

BOTKIN TRIAL ENDS SUDDENLY.

Judge Cook Orders Jury Into the
Custody of the Sheriff
Until Today.

JURORS WERE "INFLUENCED."

One Says He Was Offered a Bribe—
Defense Disclaimed Any Connection
With the Matter.

San Francisco, March 30.—The second trial of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin on the charge of having caused the death of Mrs. J. P. Dunning by means of poisoned candy, ended in a sensational manner late this afternoon.

Acting upon information that four jurors had been bribed to favor the prisoner, Judge Cook ordered the jury into the custody of the sheriff until tomorrow morning, when he will formally dismiss the jury and begin the impaneling of a new one.

It is alleged that besides four jurors who are said to have been influenced, an attempt was made to bribe a fifth one.

When the denouement came in court today, George A. Knight, Mrs. Botkin's attorney, made a passionate speech, disclaiming that Mrs. Botkin or any one connected with her case was implicated. He also said that he would not continue with the present jury.

The state's attorney concurred in a motion to discharge the jury. Judge Cook said that if the jury should have rendered a verdict of guilty he would certainly have been forced to grant a new trial under the circumstances.

He would have immediately granted the motion to dismiss the jury had not he desired to look up the law, and therefore adjourned court until morning.

A brief investigation was held by Judge Cook after the jury left the room.

Chief of Police Wittman testified that one of the jurors had followed him to his office after the noon adjournment yesterday and said that on the previous evening a strange man had called on him and said:

"We have secured four jurors for the defense and want a fifth. We will give you \$50."

The juror told the chief that he turned down the offer, saying to his tempter: "I am no such a dirty man. I would not take \$50 or \$50,000."

Continuing, the chief of police said that when the juror left the courtroom yesterday afternoon he was shadowed by a detective, who saw him secretly meet a woman, with whom he talked for several minutes.

Judge Cook declared that the man had violated his duty in talking with anybody about his case.

Juryman Jacob Goetjen was attacked with heart failure shortly before 10 o'clock tonight in the jury rooms at the Palace hotel, and a hurry call was sent for his family physician. Dr. Maas said afterward that he had found Goetjen suffering greatly, but that a half hour's work had brought him around comfortably. The jurorman is periodically afflicted with these attacks, Dr. Maas said, and that worry and con-

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finement had seriously affected his health. For two days Goetjen had complained of feeling ill, according to Dr. Maas and all day had been in a feeble state. Dr. Maas stated that his patient's condition was not such as to cause immediate alarm.

To Govern Canal Zone.

Washington, March 30.—The senate committee on inter-oceanic canals today listened to Senator Morgan, who explained the merits of his bill providing for the government of the canal zone. His bill would make a military reservation of the canal strip. The Kitteridge bill was before the committee also, and it is believed it will be reported to the senate with a few changes.

The provision for the government of the canals by two commissions, one of which was to make the laws, was eliminated, and the control of the zone left to the existing commission.

Higher Rank for Army Chaplains

Washington, March 30.—President Roosevelt and Representative Hull, chairman of the military affairs committee of the house, today discussed a bill which provides a higher rank for the army chaplain, in which the president is interested. It is urged that sufficient provision be made in the present law regarding any army chaplains for meritorious service. During the Spanish-American war several chaplains were recommended for gallant services, but it was impossible to give the reward. The war department favors legislation to increase the rank and pay of chaplains.

J. P. Morgan Going to Europe.

New York, March 31.—It is announced that J. Pierpont Morgan will sail for Europe next Wednesday for his annual vacation. No special significance attaches to his trip and it is denied that he will make his future home in England.

The Mandjur to Leave Shanghai.

New York, March 31.—The Japanese consul-general having verified the completion of the disarmament of the Russian gunboat, the Japanese cruiser will, according to a Times correspondent, leave Shanghai today. The gunboat was bottled up in the river at Shanghai since the war began.

Found Dead.

New York, March 30.—Mrs. Virgie Fish, wife of Capt. John Albert Fish, late of the British army, was found dead in her apartments in West One Hundred and Eleventh street tonight. Her death is supposed to have resulted from chloroform poisoning. According to the statements of her maid and of

her husband, Mrs. Fish obtained a bottle of chloroform liniment in the afternoon and retired to her room. She had been in the habit of using the liniment for an affection of the ear. Capt. Fish achieved notoriety lately through the accusations he made against a woman for the larceny of an \$8,000 necklace, the property of his wife.

After an investigation the coroner said he believed death was due to heart failure brought on by the inhaling of the fumes of the chloroform.

South Dakota Delegates to St. Louis

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 31.—The Democratic state convention has elected the following delegates to the St. Louis convention:

John Fanslow, Yankton county; R. F. Pettigrew, Minnehaha; W. E. Brannan, Kingsbury; J. A. Stransky, Brule; H. S. Valmark, Grant; E. E. Gross, Potter; Chauncey L. Wood, Pennington; W. J. Whitmore, Lawrence. The convention adjourned sine die at 1:40 o'clock this morning.

To Amend Senate Rules.

Washington, March 30.—Senator Hear today proposed an amendment to the rules of the senate concerning impeachment so far as they require all proceedings to be before the senate itself. The purpose is to show in the proceedings and make them more convenient to the senate. All cases shall be referred to a committee of nine senators to be appointed by the chair, who shall proceed to take all the testimony on both sides as soon as may be, and report the same to the senate.

Mitchell on Indiana Agreement.

Springfield, Ill., March 30.—John Mitchell, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, in his speech before the joint convention of the operators and miners of Illinois, this evening, contended that the agreement at Indianapolis, related only to the scale as a basis point in each state, and that the differentials in the various fields of a state must be threshed out by the miners or operators of the various states. This is the position taken by the miners in the conference, and is the main reason why they are holding out for higher rates in the northern fields.

Working Out Negro Problem.

Washington, March 30.—Substantial progress was made today by the house in the consideration of the sundry civil bill, it being decided to leave only 21 to be read. No amendments of general importance were made.

Mr. Bartlett of Georgia briefly replied to the statements of Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts, made last Monday on the negro question. He said that the Massachusetts member had lectured the south for the disregard of violations of

the law, whereas in the city of Marietta, persons who had tarred and feathered a man and woman had been acquitted and were paraded through the streets as heroes. He believed that the people of the south are entitled to work out the negro problem "as God shall will it."

Mr. Crumpacker of Indiana declared that 3,000 persons have been mobbed and put to death in the last 25 years.

Unprecedented Wheat Yield.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 31.—The work of harvesting this year's wheat crop is nearly completed, and the government estimates place the yield at 11,000,000 bushels above the best previous record. Seventeen million bushels are now available for export.

Award to Sailors of the Justin.

San Francisco, March 31.—United States District Judge De Haven has just handed down an opinion awarding \$500 to the crew of the United States collier Justin for saving \$40,000 worth of property, mostly bullion, from the wreck of the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite. The cruiser was caught in a hurricane in the harbor of Guam in November, 1900, and was carried out to sea. The crew of the Justin followed her and transferred her cargo to the collier. The \$500 will be divided among 19 men out of a crew of 23, the 10 men being disqualified, the court finding these were not residents of the Northern district of California and therefore not within its jurisdiction.

KOREAN DISTURBANCES.

Primary Cause Was the Suppression of Peol's Guild.

New York, March 31.—In connection with reports from Korea of trouble among the natives a dispatch to the World from Seoul under date of March 24, forwarded from Chefoo, says the disturbances began with the suppression of the Peol's guild. Numerous small rebellions at once started and now even the main road between Seoul and Ping Yang is perilous. Messengers are being robbed and beaten frequently.

Inhabitants of the extreme north of Korea remain in the mountains and are suffering acute distress. The Tonghakists displayed great activity in Ping Yang province before the Japanese advance. They declare their followers will soon have the palms of their hands marked and that all Koreans whose names are unmarked, together with all foreigners and Christians, will be killed in May. A Japanese defeat surely would be followed, the dispatch asserts, by a rising. Troops have moved against the rebels in Hwanggyang province.

The native markets are bare of food and crops are being offered for sale in some places.

PANAMA IN A HURRY.

Wants the Ten Millions Promised By the United States.

Panama, March 30.—The greatest surprise is manifested in all circles here over the alleged non-fulfillment by the United States of the agreements on the exchange of ratifications of the canal treaty that the United States should pay to the new republic the sum of \$10,000,000. It is understood that the failure of the United States to make the payment has compelled the Panama government to float a loan in New York.

Washington, March 30.—The reason for the non-payment up to the present time of the \$10,000,000 to be paid Panama on account of the acquisition of the canal territory, doubtless is to be found in the fact that title cannot be taken to the canal and the rights here-in until after certain necessary formalities in Paris, whither two law officers of the department of justice have gone to see that the Panama Canal company regularly conveys its rights and title to the canal property. The papers on March 3 announced that payment to the company and to the republic of Panama would be made concurrently on April 1.

BALD MOUNTAIN DISAPPEARS

Situated in Maine near the New Brunswick Line.

Caribou, Me., March 31.—Woodsmen who have just returned here bring news that Bald Mountain, a small steep hill in the Caribou valley, only a few miles from the New Brunswick line, has disappeared. In its place a small lake now exists.

It is believed the mountain dropped out of sight during the earthquake of March 21 and the tremor which shook New England really had its birth in the Maine woods.

Bald Mountain was an odd-shaped cone, with extremely steep sides and was seldom explored. The general belief is that it was the crater of an extinct volcano. Around the base of the mountain small hot springs once existed and the rock formation in the neighborhood bears evidence of volcanic origin.

MIXED WOOL DECISION.

Importer Got a Double Instead Of a Lower Duty.

New York, March 31.—A decision has been delivered by the board of United States general appraisers denying a protest from a Boston importer and raising the question as to whether wool can be mixed in grades so as to obtain a lower rate of duty. The board decided against the mixture in the Boston case, which was brought as a test.

The shipment was made from equal quantities of white and gray Ireland wool of the third class, valued respectively above and below 12 cents per pound, which in the trade are customarily packed separately and bought and sold at different prices, and which, if separated were respectively dutiable at the rate of 7 cents and 4 cents a pound. They were designedly packed in one bale so as to reduce the average aggregate value below 12 cents a pound, and the rate of duty on all to 4 cents.

The appraisers held that such packing was such a change in condition for the purpose of evading the duty as to subject the entire contents of the bale to twice the duty to which it would otherwise be subject.

BOISE PUBLIC BUILDING.

Architect W. S. Campbell Will Not Return to Complete It.

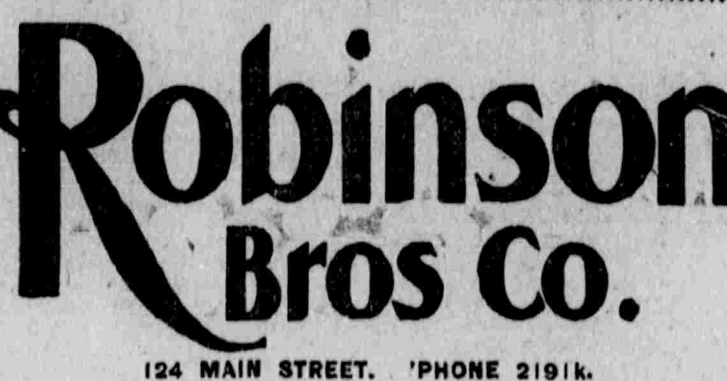
Boise, Ida., March 30.—W. S. Campbell, architect and builder, left some weeks ago, and there have since been reports that he did not intend to return. He was managing contractor on the United States building, now nearing completion. It is now learned he is at his old home in Scotland and will not come back, having written to that effect. The contract on the public building will be carried through by his partner, though it is thought some loss will accrue.

French Claim Against Korea.

New York, March 31.—The Korean foreign office has been presented with a claim, says a Herald dispatch from Seoul, for \$450,000 by the French charge d'affaires here in payment for materials ordered from France for use on the Seoul-Wiju railway, which concession Japan procured from the Korean government soon after signing the recent alliance protocol.



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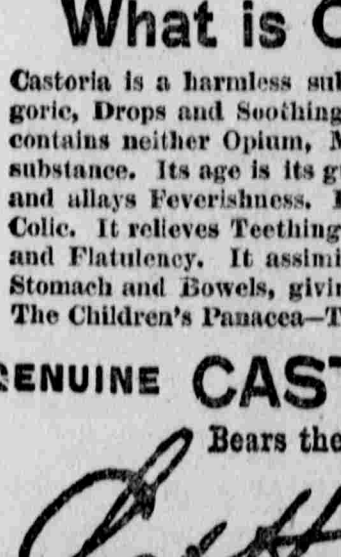
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**NATURE'S
AWAKENING**

Seasons Change and we Change with them.

As warm weather approaches nature awakes from her long winter sleep. The dreary months of bitter cold give way to sunshine, the ice king vanishes and the swelling buds and tender sprouts give evidence of spring's awakening. The sap, the life blood of all vegetation, is coursing upward through roots and fibres, taking with it from the bosom of mother earth food for the growth and development of vegetable life. Rich soil and a free and abundant circulation of sap produces healthy vegetation, while poor soil and a deficiency of the life-giving fluid means dwarfed or stunted growth and decay.

At spring's awakening the blood from which all animal life draws its sustenance and which nourishes our bodies must be free of all impurities and in a normal, healthy condition, or evidences of it will surely crop out in the form of sores and boils, red itching eruptions, pimples, rashes and skin troubles of every description. Warm weather stirs the blood, and in the effort to throw off the accumulated poison is thrown into a feverish excitement and riotous state, and the skin is the chief sufferer. The humors and poisons with which it is filled are thrown off through the skin, and so long as the blood is burdened with impurities sores and boils, pimples and blotches, bumps and rashes will continue to come. Bad blood not only affects the skin but creates internal disorders. The Liver and Kidneys act less promptly, the stomach is upset and the appetite usually fails, and this condition of affairs is bad on the nervous system and brings on that debilitated, run-down, tired-out feeling common to this time of the year. To remove from the blood all impurities and poisons is necessary before there is a full and free circulation and healthy action in other parts of the system. If your blood is all right then you are prepared for spring's awakening and the coming of warm weather. As a perfect spring medicine nothing is superior to S. S. S., which is made from roots and herbs gathered fresh from fields and forests, and not a particle of any mineral substance of any kind enters into this great vegetable remedy; and S. S. S. is the only blood purifier known of which this can truthfully be said. S. S. S. for the blood is widely and favorably known; it has been used for nearly fifty years and is more popular to-day than ever. If your nervous system is run down and the appetite fails, or sores, boils, pimples, or eruptions of any kind begin to appear, it indicates the blood is not up to the proper standard and that it has become impure and lost its power to nourish the body. Rich, pure blood and good circulation assures perfect health and freedom from many annoying ailments peculiar to spring. You will find S. S. S. acts promptly and will put your system in the best possible condition at spring's awakening. If you have any blood trouble, write us about it and our physician will help you get rid of it. Book on blood and its diseases free.

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