

## INVESTIGATION WILL BE SWEEPING

Every Phase of the Election in Denver Will Be Gone Into So That All Fraud Will Be Uncovered.

## NO TAINTED OFFICE FOR ADAMS

Gov. Peabody Expresses Himself as Pleased With Court's Decision—Question of Expense.

Denver, Dec. 30.—Stretching its hands so as to cast a shadow over every man and woman in any way implicated in election frauds of the city and county of Denver on or before or after Nov. 8, the supreme court today ordered an investigation so sweeping in its scope that every phase of the election may be scrutinized, and everything that bears in any way upon the election may be made known by judicial inquiry.

Alva Adams, Democratic candidate for governor, who appeared from the returns to have been elected, but who has declared that he does not want the office tainted with fraud, asked the court to open every Denver ballot box, but the order of the court goes beyond the mere examination of the ballots and provides for an investigation of the registration lists, the campaign expenditures and, in brief, all election matters.

Atty. Samuel W. Belford, for Adams, and Atty. Henry J. Hersey, for the Republicans, asked the court to make its order so broad that the court need not stop at anything in the investigation. The court said that was what it meant to do and instructed the lawyers to agree upon the wording of the order and present it to the court for approval next Tuesday morning.

As there are 304 ballot boxes it is evident that several months will be consumed in the examination of their contents by the two handwriting experts to be appointed for this work. It is expected that the supreme court will be asked to order the placing of special watchers at the court house to guard the registration books until such time as the investigation is made.

There are probably 20,000 fraudulent registrations on the books of the city and county of Denver, says Atty. James H. Brown, the principal adviser of the Republican city central committee, today.

F. A. Williams, chairman of the Republican committee, has published the following statement over his signature: "Our investigation into the conduct of the recent election in Denver has developed the fact that approximately 20,000 fraudulent votes were cast or counted for Alva Adams in this city. There is now no reasonable doubt that Gov. Peabody and the entire Republican state ticket was fairly elected on Nov. 8, by the votes of a large majority of the legal voters of this state."

"What effect, if any, the court's action today will have upon the course of the legislature in respect to canvassing the vote for governor and determining whether Peabody or Adams is entitled to the seat has not yet become apparent. Chief Justice Gilbert particularly announced the court's investigation will not be permitted in any way to interfere with any investigation which may be set on foot by the general assembly. Republicans as well as Democrats admit that the opening of all the Denver boxes complicates the political situation in Colorado, but believe that it means that there will be no 'rough house,' as predicted."

Gov. Peabody expressed himself as follows regarding the court's decision: "I am more than pleased that the supreme court has decided to open every ballot box in Denver, and my only regret is that not every box in the state opened. A point in favor of the opening of the boxes by the supreme court is that it takes the matter away from politics."

"There is confidence among the public in what the supreme court has done when the highest tribunal in the state

is through counting the votes in Denver, it will settle beyond question who is elected. I consider the decision of the court an eminently wise and just one."

"It is a good thing," said Atty. Gen. Miller, when he heard of the decision. "The entire matter is now out of politics."

It was announced this afternoon that the Republican ticket to unseat Democratic senators had been modified and that possibly only Senators Born and Henley, who were seated by the Democratic majority on contests two years ago, would be turned out.

It is also reported that on the advice of influential Republicans the proposition to memorialize the United States senate to unseat Senator Teller would be abandoned.

Attorneys for Adams tonight notified Atty. Hersey, representing the Republicans, that they would ask the supreme court to modify its order concerning the opening of the ballot boxes in Denver under the supervision of a referee. They will request that another arrangement for paying the expenses of the investigation be made.

The court, having no fund at its disposal for meeting the expenses, directed that the two political parties divide it equally. The Democrats object to this and will request that the cost of the investigation be paid by the state.

The Republicans, who say they are only too willing to follow the suggestion of the court, voted to see in the amendment of the Democratic attorneys a wish to avail themselves of a loophole through which to escape the investigation they themselves inaugurated.

The four members of the state canvassing board, other than Gov. Peabody, tonight issued a signed statement in which they deny that there is a conspiracy to seat Gov. Peabody, nor express a desire to be seated as governor, the man who has been legally elected. The statement reads:

"The attitude of the state board of canvassers, of which we are members, as to the gubernatorial controversy having been misrepresented, and the motives questioned, we feel that it is just and proper that the public should be advised as to our real position."

"Our duties have been defined by the courts of the state, and in the performance of such duties we have been guided solely by the law. The action of the state board of canvassers was taken without reference to any bearing it might have on the gubernatorial contest. The majority of the joint session of the senate and the house of representatives would have been overwhelmingly Republican, regardless of our action."

"We favor the action taken by the supreme court today and hope that the findings and order be accepted by the legislature."

"We desire to say that there is no conspiracy on the part of this board or any of its members to overthrow the will of the people or attempt to do so, but, on the contrary, we hold and advise that whoever the result of the election, we will acquiesce in the result."

"Whoever may be seated as governor, we desire that the result be accepted by the people of this state. The will of the people may be supreme."

(Signed.) "JAMES COWIE," Secretary of State, "WHITNEY NEWTON," State Treasurer, "JOHN H. HEMERY," Auditor of State, "N. C. MILLER," Attorney-General.

## NINE OFFICERS GUARD CHARLES F. DODGE.

New York, Dec. 29.—Charles F. Dodge, involved in the sensational Dodge-Morse divorce mystery, is at the Broadway Central hotel, closely guarded by nine United States marshals and county detectives. In spite of this strong guard, it is asserted that Dodge is at liberty, but he never moves about the corridors of the hotel that a big detective does not keep pace with him and in about every room in which he sleeps are these guards.

Although District Attorney Jerome declares that Dodge has no confession, it is stated as a fact that Dodge has told absolutely everything, and not a man who is entitled to the office of governor has been spared. The lawyers who all along have been mentioned in the case, according to report, are getting in deeper and deeper.

Asked regarding Dodge being kept in the city, the district attorney said he was not a prisoner. He refused to

is the drink, if you make it right: good tea, of course. And it costs a third of a cent a cup.

Your money returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Tea.

say that Dodge slept handcuffed to a detective, as has been reported.

A formal charge has been made to the grievance committee of the Bar association up to this time, but when the Dodge-Morse scandal developed District Attorney Jerome reported the facts to the association and it will take action against the lawyers suspected of being in the conspiracy, if indictments of the criminal charge are found, looking to their dishonor.

It is said that Charles W. Morse, who, it was said, was in Paris, is back in New York. The whereabouts of his wife is still a mystery.

Dodge in his recent start with his marriage to Clemence Cowles in San Francisco March 15, 1911. From the first their marriage life was unhappy, he says, because of his inability to gratify her expensive tastes, and after 10 or 11 years of blocking they parted by mutual consent.

In 1917, when he was managing an Atlanta, Ga., hotel, she visited him and proposed that she should divorce him, agreeing to bear all the expense and even to furnish the witnesses. He consented and she went ahead with her plans, with the result that he was advised that she had obtained a decree in January, 1918. He continued:

"I never heard anything more about the divorce until the latter part of 1919, when I was sent for to come to New York, my expenses being paid. I was then informed that she had been served with the summons in the divorce case which my wife brought against me. I would be justified in making an affidavit to this effect, upon which the decree of divorce granted to my wife might be set aside, and that if I would do this I would be provided with plenty of money from a rich and powerful man, so that I might live in peace and comfort."

"I agreed to do as I was asked and as far as money is concerned have not wanted for anything since, but all the luxury and ease in which I have indulged at some one's else expense have not begun to recompense me for the horrors I have endured in being constantly night and day, under the espionage of other men who have never permitted me to get out of their sight if they could help it."

## QUALITY OF SUGAR.

For Tariff Purposes Must Be Determined by Polariscope.

New York, Dec. 28.—The quality of sugar for tariff purposes must be determined by the scientific polariscope test, according to a decision announced today by the United States general appraisers. The decision was given on a protest filed by importers against a recent ruling of the United States circuit court of appeals. The protest declared that the regulations upon which the decision of the circuit court was based are unconstitutional.

In overruling the protest the board holds that the phrase "testing by the polariscope" as used in the tariff act should be interpreted literally. The protestants contended that the so-called trade test, or commercial test, would be sufficient under the regulations.

The largest sugar importers in the country are interested in the settlement of the question and it probably will be taken to the United States supreme court for final decision. The amount involved in the case already has reached many millions of dollars.

## JUDGE BAKER OF N. M.

Attorneys Refuse to Proceed With Cases Before Him.

Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 29.—Attorneys today refused to proceed with cases before Justice Baker, alleging that he had no right to sit as judge of the territorial court, although the order removing him recently was revoked by President Roosevelt. The attorneys have their action on federal decisions which they say, hold that an order revoking the removal of a United States appointive officer does not reinstate him, but that he must be again nominated by the president and confirmed by Congress in regular form. This was not done in the case of Judge Baker.

The officers were elected as follows: J. A. Torrey, Spokane, president; C. M. Sherman, Snohomish county, vice president; O. L. Whitney, Tacoma, secretary; F. L. Calkins, Ellensburg, treasurer; W. F. P. Seleck, North Yakima, member of the executive committee; J. M. Hitt, C. M. Sherman and T. L. Calkins were re-elected members of the educational council, and O. L. Whitney was elected as the new member.

The following legislative committee was chosen: O. S. Jones, Walla Walla; A. B. Warner, Tacoma; F. M. McCullie, Olympia; L. L. Benbow, Tacoma; E. T. Mothers, Bellingham; and J. M. Hitt, Port Townsend.

North Yakima was chosen at the next place of meeting, receiving 154 votes to 132 for Bellingham.

## BESSIE BOUTON.

She and Franklin Said to Have Been in Colorado Springs Nov. 27.

Colorado Springs, Dec. 30.—Milton Franklin and Beattie Bouton, the latter believed to be the victim of the Cutler mountain murder, were in Colorado Springs as late as Sunday, Nov. 27, according to the information unearthed by the city detectives today. This would bring their presence in this city down to within a few days of the time it is believed the murder was committed.

A woman, believed to be Mrs. Bouton, was seen in North Cheyenne canyon Sunday, Nov. 29, and again on Sunday, Nov. 27. Franklin, it is positively stated, was shaved in a local barber shop during the week beginning Nov. 20, where he spent the intervening time. This would bring their presence in this city down to within a few days of the time it is believed the murder was committed.

Another clue that was furnished to the officers today was from two well known surveyors of this city, who, on Dec. 5, were driving in North Cheyenne canyon when they were overtaken by a man who answers the description of Franklin and who was carrying a bundle of soft material. The general appearance of the man caused considerable comment, as he did not appear to be a man accustomed to hard manual labor. The engineers are convinced that the man entered the canyon from Cutler mountain. They say that instead of raising the time of day, as is customary in the mountains when people are on the other, the stranger hung his head and appeared to desire to avoid recognition.

## INVESTIGATE A NEW CLUE.

Salina, Kan., Dec. 30.—B. W. Carlson,

## THE GOVERNMENT HAS A BIG DEFICIT.

For the Calendar Year 1904 it Amounted to Twenty-two Million Dollars.

## RECEIPTS SHOW FALLING OFF.

Big Decrease in Customs—Eighty Millions Less Cash in the Treasury.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The treasury department today issued a review of treasury operations for the calendar year 1904. The treasury receipts for the calendar year 1904 were \$546,000,000, and the expenditures (including the Panama payment), \$568,000,000—a deficit for the year of \$22,000,000.

As compared with the previous calendar year, the receipts show a falling off of \$50,000,000 and the expenditures an increase of \$20,000,000.

The decrease in customs receipts was \$9,000,000. Civil and miscellaneous expenditures increased \$15,000,000; war department, \$9,000,000; navy department, \$23,000,000; postoffice, \$2,600,000; and interest, \$4,000,000.

The increase in interest is due to the fact that a portion of the interest of 1903 was anticipated in 1902. The figures do not include the postal receipts and expenditures, except that the postal deficit is included in the civil and miscellaneous expenditures.

Imports for the first eleven months of 1904 were \$583,000,000, an increase over the corresponding period of 1903 of \$22,000,000.

Imports free of duty for the same period increased \$42,000,000, while dutiable imports decreased \$20,000,000. In 1903, 45 per cent of the imports were free of duty, while in 1904, 47 per cent were free of duty.

Virtually the entire increase in free imports was in three articles—coffee, India rubber and raw silk. Although dutiable imports decreased \$20,000,000, raw sugar and wool show increases aggregating \$23,000,000. All other dutiable imports decreased nearly \$50,000,000. Of this decrease, \$20,000,000 was in iron and steel.

Other noteworthy features of the treasury transactions in 1904 were the return of \$10,000,000 of accumulated surplus of \$50,000,000 for the right of way of the Panama canal; the redemption of the outstanding 5 per cent bonds, due Feb. 1, 1904, and the various calls on the national bank depositors for the return of a portion of their public deposits. The redemption of 5's during the calendar year was approximately \$5,000,000.

Public funds on deposit with the banks were reduced from \$168,000,000 Jan. 1, 1904, to \$113,000,000 at the close of the year. The calls on the banks to mature early in 1905 will further reduce these deposits and replenish the cash in the general fund of the treasury to the extent of \$55,000,000.

The cash in the treasury, exclusive of the gold reserve and gold and silver coin, held against outstanding certificates, was \$320,000,000 on Jan. 1, 1904. At the close of the year it was \$240,000,000, a decrease of \$80,000,000 for the year.

## Bryan to Talk on Grant.

Galena, Ill., Dec. 30.—William J. Bryan has accepted an invitation from the Grant Birthday association to make the annual address at the observance of Gen. Grant's birthday here on April 27 next.

## Kentucky Feudist Killed.

Bluefield, W. Va., Dec. 30.—Ellis Hatfield, noted for his connection with one of the bitterest of the mountain feuds, was accidentally killed near here. He was walking through a tunnel when overtaken by a train.

## BIBLE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Washington State Educational Ass'n Favors Reading It There.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 30.—The Washington state educational association closed today the most successful meeting in its history.

The convention endorsed a proposed amendment to the state constitution permitting the reading of the Bible in the public schools. The convention closes with a balance of \$320 in the treasury.

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## This Day in History.

DECEMBER 31st.

1584—Jacques Cartier, first to sail the St. Lawrence, born at St. Malo, France; died 1657.

1720—Charles Edward (Duke of Sutherland), an English prince who claimed the throne of the Stuarts, born 1735. As "Prince Charlie," and the "Young Pretender," Charles Edward figures in history and in romance as a picturesque character. He was the grandson of James II, who abandoned the British throne. In 1745 the prince landed in Scotland and the highlanders raised the standard of the Stuarts. Edinburgh was captured and the British baffled at all points. At Preston Pans the king's army was annihilated in five minutes, but at Culloden, owing to jealousy among the highlanders, Charles was overpowered and killed. He escaped to France and passed thirty years in miserable exile.

1802—The celebrated ironclad "Moussas" was built at night in a storm off Cape Hatteras.

1832—Leon Gambetta, prime minister of France, leader of the Republicans in 1871, died in Paris, born 1838.

1841—Susan Fenimore Cooper, second daughter of James Fenimore Cooper and herself an author of note, died at Cooperstown.

## Don't Let This Day In

Your History

Place without calling to see the best line of stationery and office supplies in the West, at Deseret News Book Store, 5 Main Street.

a farmer of this county, is making investigation of the Cutler mountain tragedy, fearing that his daughter, Mrs. Christina Henderson, is the victim. Mrs. Henderson lived in Colorado Springs and some time ago wrote her father that she was coming home for Christmas. Carlson wrote several letters in answer, but never heard from her. Mrs. Henderson was 29 years old and had dental work similar to the published description of the victim. Mrs. Henderson was married in Oklahoma several years ago. Her husband was a telegraph operator. A short time prior to her going to Colorado Springs he sent her to Salina, promising to follow. Henderson did not come and soon the woman went to Colorado Springs.

## SUIT FOR ROYCOTT.

Union Lumber Co. Sues for Damages and Injunction.

San Francisco, Dec. 30.—The Union Lumber company, operating lumber yards in this city and at Port Bragg, Cal., brought suit today for \$100,000 and an injunction against the San Francisco Planning Mill-Owners' association, the Building Trades Council, Millmen's union and 45 officers of these associations.

The suit is a result of a boycott placed on the Union Lumber company for maintaining an open shop. The complaint recites at length the men alleged to have been employed to give force to the boycott. It is declared that the contractors were notified to cease handling the company's products under threats of a strike, the union visiting towns and prohibited local unions from handling the firm's products.

The complaint instances where shipments of lumber were refused to return to the company by customers who were intimidated. The petitioners ask for an injunction restraining the defendants from interfering with the complainant's business and that they be ordered to rescind all boycotting notices sent out.

## WORK ON PANAMA CANAL.

Samuel Gompers Urges Employment of Porto Rico Laborers.

New York, Dec. 31.—A conference lasting over two hours has taken place here between Gov. Winthrop of Porto Rico and Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor. The labor leader urged the employment of the workmen from Porto Rico in the construction of the Panama canal and the governor promised to lay the subject before the secretary of war. Gov. Winthrop sails for San Juan today.

In discussing the conference, Mr. Gompers said: "Secy. Taft not long since expressed the opinion that people from Jamaica, who could stand the climate of Panama, might be employed in the construction of the canal. Before this time I had been in Porto Rico and found many thousands of people out of work and in distress. Porto Ricans could stand the climate of Panama and this employment would be a blessing to any army of the world."

"As soon as Secy. Taft returned to Washington I sent him a letter informing him of the conditions in Porto Rico, and giving him my views regarding the employment of Porto Ricans on the canal. He made the suggestion that I see Gov. Winthrop."

## MISTRAL THE POET.

Will Give Nobel Prize to Arles Ethnological Museum.

New York, Dec. 31.—Frederick Mistral, the Provençal poet to whom was awarded \$10,000 as half his share in the Nobel prize for literature, will, it is reported, in a Paris dispatch to the Times, devote the entire sum to the development and the installation of the ethnological museum founded by him at Arles.

The municipal authorities agree to furnish a building, the adaptation of which will cost \$50,000. Edward Leon, an American residing at Arles, offers \$10,000 as a subscription, and undertakes to help for lectures in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore to help the fund.

## A CROWN OF GLORY.

As Well as a Mark of Beauty is Luxurious Hair.

It has been truly said that the crowning glory of our race is a luxurious head of hair.

"It used to be thought that this was one of the blessings which gods bestowed capriciously, and it is only recently that scientists have discovered that its beauty is dependent upon the presence of a minute germ which flourishes in the hair follicles, where it destroys the life of the hair."

To restore this life and kill the germs which cause the mischief is the mission of Newbro's Herpicide.

Herpicide surely kills the germs, and is the best hair dressing on the market. It contains no grease or oil, neither will it stain or dye the hair.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. L., Drug Co., Special Agents.

## A Happy New Year to You.

And may it be a year of Joy, Pleasure and Success is the wish of

## F. Auerbach & Bro.

Our ad in Monday's paper announces our

## UNCONDITIONAL CLEARING SALE!

Which Starts Tuesday Morning at 10 o'clock.

## ESQUIMALT FORTIFICATIONS.

Military Authorities Are Carrying Out a Definite Program.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 31.—While the British admiralty is considering the reduction of the Esquimalt fleet and virtual abandonment of the station, the military authorities have a definite program for the defense and are carrying it out without respect to the naval changes. Plans are being made for a new fort which was proposed some time ago at Red Hill. Orders have been received at Esquimalt to ship the naval stores now on hand as well as some of the way by steamer due next week, to Sydney, Australia.

Assistance was called from the water department but on the arrival of the firemen it was found that they had no key large enough to unlock the gates controlling the main and it was more than an hour before the water finally stopped flowing. The entire water supply of the city below Harlan and above Thirty-fourth streets will be affected. The main which broke is one of the two pressure service mains which supply the entire section west of Broadway.

## WERE PLAYING DUEL.

And Lorin Tolbert Unintentionally Shot Clyde Turner.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 31.—A Miner special from Butte, Mont., says that Clyde Turner, a well known young man, was shot and seriously wounded at an early hour this morning by a fellow student. His companion while the two boys were playing duels. Turner in a spirit of fun challenged Tolbert to a duel and the latter, grabbing a revolver, which he believed to be empty, and snapped the trigger, the bullet striking the victim's chest. The officers held the shooting to be purely accidental.

## A NEW LOOP THE LOOP.

At Ishpeming, Mich., to be Done on Skis for the First Time.

Ishpeming, Mich., Dec. 31.—Looping the loop on skis, a feat never before attempted, will be one of the great attractions at the annual tournament of the 8th Riders of America, to be held in Ishpeming, Mich., tomorrow. Heretofore skis have been used with a thrilling leap of from 75 to 125 feet, have been the main features of the annual tournament, but now a still more hazardous undertaking is to be added.

Con Thompson, a member of the Ishpeming ski club, is perfectly willing to return to the city and perform the feat. He is a 30-year-old engineer, has decided upon the outline of the loop. Turner's chest for a ring 12 feet in height.

## THE MORMONS IN LONDON.

Mrs. Morse Was Former Wife of The Notorious Charles F. Dodge.

New York, Dec. 31.—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Morse of this city, whose matrimonial affairs have attracted much attention through the divorce suit of Charles F. Dodge (Mrs. Morse's former husband), on charges of perjury, are in London, according to an American dispatch from that city.

Morse, who is a wealthy banker and formerly president of the American Ice company, is perfectly willing to return to New York at once, according to his friends, should his lawyers say it is necessary for him to appear before the grand jury on the perjury charge of Dodge.

In spite of the legal tangle of divorces and annulments decrees, the correspondent believes the couple still consider themselves legally wedded.

## CONDITIONS IN PORTO RICO.

High Death Rate is Due to so Called Hook Worm.

New York, Dec. 31.—A letter to the Herald from Maj. L. L. Seaman, M.D., who has privately investigated conditions among the inhabitants of Porto Rico, states that the high death rate there is due to the anemic condition of the rural population are due to the so-called hook worm known to science as "oxyuris vermicularis," which recently was stated to be highly prevalent in the southern states, and all tropical countries. When fully developed the worm can produce a length of three-quarters of an inch. Treatment of 500 cases and extensive investigations by a medical commission has been made over the past year, according to Maj. Seaman, that the disease produced by the worm has caused the loss of 29 per cent of the deaths in Porto Rico.

"The parasite is really a bloodsucker. Its development requires about two months, and it works in the intestines has been found to greatly reduce the red corpuscles of the blood vessels. Some of the patients have shown a loss of 25 per cent of the normal amount. One man had only 12 per cent. The blood here is pinkish tint, almost as light as water. At least 50 per cent of the rural population on the island is asserted to be affected by the ravages of the parasite."

"The disease is a very serious one. One or four doses of thymol or of betanaphthol have generally proved the most successful treatment. The disease is a very serious one. One or four doses of thymol or