

the part of the defense. Witness saw policeman John Y. Smith endeavoring to maintain the peace, when he was seized by some men who commenced dragging him out of the polling place. Witness put his hand on the shoulder of one of them, named Cody, and told him to stop, when Cody made a stab at witness with a large knife. As these men were taking Smith away witness walked along some distance with them. He returned in a few minutes, when he saw a man named Belding with a drawn pistol in his hand. Witness took the weapon from him by force. He also saw James Nounnan with a drawn pistol and threatening about shooting somebody.

Thomas Winters, a special policeman, on duty on election day, corroborated the statements of several previous witnesses for the defense. Saw Whittemore, about half an hour before the disturbance, in a buggy. Whittemore then addressed a crowd of men, inciting them to "stick up, and you know what."

By the prosecution. Witness was arrested previously by J. W. Fagan, one Pratt, and another man.

Re-examined by the defense. Witness did not know he was being arrested by U. S. deputy marshals, nor that he was being arrested at all. He was standing quietly when he was seized by the hair and by the clothing and dragged outside. Just previous to being thus seized, one Davis attempted to go into the part of the polls where the ladies went in to vote. A policeman endeavored to deter him from entering, when Davis said, "I am a deputy U. S. marshal, and will go where I d—d please," at the same time knocking aside the outstretched arm of the police officer. Witness told Davis to stand aside, when somebody shouted, "Arrest him," when witness was clutched and dragged as described.

Charles Ringwood, policeman, testified for the defense. Heard Whittemore address a crowd about running the election. Heard parties in the crowd shout, "G—d—n it, let us go in and get the ballot-box." Saw the witness Winters dragged out as described by that individual, and when he was outside Captain Burt went and told Winters to go along quietly. Witness was arrested himself by parties claiming to be deputy U. S. marshals, but for what reason he had never found out to this day.

B. Y. Hampton, policeman, was next examined for the defense. Saw Whittemore several times around the City Hall during the day and heard him say that Whittemore and crowd were "going to run the election," and that the police had no business there. Saw Butterfield, Pratt and Appleby, who claimed to be deputy U. S. marshals, go up to the door of the polling place after it was closed to prevent the crowd getting in. Butterfield kicked at the door. Witness went and took hold of him to prevent him continuing, when the parties named seized him, one of them saying, "We have got you, you son of a b—h." Witness threw them off, when Marshal Maxwell, who was near, said, "Let Hampton go."

W. G. Phillips, policeman, gave a full account of the riotous proceedings, similar to those of the other witnesses for the defense. He described the attitude of Whittemore as he approached Captain Burt with his cane raised, as if to strike him. As Whittemore thus approached, witness struck him.

The testimony of Alexander Burt, police officer, was similar to that given by the previous witness.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

This forenoon a number of other witnesses were examined for the defense, all of whom described the proceedings of the crowd on election day as riotous and tumultuous.

Mr. S. D. Sirrine stated that the affair reminded him of a genuine New York election riot.

Mr. C. Livingston testified to assisting in closing the doors of the polls immediately after the attack on the Mayor, and while thus engaged the crowd sought to force an entrance.

Witnesses for the prosecution were placed on the stand to give evidence in rebuttal, considerable of which testimony was conflicting and thin.

All the evidence was in at the time recess was taken till half-past one o'clock.

Semi-Annual Sunday School Meeting.—The meeting of the Deseret Sunday School Union in the

Old Tabernacle last evening, considering the very inclement state of the weather, was largely attended, upwards of 1,000 persons being present. Professor Careless and members of the Tabernacle Choir sang on the occasion. The meeting was severally addressed by Asst. Gen. Supt. Geo. Goddard, Secretary J. B. Maiben, Bishop Callister, of Fillmore, Bishop Tanner, from Provo, Asst. Supt. Paxman, of Utah Co., Bishop Wm. Smith, of Morgan County, Superintendent Nathan T. Porter, of Davis County, Judge Peacock, of San Pete Co., and President Geo. Q. Cannon. The remarks were animated, and replete with good instruction, and the reports from the various districts represented indicated a pleasing and growing interest in the Sunday School cause.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 12.

Sunday Liquor Selling.—The proprietor of the Head Quarters saloon was fined \$50 this morning, by Justice Pyper, for selling liquor on Sunday.

Returned.—Mrs. Romania B. Pratt arrived home on Saturday evening, from New York city, where she has been attending for the last fourteen months the Free Medical College for Women, and been in close attendance at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.

Dental College and Infirmary.—Dr. W. H. H. Sharp has established in this city a dental college and infirmary, where patients will be treated at a low cost. This will present an opportunity for those desiring to become initiated in the mysteries of dentistry to do so. The students are required to go through a two years' course.

The New Chief Justice.—The Chief Justice of Utah, Hon. David P. Lowe, arrived in this city on Saturday night, and went to the Walker House. He appeared in the District Court room this morning, and was introduced to a number of the members of the Salt Lake bar, after which he occupied a seat on the bench with Associate Justice Emerson.

Obsequies.—The funeral services of Elder George Baddley, in the 10th Ward School-house yesterday, were attended by a large number of people, who met on the occasion to testify their respect for the departed.

Elder Baddley was a man who enjoyed the character among those who knew him of being quiet and unobtrusive, soberminded and trustworthy. Those who knew him best have the greatest respect for him. He was an old member of the Church, and had proved faithful and staunch in advocating and defending the truths of the Gospel in other lands and climes.

Bad Runaway.—To-day, as Joshua Midgley, Jr., was driving a one-horse wagon along South Temple Street, between the Eagle Gate and this Office, the breeching strap broke, causing the vehicle to run against the horse. The wagon struck a tree and the horse freed himself from it. Mr. Midgley, who held stoutly to the lines, was thrown out upon the ground, receiving some injuries in his hands and on one side. Wm. Cooms, another young man who was in the wagon, was also thrown out violently, and received some internal injuries. The wagon was considerably smashed up.

Lost or Stolen Horses.—The following was received this morning:

"CORINNE, April 12.

"Chief of Police Burt, Salt Lake.

"About fifty horses, mostly work animals, are here, claimed to be from Southern Utah, supposed to be stolen. If you know of any stolen send brands.

"D. D. RYAN, City Marshal."

Parties whose horses are missing and who suppose them to be in the band alluded to in the dispatch should immediately forward a description of brands, &c., to Captain Burt, or to Sheriff S. W. Taylor, of this county, that they may be sent to Marshal Ryan with as little delay as possible.

Returned Missionary.—This morning we received a call from Elder William Geddes, of Plain City, who returned at the beginning of the present month from a mission to Australia. He left home in October, 1873, and consequently was absent about a year and a half. In going to his field of labor he trav-

elled eastward, visited and spent six weeks in Scotland, calling on his relatives and travelling in the various branches of the Church. He also spent a couple of weeks in London.

Elder Geddes' labours in Australia were principally confined to Victoria, New South Wales, and Tasmania. In Hobart Town, of the latter colony, he raised a small branch of the Church, and among those baptized was the wife of the brother to the mayor. The gospel, so far as Elder Geddes could learn, was introduced there for the first time by himself. He never saw a more intense interest manifested among any people regarding the truth than there is there, reminding him of the spirit of inquiry exhibited in his native country, Scotland, about twenty-five years ago.

How to Kill It.—In answer to an inquiry through the News regarding the best method of killing lucern, a gentleman called this morning and informed us that he had discovered that by chopping the heads off in the Fall the roots partially rotted by Spring, and could then be taken out of the ground. Another suggestion of his was to give it no water and it would die for want of it, but that would be a tedious plan, and one that could only succeed on dry bench land.

Mr. James H. Van Etta also called and gave us some ideas on the subject, which appear reasonable and feasible. He states that excessive pasturing will kill lucern; and another and most effectual method was to plow four inches deep, with a sharp plow, to cut the roots, then harrow several times, bringing the roots to the surface. We should imagine this plowing should be done in the height of Summer, and thus make a Summer fallow on the ground.

"T. L. P." handed in the following this morning:

"Of course it can be killed; let the inquirer take his lucern to the 20th Ward North Bench, and it will die of thirst."

Civil Rights.—From a gentleman just returned from the East, we learned of the following incident which occurred a few days ago in Kerl Co., Mo., which strikingly illustrates how the Civil Rights Bill, recently passed by Congress, is regarded in that section of the Union:

"A gentleman was eating dinner in an hotel in one of the principal towns in Kerl Co., and while doing so two negroes entered, sat down, one on each side of the same table, and commenced eating. The gentleman informed the proprietor of the hotel that he should prefer having his dinner without company, which called forth an insolent remark from the negroes to the effect that if he objected to eating at the same table with them he could wait until they had got through. Without replying, verbally, to this insult the gentleman left the table, and went out, but returned in a few minutes with a double barreled shot gun, with which he shot both the negroes dead. Our informant added, that from this circumstance and observations made while in Missouri, he is satisfied there is a good deal of smouldering hostility between rival parties in that State."

A Visit to John Whitmer.

Elder Joshua Davis, of Provo, called at this office a few days since, having just returned from a mission in the east, upon which he left last December. He went to Missouri and visited and labored in Caldwell, Clay, Ray, Davis and several other counties which were wholly or partially settled by Latter-day Saints in the early history of the Church. Elder Davis says that the past winter has been the coldest known in that region within the memory of the oldest inhabitant; and that owing to drouth and the ravages of the chinch bug the last two seasons, many of the people are bordering on starvation; the farmers in numerous instances are also without seed grain and potatoes, and teams, having lost their stock through the intense cold.

On the 21st of last month, March, Elder Davis visited Mr. John Whitmer, at Far West, formerly a member of the Church and one of the eight witnesses whose names are attached to the Book of Mormon. Mr. Davis stayed with Mr. Whitmer one night and part of two days. Dur-

ing the visit the two gentlemen spent most of their time in conversing about Mormonism, in the course of which Mr. Whitmer, with uplifted hand, declared—"I, with my own eyes, saw the plates from which the Book of Mormon was translated, and I also saw an angel who witnessed to the truth of the Book of Mormon. Mr. Whitmer also affirmed that Brigham Young was carrying out the very platform established by Joseph Smith while he was living. He inquired if the Indians were being baptized by the "Mormons" in Utah, and seemed to be pleased on learning that numbers of them had come forward of their own accord and demanded baptism at the hands of the elders. He also told Mr. Davis that his brother David, one of the three witnesses to the Book of Mormon, was residing at Richmond keeping a tavern, and that Oliver Cowdery, another of the three witnesses to the Book of Mormon, died at Richmond, Mo., in 1849. He was agreeably surprised to hear that Martin Harris, another of the three witnesses to the Book of Mormon, was living in Cache county, Utah, at the advanced age of ninety years and well. Mr. Whitmer inquired if the Prophet Joseph Smith ever gave a revelation on the subject of celestial marriage, and, on receiving an answer in the affirmative, requested Mr. Davis to send him a copy of it, for he would like to read it, as he had heard it denied that a revelation on that subject had ever been given. In closing their interview, Mr. Whitmer expressed a great desire to have news from Utah, but Mr. Davis told him that, instead of relying upon that, it would be better for him and his brother David to pay the Territory a visit during the coming summer.

The Messrs. David and John Whitmer left the church in 1838 in consequence of the terrible persecution of the Saints and their expulsion from the State of Missouri. In consequence of their action in this respect they were permitted by the mob to remain in the State and to retain possession of their property, as thousands of others might have done had they abandoned their faith. Since that time Mr. John Whitmer has become an extensive landed proprietor, and now resides upon his property in the City of Far West, and we understand that he has never failed to bear testimony to the validity of the Book of Mormon whenever opportunity has presented.

Land Patents Issued.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
SALT LAKE CITY
April, 2d, 1875.

Notice is hereby given that the following Agricultural C. S. location patents have been received in this office and are now ready for delivery upon surrender of certificate.

Scrip No.	R. & R. No.
830 Thomas Shoffield,	286
866 George Gailey,	230
882 William H Page,	249
1103 Mael Madsen,	294
1110 John Story,	338
1143 Alex Gardener,	323
1176 Adolphus B Whitehead	349
232 Sally Cutler,	331
623 Richard A Robinson,	551
1236 David Candland,	526
1224 Wm S Grant,	528
1223 George D Grant	527
1219 Isaac Bowman,	509
1203 Geo G Snyder,	490
618 Erasmus P Menquarson,	573
616 Hyrum Stevens,	561
615 William Robb, Jr.,	563
614 Joseph Parramore,	562
609 Samuel Leigh,	569
680 Wm H Brown,	557
607 Thomas Perkins,	564
330 Harlam McBride,	277
326 John Hodson,	288
319 Edwin Henley,	262
222 Napoleon B. Johnson,	376
219 Leonardus A. Pritchett,	373
213 Paul Paulsen,	372
4 Lucy Hall,	259
990 John Hindley,	469
986 Eliezar Brandt,	478
983 William Smith,	480
952 Charles D. Evans,	434
944 Thomas Wilson,	452
941 Edwin P. Corelan,	449
477 John S. Fullmer,	429
474 James Paxton,	422
1309 David E. Henderson,	508
117 John W. Snell,	336

PRICE OF GOLD.

Corrected daily by Deseret National Bank.
SALT LAKE CITY, Mar. 30, 1875.
Buying at \$1.13; selling at \$1.15.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
Is very strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty and is largely prescribed among their Female Patients. It is worthy of all confidence, as may be seen from the following testimonials:

Dr. G. B. Chapman, Plattsmouth, Neb., writes: I have under treatment a lady, who, for the past seven years has been afflicted, and, after trying several physicians without receiving benefit, is gaining rapidly on your favorite prescription.

ATLANTA, Ill.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I have not words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case. There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here, but that can say with me they have been greatly benefited. Since I have been so helped by its use, six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines, and now use it in their families, after being cured of the same disease as mine. You do not know what a wonder it created in our city, by its restoring my sister I wrote you about, for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors, but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time. I begged of her to try your medicines, and before she had used half the bottles she could go all around the yard, and has now just come home from a visit five miles away.

MRS. THOMAS MCFARLAND.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

O. F. DUE, Seedsman and Florist, 17th Ward,

NEAR N. GROESBECK'S RESIDENCE,

Has for sale a great variety of **CARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS**, warranted fresh and pure.

He will send seeds by mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, in packets and ounces at ounce rates.

Collection of Flower Seeds by mail:

No. 1, 24 varieties of Annuals,.....\$1 00
" 2, 18 " Biennials and Perennials, 1 00
" 3, 10 " Greenhouse or Window Flowers, 1 00

A great variety of pure and beautiful Flowers, Greenhouse or Window Plants, Bedding and Border Plants, Hanging Baskets, Bulbs of Dahlias, Madeira Vine, Gladiolus, Amaryllis and Lilies, Cut Flowers for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Decorations, Funerals, etc., also in Bouquets.

Plants sent by mail or express when desired. No order by mail under one dollar will be filled. The cash must accompany all orders. Address,

O. F. DUE, Salt Lake City, Utah.

d110 s&w

SINGER.



SPECIAL NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS.

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A General Office for the sale of our Sewing Machines, and

Hereafter the Salt Lake Office will be the Distributing Point for the Territories of Utah and Arizona and the State of Nevada.

This change in our business will enable us to carry a much larger and better assortment of

Machines, Silk, Linen, Machine Oil, and all Articles pertaining to Sewing Machines.

From this date we will sell our machines on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS, and a discount of TEN PER CENT. will be made for cash.

THE SINGER MFG CO.

General Office, East Temple St.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 17, 1874.

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