# DESERET EVENING NEWS MONDAY OCTOBER 19 1908

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#### TREASON!

The daily assailant of the Saints has, at last, found an alleged proof of its contention that the Church is a treasonable organization. Ordinarily the proof ought to have been at hand first, and the accusation formulated accordingly. But this rational procedure is contrary to Tribune methods. That organ of moral purity and angelic innocence always accuses first and looks round for proofs afterwards. And so it happens that the alleged proof of treason is late in appearing. But here it is, and we may well exclaim with the Seer of old, "Hear, O Heavens, and give ear, O Earth:"

"The Lord God Almighty has set up a kingdom that will sway the scepter of power and authority over all the king-doms of the world, and will never be destroyed, it is the kingdom that Dan-iel saw and wrote of. It may be con-sidered treason to say that the kingsidered treason to say that the king-dom which that prophet foretold is **Gotually** set up; that we cannot help, but we know it is our testimony."—Ser-mon of President Brigham Young at Sait Lake Tabernacle, April 6, 1852; Journal of Discourses, volume 1, pages 202 and 203.

This the Tribune quotes as proof that President Young was a traitor! To proclaim the supreme power of the Almighty over all the kinguoms of the world, is treason! To believe that the Church is the "kingdom" of which Danicl wrote, is treason! We are under obligation to our adversary for admitting that the only foundation on which its charge of treason rests is the belief of the Latter-day Saints in the prophecies of Daniel. We are, furthermore, under obligation, because the Tribune charge shows that the crusade against the Church leaders is but a continuation of the warfare against our Lord and the first martyrs. He was slain accused of being an aspirant to political power, though Ho explained that His kingdom was not of the world. His followers were slain by the thousands on the pretext that their doctrines were a menace to the state, though the Cæsars had no truer subjects than the Christians. The crusade of the Tribune is but a continuation of that warfare.

But treason is a well defined crime in this country. It consists in levying war against the United States, or in adhering to the enemics, giving them ald and comfort. It is not treason to believe and preach that the Lord has set up the kingdom which Daniel saw in his visions.

If it is not true that the Lord has already established that kingdom, it

CORRECTION CHEERFULLY MADE In the issue of the Deserct News printed on Friday last, there appeared an item under a Logan dateline, bearing the heading "Knight Refuses to Make Speech," followed by an account of a purported meeting held in Nibley Hall, Legan, the previous evening, at which, it was alleged, the Democratic candidate for governor, Hon. J. William Knight, had dismissed a meeting which was to have been addressed by Mr. George F. Williams and himself.

The Deserct News has since learned that the occurrence did not take place as stated in the article referred to; that the meeting, owing to Mr. Williams' failure to arrive, was dismissed by Mr. Nebeker before Mr. Knight reached the hall, and that the latter was then conducted to the Commercial club where an informal reception was held and Mr. Knight made his address.

The Descret News sincerely regrets that it was made the vehicle for one of the political "fakes" which seem to be inseparable from every campaign The information in question came from a source that was thought to be reliable; an effort was made to reach Mr. Knight, or some one else present at the meeting, to have the item veri fied, but the effort was unsuccessful and the report was printed.

The Descret News would not knowingly do an injustice to any man, and it believes emphatically in giving a 'square deal" to all. If through inadvertence, or any other cause, an error creeps into its columns this paper will never be backward in making a proper correction, and a proper apology. Both are tendered in this case, and we trust that whatever unpleasant feelings have been aroused by the occurrence, will be forgotten by this tender of the "amen de honorable."

VOYAGE OF THE FLEET.

Popular interest in the voyage of the American fleet is no longer as intense as it was. Even the most important events naturally are regarded in the light of matter of fact when the novelty is worn off. When the fleet first started on its tour, everyone was curjous to know how the massing of ships on the Pacific would be construed by other powers, especially Japan. There was some alarm lest the enterprise should turn out to be a menace to the peace of the world. But nothing of the kind has happened. No embarrassing complications have arisen. The Fleet is as welcome in Japan as it was in Australia and New Zealand. The demonstrations are on a truly Oriental scale. The croakings of the birds of ill omen have, once more come to naught. There was some disappointment at Manila, because the health conditions there were such that it was deemed unadvisable to permit the men to land. But the plan now is to return to Manila early in December, when it is hoped the health conditions will be Improved. From Manila, the fleet will go to Colombo and then head straight for

Suez, where it is scheduled to arrive the first week in January .: Visits will be made at Athens, Naples, Genoa, Leghorn, Malta, Algiers, and other ports where the American flag is rarely seen. It will then reassemble at Gibraltar in the first week of February. Then will come the sail straight for home, the plan being for the arrival of the fleet at New York on February 22, Washington's birthday. When this tour is completed it will be

placed on record as one of the most remarkable voyages of history And the best of it is that the fleet is the bearen of a message of good will to all the nations of the earth. American seamanship is being tested in this circumnavigation of the globe, as never before, and its superiority is demonstrated in the precision of the movement and freedom from delays which have characterized the ltinorary so far. It is a demonstration of the superb construction, equipment, and management of our navy, and it crowns, daily, with new laurels, the American naval ser-

tions, geographical proximity and Black tions, geographical proximity and Black sea prestige, but Russia has not been enthely free to act with Germany, hav-ing adverse interests on her Baltic frontier. This has left France and Great Britain to play the chief part in Bulgarian readjustment, with Russia a silent but deeply interested spectator and ally. and ally.

and ally. "On the other hand, Germany has first pushed her influence toward Mo-rocco in the southwest and then to-ward Turkey. Persia, the Balkans and the pear east. In these movements Ausward Turkey. Persia, the Balkans and the pear east. In these movements Aus-true has usually been found co-operat-ing with Germany, partly through the bonds of the Triple Alliance and partly because of personal interests in the contiguous territory of the Balkans. This in turn has fanned into activity the old animosity between Italy and Austria, threatening to disrupt the Tri-ple Alliance and to group Italy with France and Great Britain. This gradual regrouping of the powers has been af-fected by three recent movements—Tur-key's adoption of a constitution, the reappearance of the Moroccan issue and the present independence of Bulgaria— in all of which the new alignment of the greats is becoming manifest, with Great Britain, France and Russia oc-Great Britain, France and Russia oc

Great Britain, France and Russia oc-cupying common ground, Germany and Austria co-operating and Italy in a scmewhat neutral attitude. As in the Moroccan affair, the indications are that mediation or an international com-gress will seek to arrange some work-ing basis as to Bulgaria, but meantime the intriguing among the powers for in-fluence over Bulgaria and other por-tions of the Near East is likely to go on unabaled and to be an important factor in the new grouping of the Powers of Europe."

Besnia and Herzegovina nominally belong to Turkey, but by the Berlin treaty they were placed under the administration of Austria-Hungary. That Treaty and a subsequent agreement with Russia gave Austria-Hungary a mandate for the indefinite occupation of the provinces. Following the success ful movement in Turkey for a constitutional government, the Slavs in Bosnia and Herzegovina began agitating for an autonomous government and this doubtless led Austria-Hungary to take steps to define the status of the provinces.

Time always flies and airships some-

Politically, Crete belongs to the cretaceous period. A sharp tongue doesn't always indicate a sharp wit.

"Student activity" is too often nothing but student deviltry. Those balloons that fell into the North Sea got beyond their depth. The Chicago Cubs cynically say, "There were Giants in those days." More massacres in Armenia. The Sick Man of Europe is himself again. It is the merchant who knows best what the future holds in store for him. Perhaps it is natural that footballists should frequently be at the foot of the class.

Mr. Hearst welcomes Governor Haskell's suit. Just as a bill collector is welcomed. Servia has come to the conclusion that second thoughts are best and

Will the Thanksgiving proclamations, this year be issued before or after the election?

is 3,000,000 bushels more than the yield in 1907. The quality of the crop of cats is given as \$1.3 per cent, and the estimated total yield as 789,161,000 bush-els which is 2000 000 bushels in an estimated total yield as 789,161,000 bush-els, which is 34,000,000 bushels in ex-cese of last year's oat crop. These ligures fully indicate that, if the har-vests of 1908 have not broken any re-cords, they are nevertheless very boun-tiful and concerne tiful and generous.

### COMPARATIVE CONTENT.

Emporia, (Kan.), Gazette. It seemed to me that my life was vain, and the prize not worth the toil, till I chanced to look at a man in pain, a-nursing a large red boil. I sat me down by my door to mourn, and pity myrelf a while; and a woman passed with an aching corn, and she footed it, mile on mile. I went one day to the walling place, to weep for a perished hope, and a cripple passed with a sunny face, a-hawking his scented soap. And I said to myself: "You blamed old chump, no reason have you to sigh; it's wicked to weep while the others hump, nor wait till the clouds roll by!" Emporia, (Kan.), Gazette.

### THE WAR FEVER. New York World.

One menace of war removed when at yesterday's extraordinary session of the Servian Skupshtina all fear of the at yesterdary's extraordinal yession de-the Servian Skupshtina all fear of the fall of the Ministry was set at rest by the unanimous passage of a resolu-tion "supporting the government to the fullest extent," but "expecting vigorous activity for the protection of the na-tion's interests." One menace of war was added when the Montenegrin Na-tional Assembly voted a credit of \$3, 200,000 to the war ministry following the reading of a stirring message by Prince Nichelas. Prince Nichelas will end next week his sixty-seventh year, but he is still the sturdiest warrior among the rulers of Europe. He was until three years ago the absolute ruler of the only Christian population in the Eatkans which had always maintained its independence of the Turk. The As-Ealkans which had always maintained its independence of the Turk. The As-sembly, which he constituted on Nov. 5, 1905, presumably because Crown Prince Dan'ie is less sturdy than himself, ex-ists but to do his will. Nicholas is shrewd as well as brave. No one knows better than he that his little nation of 200,000 souls may be invincible in its own mountains, but that it can-net attack a action two hundred times not attack a nation two hundred times as great. Montenegro has no railroads, no bank, no exports to pay for war supplies. Austria-Hungary's new narsupplies. Austria-Hungary's new nar-row-gauge railway, not shown except on the latest maps, can land troops at Foca, on the Montenegrin frontier—at Foca, the foot of the pass, where for-merly they reckoned the population at so many "rifles," not people. Mortenegro and Servia are not strong enough to rescue their unwillingly an-rayed commatricits in Bosnia and Hernexed compatriots in Bosnia and Her-zegovina. Turkey is on paper strong erough to crush Bulgaria, but has neither money nor credit nor organiza-



**1st Methodist Church** 

October 19.

With Conreid Metropolitan Opera Co. quartette, Rappold, Jacoby, Martin, Campanari.

\$5.00 entitles subscriber to two reserved seats at each of the two

concerts. Sale opens at Beesley's, 46 So. Main. Friday, Oct. 16th,



will be established at somee future time. Everyone who believes in the Bible believes in the prophetic declaration of Daniel. He believes either that the kingdom has been established, or that it will be. Every believer in the Bible is, therefore, by the Tribune reasoning, a traitor.

We submit to any reasonable being the proposition that the only true test of the loyalty of any people is furnished by their acts. And by this test the Latter-day Saints are perfectly willing to be judged. During the early vice persecutions and ever since they have proved themselves loyal and law-abiding, true Americans by instinct and Christians in practice. They were hated because they believed in maintaining the law, and because they were reformers. One of the chief excuses for the assaults by the Missouri mobs was their belief in spiritual manifestations and in the power of God to heal. This was incredible to the ruffians who assailed them in Missouri; and yet that doctrine is now almost common. The Saints have been driven, outraged, murdered, but they never thought of any hostility to the United States, the government or the Constitution. They were loyal to the flag. They protested against the excesses that had been committed under it, and sometimes criticized officials whom they thought guilty of neglect, but they carried with them into the wilderness a profound reverence for the institutions of this Republic. They looked forward to the time when it would be their mission to uphold and maintain the integrity of these institutions. The "Mormon" battalion gladly marched under the Starspangled banner to aid in the extension of the borders of the Republic, and those who did not go with the battalion carried the flag with them to these mountain valleys. And this attitude the Saints have ever maintained. Their struggles in the courts have been for the maintenance, as they saw it, of Constitutional rights. It remained for the anti-Mormons to propose in the Tinited States Senate, that the Constltution be set aside for an alleged higher law. That may, perhaps, be branded as treason.

The Prophet Joseph in his very last public discourse said, in part:

"We are American citizens. We live upon a soil for the liberty of which our fathers perilled their lives and spilt their blood upon the battlefield. Those rights so dearly purchased shall not be disgracefully trodden under foot by lawless marauders without at least a noble effort on our part to sus-tain our liberties.

least a noble effort on our part to sus-tain our libertles. "Will you all stand by me to the death, and sustain, at the peril of your lives, the laws of our country, and the libertles and privileges which our fa-thers have transmitted unto us, sealed with their sacred blood?"

A mighty shout answered the appeal, in the affirmative. That is the spirit of "Mormonism." And it will be as long as the memory of the martyred Prophet is revered.

IN THE BALKANS.

It is evident that the peace of Europe is still in danger, though the efforts of the dominating powers are for a peaceful solution of the trouble. Special dispatches from Belgrade say that a secret understanding exists between Austriater. Hungary and Bulgaria by which the independence of the latter is recognized by Franz Josef, while Bulgaria promises to stand by Austria in case complications arise because of the annexquer. ation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. This secret compact, if it exists, is sure to complicate matters. Bulgaria, relying on the military forces of Austria, is sure to be less tractable than it would be without a powerful ally.

Bulgaria has been considered a menace to the European peace for many years. As we have stated before, the country was given self-government under Turkish suzerainty by the Berlin treaty of 1878. But Ferdinand has always aimed at complete independence. In 1905 he made a tour of Europe for the purpose of ascertaining the views of the governments on this point.

In 1903 Bulgarians invaded Macedonia; Turkey protested and both countries talked war, but a conflict was averted by the powers. Early in the following year the trouble broke out afresh, when Macedonia again became a danger spot owing to the uprising of peasants led by Boris Sarafoff and other insurgent leaders. Again in 1905 trouble seemed inevitable.

The recent friction arose concerning an agreement with Austria-Hungary regarding the Oriental rallway. Talk of war with Bulgaria was had at a meeting of the Sultan's cabinet on September 28 last, and on the following day Bulgaria defied the Balkan powers on the dispute over restoring the railroad.

According to a recent estimate of the situation that appeared in the New York Herald:

New York Herald,

"The real gravity of the Bulgarian The estimate of the corn crop indi-cates a yield of 2,565,298,000 bushels, which is 255,000 more bushels than the situation lies in the fact that it, like the Moroccan situation, is one of the is-sues which divides the great powers of which is 255,000 more bushels than the everage corn crop of the ten years 1898 to 1907. The final estimate of the com-bined production of spring and winter wheat is 659,000,000 bushels (against a total of 634,087,000 bushels in 1907) of 89.4 per cent quality. Of this total, it is estimated that the spring wheat har-vest will be 233,000,000 bushels, which Europe in the gradual reforming of their international alignment. In the present instance the interests of Russia. France and Great Britain are largely in common against those of Germany and Austria, with Italy occupying a middle ground Russia has a most with interground. Russia has a most vital inter est in Bulgaria owing to racial condi-



Heaters that Heat