

thousand pounds of cheese. One firm imported ten thousand dollars worth of butter a month from the East. At that rate you will see that we annually send out over a million of dollars for the farmers and dairy men of the east to consume, while the farmers here are, in many instances, living on gravy, and if they want a little cheese they take a sack of wheat, go to the village store and exchange it for the product of eastern labor. With one million for butter and cheese, eight hundred thousand for hog, hundreds of thousands for horses, millions for boots, shoes, brooms, and thousands of other things that should be produced here, and which would give employment to our idle people, is it any wonder that we have hard times at the doors? Is it not a wonder that we have any money at all? If it were not for our mines we would have to do without many things that we now possess. The farmers should start dairy companies, take the shares themselves, get competent people to handle them, put their cows in their stables, put hay and grain into them, take the milk to the dairy, get their money and make the profits themselves. If they want butter or cheese, let them purchase it from these institutions and have something wholesome to eat. In a few years they would have something that would pay better than raising squashes. When they get to doing this they will have money, and also learn what kind of cattle they want.

What are now recognized as dairy cattle are Holstein, Ayrshire, Jersey, Guernsey, with once in a while Devon and Shorthorn. The first three have been, for many years, contesting every inch of ground. The last year's record leaves the Holstein master of the situation, the cow Pauline Paul, in the State of New York, having made, in one year, one thousand, one hundred and fifty-three pounds of butter, making one pound of butter out of sixteen pounds of milk. This leads all others, two hundred and thirty-three pounds for the same time. There are so many reasons for these standing at the head that we can only give but few. The first is, Holland, their original home, is the richest country on earth of its size. It is so mostly from the Holstein cow product. They are now making great changes in this country. They cost more in Holland now than they did fifteen years ago, for the reason that they are being sought after by every country on the globe. They are larger than any others, hence have more capacity. They live longer. When the calf is born it makes more veal, or a larger steer. Many calves weigh five hundred pounds at six months' old. I saw some steers at Buffalo, that, at three years old, weighed sixteen hundred pounds. They milk the year round and sell for more money than any cattle at any age. Their butter record is enormous. Hundreds have made twenty pounds of butter in seven days. Great numbers have made thirty pounds in seven days. Lady Baker made thirty-four pounds six ounces in seven days. She only held the medal one year, when another cow knocked her out by yielding thirty-six pounds, and still another, thirty-seven. Now comes another with thirty-nine pounds in seven

days. We have Lady Baker the third. She calved at two years' old and gave five and a half gallons of milk daily.

Many say they are too big eaters. That may be so, but it does not hold good in man. When I was feeding men I always noticed that the little ones could eat faster and stay longer at the table and cause more to disappear than the big fellows.

Let any man choose his own liking of cattle; then he will take pride in them and come to the front in competition. But let us weed out the scrubs.

In Illinois those farmers who cannot afford the full-bloods of any kind, breed their common cows to the Holstein Bull. The male is sent to the butcher or steered and sold to cattle men. The half-breed cow will sell there for from fifty to one hundred dollars, many making great milkers. We saw a cow in the east with a Jersey mother and Holstein father, that gave a large quantity of milk and butter. In color and shape she was Holstein. I would advise those having Jerseys, or half breeds, to cross with the Holstein. The cross makes a larger animal, so when they come male, they will be worth something for beef.

H. J. FAUST.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Board of Education met in regular session April 2nd, President Scott presiding. The following members were present: Pike, Young, Newman, Pyper, Colbath, Armstrong and Mitchener.

RETURNS OF THE SCHOOL BOND ELECTION.

The returns of the school bond election were then read as certified to by Secretary Sells. The official vote is:

For the bonds.....	336
Against the bonds.....	83
Blanks.....	10
Total vote.....	629

Referred to the committee on finance.

PROSPECTIVE SCHOOL SITE.

A proposition was received from A. H. Parsons in which he offered to sell to the Board all of lot 3, block 34, plat A, with a court fifty feet wide running north from Fifth South Street to the middle of the block, for \$15,000. Committee on sites.

MR. JOHNSON'S RESIGNATION.

The resignation of Hiram Johnson, as trustee, tendered at the last meeting of the Board, was accepted.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Treasurer Walden submitted the following report of the receipts and disbursements of the Board for the month of March;

Cash on hand March 1.....	\$20,153 84
Received from First District.....	303 83
Received from Third District.....	9 62
Received from Sixteenth District..	97 98
Total receipts.....	\$20,564 65
Disbursements.....	11,289 30

Balance on hand April 1.....\$ 9,275 85

THE OFFER DECLINED.

The subjoined communication from Joseph Warturton, as representative of the Ecclesiastical Board of the First Ward, was received:

Hon. L. U. Colbath, Chairman of Building Committee, City School Board:

Dear Sir: Referring to your favor of the 18th instant, in which you accept a certain proposition made by the ecclesiastical board of the First Ward to the school trustees of district No. 1, in reference to the sale of certain grounds, etc., we beg to decline the offer you make to ratify said proposition, for obvious reasons, which have been explained to yourself and others of your colleagues personally. At a recent meeting of the board we concluded to sell the whole lot (184 square rods) and house for \$14,000, which we thought was a reasonable price for said properties.

Referred to the committee on sites, for investigation.

ASSISTANT TEACHERS.

The committee on school work recommended that the employment of two assistant teachers for the Seventh school be approved, that the rearrangement of the Second and Fourth schools by Superintendent Millsbaugh be approved; that the purchase of certain reference books for the high school be approved.

The committee on teachers recommended that Miss Blanche Hull be employed as assistant teacher in the Seventh school at a salary of \$45 per month, and that Miss Sercombe be employed as assistant teacher in the Ninth school at a salary of \$60 per month. Adopted.

ADMISSION OF PUPILS.

The committee on school work filed the following rule regarding the admission of pupils:

Pupils may be admitted into class B of grade one, only during the first two weeks of each term. Pupils applying for admission into class B of the first grade at any other time shall not be admitted. Adopted.

DUKE SUCCEEDS JOHNSON.

The election of a successor to Mr. Johnson, resigned, was then proceeded with. Mr. Snow nominated Harry T. Duke. Mr. Newman nominated William Fuller. There being no further nominations, the ballot was taken and resulted as follows: Duke, 5; Fuller, 2. Mr. Duke was declared elected.

BILLS APPROVED.

The following bills were approved:

Sierra Nevada Lumber Company.....	\$187 19
The Herald Co.....	3 50
Juvenile Instructor.....	13 50
E. B. Springer.....	88 00
Margette Bros.....	8 90
B. F. Allen, rent.....	35 00
Isaac Hunter, rent.....	75 00
J. B. Moreton.....	2 00
Elizabeth Yerdley.....	20 00
Utah Stove and Hardware Co.....	33 31
C. H. Parsons.....	64 84
Emma Whitney, rent.....	35 00

Total.....\$552 74

Adjourned for one week.

Consul Broberg of Copenhagen will sue the Aarhus *Stiftstidning* for damages on account of an article published in the paper concerning Broberg's private life.

The funeral of architect Theophilus Hansen, of whose death in Vienna mention has been made, was one of the most solemn ever held in that city. Many prominent people, both court officials and private persons were present.