAN HORRORS.

A Teacher and Fourteen Students Imprisoned to Extort Money.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A letter appears in the Times, stating that one of the best known teachers in St. Paul's Institute at Tabuy and fourteen students were imprisoned at Ozara in a horrible den, merely to spite the Armenian school and extort money. A prominent official having sent word, they were released on the payment of $15. The letter says this is only a sample of the oppression of Christians in every part of the empire.

Pullman Connector Killed.

VAN BUREN, ARK., Nov. 20.—Pullman Connector Brown, of the Arkansas Valley fast, was killed and thrown from his train at Midway, a small station thirty miles east of here in the Indian territory. He was crushed by a bale of hides in his berth, he was in his night clothes. The bale on top of his head was thrown off. He left here this morning with 1400. The train porter is crippled and is under arrest.

Miners Contest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—The third annual conference of the Coastwise Miners' association continued into this morning. Nearly 1,000 miners were in attendance.

When Professor J. H. Neff had called the convention to order, letters of regret were read from Governor Osborn, Governor Richards of Montana, Governor Sheldon of South Dakota and Senator Wolfe and Congressman Bowers of California.

Governor Markham was then introduced, and in a seductive address dwelt upon the importance of the mining industry, and the part it has played in building up California.

J. A. Strauss, congressional-elect from the First California district, delivered a brief address, promising that, as a member of Congress, he would champion the cause of the miners, and that in particular he would urge appropriations sufficient to build dams for the impounding of all of the sewage debris created through the operation of hydraulic mining.

IN RUSSIA.

People Clubbed and Trampled Under Horse's Heels at the Funeral.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The correspondent of the Standard at St. Petersburg describes the scene of confusion Monday afternoon in the vicinity of the fortress of St. Paul and St. Peter. For some time a mile in all directions was a seething, suffocating mass of people, upon the Cossacks were vainly trying to keep order with knouts and the heels of their wild horses, regardless of the lives or limbs of the people. Finally the knouts were brought, now scissors and water introduced. The power of steams subdued the people in a short time, only to be driven back at the pressure from behind. The Cossacks stood the people across their faces with great skill. One man was killed by a kick. A boy was trampled to the ground.

As the Czar and Grand Duke Michael passed in an open carriage on their way to the Cathedral, the same effect was shown. A man with a beard was crossed as a peasant, sprang with two bounds from the road and drew from his pocket a packet which he threw at the czar. His majesty started back and then coolly picked up the package. The incident caused intense commotion, the crowd believing that an attempt had been made to assassinate the czar. The imperial carriage proceeded amid the murmurs of the crowd. Later it was announced that the czar had accepted a petition that had been thrown to him.

The papers of St. Petersburg make no mention of the incident. Two centuries of the petition is kept secret. It is believed that the peasant's arrest were by the man was a disguise.

Most Fixed or Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19. — District Attorney Birney has notified all of the parties indicted yesterday relating to market operations before the sugar investigating committee, including Havemeyer, Havemeyer and Searles, that they must appear and plead or demur in the indictments. It is said that demurrers will be filed.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Sixteen Cars of Coal Rush Into a Stream.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 19.—Sixteen cars of coal broke through the bridge over Brush creek at Latimer station this evening, and six or seven miners are supposed to be buried under the wreck. The train was on its way down the Latimer branch of the Pennsylvania road to the main line.

When within six or eight feet of the bridge a car broke down, and when it reached the bridge it tore its way through, telling the same down into the creek in a confused mass.

All of the trainmen escaped, but the miners, who were on the cars, going to their homes, were carried down and are now buried under the debris. As yet none of the names of the men have been discovered.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Argument in the Case of the Sale Refrigerating Company Closed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The arguments in the United States Supreme Court in the case of the Sale Refrigerating car company against Fairbank and others, in which the company seeks to enjoin defendants because of the intellectual property rights they have in the lives of American patents, covering Sale patents, was closed today by James C. Carter of New York, who appeared for the Sale company.

Mr. Carter, in his argument today, compared the sale of 1880 1849 and 1870 with that in 1887 and contended that the Sale patent was well within the intention of Congress in the enactment of these statutes. He commented on a dissent of Judge Blatchford, interpreting that of the law in one case and a gave that the system which would offer a reward for a service and the design of patents should be duly extended for to be present case would be unusual.

CONSUMED IN THE FLAMES.

Terrible Work of a Santee-Mother, Son and Daughter Burned.

MONTGOMERY, Mo., 19.—A terrible tragedy was enacted at 3 o'clock this morning near Wolf Island, two miles from Wolfe Island, in Pulaski county, Illinois, in which the entire family of Santee, consisting of his wife, two children and himself, were burned to death. The house was found to be on fire, and when the neighbors arrived it was too late to save the inmates