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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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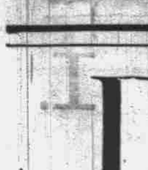

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XLIX CONGRESS.

Symes on Silver—Hale on Convict Labor.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 20.—On the opening of the Senate, to-day, Hale offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to forward the Senate, all papers in relation to the contract let to Brainard & Co., or to other parties, for work or any part of the same, of putting an additional story on the Peoria, Illinois, postoffice in 1885. Also, all the protests filed by the labor leagues in relation thereto. Also a copy of the protest filed by Messrs. Straub & Co., of Buffalo, New York, giving information that the work of said contract would be performed by convict labor, and that consequently the contractor who employed free labor could not afford to compete for the work. In offering the resolution Hale said he was not prepared to believe without further information that the Secretary of the Treasury would let any contract work be done on public buildings in such a way that the work would be performed by convict labor. He (Hale) had received information of such a character as made it desirable to ascertain the facts in the case set forth in his resolution. He did not believe the contracts for public work should be let to employers of convict labor when there was no lack of ordinary labor in the country. He did not believe free labor should be put in competition with convict labor. The resolution was agreed to.

A resolution was offered by Mitchell of Oregon, for reference to the committee on foreign affairs, and it was referred, calling on the Secretary of State for copies of all the correspondence between the United States Government since the promulgation of our treaty with China, having reference to the enforcement of the treaty provisions.

Morrill addressed the Senate on the silver question. He premised it with the remark that the elaborate speech of the senator from Kentucky (Beck) was designed to throw the burden of the rejoinder on the friends of the administration. Everybody is willing, nay, anxious, said the speaker, to keep as much silver in circulation as can be done, and to keep it at the same time at par with our gold coinage. The only hostility to silver arises from what seems to be the fixed and passionate purpose on the part of some of its advocates to promote such an excess of silver coinage as will drive gold out of the country and leave our vast trade and commerce based on silver only. In reaching this position of silver monometalism it is impossible to be blind to the ominous cautions of the circulating medium of the country that would at once occur, for when the moment arrives that gold commands a premium, it will all be held as a commodity for sale and not for circulation, a small, or five per cent premium, being as productive of universal hoarding as a 25 per cent. one and no possible advantage to our people could be expected from following the lame and feeble example of India or Mexico in utilizing the silver currency only. Morrill insisted that there was no war upon silver but that in substance and effect a declaration of war had been made on gold by the leader of the democratic party in the Senate. From the pleasure which the Senator from Kentucky had evinced in delivering in the Senate his antagonism to the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, it seemed to Morrill that the Senator had been laboring under the delusion that he was still laboring with lefthanded compliments, for the republican President and Secretary. His (Morrill's) conviction that the continued coinage of large amounts of silver would drive all the gold out of the country was based on the past experience of all civilized people, that inferior money never failed to expel the superior and on the fact that our own silver mines furnished more than one-half the annual silver yield of the world.

After the debate on silver, participated in by Morrill, Beck, Teller, McPherson and Maxey, all favoring free coinage except Morrill, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Thomas of Illinois, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill authorizing the President to retire Lieutenant W. B. Randall as Lieutenant Commander—private calendar.

Ballentine, from the same committee reported a bill authorizing the voluntary retirement of navy officers who have rendered conspicuous service in battle or who have served thirty years in the navy—House calendar.

After a long debate on the pension bill Morrison of Illinois moved that the House adjourn, but the House voted the motion down, and on motion of Matson it went into committee of the whole, the purpose being to continue the discussion of the pension bill.

The first bill on the calendar, however, was the Senate bill for the purchase of the old Produce Exchange in New York City and Mr. Symes, of Colorado, on receiving the recognition of the chair, stated that that was the precise bill he wished to talk about, and immediately proceeded to deliver a speech in opposition to the suspension of the silver dollar coinage. He ridiculed the assertion made by the President and the Secretary of the Treasury that the silver dollar could not be made to circulate, and declared that the coinage and legal tender laws had been willfully violated by the Executive officers of the government. Admitting, for the sake of argument, that the super-sensitive idea of the Secretary of the Treasury justified him in paying all the interest of the bonds in gold, what excuse was there for not paying out the silver dollar for a portion of the ordinary expenditures of the government? The interest on the public debt was about $4,000,000 a month, leaving $20,000,000 to be paid for ordinary expenses. The Secretary of the Treasury had stated that he was making every effort to put the silver dollar in circulation. Why, then, was not such an amount of silver paid out as would reduce the accumulation in the vaults? Would the poor pensioners or sailors or soldiers or Government clerks object to being paid in silver dollars or silver certificates? Not at all. Then it was a false pretence for the Secretary to say that he was making an unsuccessful attempt to put silver in circulation. The false outcry that the people would not receive the silver dollar was made for the purpose of deceiving the people. It was made in pursuance of a great conspiracy, formed of the bondholders, capitalists and mono-metallists of the money centers to demonetize one-half of the metal money of the world, and it was a matter of serious public concern that the highest officials of the Government were aiding this conspiracy by violating the plain letter and spirit of the law. In August last the Treasurer and his assistants and the mono-metallists had tried to get up a scare by saying the gold reserve of the Treasury was fast disappearing, while the fact was that it was increasing.

The House was then brought back to the subject under immediate consideration, being the Produce Exchange bill. It was passed and the House adjourned.

AMERICAN.

Wired From Washington.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The House committee on Labor held a meeting last night and listened to arguments of the delegation representing all branches of the government printing office in favor of the bill introduced by Representative Foran of Ohio, to restore the rates of wages paid to the employes of the government printing office prior to March, 1877, when by the clause in the sundry civil appropriation bill, the rate was reduced from sixty to fifty cents per thousand ems and from fifty to forty cents an hour. The delegation admitted that the present rate was up to the scale of the Typographical Union but they thought as the government paid its clerks more than private firms did for the same sort of work, they ought also to receive higher wages than private employers paid. In answer to an inquiry by Mr. Lawler of the committee, the delegates said that they were sometimes compelled to work more than eight hours a day, but that they were paid only for the regular time. When the delegation retired the committee went into executive session and decided to report the bill favorably to the House.

Members of the Dakota delegation, headed by Judges Edgerton and Moody called on the President yesterday afternoon by appointment, and formally presented the claims of that Territory for admission into the Union with the view of securing his aid and co-operation in attaining that end. The President showed a deep interest in the subject, many features of which he said were new, and in the course of an informal conversation remarked that the question should be impartially considered from the judicial standpoint of right and justice, without regard to its partisan aspect. He certainly impressed the delegation with the belief that he proposed to treat it on that basis. He assured them he would give the matter careful consideration, and would do what he thought right in the premises. The delegation thanked him for the interest he had shown in their behalf and departed well pleased with the interview.

The committee on reform in the Civil Service to-day unanimously instructed Representative Pulitzer to report adversely the bill introduced by Representative Seney, of Ohio, for the repeal of the civil service law. A sub-committee consisting of Representatives Pulitzer and Spooner, of Rhode Island, was appointed to consider all the bills relating to the repeal of the teaure of office act.

The House committe on coinage today postponed until their next meeting the consideration of all bills relating to the coining of the silver dollar. The committee then began the discussion of the different phases of the question, and disposed of them as rapidly as the impartance of the question would allow.

It was the general understanding of the committee that the bill introduced by Chairman Bland to repeal that portion of the act of June 9, 1879, providing for the exchange and redemption of subsidiary coins for lawful money, should be favorably reported. Final action, on the bill, however, was not taken, as the committee thought it might lead to the premature opening up the silver question in the House. All bills relating to the trade dollar were referred to a sub-committee consisting of Representatives Lanham, McCreary and James, after which an adjournment was taken.

The minority report of the House committee on military affairs on the bill for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter was laid before the House to-day.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

The following bills were introduced in the Senate to-day:

By Teller.—To provide for the coinage of half-dollars, quarter-dollars and dimes, to contain respectively one-half, one quarter and one-tenth of the amount of standard silver contained in the standard silver dollar.

By Logan.—To extend the provisions of the act for the relief of purchasers and locators of swamps and overflowed lands.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate in executive session today confirmed the following nominations:

John Cardell, of Texas, to be agent and consul general of the United States at Cairo.

Benj. F. Bonham, of Oregon, to be consul general at Calcutta.

To be district attorney, Jas. H. Hawley, of Idaho, for Idaho.

To be collectors of customs: John Hobson, of Oregon, for the District of Oregon; John Flanagan, of Oregon, for the Southern District of Oregon.

C. S. Schenck, of Oregon, to be appraiser of merchandise at Willamette, Oregon.

William M. Townsend, of Oregon, receiver of public moneys at Lake View, Oregon.

O. C. Jones, of Oregon, receiver of public moneys at Roseburg, Oregon.

Bartlett Tripp, of Dakota, chief justice of the Supreme Court of Dakota.

Postmasters—R. Platt, Napa City, California; C. R. Vann, Saint Helena, California; Geo. Beck, Livermore, California; A. O. Bristol, Pasadena, California; R. R. Chilton, Santa Ana, California; Jacob Vandegrift, Riverside, California; G. W. Joares, San Diego, California; E. A. Penschell, Bakersfield, California; A. R. Storry, Derlon, California; H. Chapman, San Rafael, California; J. J. Timmler, San Luis, Obisbo, California; Susan Mitchell, Visalia, California; W. J. Thomasson, Gilroy, California; Mrs. Mary H. F. Long, Charlottesville, California; Charles W. Rohy, Portland, Oregon; John C. Bell, Astoria, Oregon; Daniel Stewart, Walla Walla, Washington Territory; J. T. Bevins, Dayton, Washington Territory.

Sixteenth Session of the National Board of Trade.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The sixteenth annual meeting of the National Board of Trade was commenced in this city today. Mr. Frederick Fraley of Philadelphia presiding. The annual report of the Executive Council explains the French system for the encouragement of the shipping interest, and says it will prepare the way for the discussion of the subject of American shipping. There are certain questions, says the report, on which the Board has passed so frequently and with so near an approach to a unanimity, that it may be said to have created a platform for itself so far as these are concerned. Among them we may mention the enactment of a national bankrupt law; the establishment by the United States Government of the Postal Telegraph and Telephone; the suspension of the coinage of the standard silver dollar; the question of uniform legislation in the States in reference to the conveyance of land, judgments, collection of debts, forms of contracts and manner or means of enforcing them and the organization and management of joint stock companies. The report says it is respectfully referred to the commercial associations of the country for their careful consideration and for such recommendations as they may decide to make.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report which was adopted, the election of officers for the ensuing year resulted in the unanimous re-election of Mr. Fraley of Philadelphia, as president.

The subject of bankruptcy legislation was taken out of its regular order and placed in the hands of the following named special committee for investigation with instructions to report at a subsequent meeting.—Messrs. Gano, Wise, Janney, Woods and Supples.

The subjects relating to inter-state commerce received a similar disposition, and were referred to Messrs. Hope, Higgins, Murray, Parsons and Bakon with like instructions. Two subjects—"The ocean postal service," proposed by the Philadelphia Board of Trade, and "American shipping interests," proposed by the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, were taken up and discussed at length.

The following resolutions were then adopted, by a vote of 32 to 10:

Resolved, That the National Board of Trade recognizes the necessity of adopting the same methods pursued by our competitors to establish quick and frequent communication with foreign markets and place our ship owners on an equal footing with those of other countries.

Resolved, That it is expedient for the National Government to assume the full expenditure authorized by law for the carriage of mails to foreign countries in American vessels, and Congress is urged to appropriate a further sum not greater than 50 cents per ton gross register, for every thousand miles of actual voyage as a subvention to American vessels over one thousand tons, actually engaged in foreign commerce.

The President appointed a committee to present the foregoing resolutions to the appropriate Congressional committees, and to ascertain when they can be given a hearing in their behalf.

The special committee on bankruptcy legislation offered the following resolutions, and recommended their adoption.

Resolved, That this Board again most emphatically and unreservedly express its sense of the great importence of the immediate enactment of a just, economical and expeditions:

NATIONAL BANKRUPTCY LAW.

That this Board believes that the bill drafted by Judge Lowell is one possessing these admirable qualities, the substantial provisions whereof are also contained in the bills now pending in Congress and which have been respectively introduced by Hon. George F. Hoar in the United States Senate, and known therein as "Calendar Bill, Senate No. 714," and by Hon. P. H. Collins in House of Representatives, known therein as H. R. No. 1119," and which measures are hereby heartily approved and endorsed by the Board. Be it further

Resolved, That Congress is hereby most respectfully urged to grant unto the commercial interests of the country protection and relief by the immediate enactment of a law containing the provisions of the bills hereinbefore mentioned.

A committee composed of one member from each constituent body of the Board was appointed by the Chair to present the resolutions to the House Judiciary Committee.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

Fighting the Strikers in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, 20.

At Fort Hill a truce has been effected and the men are at work. Over 4,000 men are now out and the strike is spreading throughout the region at Stoneville. The employes were attacked this morning and five of them were severely beaten. Trouble is also reported at the Red Stone Works and the officers have started for that place. The action of the operators in sending uniformed police from Pittsburg has aggravated the situation.

A dispatch from Mount Pleasant tonight says: Sheriff Stewart and forty deputies and Detective Brophy and twenty armed police from Pittsburg had a desperate conflict with 250 strikers. After attacking the men at the Alice works in the morning the rioters rested for dinner, and then they massed at the Mutual works near Stoneville. At this point a negro without provocation fired at the Hungarians with a shot-gun, but failed to hit any of them. They surrounded his house dragged the negro out, beat him fearfully and left him for dead with his skull fractured. He will probably die.

At 3 o'clock the strikers passed up toward Morewood flourishing every manner of weapons from revolvers to case scrapers. They were headed by Stephen Stannix, the main agitator. When they reached shaft "A" of the Morewood mines they encountered 62 deputy sheriffs and policemen drawn up for battle. Detective Brophy talked to the foreigners, telling them it was useless to resist and that he would arrest the ringleaders. Brophy arrested one striker, which opened the ball. The combat was hand to hand, but the officers won, arresting 13 men and one woman, who were sent to jail at Greenville. The balance retreated. Over 100 shots were fired and several Hungarians were injured, how many is not known, as they were carried away by their companions. Only one officer was slightly hurt. The authorities, it is stated, telegraphed to Pittsburg for more officers. The strike is only inaugurated, and more bloodshed is feared.

Rantankerous Cow boys Corralled.

GALVESTON, 20.—A special from Gainsville to the *News* says: a party of nine cowboys visited the town of Burlington last night. After becoming crazed with liquor they succeeded in terrorizing the populace the entire night, riding up and down the principal streets and firing into windows and acting like savages. They defied the officers, but Deputy Sheriff Poole, with a posse, succeeded about daylight in driving the ruffians from the town, killing four of their number and five horses in a running fight. The killed are Luke Jackson, Bill Williams, Ed. Trimble and one Hartley.

Maryland's Governor.

ANNAPOLIS, 20.—The Legislature today in joint convention elected Henry Lloyd to be Governor of Maryland for the term for which Governor Robert M. McLane was elected by the people. The two houses also confirmed the election of A. P. Gorman as United States Senator for the six years from March 4, 1886.

Missing.

NEW YORK, 20.—No news has yet been received as to the whereabouts of Mrs. Maud Miller-Mackay, the daughter of the poet, Joaquin Miller, who was said to have left Chicago for New York on Saturday last.

A Burglar Killed.

CLEVELAND, O., 20.—George Foster, the most notorious burglar, highwayman and bank thief in Ohio, and for many years leader of the Foster gang, whose operations have extended over Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania, was shot and killed last night by Officer George E. Coner of the Cleveland police force.

Pan-Electric Telephone.

ST. LOUIS, 20.—The Pan-Electric Telephone Company put their telephone system into operation here yesterday, and gave an exhibition of its workings. It differs in several respects from the other telephones, and includes a plan by which communication may be had by anybody by paying the toll of a nickel.

Smothered Fire.

NEW YORK, 20.—The steamer *Crystal* arrived here to-day from Leith and Dundee with fire among her cargo. The captain says the fire had been discovered ten or twelve hours ago, but he had not been able to smother it until he reached this port, when the flames became almost beyond control. The *Crystal* anchored in the harbor and the fire boats were soon alongside. The fire was confined to the main compartment.

FOREIGN.

The Queen's Speech—Energetic Steps to Enforce the Law in Ireland.

LONDON, 20.—The Queen's speech was read at the Ministerial dinner today. Referring to Ireland the speech says that although in some respects there are favorable indications of progress toward order in that country, yet at present Ireland is disturbed by an increasing tendency to resort to unlawful practices and a disposition to set law at naught. The government, therefore, recognizes its duty to take energetic steps to enforce the law, in order to provide security for life and property and to maintain in its fullest meaning the integrity of the Union, and measures necessary to secure these ends will be submitted to Parliament.

The speech farther promises local government measures for England, to be followed by similar measures for Scotland and Ireland, and a bill to deepen and facilitate the transfer of lands.

It refers to the "hopeful prospects" of the Egyptian Commission of Inquiry, establishing a stable government in Egypt; says that the question of annexing Burman will not be discussed until Lord Dufferin reports on the subject, but that the deposition of Theebaw is necessary. It congratulates Parliament on the peaceful foreign relations of Great Britain; trusts that peace will be maintained on the Balkans through the self-control of all the Powers interested, and concludes by expressing the hope that the new Parliament will follow the great traditions of former Parliaments.

Changes.

LONDON, 20.—It is learned from official sources that Mr. W. H. Smith, now Secretary of War, will be appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland. It is stated that the Earl of Carnarvan will go to the colonial office, while Col. T. A. Stanley, at present Secretary of the Frontier Forces, will be made War Secretary.

Embezzlement.

The sub-manager of the Jersey Bank which failed recently, has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement.

Circulated by the Police.

LONDON, 20.—A document found at Londonderry, which is said to have been circulated by the police headed "Secret Irish Police Manifesto," and concluding "Issued by the Ulster Force," appeals to the police to refrain from assisting at evictions.

Parliamentary Affairs.

The *News* says Mr. Gladstone has received from Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, a copy of the complete Government scheme to deal with the procedure in Parliament. Gladstone will oppose any attempt of the Government to press the procedure question before the more important measures.

A meeting of the Nationalist Members of Parliament was held last evening. Parnell and seventy of his followers were present. They adjourned to meet after the reading of the Queen's speech.

Confident of Success.

DUBLIN, 20.—The regular fortnightly meeting of the National League was held here yesterday afternoon, John Deasy, Member of Parliament for West Mayo occupied the chair, and in an address, said that he cared neither about proposed coercion nor reform. The Parnellites were masters of the situation and before the end of the year, Ireland would have its own Parliament.

Mr. William Redmond, Member of Parliament for North Fermaugh said: "England has enemies everywhere, and the first blow struck at Ireland would fire the train perhaps leading to a successful Nihilist meeting and lighting the Russians into London to stable their horses in the House of Commons. No power on earth could prevent retaliation by the Irish. The Parnellites are resolved to persevere in their demand for Home Rule."

Mr. Kenney, Member of Parliament said that any government attempting to interfere with the National League would be deprived of office in a few weeds.

Insurrectionary Movements in Mandalay.

MANDALAY, 20.—Flying columns of British troops sent out on reconnoitering expedition have returned to Mandalay. They lost several men killed and wounded in a skirmish with the Dacoits. The loss of the latter is unknown. Reinforcements are needed here. Much uneasiness prevails regarding the situation. Europeans long for the arrival of Lord Dufferin, Viceroy of India, when it is hoped that a firm policy will be adopted for Mandalay.

A correspondent of the London *Times* in a recent dispatch says: "The forces under the rebel princes are daily increasing in strength. Their troops no longer plunder the villages, this fact showing that the movement is developing from brigandage into an insurrection. Prince Ateitsin, a son of the late War Prince, who has proclaimed himself King, is at Sabain, to the northeast of Mandalay. He has 10,000 armed men. One body of his troops under his younger brother is threatening Teagain, seven miles to the southeast of Mandalay. Another body of his troops is expected to cross the Irrawaddy to the north of Mandalay and to threaten the city from the northwest."

The farmer tired with overwork blesses the great pain-cure—St. Jacobs Oil.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Renovates the body, makes healthy Blood, strengthens the weak, repairs the waste of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. $1. Sold by druggists.

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AT A BARGAIN!

NEARLY NEW.

STANDARD ORGAN, - - $ 70.00
ESTEY ORGAN, - - 110.00
A GOOD PIANO, - - 200.00

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DIPHTHERIA CURE,

HAS NEVER FAILED TO EFFECT A CURE. PRICE,

TWO DOLLARS per PACKAGE.

ALSO, CURES MEASLES.

TREE OF LIFE,

The Great Blood Purifier.

PRICE, $1.25 per BOTTLE.

For sale at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store and Godbe, Pitts & Co. d tu

TAX SALE.

WHEREAS, THE TERRITORIAL, School and County Taxes assessed against and upon the property of the Estate of Horace Gibbs, John Tinney and Joseph Ball, Administrators, for the year A.D. 1885, amounting to Twenty Dollars and Forty Cents, ($20.40) remain unpaid;

Therefore, I, Nathaniel V. Jones, Collector for Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of An Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, entitled, "An Act to provide Revenue for the Territory of Utah and the several counties thereof," approved February 23, 1878, and of the amendments thereto, have levied upon the following named property, to wit:

Lot Eight (8) in Block One Hundred and Three (103) plotted in Plat "A," of Salt Lake City Survey, and will sell the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the Taxes and Costs, at Public Auction, at the front door of the County Court House, Salt Lake City, on the 15th day of February, 1886, at 12 o'clock m.

NATHANIEL V. JONES,
Collector for Salt Lake County.

County Collector's Office, No. 5, County Court House, Salt Lake City, January 16th, 1886. 3s s2

Constipation

Causes, directly or indirectly, fully one-half the sufferings which afflict mankind. It is usually induced by inactivity of the liver, and may be cured by the use of Ayer's Pills. C. A. Schomerus, Great Bend, Kansas, writes: "I have used Ayer's Pills for Costiveness, with the most beneficial results." J. Windholm, Newark, N. J., writes: "Ayer's Pills cured me of chronic Constipation." Martin Koch, Huntington, Ind., writes: "Last year I suffered much from Biliousness

And Headache

After using one box of Ayer's Pills I was quite well." C. F. Hopkins, Nevada City, Mo., writes: "I have used Ayer's Pills, and think they are the best in the world. They have cured me of Sick Headache and Neuralgia." W. L. Page, Richmond, Va., writes: "I have been a severe sufferer from Headache. Ayer's Pills afford me speedy relief." A. J. Forster, Dauphin st., Mobile, Ala., writes: "For a number of years I have been troubled with Constipation and Headaches. After trying a number of so-called Liver Invigorators, without benefit, I was at last

Cured by Using

Ayer's Pills." Rev. Francis B. Harlowe, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "For years I was subject to Constipation, from which I suffered increasing inconvenience, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds. Some months ago, I began taking Ayer's Pills. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health." Hermann Bringhoff, jewelry engraver, Newark, N. J., writes: "Costiveness, induced by my sedentary habits of life, at one time became chronic and exceedingly troublesome. Ayer's Pills afforded me speedy relief, and their occasional use has since kept me all right." Ed. O. Easterly, Rockford, Ill., writes that he has been cured of chronic Constipation by the use of

Ayer's Pills.

Sold by all Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

COHN BROS.

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL

Clearance Sale!

In accordance with our established custom we have MARKED DOWN our Entire Stock, and are offering many lines of goods during this month

AT AN ACTUAL LOSS!

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have left about 200 Ladies' Garments, consisting of the Various Styles so fashionable this season, which we are offering

AT LESS THAN COST!

WE ALSO HAVE ABOUT

200 Misses' and Children's Newmarkets and Havelocks,

WHICH WE ARE SELLING

AT LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS' COST!

LADIES' WINTER SKIRTS AT LESS THAN COST!

We are clearing out a lot of ELEGANT PATTERN SUITS at a Great Loss!

SILKS AND VELVETS

Have never been offered so low as the prices we are quoting.

Ladies' Cloths, Homespuns, and Every Variety of Winter Dress Goods AT COST!

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

We are offering three distinct lines of Ladies' Scarlet Underwear, at the following Reduction of Prices: Our $1.25 quality, reduced to $1.00; our $2.00 quality, reduced to $1.50; our full, regular $3.00 quality, reduced to $2.00. WE MEAN TO CLEAR OUT THESE LINES.

As usual we are offering GREAT BARGAINS in our Muslin Underwear.

Our 4 Button Embroidered Back Kid Glove at $1.00, and our 35c. GLOVE, are the Cheapest Kid Gloves now sold in this country.

We will open 300 PIECES WHITE HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES, which will be disposed of at Astonishingly Low Prices!

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WANT A LARGE LOT OF

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