The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 25. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Agreement to Vote on the Bond Bill Tomorrow.

CARLISLE'S LETTER TO DINGLEY.

Bill's Resolution for Bonds Payable in Gold or Silver at the Option of the Holder.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 27.—A conference was held between Speaker Reed and the House managers today and the result was an agreement for a vote on the bond bill at 5 o'clock tomorrow instead of at 5 o'clock today. Meanwhile it is to be open to debate.

A further arrangement was made by which the ways and means committee, before reporting the bill, will insert a clause showing that it is not the purpose to retire the greenbacks. It was also arranged that there should be separate votes—one on the proposition for a fifty million bond issue and another on unlimited issues of concessions made to overcome the pressure against the taste which led last night to the appointment of a committee of Republican members to wait on Speaker Reed.

FROM CARLISLE TO DINGLEY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Chairman Dingley, of the ways and means committee, has received a letter from Secretary Carlisle, which is private but furnishes some information concerning the condition of the treasury. Dingley says the secretary offers to furnish the house all the data that may be needed. The condition of the treasury is represented as very serious and Carlisle urges legislation for gold bonds. Dingley has informed the secretary that gold bonds are not of the question and could not be considered. Secretary Carlisle did not say to Dingley that 5 per cent bonds cannot be floated and did not discuss this feature. The letter is made because a report to this effect concerning the secretary's letter was in circulation.

President Cleveland and his advisers, it is learned, are strongly opposed to the House bill, and the feeling caused Secretary Carlisle to write to Chairman Dingley. Aside from the important objection that the bonds are to be redeemed in coin instead of gold, as has been suggested by the President, it is understood the requirement that the bonds are to be sold by subscription meets with disapproval. The experience of the government, it is said, with sale by advertisement shows the inefficient character of this means of protection to the gold reserve.

THE BILL ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The rule brought in for consideration of the bond bill in the House has been adopted, yeas 195, nays 105. It was not a strict party vote, some Republicans voting against the adoption.

The Populists voted with the Democrats against the rule. Crisp, Bailey, Tex., and McMillan, Tenn., occupied the twenty minutes allowed the Democrats for speeches on the rule and the Republicans made no reply to their arguments.

BOND BILL AMENDMENTS.

The ways and means committee has adopted the amendment to the bond bill suggested by Hopkins of Illinois, to prevent the accumulation in the treasury of greenbacks and their practical retirement without cancellation. The amendment provides that nothing in the act shall be construed to repeal or modify the act of 1882 for the retirement of greenbacks when redeemed. Another amendment was adopted making the bonds issued under the act payable within fifteen years. A second amendment has been suggested by Linney, of Iowa. The amendments were adopted by a strict party vote and the bill reported to the House as amended. Tarney, Dem., Mich., offered an amendment to repeal the act of 1882 for the retiring of greenbacks, but failed to get any support.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—In the Senate today Burrows (Mich.) presented a bill, to be considered as an amendment to the House tariff bill, imposing sixty per cent of the duty under the law of 1890 on articles placed on the free list under the present law. Referred to the finance committee.

A resolution directing the secretary of the navy to accept the ram Kalamazoo was adopted.

Hill (N. Y.) offered and advocated at length the following resolution: Resolved, that any lands hereafter issued under the laws now in force may in the discretion of the secretary of the treasury be made payable in U. S. gold coin of the present standard, weight and fineness, or in standard silver dollars, at the option of the holder of such bonds, but no bond containing such option shall bear a rate of interest exceeding 3 per cent per annum, payable quarterly.

DOCUMENTS SENT TO THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Chairman Morrison, of the interstate commerce commission, today sent to the Senate a copy of the articles of organization of the Railroad Joint Traffic association and also a copy of the letter of the commission sent to the attorney general. The commission say the agreement is in conflict with the interstate commerce law and request the attorney general to direct the United States district attorney for the Southern district of New York to institute proceedings, by injunction or otherwise, to prevent its being carried into effect.

At 2:30 Hill's resolution was laid aside and at 2:40 p. m. the Senate adjourned until Monday.

THE CUBAN SITUATION.

Excitement Prevailing in Havana—Preparations for its Defense.

HAVANA, Dec. 27.—The excitement which was prevalent since the insurgent army under Gomez and Maceo entered the province of Matanzas is heightened by the messgenger of news from the front. The Spanish authorities insist that the insurgents are in retreat, yet Captain General Martinez de Campos is still here, and the work of fortifying Havana continues without an hour's interruption.

Lady Somerset to Frances Willard.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—The following cablegram was received today, directed to Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the World's W. C. T. U.:

Belgrade, England, Dec. 27.—We join our prayers and influence in yours to avert the greatest calamity possible to the world, a war between the nations, in whose history is involved the highest hopes of humanity. God grant we may stand united to fight approximation everywhere.

LADY HENRY SOMERSET,
Vice-President.

Heyward's body.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—The body of Henry Heyward, recently executed at Minneapolis, for the murder of Cardinal Gibbons, arrived in Chicago today and was immediately taken to Graceland cemetery for cremation.

Security for Nicaragua Bondholders.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Mail advices to the Associated Press from Managua, Nicaragua, dated Dec. 4, says that the London syndicate of holders of the railroad bonds issued in 1886 by Nicaragua and due in 1895, have cabled their acceptance to the "Ad Referendum" agreement, which they wrote out on Sept. 12 for Nicaragua to accept. It gives to the bondholders the additional securities of an export duty of at least one cent gold per pound on all coffee exported from Nicaragua, the establishment of reduction of the rate of interest at six for four years, per annum and the cancellation of one-half of the unpaid interest to January 1, 1896.

This rebate in interest and cancellation of part of the interest due, are, however, more than compensated by several charges, expenses, etc., claimed by the syndicate which Nicaragua has to pay annually.

THE BATTLE AT ZEITOUN.

Two Thousand Five Hundred Armenians Killed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 27.—It is officially announced that most obstinate fighting preceded the capture of Zeitoun by Turks. Semi-official advices from Zeitoun say the Armenians lost 2,500 killed during the engagement and that 250 Turks were killed.

The narrow pass between the hills leading out of Zeitoun is said to be crowded with Armenians, men, women and children, and it is feared they will be massacred.

The ambassadors of Great Britain, France, Russia, Germany, Italy and Austria sent their dragomans to the palace today to make representations with a view of preventing the Armenians from being massacred.

The financial situation continues very bad.

Hearst Will Push His Libel Suit.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 27.—Dr. J. C. Hearne, who was recently acquitted at Bowling Green, of the charge of murdering Millionaire Amos J. Stillwell, passed through here this morning accompanied by his family, en route to California. To a local reporter Dr. Hearne said he would push his libel suit for $100,000 against the San Francisco Chronicle, and immediately take up the practice of medicine at San Diego.

Earthquake in Spain.

MADRID, Dec. 27.—An earthquake has been experienced in the district of Orense, Vigoa, Pueblo de Trives, Lugnatral and Valdorras, the province of Galicia. Several houses collapsed, but no deaths are reported.

The Furnessia Heard From.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The Anchor line steamer Furnessia arrived at Moville at 5:05 this morning. The Furnessia sailed on December 1 for Glasgow via Moville and was due to arrive at the latter port on Saturday or Sunday last.

CHICAGO SHAKING.

Four Tons of Giant Powder Accidentally Ignited.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—What appeared to be another earthquake shook Chicago at 4 o'clock this morning, and made the country tremble for miles around. The shock was caused by the explosion of four tons of giant powder, said to have been accidentally ignited near the little town of Romeo on the drainage canal in course of construction. Throughout an area of about fifty miles square the shock was felt.

No one was killed by the explosion. Probably a million people were awakened by the shock.

Drowned During the Storm.

DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 27.—A letter to George Cummings, superintendent of Hamblett's celebrated sheep ranch, in Hartley county, says five Mexican herders and a woman and a girl were drowned in the Canoba river on Tuesday night during the great storm that swept over Canoba valley and a greater portion of west Texas.

Gold Shipments.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Baring, Magoun & Co. will ship $700,000 in gold tomorrow for the account of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boston.

Lazard Freres will ship $1,000,000 in gold bars. L. Von Hoffman & Co. expect to ship $500,000. Mueller, Schall & Co., Heidelbach & Co., and others probably will make shipments also. The estimated amount of gold shipments is between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000.

Earthquake in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Chicago went through with what is believed to be her second earthquake experience early this morning. Two distinct vibrations were felt. The first came at 4:08 o'clock and lasted about six seconds. Several minutes elapsed during which the startled night workers of the city and several thousand citizens who had been awakened wondered what had happened. Then followed the second vibration which was less distinct than the first.

Everybody who felt the shock thought there had been a severe explosion.

Highwaymen Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 27. — Two highwaymen who held up a mission street car Wednesday night and robbed Roscoe Clarke, an Englishman, of valuables, of $5,000, have been arrested. The conductor of a purse containing $600 which was found in the said near the Cliff house, had to be surrendered. The police turned the sack where it was found and then lay in wait with Winchesters for the bandits. After dark John Mullenneux and Harry Gardner approached the spot and were about to execute the ruse when they were arrested. Patrick Walsh, who is believed to be one of the robbers, was also arrested.

THE VENEZUELAN MATTER.

Robert T. Lincoln Looks for an Early Settlement of the Dispute.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Robert T. Lincoln, who has been served twice on the Venezuelan boundary commission, had not returned home last night, although it was reported that he had left New York twenty-four hours previously. In the absence of a definite utterance from Mr. Lincoln, a specially published interview with him will be found interesting and significant. In this he said:

"As Congress now has the matter in hand, we may look for the near future some action toward the settlement of the boundary question in Venezuela. I think it was in 1891, while I was minister to England, that the government asked me to act as intermediary in a boundary line dispute between England and Venezuela (not the dispute now spoken of). Dr. Pulido came from Venezuela to consult me and I acted as intermediary, as instructed, holding many audiences with the Marquis of Salisbury. The latter offered to arbitrate the question at that time, but the Venezuelan commissioner declined to accept any settlement other than a final one marked on his official chart. This broke off the diplomatic relations and ended my position in the matter. Dr. Pulido returned to Caracas, the Venezuelan minister to Great Britain was recalled and England acted likewise. While that ended the negotiations, England lost no time in reaching out for more extensive boundary lines. The boundary upon which I was asked to assist in making settlement by far to the east of the present alleged encroachment. In this section are said to be gold mines of great richness, so that an extensive field is offered to British enterprise.

"I believe in the Monroe doctrine in connection with the Venezuelan business, provided this government is prepared to enforce it."

Severe Storm in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The storm last night was the most severe the vicinity has experienced since the weather bureau was established. At 2 o'clock the velocity of the wind was eighty miles an hour, five miles higher than the highest record of this city.

At Long Branch the maximum velocity of the wind during the night was seventy-two miles an hour.

CAR SHEDS BLOWN DOWN.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 27.—The storm in this city last night was very severe. The car shops of the Pennsylvania Railway in Bavaria were blown down and many cars wrecked. It is estimated that the damage will amount to $20,000.

CORBETT'S CONDITION.

The Big Fellow Said to be Almost a Wreck.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—A special to the Times-Herald from New York says: Among sporting men here the report is current that James J. Corbett, the erstwhile champion pugilist, has good reason for quitting the prize ring. It is said that he is physically unable to stand a severe course of training and that should he persist the ring he would be a mark for any first class heavy weight. According to a friend of Corbett the big fellow is going the same road traveled by Jack Dempsey. The first to recognize the trouble in Dempsey's case was "Billy" Brady, who is now on his way to Australia. Brady, it said, knew that Corbett's method of life was the cause of his trouble and at least a year ago warned him that a physical as well as a mental collapse would be inevitable if he did not turn squarely about. Letters in which Corbett acknowledged his mistakes are said to be in existence. In them he promised to reform, but if the reports of his present condition are true he certainly has failed to make good his promise.

WILL BE A QUIET AFFAIR.

Wedding Between Wm. Waldorf Astor and Lady Churchill.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—On good authority it is announced that an engagement of marriage will be made between William Waldorf Astor and Lady Randolph Churchill. It is said the wedding will, in all probability, be a quiet affair and will be celebrated in London next autumn.

A report that the eminent representatives of American society abroad would come to this city to be married, is denied by an intimate friend of the Astor family. This gentleman said: "William Waldorf Astor has given up all idea of ever again making his home in America. He dislikes this country and has few ties to bring him here. Of his reported engagement with Lady Churchill, I can only say that Mr. Astor has kept his own counsel, and if he contemplates marriage he has told no one here. He does admire Lady Churchill very much, and should they marry it would increase the popularity of the American colony in London."

A gentleman who met the son of Lady Churchill in Europe a couple of years ago and who entertained the young man in this city a few weeks ago upon his return from Cuba, says Young Churchill declared to him that there was a probability of his mother marrying, but he did not mention the name of Mr. Astor in this connection.

Hutchinson Sick.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—B. P. Hutchinson, doubtless the most widely known veteran of the Chicago wheat pit, is seriously, if not critically, ill at the home of his son-in-law, E. A. Lancaster. Late last night, his physician, Dr. Gibson, said that the patient had rallied somewhat and was in no immediate danger.

Mr. Hutchinson's health has not been good of late. News of his illness was received on the board of trade building with many expressions of regret and hopes for his speedy recovery.

A PITCHED BATTLE.

Hungarians and Negroes Engage in Mortal Combat.

HUNDREDS OF SHOTS FIRED.

A Feud of Many Months' Standing Between the Two Races Reaches a Climax.

DUNBAR, PA., Dec. 27.—The Hungarian and negro employes of the Morrell coal works had an actual battle last night, in which one Hungarian was fatally wounded, eight Hungarians seriously injured and six negroes badly wounded. There has been a feud for many months between the two races and yesterday the colored men, mostly armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers, attacked the Hungarian settlement. They began by firing into a shanty where some Hungarians were at supper, shooting one man in the back. The negroes took their station behind a fence on the township road, and the Hungarians posted themselves near the company houses. Hundreds of shots were fired. After the ammunition was exhausted the fight was continued in a hand-to-hand fashion. Seven negroes were captured last evening.

Entire Family Murdered.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 27.—A special from Spokane, Wash., says:

Mrs. Susie Hess, of Pueblo, Colo., arrived in this city last night and today made known to the authorities her belief that her father, mother, sister and brother have been murdered. Mrs. Hess's husband died recently and her parents, who resided at Edmonds, wrote her to come and live with them.

Two weeks ago she arrived unexpectedly at Edmonds only to find that her father and son had left the town, and with his family had started across the country, to Lewiston, Idaho. She went to that place, but found no trace of her relatives, except that their goods had arrived. She then returned to Edmonds, and engaging a guide, started out on the trail of her parents. She readily traced them as far as the foothills of the Cascade range, when all trace of them disappeared. For days she continued the search, but without avail. She finally came to this city to enlist the aid of the authorities in the search. The neighborhood in which the family disappeared is a rendezvous for cattle rustlers, and as her father, P. Donnelly, was known to have had considerable money with him it is the impression that the entire family has been murdered.

Receivers Resign.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 26.—It is learned here tonight on unquoted authority that Albert F. Walker and John J. McCook, receivers of the Atlanta and Pacific railway, have resigned. Their resignations were handed in soon after the sale of the Atchison at Topeka on December 10th, but the fact had not until now been made public. Three resignations do not affect their control of the St. Louis & San Francisco road, which is still in the hands of the United States courts.

Dr. West Acquitted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 26.—Final testimony in the trial of Dr. Eugene P. West, for the murder of Addie Gilmour, was given today, the defendant taking the stand in his own behalf. He tried to throw the responsibility for the death of Addie Gilmour, who died from the effects of a criminal operation, upon two other physicians, Dr. W. A. Harvey and Dr. A. S. Tubbs. Westcott Harvey met the girl to him after the operation had been performed, and that Tubbs had begged the body for scientific purposes, afterwards telling witness he had dismembered it and thrown it in the bay. The case was submitted to the jury without argument, and a verdict of not guilty was returned.

To Try Captain Healy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—A board was appointed today for the trial of Captain M. A. Healy, commanding in command of the revenue cutter Bear of the Bering sea patrol fleet, on charges of drunkenness and conduct unbecoming an officer in the revenue cutter service, one, which were preferred against him by officers of the fleet. The board will convene in San Francisco Jan. 10, 1896.

The Week's Milling News.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Dec. 27.—The Northwestern Miller gives the following summary of the week's news:

The four mills at three points last week with comparisons was—

	Dec. 23, 1895.	Dec. 25, 1894.
Minneapolis	176,715	1,000
Superior (north)	10,000	3,000
Minneapolis	35,000	35,000
Totals	221,715	39,000

On the Charge of Murder.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Dec. 27.—S. H. Dawson has been bound over in the grand jury without bail on the charge of murdering his son-in-law, Walter Scott, Christmas eve. He claims that his mind has been a blank since Oct. 9, when, in the most sanguinary manner, he killed and his daughter, husband arose, and at which time he got up from a sick bed to prosecute the young man he afterward killed. He denies all knowledge of shooting Scott. The coroner's jury has found that Scott came to his death at the hands of Dawson and that the killing was premeditated.

Money for Strikers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The executive committee of the brotherhood of tailors has appropriated $1,000 of the funds of the union for the purpose of opening shops for the employees of contractors supplied by Fechheimer, Fenoel & Co., in case the contractors fail to come to terms on Monday and return to the terms of the agreement. This decision was reached after a rather stormy meeting in Fechheimer, Fechel & Co.'s office, at which there were present Mr. Fechheimer, the contractors who remain obdurate, a number of their employees and the executive committee of the brotherhood of tailors. Mr. Fechheimer gave the contractors till Monday to surrender. If they remain obdurate, he will case his work away from them.

The executive committee held a meeting in New Washington and came to the conclusion that they might as well spend $1,000 in opening shops for the idle tailors as spend the same amount of money in keeping them. The plan was ratified at a meeting of all the locked out tailors last night.

Entered by Burglars.

MAHANOY CITY, N. Y., Dec. 27.—The office of Thomas F. Grant, superintendent of the Northern Pacific collieries at Gowen, was entered by burglars while the officials were away at early mass. Silverware, valued at several thousand dollars was stolen, including many heirlooms.

No War on the Stage.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Olympia, the largest place of public entertainment in England, opened last night with a military spectacle which includes a friendly meeting between American and English officers and the sailors of the combined flags of the two nations were among the exhibitions of friendly international feeling.

SERIOUS OFFENSE ALLEGED.

H. A. Fyler and Mrs. B. A. McKeen Charged With Violating the Code of Morality.

An arrest, which was the cause of no little sensation was made late yesterday afternoon, and a few minutes afterwards Mr. H. A. Fyler, manager and member of the Walker Brothers & Fyler company, was taken before Commissioner Morrie Sommer, charged with adultery, his alleged paramour in crime being Mrs. B. A. McKeen, a milliner in his employ. The parties pleaded not guilty, and their bonds placed at $500 each, which were promptly furnished, L. W. Dillman and M. S. Maloney acting as sureties.

The arrest was made at the instigation of Justice Adams, of the Dooly building, who claims that for some time past Fyler has been paying visits at unusually hours to room 320, which is occupied by the woman connected with the case. Complaints were made to him by people occupying adjacent rooms, and Mrs. McKeen was informed that she would either have to vacate her apartments or put a stop to Fyler's visits. She at first agreed to move out, but afterwards changed her mind, by promising to discontinue the visits of Fyler at such unseasonable hours. The usual routine continued, however, and on Monday last warrants were issued by the hands of Deputy Marshals Timmony and Goldbrunner, who, late yesterday afternoon, made the arrest.

Douglas Mining and Milling Co.

The Douglas Mining and Milling company has filed articles of incorporation with the county clerk. The company owns property in Camp Floyd district and has a capitalization at $1,000,000, with shares valued at $1 each. The incorporators are C. H. Griffin, who is president of the company, J. H. Riley, who is vice president, William Keyling, who is secretary and treasurer, and C. L. Gibson and J. Brinker, all of whom form the directorate and are residents of this city.

THE KING JAMES.

The King James Mining company is the name given to a corporation organized yesterday under the laws of the Territory. The parties to the agreement are George and Susan J. Naylor of Springville, and Gustave Johnson, Clara Johnson and Charles R. Felt of this city. The capital stock of the company is $500,000 divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of $5 each, of which George and Susan J. Naylor hold 57,500 each, G. Johnson 22,500 and Clara Johnson and C. R. Felt 1,250. George Naylor is president, Gustave Johnson vice-president and Charles R. Felt secretary and treasurer.

JANUARY FORECAST.

What Kind of Weather May Be Expected Judging From Twenty Years' Observation.

The chief of the weather bureau directs the publication of the following data, compiled from the record of observations for the month of January, taken at this station for a period of twenty-one years.

It is believed that the facts thus set forth will prove of interest to the public, as well as the special student, showing as they do the average and extreme conditions of the more important meteorological elements and the range within which such variations may be expected to keep during any corresponding month.

TEMPERATURE.

Mean or normal temperature, 28 deg.

The warmest January was that of 1887, with an average of 33 deg.

The coldest January was that of 1889, with an average of 21 deg.

The highest temperature during any January was 54 deg. on 24th and 25th, 1879.

The lowest temperature during any January was 20 deg. below zero on 20th, 1888.

Average date on which first "killing" frost occurred (in autumn), Oct. 12th.

Average date on which last "killing" frost occurred (in spring), April 8th.

PRECIPITATION (rain and melted snow).

Average for the month, 1.45 inches.

Average number of days with .01 or an inch or more, 11.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 5.07 inches in 1890.

The least monthly precipitation was .29 inches in 1893.

The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 2.02 inches on January 4, 1888.

The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in 24 consecutive hours (record extended to winter of 1884-5 only) was 8 inches on January 14, 1890.

CLOUDS AND WEATHER.

Average number of cloudiness days, 9.

Average number of partly cloudy days, 11.

Average number of cloudy days, 11.

WIND.

The prevailing winds have been from the southeast.

The highest velocity of the wind during any January was 48 miles on January 20, 1879.

J. H. SMITH,
Observer, Weather Bureau.

The Choir's Western Trip.

Wednesday's San Francisco Chronicle has the following concerning the intended trip of the Tabernacle choir to the California metropolis:

"The members of the Tabernacle chorus at Salt Lake City are preparing for a visit to California. It is expected that from 250 to 300 of their number will come if satisfactory rates can be obtained from the railroad. In order to pay their expenses, concerts will be given at Sacramento and San Francisco, and possibly in Oakland or San Jose.

"The Tabernacle chorus numbers 500 voices, and, in addition to being the largest, is the best trained chorus in the United States. Its force is in atmosphere, but it also possesses a large number of volume and instrumentalists. These choruses are accompanied at Salt Lake by the great organ of the Tabernacle and by orchestra, and the rendition of sacred music on Sunday afternoons is one of the great pleasures of a visit to the Mormon capital."

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

In Marmion Mr. Percy Sage has added another classic play to the legitimate drama, in the form of an adaptation of Sir Walter Scott's famous poem. It is no easy task to satisfy a highly cultivated public taste in this line of amusement, but the author of Marmion has solved his problem remarkably well. He has succeeded in bringing forth a production that commands the interest of the audience from first to last, because in the dramatization the very soul of the historical poem seems to be embodied and made visible.

The play was well staged and in able hands. Some stage features were introduced, notably the tableau depicting Marmion's stream, that heightened the interest.

Louis James as the unscrupulous, morally weak, but physically strong Marmion, is the center of figure. His fine physique and voice are material aids to an masterly acting in presenting a finished interpretation. Mr. Guy Lindsay as De Wilton had few opportunities of showing his capabilities. Mr. Cook as the Minstrel received a share of the applause for his musical singing. Mr. Harris as James IV, together with Mr. Harrison as the Scotch innkeeper, showed up well. Miss Anna Kruger as Constance looked pretty in her page's costume. Her acting, especially in the fourth act when she is about to be consigned to a living tomb, stamped her as an actress destined to make a name for herself among the few exponents of classic drama. Miss Hendricks made a fascinating Jamie, the innkeeper's daughter being gracefully adapted to her style. The remainder of the cast were up to the standard required by the play.

A big house witnessed Marmion, which was played here last night for the first time. The American sentiment present was evident judging from the tumultuous applause that greeted the Scottish king's denunciation of England as an arrogant nation.

Louis James closes tonight with his interpretation of Hamlet, the melancholy Dane, which terminates his successful engagement.

The advance sale for the engagement of Thomas Keene on Monday and Tuesday next opened this morning at the Theater. On Monday Mr. Keene will play Louis XI and on Tuesday Richard III.

At the Grand Melene and at the Lyceum Forgiven are played tonight and tomorrow matinee and evening.

The Eleventh Ward Amusement company of home people gave the Woodman Hall and Dance on Eighth Street to a fair audience last night and did very well, though a little more stage rehearsing would have improved their playing considerably. The same pieces go again tonight.

Manager Rogers of the Grand Opera House emphatically denies the rumor that he has engaged Mr. Harry Corson Clarke to play in the Amazons next week. He, however, hinted that possibly he might engage him for some future production.

According to Messrs. Maltese and Pyper, the names of the Lyceum, these gentlemen engaged Mr. Clarke to play comedy. On his arrival there he found that David Garrick was to be the bill for next week, "and he looked like another play, Mr. Awful Dee." An agreement on this matter not being obtained, Mr. Clarke removed his effects from the Lyceum, and there is where the matter stands at present.

A. O. U. W. Excursion.

An excursion from this city to Provo is announced over the Union Pacific by the A. O. U. W. for New Years' day. The fare for the round trip is $1.25. Tickets will be good returning until January 2.

Licensed to Marry.

Clerk Stenton issued a marriage license this afternoon to Horace G. Tanner, aged 23, of South Cottonwood, and Mattie Knudsen, aged 19, of Big Cottonwood.

A GASOLINE VICTIM.

Thrilling Glove Cleaning Experience of Miss Amelia Cummings.

PAINFUL AND SERIOUS BURNS.

A Narrow Escape from Death—Remarkable Presence of Mind—Fire Department Called Out.

Miss Amelia Cummings, the 15-year-old daughter of M. E. Cummings, the ex-cashier of the Utah Commercial and Savings bank, had a painful and thrilling gasoline glove cleaning experience last evening that she will remember for the remainder of her life and one that came near causing her death.

The particulars are as follows: During the cleaning process the gloves were thoroughly saturated and did not dry quite fast enough to suit the young lady so she lighted the parlor lamp and held them above the flame entirely unconscious of the risk she was running. This act was instantly followed by the igniting of the gloves and simultaneously she found her hands and arms in a blaze on account of the pores of the skin having absorbed a considerable quantity of the inflammable fluid. Her parents were away from home and there was no assistance at hand beyond what the children could give and the first thing they did, excepting the baby, which clung tenaciously and screamingly to Miss Cummings's dress, was to give the alarm to the neighbors. Mrs. Dunbar was the first to respond and she discovered, as did others who came in immediately after her, Miss Cummings holding her arms far above her head like two flaming torches in order to prevent the fire from being communicated to her clothing.

Considerable difficulty was encountered in extinguishing the flames, as they had turned to vapor so to make Miss Cummings wild with pain. Dr. T. B. Beatie was speedily summoned and found her suffering as intensely as to necessitate the administration to anesthetics under the influence of which she was kept during the night. The doctor said this afternoon, however, that she was feeling easier today, and that no expectation of serious permanent injuries to result. The victim's sister, by the way, was indeed very narrow and nothing but the remarkable presence of mind she exhibited in holding her arms in the air saved her from being burned to death.

During the excitement it was believed the house was on fire and an alarm was sent in from Judge Boyd's residence next door, to station No. 1, and the department responded in the same as a rattling fire, but their services were not required.

AN OPEN-AIR ESCAPE.

Frank Stevens Breaks Away from the Chain-Gang.

Frank Stevens, who last Saturday was sentenced by Judge Smith to fifty days' imprisonment in the city jail for the petit larceny of a quantity of wire, was engaged with the chain-gang in picking his way on Capitol hill yesterday afternoon, when suddenly and unexpectedly, he scaled the forty peaks, as it were, and made a bold, successful dash for liberty. His actions were quickly noticed by Guard McQuarry, who tried also to scale the slippery hillsides, but his attempt was futile, as he had no sooner neared the summit than down he came to the bottom in toboggan slide fashion.

This gave Stevens an opportunity that was not to be neglected, and mustering all his sprinting qualifications, he made through the brush as speedily as possible, taking time to touch only the high spots. Guard McQuarry gave chase, and following his man down through the public thoroughfares to Second West, when all trace of the fugitive from justice was lost.

No regrets for his escape are offered at the police station, it being looked upon as a boon to the department and the citizens in general, that he has fled from within their reach. He has been a menace to the city for some time past, and follows the occupation of a sneak thief, for which offenses he has been committed to jail many times.

HOW TO INSURE LONGEVITY.

MARRIAGE THE PRESCRIPTION OF A DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIAN.

Some curious figures have lately been made public by a celebrated Berlin physician, which seem to point to the fact that if a man wants to live long and preserve his health and strength he ought to marry. Among unmarried men between the ages of 30 and 45 the death rate is 27 per cent. Among married men between the same ages it is only 15 per cent. For forty-one bachelors who live to be 40 years of age, seventy-eight married men triumphantly arrive at the same period.

The difference gets all the more marked as time goes on. At 60 years of age there are only twenty-two bachelors to forty-eight married men; at 70 there are eleven bachelors to twenty-seven who were married, and at that time they reached 90 the married men were three to one, for there are nine of them to every three bachelors.

And yet in the face of facts like these, we still find men daring to remain single. It really is as much as their lives are worth, if they only come to think of it. Men may talk of their lives being shortened by domestic worries and anxieties and cares. That is all rubbish. Statistics must tell the truth, and these statistics of the Berlin doctor say that the man who is a bachelor stands in far greater risk of a shortened span.—Spare Moments.