TELEGRAPHIC.

MAINE'S PLURALITY

For the Republicans is 45,000 to 50,000.

THE LARGEST IN HER HISTORY.

Democrats Shut Out of the Senate, and Few in the House.—No Free Silver Men.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 14.—Maine has followed the example of Vermont and declared for the Republican ticket by the largest majority in its history. According to the latest returns tonight, the plurality for Powers, Republican, for governor, will be over 45,000, and probably in the neighborhood of 50,000.

Hon. Thomas B. Reed is reelected to the House by over 10,000 plurality. The returns show a majority of about 10,000 for Mr. Dingley for congressman from the second district, over 12,000 for Mr. Milliken in the third district, and practically the same for Mr. Boutelle in the fourth district.

In the state legislature the Democrats will apparently have less than half a dozen of the representatives in the house and not one in the senate. As anticipated, the Republicans polled a tremendous vote and secured many Democratic ballots; on the other hand, many disaffected Democrats remained at home and only a few voted for the nominee of the gold-standard wing. The Populist and Prohibitionist votes have been received from only a few towns, but it is evident that neither party polled as large a vote as two years ago.

The successful candidate for governor is the Hon. Llewellyn Powers of Houlton, Republican. The nominees of the other parties were: Hon. Melvin P. Frank of Portland, Democrat; Luther C. Bateman of Auburn, Populist; Annnie Lord of Calais, Prohibitionist, and Hon. William Henry Clifford of Portland, gold Democrat.

Hon. Thomas B. Reed of Portland, from the First district; Nelson Dingley of Lewiston, from the Second district; Seth L. Milliken of Belfast, from the Third district, and Charles A. Boutelle of Bangor, from the Fourth district, who have for years represented Maine in the national House, are the congressmen-to-elect.

The candidates who opposed them were:

First district—Edward N. Staples of Biddeford, Democrat; J. F. Cummins of Portland, Populist; Aaron Clark of Buxton, Prohibitionist.

Second district—Atwood Levensaler of Thomaston, Democrat; Charles E. Allen of Dresden, Populist; Edward E. Ogier of Camden, Prohibitionist.

Third district—Melvin S. Holway of Augusta, Democrat; Bradford E. Lycester of Northjewett, Populist; William S. Thompson of Augusta, Prohibitionist.

From early morning it looked as if rain would fall, but it did not, and about 4 o'clock the sun came out bright. Everywhere at the polls the organization of the Republicans was evident in the activity they displayed in getting out a full vote at the earliest possible hour.

The Democratic organization was nearly as good. There were only a few local contests to arouse factional feuds, and order was preserved at the polls throughout the state, without much difficulty.

The campaign was the most interesting Maine has seen in twenty years, if ever in her history. It has presented the unique feature at each side against neither in the case of Hon. Harold Howell of Bath, who took the stump to argue against the principles of Hon. Arthur Sewall, the Democratic nominee for Vice President. But in all the strife and contention, the contest was remarkably free from personalities.

The most effective work was done from the stump, and never did a more formidable array of campaign orators expound Republican doctrines in a New England state. But the struggle was not entirely one-sided. With internal dissensions and a lack of funds to contend with, the Democrats made a very strong fight, especially in the outline. Candidate Frank and good work on the stump, and with the speakers generally from outside of the state were not orators of great fame, their work was productive of a good result. In the last two weeks the gold Democrats took a hand in the struggle, and several of their leaders addressed meetings in the cities, but the returns tonight indicate that the principal effect of their participation in the campaign was to strengthen the Republican ranks. If the status of the nominees of the gold Democrats had been on the ticket, however, it is believed a very good showing would have been made.

Candidate Bateman was the main strength of the Populists in their behalf, his efforts being mainly devoted to keeping the members of his party who favored free silver out of the Democratic ranks. His opposition has been based on the candidacy of Mr. Sewall for Vice President, which he maintains is incorrect, and his objections to the Democratic ticket on that account have been more circumspect.

HODGDON, Me., Sept. 14.—Governor-elect Powers was seen tonight by a representative of the Associated Press and asked for an expression of his opinion on the result of today's election. He said:

"Maine has today declared in no uncertain terms against repudiation and dishonesty as represented by free silver and a fifty-cent dollar. We all knew that the Free Trade state could be depended on in an emergency to set the entire country a good example, but the extent to which her citizens have expressed their approval of sound money and the Republican policy has even exceeded our expectations. I think the result of today's ballot is most significant. The campaign has been a short one, but the people of Maine have been greatly interested, and that the majority of our citizens have united on the Republican ticket simply indicates that in November the Democratic policy of injustice and inflation will receive a vote from which it will never recover."

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 14.—Secretary Beane of the Democratic state committee concedes the election of the Republican ticket by over 40,000 majority.

To the Associated Press he said: "I am satisfied that Powers's majority will be over 40,000. It is much greater than I expected. I have nothing to say of the result."

Returns at 8:30 indicate a total vote in the state of about 110,000, with a Republican plurality of about 52,000. This is a gain of 1892 of about 40,000.

BATH, Me., Sept. 14.—The plurality of 37,173 for Powers, Republican, for governor, in the largest plurality ever given here. For Congress, Dingley gained 234 over his 1892 plurality. This is the home of Arthur Sewall, Democratic nominee for Vice President.

Indians on the War Path.

DENISO, N. M., Sept. 14.—Fifty Tenoscho Indians surrounded the customs house at Palomas, Mexico, thirty miles south of this city, today. The officers repulsed them. Three of the Indians started for this town, two of whom were wounded. One was caught just south of town and is now under arrest in this place. It is said there are 300 Tenoscho Indians in the Florida mountains, fifteen miles south of here. The town is greatly excited.

GILMAIN NO FIGHTER.

Slavin Makes Easy Work of Him in the Ring.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.—Jake Kilrain, the Baltimorean, and Frank, otherwise known as "Paddy" Slavin, the Australian, were the stars in a lively Bath contest which took place at the Eureka Athletic club near this city tonight. The fight attracted large delegations of sporting men from all parts of the country, as bad blood was known to be existing between the two men ever since Slavin defeated Kilrain at Hoboken in 1891, and some hard punching was thought to be certain. Kilrain, though past the age when men are thought to these modern times to be good fighters, has been training hard, and every one present felt he would be able to put a good account of himself against his younger and stronger antagonist. The last event of the evening was called sensational, disgusting, and proved to be a bitter disappointment to the friends of the exhausted, who made a pitiful exhibition.

When Kilrain stripped he looked to weigh not less than 250 pounds, and the flesh hung on him in rolls. Slavin, on the contrary, was in the pink of condition. Jake led off with his left, but it was a mere feint. Then Slavin sent out his left, landing lightly, and then checked and began to play on the wind. Slavin led hard, but Kilrain was not effective. Three times the captain ignored this performance, and then Slavin caught Jake in the ribs, and they clinched. Slavin all the time took a shelvish look under the ears, then his arms around Kilrain's neck, hooked with his right leg on the jaw, and the ex-champion fell like a log. His head struck the floor. He tried to rise as the referee began to count, staggered to his feet, and held his hand for time, and was pronounced "out." The round lasted but two and a quarter minutes.

Losses Charged to Bad Office.

FORT SCOTT, KAN., Sept. 14.—J. J. Stewart, president of the board of police commissioners of this city, was recently sent his resignation in Gov. Morrill, who asked that his official actions from the riot of the First Mechanical church, of which he was a trustee, and announced that he will withdraw his resignation as a police commissioner, the latter at the request of the governor. The church had called upon Stewart to enforce the prohibitory law and his action in taken, he says, to relieve the church of embarrassment.

The Cuban Campaign.

HAVANA, Sept. 14.—Maximo Gomez is understood to be camped at Guanimo de Agramonte, about thirty-six miles from Puerto Principe. He is expected to arrive every hour and is crossing with the intention of making a second raid westward.

The insurgents have burned the Lopez Blanco plantation situated near Arimeiro, Province of of Pinar del Rio. The property destroyed was valued at $100,000.

The government has authorized Joseph A. Springer, the United States vice consul general here, to act as consul in the absence of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee.

The insurgents have dynamited a military train at Hamblera. The engineer, fireman and brakeman were wounded and severely bruised. One of the men will die. One officer and several soldiers on board the train were wounded and the escort killed four of the attacking party.

Li is Gone.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 14.—Li Hung Chang sailed at 5 o'clock this morning and was kept busy until the departure of the steamer for Hongkong receiving deputations of his countrymen and the civic and provincial officials. He discussed railway construction with the members of the board of trade, stating that much material would be brought to China from Canada for railroads about to be constructed in China. Li thanked the mayor for the protection extended to Chinese, remarking that he understood Canada wanted population, the Canadian government would welcome Chinese.

As the steamer left the wharf the Chinese started a fusillade of firecrackers, which was kept up for over an hour.

Jones, Teller and Bohlen Confer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—Senator Teller of Colorado and Senator Dubois of Idaho, two of the silver Republicans who are on the advisory board of the Democratic executive committee, arrived today and held a conference with Senator Jones, chairman of the national committee. National committeeman Johnson of Kansas was present at the consultation, and Senator Gorman of Maryland was also in attendance for a short time. The conference lasted all the afternoon. It was decided that Senator Teller should devote his time mainly to the Pacific coast. Senator Teller will make several speeches in Kentucky, West Virginia and Maryland, and he may make a speech or two in New York.

SHE KEEPS A SECRET.

Actress Miss Kilder Refuses to Divulge the Plot of Her Play.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Catherine Kilder, the actress, has written a play. Perhaps the fact that it is chock full of love and has been christened "Love at War," the author has little to say about it.

Miss Kilder refuses to give one word of description of the plot. She insists that the plot of all love stories are the same, that the stories are true to life, and while she does not care to hope that her play will be a great success, yet considering there is a possibility of its success, she does not wish to discourage interest in it by foretelling an uninteresting plot. The literary efforts of the actress was made during the summer months she spent at the highlands of Haverick. The broad sea was before her, the Sacramento river tumbled past her back door and the summer Hawaiian flights were within the range of her vision while she wrote. Miss Kilder expects to appear as a star in the piece she has written in the near future.

FATAL FIRE.

Two Men and Twenty-Six Horses Lose Their Lives.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 15.—Two men and twenty-five horses lost their lives this morning in a fire which partially destroyed Albert Mangers' livery stable. The fire was discovered shortly after one o'clock. The flames spread so rapidly that only three men and a few horses were able to get out of the building. Fifteen minutes after the firemen reached the scene an unknown man, turned so badly that he cannot recover, was taken out.

At 3 a.m. the body of a man was taken from the ruins. His name and that of the man who was totally burned are not known, as they were employed but a few days ago. It is believed that all other employes have lost their lives in the fire.

Reducing Jones's Majority.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Sept. 15.—Official returns from 61 out of 65 counties give Jones, Democrat, 58,685; Reynolds, Republican, 24,410; Fisher, S. L. Populist, 16,280; Jones, majority, 34,275. In 1894 Jones's majority was 38,000. The Jones majority in the state will be considerably less than at the last election.

POLITICAL.

Republican Convention.

To the Republican Voters of Utah:

A Republican convention is hereby called to be held at Mt. Pleasant, Sanpete county, Utah, September 24th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Representative in Congress, who will, if elected, vote for William McKinley for President of the United States, and for the election of a Republican state central committee.

A Republican convention is also hereby called to be held on the twenty-first, 1896, at Ogden City, Utah, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a candidate for Representative in Congress.

The basis of representation for each convention is fixed at the ratio of one delegate for every forty votes cast (or a majority fraction thereof) for the present incumbent of the office at the last election, apportioned among the several counties as follows:

Beaver County	18	Box Elder County	19
Cache "	32	Uinta "	8
Carbon "	13	Utah "	47
Garfield "	6	Grand "	4
Iron "	9	Juab "	9
Kane "	4	Millard "	15
Morgan "	5	Piute "	5
Rich "	4	Salt Lake "	110
San Juan "	6	Sanpete "	19
Sevier "	17	Summit "	20
Tooele "	13	Uintah "	6
Utah "	40	Wasatch "	8
Washington "	9	Wayne "	4
Weber "	53		
		Total	559

The County Committee of each county is requested to call primaries and conventions, on or before September 10th, for the purpose of electing delegates to each of the above named conventions.

The Chairman of each County Committee will please forward the Chairman of the State Committee lists of all delegates chosen to attend each of said conventions as soon as elected.

By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

JOHN E. DOOLY, Chairman.
JULIA A. FARNSWORTH, Secretary.

Republican Senatorial Conventions.

In senatorial districts composed of only one county, conventions will be held pursuant to call of county committees. In senatorial districts embracing more than one county, conventions will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, September 21, 1896, at the places hereinafter named:

First District, Box Elder and Tooele counties, at Grantsville.

Third District, Rich, Summit, Morgan and Davis counties, at Layton.

Fifth District, Summit and Wasatch counties, at Heber City.

Eighth District, Juab and Millard counties, at Deseret.

Tenth District, Sevier, Wayne, Piute and Garfield counties, at Monroe.

Eleventh District, Beaver, Iron, Kane and Washington counties, at Cedar City.

Twelfth District, Emery, Carbon, Uintah, Grand and San Juan counties, at Price.

The basis of representation in all said senatorial districts shall be the same as that provided for Republican state conventions, viz: One delegate for every forty votes cast (or a major portion thereof) for the president candidate of this State at the last election.

The chairmen of the respective counties named are requested to notify the secretary of delegates to the conventions above provided for.

By order of the executive committee of the Republican state committee.

JOHN E. DOOLY,
Chairman.
JULIA A. FARNSWORTH,
Secretary.

Arrangements have been made with railroads so that one fare for the round trip will be allowed to delegates.

Corrected Republican Call.

Pursuant to the call of the Republican State committee, a Republican County convention will be held at the Salt Lake Theater, in Salt Lake City, Saturday, September 19, 1896, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of electing 146 delegates to the Republican State convention to be held at Mount Pleasant, Thursday, September 24, 1896, and one at 4 p. m. of the same day at the same place, to select 146 delegates to the Republican State convention to be held at Ogden, Saturday, September 26, 1896. Each County convention will consist of 146 delegates, apportioned to the election precincts as follows:

14 to 32—7 each.

1 to 26, 37 to 43, 53, 54, 64, 67, 68, 71—3 each.

27 to 36, 44, 47, 48, 49, 61, 62—2 each.

65, 66, 77, 78, 79, 85, 86, 91 and 92—4 each.

75, 87, 88—5 each.

55, 63, 81, 82, 76, 77, 78, 79, 83, 84, 85—1 each.

Primaries to elect delegates to the first named convention will be held in every precinct of Salt Lake county on Monday, September 14th, to open at 6 p. m. and close at 9 p. m.; for the second one on Wednesday, September 16, 1896, during the same hours. The Republican committee of each election precinct will take charge of these primaries. In the precincts outside of the city, primaries will be held in the usual places. Notice will be given in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, Monday, Sept. 14, and the Daily Tribune, Thursday, September 13, 1896, of the places for holding primaries in the precincts of Salt Lake City.

By order of the County Republican Committee.

A. H. PARSONS,
Chairman.
JOS. T. KING,
Secretary.

Notice.

I hereby announce my candidacy for Republican ticket for county surveyor of Salt Lake county, subject to the action of the Republican county convention.

DANIEL N. JOHNSON.

Political Cards.

A set of Boone and Dalton silver instruments and two first class elections, long measure, excellent E and D methods, easy to learn, handsome, those of a length. Address box 450 of O. N. Wetzel, Calder's Music Parlors.

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You want a sample of *Schilling's Best* tea?

You shall have as big a sample as you want.

Go to your grocer, buy the tea. If you like it, it is worth the money; if you don't like it, call it a sample, and get your money back from the grocer.

Also pure and more healthful, 5-cent *Boy's Candy*, delicious popcorn balls, sodas, spices, and flavoring extracts.

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SALT LAKE CITY, September 15, 1896.

Today's Temperature at 1 p. m.—64
Tomorrow fair, stationary temperature.

$50,000 worth of.....

Carpets

Are now on our shelves. Bought for spot cash at hard-times prices. We want your trade and can assure you the choicest patterns, and best values at lowest possible prices.

75 pieces Wilton Velvet Carpets, four patterns in all, good value at $1 per yard, as a special for this week

75c per yard.

22 pieces Tapestry Brussels, 7 patterns all told, our special leader

50c per yard.

We have the choicest lot of all wool Ingrains that ever came to Salt Lake, no different patterns, but a select lot, all standard grade goods. These goods cannot help but please you, and the price only

60c per yard.

See our warranted all wool Ingrains at 50c per yard. The heaviest for the money in the market.

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CASH SURPLUS, $100,000

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THE RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY — GREAT SALT LAKE ROUTE

STANDARD GUAGE.

CURRENT TIME TABLE. Effective June 1, 1896.

Leave Salt Lake City

No. 1—For Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 7.45 a. m.
No. 3—For Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 7.45 p. m.
No. 5—For Grand Junction and intermediate points. 6.25 p. m.
No. 7—For Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 1.00 p. m.
No. 9—For Ogden and the West. 10.00 a. m.
No. 11—For Ogden and the West. 10.00 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City

No. 2—From Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 11.15 a. m.
No. 4—From Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 11.00 p. m.
No. 6—From Ouray, Grand Junction and intermediate points. 8.00 a. m.
No. 8—From Ogden and the West. 3.00 a. m.
No. 10—From Ogden and the West. 3.00 p. m.
No. 12—From Ogden and the West. 7.00 p. m.

Through sleepers on Denver Express leave Salt Lake City at 7.45 p. m. daily for Denver. Through sleeper on Ouray Express leaves Salt Lake City at 7.45 a. m. daily for Ouray. Through sleeper on Ogden Express leaves Salt Lake City at 10.00 a. m. daily for Ogden. Through sleeper on Denver Express leaves Ogden at 3.00 p. m. daily for Denver. Through sleeper on Ouray Express leaves Ouray at 8.00 a. m. daily for Salt Lake City. Through sleeper on Ogden Express leaves Ogden at 3.00 a. m. daily for Salt Lake City. Through sleeper on Denver Express leaves Denver at 10.00 a. m. daily for Salt Lake City. Through sleeper on Ouray Express leaves Ouray at 1.00 p. m. daily for Salt Lake City. Through sleeper on Ogden Express leaves Ogden at 7.00 p. m. daily for Salt Lake City. Through sleeper on Denver Express leaves Denver at 7