

THE DESERET NEWS.

Richardson

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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DESERET NEWS:

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OFFICE—Corner South and East Temple Sts.

LOCAL NEWS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 2.

Utah and Northern.—Time card No. 8, over the Utah and Northern went into effect this morning. Many changes have been made, those most important to our readers are noted below. Trains will hereafter arrive and depart at Ogden and Logan as follows:

NORTH BOUND.

Passenger train leaves Ogden at 10.40 a. m., arrive at Logan 1.50 p. m.
Mixed train leaves Ogden at 8.45 a. m., arrives at Logan 3 p. m.
Freight train leaves Ogden at 7.30 p. m., arrives at Logan 1.30 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

Passenger train leaves Logan at 1.50 a. m., arrives at Ogden 5.00 p. m.
Mixed train leaves Logan at 10.00 a. m., arrives at Ogden 4 p. m.
Freight train leaves Logan at 8.25 p. m., arrives at Ogden 2.35 a. m.

Improved Stock.—Our townsman H. J. has returned from the St. Louis Cattle Convention more sanguine than ever over the question of improving the breed of our stock, and when a man puts up his means and energies conscientiously on any given object in which the public are interested, we think he is entitled to such consideration as facts furnish, and we cheerfully publish some figures respecting a red Durham cow, which speak pretty loudly in favor of improved breeding. The cow we refer to was born and reared in this city; had her first calf when she was two years old. She is now nearly eight years. There has been milked from her under 26,280 quarts of milk, a large proportion of which has sold for 10 cents a quart, but selling out at 25 cents per gallon, it makes the neat little sum of \$1,642.50. Her five calves have sold, one for \$25, two for \$50 each, one for \$75, one for \$100. These sums added to the milk account make \$1,942.50 income, from a cow just come to her prime, and \$100 is offered for her next heifer calf by a breeder of imported stock in the south.

GERMAN CARP.

HOW THEY ARE DISTRIBUTED AND REARED.

The car of German carp arrived here last evening, and now stands in the Utah Central yard.

Our reporter entered the car door at 10 o'clock this morning, when he met a number of distinguished citizens. After being introduced to Mr. J. F. Ellis, the Fish Commissioner, he was taken through the car and the manner of handling the fish explained.

The car contains a nice reception and dining room, a neat kitchen, with range and water at hand, a heating room, closets and a very prettily arranged private office, used by Mr. Ellis, in the corner of which stands a combination. As we look at it, when folded, it is a perfect writing desk. This can be opened without any exertion and a perfect "home bed" is before us; the ink bottles turn bottom side up and no ink escapes.

The fish are kept in small tin pails, in the bottom of the car under the floor, and are accessible by raising portions of the floor, which has the appearance of a solid one until attention is drawn to it, by some one opening a trap-door for fish.

The inside of the car is elaborately finished with hard wood. Five berths like those used in sleeping cars are an additional advantage.

Mr. Ellis has in company with him three assistants and a first class cook. About fifty thousand miles are covered by this car yearly. There are two others made for the same purpose. Ten months of the year are occupied in distributing the fish.

Mr. Ellis, accompanied by A. M. Musser, Esq., goes to Milford tomorrow, where the fish for southern Utah will be disposed of, then it returns, and after the distribution of carp in Nebraska, the car will be sent to the New Orleans Exposition, where the hatching process will be exhibited.

Mr. Ellis has a few gold-fish with him, which he presents to his personal friends.

The fish have fresh water every third day and are never fed.

Millions of these fish are given away yearly.

Utah has 142 applications in for carp, which will be delivered before the car returns East.

Those who desire to get some of these fish next year, should apply to A. M. Musser, Esq., who will arrange for their delivery.

After a very pleasant chat with Mr. Ellis, in which the gentleman expressed his delight with our city and climate, our reporter left the car, having received an invitation to repeat his visit.

The cultivation of carp is of sufficient importance to fully warrant the construction of ponds for that purpose. Carp vary in size and weight and some declare them equal to trout. A very few have as yet reached the markets in the United States. They are easily raised, and all it will cost you is a little trouble in fixing up a pond.

Raise your own fish, if you have the facilities. They can be raised by making a little lake in the garden.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 3.

"Bikuben."—This paper, published by Brother A. W. Winberg, is out in a new dress, and looks bright as a new dollar. We wish it continued success. It is in the ninth year of its existence. The proprietor is to be commended for his enterprise.

Results of the Fire.—Armstrong & Co., are disposing of the wheat that was damaged by water at the late fire in the old mill. Also flour that was damaged in the same way. This is a fine chance to get a quantity of material cheap for chicken feed, hog feed, and much of it is scarcely injured at all and will do for ordinary use.

Wheeler.—Mr. Thomas Wheeler and family, of Hereford, but now residing at Craigycielog, Malpas, near Newport, Monmouthshire, South Wales, desires to know of the whereabouts of his brother, John George Wheeler, who emigrated to Utah about thirty years ago from Overwood Common, near Bramyard, Dawns, Herefordshire. He was in Utah when last heard of.

District Court.—Case of John E. Dooley vs. Susan E. Stringham; motion to dissolve injunction and demurred to cross complaint; argument submitted.

M. C. Phillips, assignee, vs. B. W. Driggs; judgment for plaintiff for \$681.70 and costs.

Roy H. McBride vs. C. W. Collins et al., in progress this afternoon.

Soren Anderson, native of Denmark, was to-day admitted to citizenship.

Thrown From a Wagon.—A boy named Johnny Ormond, about twelve years of age, for some time employed as office boy in Frank Foote's assay office, was yesterday afternoon thrown from one of the Star Express wagons, on main street, lighting upon his head and shoulder. He was unconscious when picked up by Coffee John, who was the first to render assistance. He was taken in a carriage to his home. The vehicle was standing on Main street, and before starting the driver cautioned the boy of his danger, which he disregarded. The sudden jerk of the wagon threw him backwards upon the ground. He was out of danger this morning.

Pick-Pockets at Work.—While Mrs. M. M. Barrett was doing some shopping in the Z. C. M. I. store yesterday afternoon, her seal skin hand satchel was stolen. She had placed it on the counter, at her side, while engaged in examining some articles, and as she turned to pick it up, discovered it was gone. A woman who was seated near her, was suspected of the theft, but no arrest was made. Nothing further has been learned. It contained nine dollars in money and some valuable papers.

While Mrs. T. T. Willoughby was walking on the street, yesterday forenoon, a man stepped quietly behind her and took from her pocket five dollars in greenbacks, one dollar in silver, and a note on the Continental Oil Company for eight hundred dollars. The man, together with his pal, immediately disappeared. The lady felt the man's hand as he drew it from her pocket, but not in time to see his face; but she had noticed the men following her and soon afterwards gave a policeman a description of both. One of the scamps was arrested last night and has a hearing to-day; the other one has not yet been identified.

Still Another Blaze.—A large barn, the property of T. Mair, Esq., situated on Sixth South, between West Temple and First West streets, was destroyed by fire last evening.

Bishop Thorne whose property joins that upon which stand the ruins of the conflagration, discovered the fire and at once ran to the house, where lives the family of Scott Anderson. The family was gathered around the supper table, but, no sooner had they received the word from the Bishop, than all hands were up and at work. One of the boys immediately went to Wm. F. Raybould's residence, on the same block, and gave the alarm by telephone. He then returned to the barn and assisted in getting a horse from beneath the crackling timbers. No other animals were in the stable, and as the blaze had spread rapidly and become too hot to remain near it, they were compelled to surrender the building and contents to the devouring element. No time was lost after the alarm reached the firemen, which was at 7.09 p. m. In five minutes afterwards the water was playing upon the few remaining timbers and soon all sparks were quenched. At 8 o'clock the firemen were on their way home.

The origin of the fire is supposed to be incendiary. There was a new wagon belonging to Fox & Symons, photographers, two tons of hay, seven bags of clothing, a single harness, two boxes of books and a few other articles belonging to the Anderson family in the barn and all went to ashes.

Mr. Mair estimates his loss at \$1,000. No insurance.

A large crowd assembled on the ground in a short space of time. Many who were in the northern part of the city thought the flames emanated from the Walker House, some leaving their offices and homes bareheaded, coatless without shawls or wraps. Supposing every turn would bring them to the scene, they plodded on for several blocks and arrived in time to see the last flames extinguished.

The theory of incendiarism is strengthened by the fact that Mrs. Anderson and family were from home from four o'clock in the afternoon and had returned probably not longer than ten minutes when the fire broke out.

About seven o'clock Mr. R. G. Lambert was passing the premises on horseback and saw a man muffled about the neck skulking in the vicinity and going in the direction of the barn. He proceeded northward, and in a few minutes his attention was attracted by the blaze. Some children living in the vicinity saw the same person referred to by Mr. Lambert.

NO OPEN VENIRE.

JUDGE TWISS RULES AGAINST A PACKED GRAND JURY.

The question of issuing open venire to complete the panel of a Grand Jury, after the jury list has been exhausted, has reached the Second District Court at Beaver, and received a set back by an adverse ruling from Associate Justice S. P. Twiss. So we learn from the following special which came to hand this forenoon:

BEAVER, Utah, Dec. 3, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

Seventeen grand jurors were subpoenaed to be in attendance at the December term of the Second Judicial District Court. Fifteen put in an appearance and one was excused on account of being a Justice of the Peace, making one short of forming the panel. Most of the grand jurors were even numbers. The list being exhausted the Court did not feel to go outside of the law to procure jurors to complete the panel. The court dismissed the grand jury. No grand jury in this district till the March term.

THE GAMBLING CASES.

THE CITY COMES OFF VICTORIOUS.

The decisions lately rendered in the District Court, in the cases of Salt Lake City vs. Robert Burns, J. B. Black, I. Rosenthal, Matt Allen, J. W. Byrne, F. B. Howell and Jake Greenwald, all of which were favorable to the corporation, have made the gambling fraternity feel a little sick. Burns and Black were proprietors of a gambling house, and the other defendants were charged with gambling.

All these cases were heard before Justice Spiers in February, 1883; the defendants there questioned the validity of the city ordinance in relation to gambling, and made it the principal ground of their appeal to the District Court. Messrs. Darke and Kenner appeared for Mr. Burns, and John Marshall, Esq., for the other defendants. The city was represented by Attorney F. S. Richards and Ben. Sheeks, Esq.

The cases against Burns, Black and Rosenthal were the only ones tried, and the question of the invalidity of the ordinance was urged very strongly by the counsel for the defense. Messrs. Richards and Sheeks, maintained just as stoutly that the ordinance was valid

and cited numerous authorities in support of this position. The Court held with them on every point. The three cases named were tried yesterday, but the Jury disagreed in the Black case. The defendants in the four other cases, with Black also, seeing that their cause was hopeless, came in this morning by their attorney and pleaded guilty.

In consideration of costs that had accrued, and the fact that the defendants had left the country and their bondsmen were made responsible, Judge Zane placed the fine in each of the five cases for gambling at \$25 and costs. Black was fined \$40 and costs. In the case of Burns, judgment was reserved until Friday morning.

In view of the heavy costs these defendants will have to pay, and the evident determination on the part of the City Attorney to push all future cases just as vigorously as these have been, it does not appear as if appeals from future defendants, on such pretexts as the one just shattered, will be apt to be of any material benefit. The counsel for the above defendants worked like beavers for their clients, but it was a "gone case," and they saw it was useless to hold out further.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 4.

More Immigrants.—Elder William Moultrie left Guerdon, Arkansas, yesterday for Salt Lake City, with a company of fifteen immigrants.

Communication Received.—We have received from "Virbius," of Rexburg, Idaho, an account of the last Bannock Stake Conference. The reason it has not appeared is because we had already obtained the minutes of the same meeting from the Stake recorder. We are always pleased to hear from "Virbius," however, being a valued correspondent of this paper.

An Old Citizen.—We received a call this morning from Brother C. H. Oliphant, of Kanab, who used to reside in Salt Lake in early times, being a pioneer-nurseryman of the capital. Business at Kanab has been exceedingly dry this season, the town having been without water. Brother Oliphant's nursery business has not amounted to much this year in consequence. It has been all outlay and little or no return.

Changes in Time.—With the adoption of the new Utah Central time card, which goes into effect next Sunday morning, the following changes appear:

The morning for the North and East will leave at 7.20 a. m., the one from the North and East will arrive at 8 p. m., twenty minutes later than at present.

The Pacific Express will leave at 4.25 p. m. and arrive at 10.45 a. m. The through train going south will leave at 3.40 p. m. instead of 4.10 p. m. as now. Various other changes occur, but of minor importance.

STAR-LIGHT.

REFLECTED FROM OVER THE WATER.

From the *Millennial Star* of November 17th, we excerpt the following items, which will be of interest to many of our readers:

"The following named Elders arrived in Liverpool on the morning of the 14th inst., per S. S. *Wyoming*: Wm. Rex, Thos. Sleight, David Kunz, Conrad Vaterlaus, John J. Johnson, John Kunz, A. G. Sandberg, J. A. Elison, Charles J. Stromberg, J. P. Mortensen, Andro Olson, Peter M. Anderson, Lars Toolson, Godfrey Fuhriman, August K. Anderson, Lorenzo L. Hatch. Elder Edward Slaughter also accompanied the party on a visit to his friends in this country.

"Elder Moroni M. Sheets is released from the Bristol Conference and appointed to labor in the Welsh Conference.

"The newly-arrived Elders, intended for the British Mission, are assigned as follows: L. L. Hatch to the Newcastle Conference, Thomas Sleight to the Manchester Conference, and Wm. Rex to the Bristol Conference.

President A. H. Lund writing from Copenhagen, Nov. 7, 1884, says: "Our Conferences at Aalborg and Aarhus were well attended by both Saints and strangers. Forty-nine had been baptized in Aalborg, and 68 in Aarhus, between the Conferences in the spring and in the fall. In Aalborg, I had the pleasure of attending the baptism of my cousin, and I have good hopes that my uncle and his wife will soon come and join the Church. A few days before our Conference in Aalborg, Brothers Hintze and Brown held a meeting in a place where we have not before had much success in preaching the Gospel. A well-to-do miller and his wife attended meeting, and were much impressed with what they heard. The lady came to our Conference, and was so moved upon that she demanded baptism. We told her it would not be wisdom for her to be baptized without the consent of her husband, but promised her to send some Elders out there. Brother Hintze writes me to-day: 'The brethren had good success in Kalstrup Mill. They baptized the young

millers and his wife and a Swedish girl.'"

From a letter written to us by President F. Schoenfeld, and dated Bern, Switzerland, Nov. 6, 1884, we learn that Elder Smoot, who was imprisoned in Kiel for three weeks on a charge of baptizing a young woman, was released when brought to trial, as the charge was not proved against him. Elder Smoot, since his release, writes that he is doing well, and that even his jailor and his family have invited him to their house, and are investigating the principles of the Gospel. Elder Lyman is at present laboring in Baden and Wurtemberg, but visited the Branch in Bavaria on the 8th ult., when the police hunted him down, took his papers from him, and then set him free, whereupon he was expelled from Bavaria on the 18th ult.—not for preaching, but merely because he held authority to do so, and for living with the Saints. He applied to the consular for protection, who, however, treated him very rudely, saying the "Mormons" were violating the laws in America, and he could do nothing for them. "So you see," the writer remarks, "we pay for our lands, passports, taxes, etc., and all that comes handy to the United States, but we are not protected in any way in return. I think the German government does moderately well considering all things. They say 'your own government is legislating against you,' but by dealing with us they invariably find out that we are in no way a dangerous political party. I have great hopes of success in Germany in the near future. The Berlin Branch does well, and it does not appear that we have to fear any danger there.

"I was arrested on the 14th of September, in Canton, Aargau, as I have already reported to you. On the 29th of October we were summoned to appear, when the law under which we are tolerated in Switzerland was read to us, and we were told that the verdict would be sent to us; and we received our passports back, to travel unmolested. On this occasion I went to the American consul, and was treated very courteously, but nothing could be done for us so far as he was concerned. However, the Lord stood by us, and I had a chance to bear testimony before the Court, which was composed of seven persons, such as we could otherwise not have reached."

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