

Times and *Montgomery Advertiser* commend the attitude of the *World* and urge Hancock.

The *Charleston News and Courier* says: Tilden is the only democratic candidate who could be placed in the field for whom the south would not be substantially solid. It is just as well for our friends of the north to look facts in the face. The bulk of the southern democrats would of course vote for anybody who might be placed at the head of the national party ticket in 1880, even Ben. Butler himself, spoons and all, but there is a democratic element at the south that can never again be brought to the polls in the support of Tilden.

A dispatch has been received here from Havana, to the effect that the slaves of Cienfuegos and Cinco Villas, Cuba, have risen in rebellion against the Spaniards, and have joined the patriots, taking with them a large proportion of their master's cattle.

There is great indignation in Cuba over the massacre of about 17 officers who served in the last Cuba revolution, on the patriot side, but have of late been residing in different places, and following their avocations. From their past records they were suspected of being in sympathy with the present revolution. Some were killed in their homes, before their wives' and children's eyes, by the Spanish troops, and others were taken into the woods and slaughtered. The Captain-General is causing an investigation, and has cited the governors of Coleen, Cienfuegos and Malonga to appear before him to explain the cause of these butcheries.

MILWAUKEE, 19.—Hon. James G. Jenkins, of Milwaukee, was nominated to-day by the democratic State central committee for governor, in place of Alexander Mitchell, who declined. Mr. Jenkins, who is a prominent lawyer and politician, has accepted the nomination.

WASHINGTON, 19.—The ordnance department has telegraphed the commandant of the arsenal at Fort Union, New Mexico, to issue arms and ammunition to Gov. Wallace, not to exceed 300 rifles and one million rounds of cartridges.

The following dispatch is from Col. Hatch, at Santa Fe, New Mexico:

I have just received the following from McEvers, near Hillsboro. We have had a five hours' fight with all of one hundred Indians. We have 10 killed and several wounded. All our stock is gone. I have sent every available soldier out with Dawson and Day. I hear that Beyer, Hugo and Lt. Wright are all in the vicinity and should be able shortly to overtake the Indians.

MEMPHIS, 19.—Not a single new case has yet been reported to the board of health to-day. Three deaths have occurred since last evening.

1 p.m.—Eight new cases have been reported to the board of health.

New York, 19.—Longstaff, President of the Howard Association, said, yesterday, in his appeal to the merchants here for aid in his Memphis work, \$100,000 will be required for provisioning the camps until frost comes, which probably will be in November. The Howards require about \$60,000 for their work until that time.

Lebanon, N. H., 19.—Intense excitement prevails here over a case of yellow fever. Arthur H. Gray is the victim. He returned on Thursday from a sea voyage.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 17.—A sergeant, with some more of the escort of the British residency, has arrived at Ali Kheyli.

The military authorities have received information tending to show that the frontier tribes have partially interrupted communication between Khyber Pass and Cabul.

Khurshi, about 40 miles from Cabul, will be reached by the British in a few days and be converted into a rallying point for all the chiefs who may elect to join the British.

The Indian officials telegraph further details of the attack on the British residency at Cabul. It is related by the trooper who escaped that when the mutinied troops were making the outcry for their pay, a soldier shouted, "Let us kill the envoy and then the Ameer." The mutineers then rushed upon the embassy and stoned some of the servants. The troops composing the escort of the embassy fired up-

on the mutineers without orders from the British officers. The mutineers then went for their weapons. They were absent about a quarter of an hour, during which time the British officers might have escaped. The residency was defended from windows and from a trench made on the outside, with a mud roof. A letter sent by the escaped trooper was from Lieut. Hamilton, promising the mutineers six months' pay. It was sent at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the mutineers were already on the roof of the residency, which was just being set on fire. The bearer of the letter was thrown from the roof and made insensible. When he recovered he was brought before Gen. Kheirim Khan, commander of the mutineers' brigade, who said he was powerless against the mutineers, and ordered the trooper to be imprisoned. On revisiting the residency, the escaped trooper saw the bodies of Lieut. Hamilton and Jenkins stripped and cut to pieces.

The Governor of Jellalabad is organizing resistance to the British.

A strong force of Afghans has been sent to Kushi to check the British cavalry advance in that direction.

The new ironclad turret ram, *Agamemnon*, carrying four 38-ton guns, and 8,492 tons burthen, with engines 6,000 horse power, was successfully launched to-day.

Cross, the Home Secretary, in answer to a letter recently received from the Mayor of Middlesborough, asking for government assistance on account of the distress occasioned by the depression of trade, has written that gentleman regretting he has at present no funds for that purpose, but saying that he will lay the letter before Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Numerous sensational reports of an attempt on the life of the Sultan are current. On Wednesday a man, believed to be insane, tried to force his way into the garden of the palace, and wounded three soldiers. He was seriously wounded himself in the struggle.

The *Novoye Vremya* announces that the Minister of War is considering the subject of the colonization of the Chinese frontier by Siberian Cossacks.

The Berlin *Tribune* says: At a visit of Bismarck to Vienna, Germany and Austria will conclude an agreement mutually guaranteeing each other's territory.

The operatives at Leigh have struck against the five per cent. reduction of wages, and the masters threaten to close the mills, alleging they can buy goods cheaper than they can produce them. The masters at Ashton refused an interview to the operatives. The self-actor winders are the main strength of the strike, and would resume work if notices of reduction of wages were withdrawn, if only for a month, the question of reduction to be then discussed if trade had not meanwhile improved.

Gen. Skobeloff will command the expedition against the Turcomans instead of Gen. Tergukasoff.

The Czar is in perfect health.

A correspondent at Blackburn says: One of the largest firms of agents in Lancashire have taken, the past fortnight, more orders for American cloth for India, than they have received, during the same period, for all the English firms which they represent.

The Sovereign mills, at Preston, have closed for an indefinite period, the hands refusing to return to work. Several Preston mill owners announced their intention to close the mills the next three months.

Prince Lobanoff has gone to Alta by the Czar's orders. He will have an important mission to the Porte. It is rumored in Vienna that he has succeeded Gortschakoff.

A Constantinople dispatch says: Russia has directed the attention of the Powers to the recent conflict between the Mussulmans and Christians in Eastern Roumelia. She blames the Porte for sending back refugees to their homes in a destitute condition, and points out that if further disturbance should occur, the Porte would sacrifice the right of sending Turkish troops into Eastern Roumelia.

Stringent rules are published to be observed by the university where lectures have just begun. The students are forbidden to belong to societies of any kind or to hold meetings or complain or orally disapprove of existing relations.

King John, of Abyssinia, writes: that he has written to Queen Victoria complaining that the outlets from his territory are closed by the

Egyptians. He says General Kirkham, an English general in his service, was poisoned at Massowh, on his way to England with letters to the Queen.

MONTREAL, 17.—A severe hurricane passed over the city to-day. A large freight shed on the wharf, belonging to the Allen Steamship Line, was lifted bodily, and in its descent was completely wrecked. Of 20 men in the building, all escaped, but two were badly bruised.

HALIFAX, 17.—The race between Smith and Morris, 1½ miles and turn, was rowed this afternoon in the presence of 5,000 spectators. The water had a slight ripple, but was in good condition. Morris won the toss and took the inside course. At 6.10½ the word "Go" was given. Morris took the water first and led the first half mile, then both spurred. Smith gained; and, turning the stake boat a few seconds ahead, led all the way down and won by two lengths; time, about 21.35.

LONDON, 18.—The cotton operatives of Bedford New Mill, at Leigh, yesterday struck against the five per cent. reduction in their wages. The masters threaten to close the mills, which are extensive, alleging that they can buy goods cheaper than they can produce them.

Sir Garnet Wolseley telegraphed from South Africa that all the important Zulu chiefs have now submitted to the British authorities.

Notwithstanding the Ameer's protestations, Gen. Stewart has, in accordance with instructions from the Viceroy, despatched a division of troops, with heavy artillery, from Candahar, in the direction of Ghuzni, to maintain order in that part of the country.

The bodies of three native officers of the guards, which were erroneously reported to have been burned near the British residency at Cabul, have been recovered and buried.

Sir George Macpherson Grant, Liberal, has been elected to Parliament from Elgin and Nairnshire.

All the important military positions of Noyi Bazaar will be jointly occupied by Austrian and Turkish troops.

A great fire broke out on Tuesday last in Ekartina, south Russia, near Dnieper. The fire originated in the most populous quarter of the town. The damage is immense.

LONDON, 18.—A dispatch from Candahar says that General Hughes' brigade has been ordered to Khelat Ghiza.

The regiments at Herat mutinied on the 5th inst., and murdered the commander.

The South African cable has been completed between Natal and Mosambique. The section from Mosambique to Zanzibar will be laid by the 20th inst., which will place South Africa within communication with England.

A Vienna correspondent reports that in consequence of a bad harvest and the numerous floods, the distress in parts of Hungary threatens to become appalling during the coming winter.

The *Times* says: The Banat district is threatened with famine and some families are preparing to emigrate to Servia.

The labor troubles are increasing. The Bedford new mill at Leigh being closed, the old mill operatives are rendered idle. The Preston Spinning and Manufacturing Co., running 45,000 spindles and 750 looms, have commenced to run on the short time system. There is not the least indication of the settlement of the present strike at Mosley. The number of strikers is increasing daily, and by the end of this week it is expected that, with two exceptions, every mill in the district will be closed. The operative spinners of Hyde will meet shortly to discuss the question of a reduction of wages and to decide whether there shall be a stoppage of mills throughout the whole district.

Quite a panic has been created in Glossop by the announcement that Summer's mills, employing 3,000 hands will shortly be closed. The Wood Bros. mill, employing an equal number of hands is about to start running on short time. As Glossop is entirely dependent on the cotton trade all classes of the community express grave concern regarding the condition of affairs.

A dispatch from Capetown, Sept. 2, says: When Cetewayo was captured, he was utterly prostrated. The king was taken to Ulundi. During the march, 11 of his followers tried to escape and six were successful; the other five were shot.

The king will be taken to Maritzburg and from there to Greytown.

LONDON, 19.—In the Central Criminal Court, the trial of the American charged with forgery, was concluded yesterday. Bangham was acquitted. Fortesque was convicted and sentenced to ten years' penal servitude.

A dispatch from Pesth reports that the army now occupying Novi Bazar will be reduced to 8,000 men in November.

An iron shield has been successfully secured over the fracture in the side of the sunken ironclad *Grosser Kurfurst*, and there is now every probability of raising her.

Details of the capture of King Cetewayo show that while the King was being watched on one side by Lord Gifford and some scouts, Major Marter, with a detachment of the first dragoons, approached him from the other. Lord Gifford, whose presence was unknown to the King, intended to defer his attack until nightfall, so as to prevent the King from escaping in the dense bush. Cetewayo had caught a glimpse of the dragoons, but thought that in consequence of the bad condition of the ground, they could not approach quietly. Major Marter, however, directed the removal of all noisy accoutrements, and sent the native contingent ahead. These surrounded the kraal where the King had taken refuge, and Major Marter then rode up and called to Cetewayo to come out of his hut. The King, after some parley, complied. He preserved a dignified demeanor, and asked to be shot.

A dispatch dated Capetown Sep. 2, says: Operations against the chief Secocoeni will be resumed. Sir Garnet Wolseley goes to the Transvaal on the 15th inst., when all the troops will be withdrawn from Zululand, except a small column engaged in pacifying the northwest. No residents remain in north and south Zululand.

The Viceroy of India telegraphs as follows: I have notified the Ameer of Afghanistan that a strong British force will march speedily on Cabul, to his relief, and that he must use all his resources to co-operate and facilitate their march through his country.

The Ameer has replied, as follows, to the Viceroy's notification: I have already written to say that for the past eight days I have preserved myself and family by the good offices of those who were friendly to me, and also partly by the British and partly by deceiving the rebels. Certain persons of high positions in these provinces have become rebellious. I am watching every quarter carefully. I trust to God for an opportunity of showing my sincere friendship for the British government and of securing my good name before the world.

LIST OF PASSENGERS

Per steamer "Wyoming," sailing from Liverpool, Sept. 6, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY.

William, Sarah, Elizabeth, Mary E. and Christopher Graham; Francis Robinson; Geo. Johnson; Thos. Mills; Daisy Carrington; Andrew, Margaret and John Naismith; David McGimpsey; Duncan and Jas. McLeod; Elizabeth R. Jackson; Annie, John and Mary J. McKenzie; Jennie Hood; Thomas Benson; Lorenzo Simpson; Washington McClelland; Sarah A. Broadbent; John C. Schofield; Frederick, Charles, Margaret A., Fred, Jr., Edward, Mary Ellen and John W. Bentley; Thomas Knowles; Thos. Cooper; Elizabeth, Catherine and Ellen Underwood; Thos. and Eliza Teakle; Frederick, Eliza and Frederick Welby; Hannah Millington; Raymond Jeffs; Geo. Burch; James King; John Proctor; Joseph, Esther, Sarah and Harriet Smith; Thomas Breeze; Eliza, Harmer; George Groves; Mary Daniels; John and Matilda Clippis; Emily Wilgate; Wm. Maynard; Wm. Mills; Mary Ann Ford; James, James, Jr. and Stephen Hope; Mary Ann Jones.

FOR OGDEN.

Wm. Salina, Potherina T. Joseph, George, Lucy, M. Rose, John, Fred F. Harriet, Salina, and Lizzie Greenwell; Elizabeth Jessop; Jane and Emily Bull; John, Ann, Edward, Ann and Moses Simpson; John, Mary Ann, John, Jr. and Silas Brown; Emma, Alice and Mabel, Baugard; Geo. Sarah E. Mary A. Hannah, Mark and Amy Haywood; Her Ter Marie T. H. T. Marie T. and Gertrude Bugger;

Hugh Hendry; Robert, Agnes, R. S., James L., Agnes B., and Mary McLochlon; Hugh, Isabella, and Margaret Simpson; Benjamin, Hannah, Abigail, Julia, and Walter Hays; Charles, Drucilla, Charles, Jr., and John Robinson; Samuel and Ann Fowler; Isabella, Mary, and John Simpson; Hezekiah Turner; Alfred and Ellen Swift; Thos. S. Pritchard; Charles Kingston; George, Priscilla, Mary, and Ellen Goodyear; Wm., Ellen, Wm., Alfred, Louisa, Eliza and Joseph Groom; Kalet, Charlotte, Kalet Jr., Charlotte Jr., Elijah and Annie E. Orton; Amelia Smith; Sarah Thomas; Ann, Sylvanus, Samuel, Edwin and Frederick Tout; Evan, Margaret, David J., Susan, Evan Jr., Margaret, and Mary J., infant, Thomas; George Ayres.

PROVO.

Hiram, Mary, Jessie and Agnes Adamson.

LOGAN.

Joseph Albiston; Eliza and Anna Richards; Wm., Alice, Elizabeth, George, Emma, Jison and Willie Newbold.

YORK.

Edwin and John Tinsley; Susanah and Eliza Barnes.

Scandinavians.

SALT LAKE CITY.

Lars, Johanna, Anna and Alfred Person; Elna Jacobsen; Christina Berlin; Ane and Flora Christensen; Jensine and Niels Chr. Nielsen; Lina, Anna and Axel Joensen; Nils P. Petersson; Mothilda Gustafsdotter; Charlotte Olson; Otto Christiansen; Korin M. Petersen; C. E. and O. Larsen; Ole P. B. Petersen; Emma Christian, sen.; Mathilda and Octavia Jensen; Maria Anderson; Julia A. D. Hansen; Anne C. Jensen; Wilhelmine Petersen; Hans Gregersen; Hans Gregersen; Morten, Barbara, Pehr, John, Martha, Paulus and Carl Dronvall; Martha Johnson; Lars Agren; C. J. Larsen; Edia, Axel, Anna and Carl W. Agren; Erik Molmlund; Cristine and Ida Oleson; Anne and John Bjorkman; John Lingren; Emma and Alfred Anderson; Kristine and Sorebline Hansen; Hans and Mette Christoffersen; Peder Andersen; Morten Jonsson.

OGDEN.

Ulukka Paulson; Karna Hanson; Eliza and Christian Anderson; Anna Sorenson; Maria Nielsen; Ingvald, Larson, Laura and Mathilda Nickleby; Gund Olson; Oscar Larsson; Karoline Wetterlin; Ida Zaknison; Kristine Petterson; E. Wilfores; Julia Jensen; Peter Jensen; Peter and Laurine Lauritzen; Inger M. Enksen; Nils and Hanne Pedersen; Stine Nielsen; Anne Jensen; Anna P. Larsen; Augusta Lundahl; Maria Lindal; Anna and Wilhelmina Johnson; Gjertrid Madsen.

YORK.

Martha Sorenson; Maren Andersen; Anders Nilsson; Helmine Olson; Wilh., Oluf and Helmine Frederiksen; Marie Albertsen; Josephine Rask; Maren and Martine Andersen; Thoger, Jens and Paul Jensen; Peder Johansen; Sidse Larsen; Niels Skoo Madsen; Lauritz Lauritzen; Jacob Pedersen; Ane Christensen; Niels C. Knudsen.

PROVO CITY.

Oline Rasmussen.

LOGAN.

Ane and Mickel Mickelsen; Mary and Karen Larsen; Christine Nielsen; Christen Mortensen; Adolph Winberg; Sigfred Simonson.

NEW YORK.

Kjersti Alquist; Jens P. Larson; T. Thorgeson; Petronelle Gabrielsen; Sevine Nielsen.

FRANKLIN.

Gulbrand and Karen Holoorsen; Martha Pederborg.

BRIGHAM CITY.

Lars Hansen.

NEW YORK ONLY.

Annie, George, Francis B. and Emily M. Dearing; Margaret, Louise and Edith Saxton; Geo. Addy; Dinah Timbers; Grace Aquire.

Returning Elders.

N. C. Flygare, John Larsson, R. Nielsen, J. F. Olsson, N. P. Nielsen, Jens Hansen, G. Anderson, R. Dansie, Jonathan Midgley, Wm. Goodman, Thomas Child, Ralph Smith, Charles Monk, Wm. M. Fadden, Isaac Wardle.