

## HOW IT'S DONE IN MISSISSIPPI

Polite but Emphatic Notice Served  
Upon a Labor Agitator.

## HINT WAS MUCH HEEDED.

Mayor Joins Other Ruffians in a Plan  
To Muzzle Some American  
Citizenship.

Meridian, Miss., Jan. 11.—F. C. Kelley, of St. Louis, a general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, has been compelled to cease his efforts to organize negro laborers of Meridian into local unions.

Kelley began his work here last week organizing whites and negroes into separate unions. When his purpose became known he was waited upon by a prominent white man who handed him a written warning to desist. The warning was signed by the mayor and twenty-one prominent business men.

Kelley was told plainly that if he persisted in organizing the negroes into labor unions he would be compelled to leave town. He accepted the warning and is now working among the whites only.

Referring to the matter today he said: "I have been traveling in the south since eleven years and this is the first time I have run up against anything of this kind. In Memphis, Little Rock, Jonesboro and Vicksburg I organized unions of carpenters, barbers, cooks and waiters. In no place was there any objection of the kind raised here.

"The American Federation of Labor has strongly indorsed the idea of the negroes being organized. It is our aim to assist the blacks in bettering their condition. So long as the negroes have no combination of any kind they will be forced to accept low wages and miserable treatment. This will result in the white men getting the same sort of a deal. So to protect ourselves we want to raise the negro to better conditions. I am not prepared to say just what course I shall pursue but I believe the negro will be well organized here before long."

## Will Raise the Money.

London, Jan. 11.—The Daily Telegraph endorses the fiscal proposals published in the Times of yesterday to the effect that increased taxes upon tea and sugar might be imposed as well as a tax of one penny a gallon on petroleum and one shilling a load on timber, and that the shilling duty on corn might be restored and that this latter might even be doubled.

## Sunday Schools in Jerusalem.

Three Oaks, Mich., Jan. 11.—The next world's Sunday school convention will be held in Jerusalem, probably at a meeting here of the committee on arrangements for the tenth international Sunday school convention to be held in Denver, June 26 to July 1, 1902, at which several members of the World's Sunday school executive committee were present, the question as to the time and place of the world's fourth Sunday school convention was considered and a committee was appointed to correspond with the committee of the world's committee as to their views in reference to holding the fourth convention in the city of Jerusalem, probably in March, 1904.

Full information in reference to the trip to Palestine is being sought and correspondence by members of the committee with friends in Jerusalem is under way, to ascertain whether the matter is fully practicable, and whether delegates could be made entirely comfortable there.

The world's first Sunday school convention was held in London, England, in 1859, the second in St. Louis, in 1883, and the third again in London in 1896.

## Havana to be Modernized.

Havana, Jan. 11.—A contract for the severing and paving of Havana for \$10,000,000 has been signed by Mr. McGilvery for McGilvery & McKee of Jersey City and by Acting Mayor La Torre for the city of Havana. Mr. McGilvery has deposited a bond for \$500,000.

The contract provides that the work shall be finished within four years and that it is to begin thirty days after the city notifies the contractors to begin. If notification to begin work is not given within sixty days, the firm of McGilvery and McKee are to receive three percent on the cost of the work. The delay is due to the fact that the city has not yet provided means to raise the necessary funds.

## Inspect West Point.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The members of the congressional committee on

## HILL BROOK FARM.

A former Comments on Grape-Nuts. The farmer with his out of door work might have reason to expect more than the average of good health if he would use Grape-Nuts and have it well cooked but many of them, in middle age, suffer from indigestion and following that, a weakened nervous system.

To show the value of a change in food we quote from a letter written by L. Flagler author of Hill Brook farm, Charlottesville, Va.

"I have spent a very considerable amount of money in trying to cure my chronic trouble with indigestion, and have changed climate several times. About two years ago I was taken worse. My heart and kidneys gave me much trouble. I could not sleep at night. Was very nervous, thin and looked drugged. Finally I changed my food and began taking Grape-Nuts for a year and a half and gradually the trouble has disappeared.

"I have made splendid progress in health and strength, sleep well and can now do a good day's work for a man of fifty years."

"I know that Grape-Nuts caused the change, and although I am now able to eat other food as I like, still I stick to Grape-Nuts because I know how it benefited me, and besides, wife and I both like the food."

"She says nothing has helped her nervous system like Grape-Nuts. We buy Grape-Nuts in regard to it."

"It is plain that nervous, worn out people can be brought back to health by using Grape-Nuts."

military affairs have left here for West Point for the purpose of making a thorough inspection of conditions at the military academy with a view to making provisions for enlarging the establishment on modern lines.

The congressional party consisted of Senators Hawley, Chandler, Root and Harris, and Representatives Hull, Ketchum, Parker, Capron, Stevens, Dick, Mundell, Esch, Brick, Prince, Sulzer, Jett, Slayden, Snodgrass and Foley.

Gen. Corbin and Colonel Barry, Johnston and Carter, of the adjutant general's department accompanied the party, which will return to Washington Sunday afternoon.

## Indian Sacrificed.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 11.—A News special from Phoenix, Ariz., says: "Padre," a big medicine man of the Yuma Indians, who lives on a reservation near Yuma, Ariz., has been offered as a sacrifice to the spirit in accordance with their customs and has expired the sins of the tribe, which are held responsible for an epidemic of smallpox. The medicine man divined the Indians several days ago, and fled to the mountains, but in a half-starved condition wandered back to the Indian village and pleaded for mercy. He was promptly bound hand and foot and conveyed by a delegation of Indians to Mexico, where he was bound to a tree and cruelly tortured to death. "Padre" had a special place in the hearts of his tribesmen, but their customs required them to make a heavy sacrifice.

## Horse in Good Shape.

New York, Jan. 11.—Nasturtium, it is said, by experts in London will be the favorite for the Derby, according to the World. He has not been in any way injured by the voyage and has exceeded all since his arrival at Huggins' stable, Newmarket.

Chas. Reiff, the elder brother of the jockey, is now installed at Moat House, to take William's place as trainer. Croker having apparently given up his other training quarters at Newmarket.

## No Deal as Yet.

New York, Jan. 11.—Rumors are again current of negotiations for the absorption of the business of Henry Clay and Rock, limited, by the American Tobacco company, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. At some time, it is reported that a London group has been formed with the object of consolidating the whole tobacco business in Cuba. Meanwhile, a great deal of fuss has been made in the tobacco quarters over the announcement that an appeal will be made shortly to the British public for subscriptions by the newly formed Imperial Tobacco company. As its capital is £15,000,000 the issue will be a big one; but it does not follow that the Imperial Tobacco American cigarettes into the United Kingdom will be stopped as a necessary consequence.

## Admiral Milner's Utterances.

New York, Jan. 11.—Lord Milner's stirring speech at Johannesburg has given the British public a new view of the situation in South Africa, according to a dispatch to the Tribune, who regard it as the most statesmanlike pronouncement of the South African situation since the outbreak of the war.

## Want to Help Boers.

New Orleans, Jan. 11.—Captain L. Devilliers of the Boer army, who is in this city, is in receipt of a letter from H. C. Arnold of Bloomington, Ill., saying that he has organized in Illinois a company of young men, all of whom served in the United States army during the recent trouble with Spain, who are anxious to serve with the Boers in South Africa and who want to know if Captain Devilliers can make any arrangements for their transportation.

## Cause of Ice Age.

New York, Jan. 11.—Sir Robert Hall, professor of astronomy and geometry at the University of Cambridge, England, delivered a lecture at Columbia university yesterday on "The cause of an ice age." He explained that the ice age was due to the influence of the planet Venus and Jupiter on the course of the earth's revolution around the sun and the change of orbit from a circle to an ellipse. He said also that there would be another ice age when Venus, Jupiter and the earth were in a certain position regarding one another. This would not happen for several thousands of years.

## Big Lumber Deal.

Orange, Texas, Jan. 11.—Another big deal of interest to the lumber trade has just been consummated, the Newton County, Texas, county having sold to John H. Kirby, of Houston, all of its assets, consisting of pine lands, logging railroad, logging equipment and pine logs in the Sabine river, the consideration named being \$240,000.

## Fashionable Operation.

New York, Jan. 11.—Frederick Katho Brandt, a grand niece of Richard Wagner, a member of the Herr Conried-Irving Place Stock company, who came here lately from Berlin, submitted to an operation for appendicitis at a private hospital in this city and it is feared is dying.

Frederick Brandt was born in Berlin, where his father is prominently connected with the Hof Theater. Her grandfather was Richard Wagner, the composer. She was a member of the stock company at the Hof Theater in Wiesbaden during the season of 1900-1901.

## Scene in Life Ended.

New York, Jan. 11.—The death of Mme. Adele Prevau, which occurred last night in a miserable shelter which she called her home, ends a career of romance and misery. She was born near Paris 72 years ago, and early in life married the Count de Dorea, at that time well known and high in official favor. A dispute in a famous Paris club over a gambling debt resulted in a duel and the count was killed. The young widow married Henri Prevau, who came to this country to live. The young couple moved in the highest circles in Washington and were received in the diplomatic set. Later Mr. Prevau returned to New York. It was here that Mrs. Prevau died.

## Bryan at School.

Holyoke, Mass., Jan. 10.—William J. Bryan visited Holyoke today and lectured under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus. The lecture was well attended and the speaker was given a hearty public reception and the lecture began at 8 o'clock. Mr. Bryan arrived in the city this afternoon and went to the West street school. The children cheered him as he stepped to the stage, and he responded with a bow.

Mr. Bryan gave a fifteen-minute talk to the children. He advised them to gain a good education and to strive for a higher education after graduation from grammar or high school. He concluded by asking the children to sing "America." He congratulated them, and then stationed himself at the exit, where he shook hands with each.

## BACKS ARE VERY PRECIOUS THINGS

Spinal Column Declared to be the  
Abode of Man's Soul.

## THIS IS PROFESSOR LOMBARD

An Instructor in Physiology in the  
University of Michigan Makes  
Some Astonishing Discoveries.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 11.—Professor Lombard, of Ann Arbor, instructor of physiology in the University of Michigan, believes that he has located the dwelling place of the soul in the spinal column. He has arrived at this conclusion after many months of experiments with frogs.

Results of the last two days' experiments seem to demonstrate that death through the medium of the brain does not terminate the control of the muscles. Thursday the professor produced before his class a live frog, from which he removed the brain. It was then suspended by its under jaw. An hour later a drop of acetic acid was touched to its foot. Instantly the frog began to jerk and twitch to get away from the stings of the acid. Twenty-four hours later, a tiny bit of filter paper saturated with acid was placed against the body. The frog kicked with both legs and dislodged the paper. Placed upon its back, the paper was shaken off. Every time it was placed on any part of the body the legs began to kick. Professor Lombard calls this activity "reason movement" and will continue the experiments for the purpose of ascertaining how far the reasoning instinct may go.

## Not Ashamed of Age.

New York, Jan. 11.—Members of the National Society of Daughters of 1812 are attending the annual meeting in this city and yesterday visited places of interest in the town.

## Working for Arbitration.

New York, Jan. 11.—Wm. H. Sayward, secretary of the National Association of Builders, makes the announcement that having submitted his plan of arbitration of building strikes to individual members of the building trades' unions and employers organizations, he has now arranged to submit it to the organizations themselves. His plan contemplates a court of arbitration with paid officers, for the settlement of labor disputes.

## Were Simply Protectors.

New York, Jan. 11.—Lieut.-Com. McCrea, commander of the gunboat Macaulay, which was at Colon during the uprising in Colombia, speaking in this city of the landing of the marines to protect the American interests, said: "Our blue jackets went ashore on Nov. 19. Their orders were to protect American property from the rabble which swarmed into the city after its capture by the rebels. At no time were our men fired upon, and all they did was to make a few arrests. I don't believe the country will be quiet for some time to come. The government does not seem to be considerate of the wishes of the people."

## JAPS ARE PROGRESSIVE.

Absorption of Western Ideas Will  
Now Remain Unapprehended.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 11.—Twenty-six Japanese mechanics who have been working at the Union Iron Works filling the places of some of the American iron workers, who are on strike for a shorter work day, have been called out to work on the city. The Japanese were ordered out by the Japanese Association of America, an organization with which nearly all residents of that nationality are affiliated. This action was brought about through the efforts of the Iron Trades Council.

## Cleveland is Better.

New York, Jan. 10.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland has so far recovered from the effects of his recent attack of pneumonia as to have arranged for a hunting trip to the South. He will leave his home at Princeton, N. J., January 22 for an island off Georgetown, S. C., where, with a party of friends, he will remain several days.

## Killed in Explosion.

Huntington, W. Va., Jan. 10.—A boiler exploded in the lumber mills of Lewis Midkiff, in the southern part of this county, today, killing three persons and injuring several others.

## DEAD.

Lewis Midkiff, of Pomeroy, O. Burr Tippet Benjamin Messenger, Salt Rock, W. Va.

The cause of the explosion has not yet been ascertained.

## CAITHNESSSHIRE'S ESCAPE.

Formidable Name Like That Would  
Protect Anything.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 11.—Seldom if ever does maritime history record a more thrilling experience of a more miraculous escape than that of the Caithnessshire, Capt. Furneaux, which arrived yesterday.

## BUILT A MONUMENT.

The Best Sort in the World.

"A monument built by and for Postum," is the way Mr. J. G. Casey of Ayer, Ill., describes himself. He says, "For years I was a coffee drinker until at last I became a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia, constipation, headaches and indigestion, and was a physical wreck."

The different kinds of medicines I tried did not cure me, but finally some one told me I must leave off coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee. I was fortunate in having the new coffee made strictly according to directions so that, from the start, I liked it. It has a rich flavor and I made the change from coffee to Postum without any trouble."

Gradually my condition changed. The old troubles disappeared and I began to get well again. My appetite became good and I could digest food. Now I have been restored to strength and health. Can sleep sound all night and awake with a fresh rested body. Everyone who meets me comments on my getting so fat and rosy."

I am really a monument built by Postum, for I was a physical wreck, distressed in body and mind, and am now a strong, healthy man. I know exactly what made the change. It was leaving off coffee and using Postum."

# Where Catarrh is Most Fatal.

COMPILED BY THE GREATEST LIVING AUTHORITY  
ON CATARRHAL DISEASES.



## MOST WINTER ILLS: COUGHS, COLDS AND LA GRIPPE ARE TYPES OF CATARRH.

The above map has been carefully compiled from United States documents by The Peru-na Medicine Company, of Columbus, Ohio. The figures were taken from the latest mortal statistics published by the government and entirely agree with the archives kept at The Hartman Sanitarium.

The map is made in four shades. The lightest shade shows the States which have the lowest per cent. of deaths due to catarrhal diseases. In these States very close to 42 per cent. of all deaths in 1890 were due to catarrhal diseases. That is to say, four out of every ten deaths were from catarrhal affections.

In the States of next darker shade the per cent. varies from 42 to 45. In the next darker shade, 45 to 48 per cent. of the whole number of deaths resulted from catarrhal diseases. In the darkest shade we have indicated the States in which over 50 per cent., or one-half or more, of all the deaths were directly traceable to catarrh as the cause.

This is an appalling state of affairs. This nation has got to confront the fact that catarrh has become a national curse. Catarrhal diseases threaten the life of our people. Over one-half of the people suffer from some form or degree of catarrh. Fully thirty-five million people are personally interested in the discovery of a radical catarrh cure.

## HON. DAN A. GROSVENOR, OF OHIO.

from Washington, D. C., says: "Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peru-na. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am as well now as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."

## DAN A. GROSVENOR.

Mr. J. C. Metcalf, 8936 Elmwood Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes: "I am 72 years old, have been troubled with catarrh of the throat and stomach a great deal, and have tried almost every kind of medicine, but none have done me so much good as Peru-na. I was a traveling salesman for 27 years, and this is the cause of my trouble. To-day I am feeling better than I have for the past five years. I can heartily recommend Peru-na to all who suffer from like diseases as a sure and complete cure."

## J. C. METCALF.

Mr. Isaac Thompson, Monkland, Ore., writes: "I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative effects of Peru-na. I suffered for fifteen years with catarrh and by the use of five bottles of Peru-na taken according to directions, I am cured and

can cheerfully recommend it to all who may be suffering with catarrh. Peru-na is a good medicine to keep in the house, and when one feels a little off a few doses will tone up the system and do one good—Peru-na is the medicine for catarrh."

## ISAAC THOMPSON.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, United States Senator from Mississippi, in a letter recently written to Dr. Hartman, says the following of Peru-na as a catarrh remedy: "For some time I have been suffering from catarrh in its incipient stage, so much so that I became alarmed as to my general health. But hearing of Peru-na as a good remedy, I gave it a fair trial and soon began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and was particularly good as a tonic."

## HON. W. V. SULLIVAN, U.S. SENATOR.

"I take pleasure in recommending your great national catarrh cure, Peru-na, as the best I have ever tried."

## W. V. SULLIVAN.

Hon. J. Courtney Hixson, ex-United States Consul at Fao Chow, China, of Washington, D. C., says the following of Peru-na: "I join with my distinguished friend, General Wheeler, of my State, in recommending your preparation, Peru-na. Friends who have used it will recommend it as an excellent tonic and particularly good as a catarrh cure."

## J. COURTNEY HIXSON.

Hon. H. W. Ogden, Congressman from Louisiana, in a letter written at Washington, D. C., says the following of Peru-na, the national catarrh remedy: "I can conscientiously recommend your Peru-na as a fine tonic and all round good medicine to those who are in need of a catarrh remedy. It has been commended to me by people who have used it as a remedy particularly effective in the cure of catarrh. For those who need a good catarrh medicine I know of nothing better."

## H. W. OGDEN.

Mrs. A. S. Tipple, 148 Linden avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., writes as follows: "Last winter taking a journey in very severe weather, I caught a cold which settled on my lungs, developing a severe case of catarrh of the respiratory organs. My family physician gave me only temporary relief, when my son advised me to try Peru-na. I sent for a bottle and in two days the cough had nearly disappeared, and within a week I felt better than ever."

## MRS. A. S. TIPPLE.

Catarrh is a systemic disease of climatic and nervous origin. With Peru-na the nerves become strong and the mucous membranes are consequently strengthened, thus protecting the person from the bad effects of a changeable climate. This is why some people do not have catarrh.

Miss Mabel H. Ellis, President of the Woman's Athens Club, Trout Creek, Mich., says: "I suffered for three years with chronic catarrh of the bronchial tubes and found no relief until I tried Peru-na."

## MABEL HELEN ELLIS.

Mrs. W. B. Krause, of Port Washington, Wis., in a recent letter to Dr. S. B. Hartman, says: "Your Peru-na has cured my catarrh and suffering which I had in my back, and bearing down pains. I am very thankful for Peru-na, as it has cured me where other medicines have failed. I will always speak a good word for Peru-na."

## MRS. W. B. KRAUSE.

A great many remedies for temporary relief have been devised from time to time, such as sprays, snuffs, creams and other local applications, but, as a rule, the medical profession has little or no enthusiasm in the treatment of catarrh. It is generally pronounced by them to be incurable. It therefore created a great sensation in medical circles when Dr. Hartman announced that he had devised a compound which would cure catarrh permanently. The remedy was named Peru-na, and in a short time became known to thousands of catarrh sufferers north, south, east and west.

Letters testifying to the fact that Peru-na is a radical cure for catarrh began to pour in from all directions. Thousands of such letters are on file in the office of the Peru-na Medicine Company. These letters are not used for publication except by the express wish of the writer. A pamphlet filled with such letters will be sent to any address free. This book should be read by all who doubt the curability of catarrh.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

## Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. J. Orpe, cor. Twenty-seventh and Market streets, Galveston, Texas, writes: "I was afflicted with a case of chronic catarrh of twenty years' standing. I had been partially deaf on the left side for twelve years. Six months ago I had to be propped up in bed at night and on my side for fear of choking. I did not think I could be cured. I began asking Peru-na, however, and now believe myself perfectly cured. My breathing is thoroughly free and easy, and I cannot too highly recommend your remedies."

## J. ORPE.

Hon. John V. Wright, Law Department, General Land Office of Tennessee, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says the following of Peru-na for catarrh: "I have used Peru-na in my family and can cheerfully recommend it as being all you represent and wish every one who is suffering with catarrh, general debility or prostration could know of it. I would advise all such to take it in time and forestall the terrible consequences. I regard it as a most valuable remedy, and most cheerfully recommend it."

## JOHN V. WRIGHT.

The following are testimonials from thankful women prominent in society and business who use Peru-na: Mrs. Jane Gift, of Hebbardsville, Ohio, writes: "I think I would have been dead long ago had it not been for Peru-na. I have used it in my family for coughs and colds and la grippe. I would not be without it in the house. I really think that it has added years to my life."

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## PE-RU-NA RESTORES 200,000 CATARRH VICTIMS EACH YEAR.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Pe-ru-na Almanac. Every druggist has them.

last Tuesday night in a gale, with but fifteen fathoms of water beneath her, in the teeth of a furious wind and heavy sea, both of her anchors were lost with 200 fathoms of chain. Helpless and with shoaling water increasing, Capt. Furneaux and his crew expected to see the vessel driven on the shore, and so certain were they of her fate that the small boats were lowered and hurried preparations made to take to them. Almost within an instant, however, the wind shifted and began to blow from the northwest. Sail was clapped on to the Calthnessshire, and she was driven clear of shore, anchored, but safe. Seldom do such escapes occur.

"It was a miracle," said Capt. Furneaux, "but for the miracle she would be piled upon the Vancouver shore today instead of being safely in harbor."

## People Cheer Schley.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 10.—Rear-Admiral Schley, accompanied by his wife, arrived in this city one hour and a half late. The station was crowded with people who had waited patiently to greet him. As he alighted the cheering was deafening. Mayor Meyers and a delegation of Aldermen extended the admiral a cordial official welcome, and asked his consent for a formal reception tomorrow afternoon at the city hall. The admiral agreed. Carriages were then taken for the residence of

Gen. W. W. Gordon, where Admiral and Mrs. Schley will visit for ten days. Gen. Gordon was a member of the Porto Rican commission, of which Admiral Schley was a member.