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FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

Mile

FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1900, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 196.

TRIBUTE OF ENTHUSIASTIC DEVOTION TO BRYAN, FORCE FOREIGNERS te is Named as Presidential Candidate by Two National Conventions in

Kansas City.

party.

Delegates-Stevenson Named for Second Place on the Ticket - Great Scenes at the Nominations --- Utah Woman Seconds Bryan - Only One Man for First Place, but Many for Second-Hill Refuses to Have it, and Favors Stevenson- The Latter Goes In With a Great Sweep-Utah Supports Him - His Nomination Made Unanimous.

nocratic Presidential Ticket, 1900

Auditorium, Kansas City, July 6 .- W.

Bryan nominated for President by lamation by the Silver Republican retition,

Kansas City, Mo., July 5 .- William nings Bryan, of Nebraska, was tothe unanimously placed in nominader, lasting twenty-seven minutes, on new and vital events.

Grand Demonstrations by the onded the nomination of Mr. Bryan in behalf of the State of Utah.

VOTE UNANIMOUS. Then came the voting. State after State recorded its vote in behalf of the Nebraeka candidate, and giving bim the unanimous vote of all the States and Territories. The convention managers heid already agreed that this was suf-ficient work for the day, and the vice presidential nomination was allowed to go over until tomorrow.

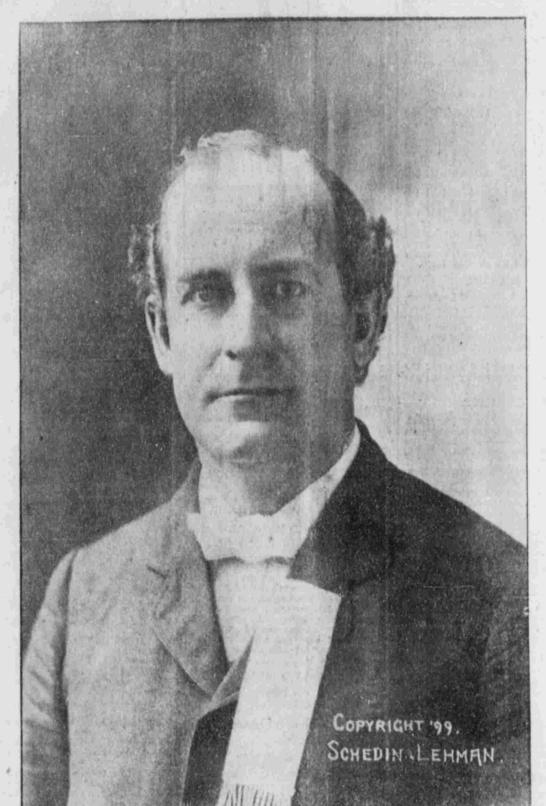
Next to the demonstration for the party candidate, that greeting the an-nouncement that imperialism was to be the party candidate, that greeting the an-nouncement that imperialism was to be the paramount issue of this campaign was the most spontaneous and signifi-cant of the day. Senator Tiliman read the platform, and with measured force brought out the fact that imperialism was now given the first and supreme place among the issues of the party. That the delegates were in complete symmetry with this expression was That the delegates were in compare sympathy with this expression was shown by the terrific and long-sus-tained applause, lasting over twenty-two minutes and exceeding the ovations usually accorded the favorites of the

16 TO 1 HLLY-SUSTAINED.

16 TO 1 HLLY-SUSTAINED.
For President-William J. Bryan, of tebraska.
For Vice President-Adlai E. Steven-on, of Illinois.
Kansas City, July 5.-Tonight W. J. tryan was nominated unanimously as the Democratic candidate for President t the United States, by the Democratic tational Convention.
July 6, 2:47 p. m.-A. E. Stevenson ominated for Vice President on the rst ballet.
16 TO 1 HLLY-SUSTAINED.
Following this, the announcement that the 16-to-1 idea was retained in the platform received only faint and illy-sustained recognition, the applause being illinited to a few minutes. It was regarded as a significant showing in the sentiment of the delegates, quite as convincing as the terms of the plat-form they had put forward.
Another stirring event of the day was the appearance of Webster Davis, for-mer assistant secretary of the interior under Mr. McKinley's administration, in a speech severely arraigning the Re-publican party for its lack of sympathy for the Boers, and formally announcing his allegiance to the Democratic party.

BATTLE IN COMMITTEE. But the great battle of the convention

has not been fought under the eyes of cheering thousands, but in the privacy of the closely-guarded quarters of the committee on platform. Here was waged throughout last night and again this morning one of the most remark-able struggles that has ever racked this historic party. On the one head way on as the Democratic candidate for usident of the United States on a atform opposing imperialism, milltarism and trusts, and specifically de-claring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The nomination me as a culmination of a frenzied organization was endangered by chang-ing its old issues, and that the duty of the hour called for new issues, based



Outlook as the Revolt Spreads-Japan Held Back-5,000 Christians Massacred.

ALL TO LEAVE CHINA

from Consul General Goodnow at rectionary movement is spreading. If the allied forces, he said, should meet with reverses the insurrection will certainly spread to contral and southern China, resulting in the expulsion or murder of foreigners in the interior and the ruin of trade. A strong force, he says, is necessary to check the vice-roys in the north, and to support the roys in the north, and to support the commune was inaugurated and that the viceroys in the south.

It is understood that all the consult of the powers in China have sent identical dispatches to their respective gov-ernments,

ALL FOREIGNERS MAY BE EX-PELLED.

London July 6 .- The danger of a general revolt in China becomes more and more patent and Europe is being con-fronted with a rapidly increasing force, not merely that the international col-umn would be forced from Tien Tsin, but that the international troops of colonies and treaty ports will stand in grave danger of expulsion. In view of the fact that the previous assur-ances of the viceroys have proved un-trustrocities that non-mass of protectrustworthy, their promises of protec-tion for the whites are hardly convinc. ing. In the meanwhile the hitherto un-conquerable jealousy of the Earopean powers stays the hand of Japan, though it is hoped an understanding will soon be reached.

JAPAN READY, BUT HELD BACK.

The forsign office here has received official dispatches from Tokio today, and the Associated Press understands that the Japanese government informed the foreign offices that in addition to forces already landed in China, Japan has 20,000 troops mobilized and ready for action at a moment's notice, when she receives the mandate of the pow-ers. Great Britain is now awaiting answers from the chancellories to its pro-

The British cabinet had a long meeting this moving under the presidency of Lord Salisbury and fully considered the orisis.

Washington, July 6.-A dispatch has They are mutifaling all the dead which been received at the state department full into their hands.

MOHAMMEDANS FIGHTING. Shanghai, dated July 5, in which he says | General Tung Fuh Slang with ten the situation is serious and the insur-rectionary movement is spreading. If in the Chinese army, Mohammedians,

commune was inaugurated and that the peaceable Chinese are the grantest suf-ferent. The foreign soldiers are burn-ing the outskirts of Pekin to deprive the chemy of shelter, and the Boxers are destroying outlying villages for loot. The smoke of a hundred fires can be seen in every direction.

THOUSANDS OF DEAD.

Then Tsin was not bombarded for the first time today for a fortnight. Fam-flies are returning to their homes for their postessions. The woman and their postersions. The women and children will be sent to Taktr as from as travel is safe. No unfriendly Chinaas travel is safe. No unfriendly china-men are visible in the sciences. A few of the richest with their families are huddled in the outbruises for proten-tion, badly frightened, others con-ocaled in the nouses, shout at the Europeans on the street. The Chinese decad about Tion Tsin number thou-sands. Most of those who have been killed lie unburied in the fields. The river to Taku is full of floating bodies, and many have been washed up by the tide. Toogs are feeding on these bodies along the banks. along the banks.

AMERICANS IN THE LEAD.

The smail American contingents and small American contingents everywhere distinguished themselves. Captain McCalla and Major Waller are at Tien Tsin, and their men the placed in the lead of every movement, by on consent, with the British close commor behind.

A FORLORN HOPE.

The foreigners in Tien Tsin declare they owe their lives to the Russians, without whom the other small detachments would have been overwhelmed, On the darkest day, Wednesday week, when the Chinese were pressing on overy side and the bravest men were

AMERICANS SAVE THE DAY.

stores, hitherto unknown have been dis-

and ammunition, mostly modern, have been destroyed in three arsenals out-

BIG CHINESE FORCE.

Several thousand troops under Gen.

Nich are holding the native city five

miles south of Tien Tsin. It will be remembered that 40,000

Chinese were to make an attack at noon. The troops were under arms, but

Admiral Seymour was wounded slightly recently by a spent ball, which

struck him in the shoulder while in the house with Commander McCalla and

Commander Taussig. The hero of Tien Tsin is James Watts, a young English-

man, perhaps the best rider in China,

who, with three Cossacks, ran the gaunt-let to Taku with messages, charging

through villages under fire repeatedly. Several commanders have recommend-

SIXTY MISSIONARIES SAFE.

Presbyterian board received a cable-gram from Che Foo saying that Cort-

handt Van Ranssalear Hodges and his

wife, Dr. G. Taylor and the Rev. S. E.

Simcoxe and his wife, are at Pao Ting Fu and have not made their escape. The

New York, July 6 .- Dr. Halsey of the

ed that the quartet be decorated,

the Chinese failed to materialize.

side of Tien Tsin.

overed. About \$10,000,000 worth of arms

The arrival of the Americans saved

d giving utterance to all the pent-up lops of the vast multitude. It foled also a fierce struggle thoughout ast thirty-six hours concerning orm declaration on silver and e relative position which the slltion is to maintain to the other sues of the day.

as late this afternoon when the vention was at last face to face a the presidential nomination, Earday there were tedious de due to the inability of the plat-committee to reconcile their difnces and present a report. Until was ready the convention manrs beguiled the time by putting forspeakers of more or less prominto keep the vast audience from ning too restless.

ENTHUSIASTIC DEVOTION.

When the call of States began for the ose of placing candidates in nomion, Alabama yielded its place at head of the list to Nebraska, and am of that State made his way the platform for the initial speech ing Mr. Bryan in nomination for presidency. The orator was strongd and entertaining, yet to ing delegates the spectators there but one point to his speech, and was the stirring peroration which ed with the name of William Jen-Bryan

This was the signal for the demontion of the day, and as in a compurpose the great concourse joined tribute of enthusiastic devotion to party leader. A huge oil portrait yan, measuring fifteen feet across, brought down the main aisle be-the delegates. At the same time standards of the State delegations from their sockets and ed on high, while umbrellas of red, blue, silk banners of the al States and many handsome and e transparencies were borne about ilding amid the deafening clamor ,000 yelling, gesticulating men and en. All of the intensity of former constrations and much more was ed to this final tribute to the leader.

RECEPTION TO HILL.

hen the demonstration had spent the speeches seconding the nomi-n of Mr. Bryan were in order, tor White spoke for California, the tribute of the Pacific c Nebraska candidate. When ido was reached that State yield-Senator Hill of New York. The The ace had anxiously awalted the rance of the distinguished New and as he took the platform orded a splendid reception, ire audience rising and cheering with the single exception of the group of Tammany leaders, who lent throughout the cheers for New York associate. Mr. Hill good voice and his tribute to ebraskan touched a sympathetic the hearts of the audience. He d Bryan as the champion of the people and of the workingman, with the masses, with the farl with the artisan.

Hill declared, with dramatic port of his prty-a united party was tremendous applause at the ation of Democratic unity. Aside the brilliant eulogy of Bryan, the the New York leader significant and attractive in its plen for unity. "It is a time for not for division," he exclaimed, apturous approval of the great de facing him.

TAH WOMAN SECONDS BRYAN.

the eloquent Daniel of Virginia addd slowing tribute to the candidate, die former Gov. Pattison of Pennania spoke for his State and for East; Gov. McMillin of Tennessee ed the wishes of a State which had rnished three Fresidents; Hawaii, ough its native delegate, John H. ade his first seconding speech ecratic national convention. a sweet-voliced and pleasantoman alternate from Utah, secSILVER IS NOT PARAMOUNT.

This contest was at last narrowed down to the one issue of specifically reaffirming the party's adherence to a 16. to-1 standard, as desired by Mr. Bryan or reaffirming the silver plank in most general terms. And on this issue the brains, the sagacity, the persuasive elo-quence and the best ability of the convention have for the last thirty-six hours been engaged in a battle royal for supremacy

And out of this fierce strife the adherents of Bryan emerged, scarred but victorious. They have written the plat. in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of its noblest sons and form in their own way, with 16 to 1 placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the But it was victory by a scratch, for a single vote would have turned the scale. And it has not been a victory without concession, for in the final draft world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of silver is no longer "paramount"; it is far down in the platform, while in the crushing with military force the efforts of our former alles to achieve liberty

very forefront is the declaration that imperialism is the "paramount issue of jects without imperilling our form of government, and as we are not willing the campaign." THE PLATFORM. to surrender our civilization or to con-vert the Republic into an empire, we

cannot be citizens without endangering

our civilization; they cannot be sub-

republics of Central and South Ameri-

The greedy commercialism which dic-

tates the Philippine policy of the Re-publican administration attempts to

justify it with the plea that it will pay.

ippines, entailing annually an expense of many millions, has already

cost more than any possible profit that

could accrue from the entire Phillp

pine trade for years to come. Further-more, when trade is extended at the ex-

pense of liberty, the price is always too

We are not opposed to territorial ex-

pansion, when it takes in desirable ter-ritory which can be crected into States

in the Union, and whose people are will ing and fit to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and tegitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seiz-

ing or nurchasing of distant Islands to be governed outside the Constitution

whose people can never become

We are in favor of extending the Re-

The importance of other questions not

The declaration in the Republican

to the policy announced in the Monroe

doctrine," is manifestly insuccere and deceptive. This profession is contra-dicted by the avowed policy of the party

In opposition to the spirit of the Mon-

roe doctrine to acquire and hold sover-

and in all its integrity in letter and in

premacy in American affairs. At the same time we declare that no American

people shall ever be held by force in un-

willing subjection to European author-

continent and as essential to our

when brought to the test facts. The "war of crimin-aggresion" against the Phil-

but even this sordid and unworthy

falls

high

citizens.

Following is the official text of the platform as agreed upon by the comvert the Republic into an empire, we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Filipin-os first, a state of government; second, independence, and third protection from outside interference such as has been given for nearly a century to the mittee on resolutions and presented to he convention;

We, the representatives of the Dem. ocratic party of the United States assembled in national convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Decaration of Independence, do re-affirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienative rights of Americans and our allegiance to the Consti-tion framed in harmony therewith by

the fathers of the Republic. We hold with the United States Supreme court that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our government of which the Constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of governed is a tyranny; and that to impose upon any people a govern-ment of force is to substitute the meth-ods of imperialism for those of the Re-We hold that the Constitution public.

follows the flag, and denounce the doctrine that an executive or a congress, deriving their existence and pow-er from the people, exercises unlawful authority beyond it, in violation of it. We assert that no nation can long en. dure half republic and half empire, and we warn the people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home.

public's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be ex-tended, not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Porto Rican law enacted by a Republican Congress, against the protest and coposition of the Democratic minority, as a bold and and honorable example. the Democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law, and a flagrant-breach of the na-tional good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made in their behalt by the commanding general of our arrey. pending before the American people is in no wise diminished and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them, but the burn-ing issue of Imperialism, growing out of the Spanish war, involves the very ex-istence of the Republic and the destruction of our free institutions. We regard the commanding general of our army, which the Porto Ricans welcomed to a peaceful and unresisted occupation of their land. It doomed to poverty and platfor it as the paramount issue of the camplatform adopted at the Philadelphia convention held in June, 1900, that the Republican party "steadfastly adheres

distress a people whose helplessness ap-peals with peculiar force to our jus-tice and magnanimity. In this, the tice and magnanimity. In this, the first act of its imperialistic program, the Republican party seeks to commit the inited States to a colonial policy, inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the Supreme court in numerous decisions. We demand the prompt and honest

eignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern hemisphere. We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine, fulfillment of every pledge to the Cu-ban petople and the world, that the United States has no disposoltion or intention to exercise sovereignty, juris-diction or control over the island of Cuspirit, as necessary to prevent the ex-tension of European authority on this ba, except for its pacification. The war ended nearly two years ago, profound peace reigns all over the island, and still the administration keeps the govern-ment of the island frum its people, while Republican carpet-bag officials while Republican carpet-bag officials plunder its revenues and exploit the ity, We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and op-pression at home. It means the strong colonial theory to the disgrace of the

American people. We condemn and denounce the Phil-We condemn and denounce the Phil-ippine policy of the present admiristra-institutions. It is what millions of our them, should be forbidden under such



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WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,

sary burden of taxation, and a constant menace to their liberties. A small stand-

ing army and a well disciplined State militia are amply sufficient in time of

peace. This Republic has no place for

a vast military service and conscription

unteer soldier is his country's best de

fender. The national guard of the United States should ever be cherished

in the patriotic hearts of a free people

honored and approved system of volun-

producer and consumer. They lessen the employment of labor and arbitrarily

fix the terms and conditions thereof and deprive individual energy and small

capital of their opportunity for better-

They are the most efficient means yet

devised for appropriating the fruits of

industry to the benefit of the few at

the expense of the many, and unless

their insatiate greed is checked all wealth will be aggregated in a few hands and the Republic destroyed. The

are the legitimate product of Republi-

scriptions and political support,

otected by the Republican adminis-

corporations to show before doing busi-

ness outside of the State of their ori-

monopolize any business or the produc

the whole constitutional power of Con-

monopoly under the plea of protec-

administration with an absolute con-

trol over all the branches of the na-

tional government to enact any legislation designed to prevent or even curtail the absorbing power of trusts and il-

legal combinations, or to enforce the

platform

The failure of the present Republican

ment.

Such organizations are ever an elem

When the nation is in danger the

Who Will for the Second Time be the National Standard Bearer of the Democracy, Silver Republicans and Populists.

vol.

penalties as will make such attempts tion. It has embroiled the Republic | citizens have fied from in Europe. It | will impose upon our peace loving peo-ple a large standing army, an unneces-Impossible.

We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust-breeding measure, skilfully de-vised to give the few favors which they do not deserve and to place upon the many burdens which they should not

bear. We favor such an enlargement of the scope of the interstate tariff as will enable the commission to protect individ. uals and communities from discrimina. tion and the public from unjust and unfair transportation rates,

We re-affirm and endorse the princiof strength and safety. For the first time in our history and coeval with the Philippine contest has there been a ples of the national Democratic plat-form adopted at Chicago in 1896, and we eiterate the demand of that platform wholesale denarture from our timefor an American financial platform adopted by the American people teer organization. We denounce it as un-American un-Democratic and unthemselves, which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price level, and Republican and as a subversion of an-cient and fixed principles of a free peoas part of such system the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of sliver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting Private monopolles are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competi-tion, control the price of all material for the aid or consent of any other naand finished product, thus robbing both

We denounce the currency bill enact ed at the last session of Congress as a step forward in the Republican policy which attempts to discredit the sovereign right of the national government to issue all money, whether coin or pa-per, and to bestow upon national banks the power to issue and control the volume of paper money for their own benefit. A permanent national bank currency, secured by government bonds, must have a permanent debt to rest upon, and if the bank currency is to inrease with population and business, the deht must also increase.

dishonest paltering with the trust evil by the Republican party in State and The Republican currency scheme is National platforms is conclusive proof therefore a scheme for fastening upon the tax payers a perpetual and growing of the truth of the charge that trusts debt for the benefit of the banks. We are opposed to this private corporation can policies; that they are fostered by Republican laws, and that they are paper circulated as money, but with-out legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of national bank notes as fast as the government paper of slitration in return for campaign subver certificates can be substituted for We pledge the Democratic party to them.

an unceasing warfare in nation, State and city against private monopoly in We favor an amendment to the federal Constitution providing for the elecevery form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more ion of United States senator by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct stringent ones must be enacted in inlegislation wherever practicable

terstate commerce and requiring all We are apposed to government by injunction: we denounce the black-list and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations gin, that they have no water in their stock, and that they have not at-tempted, and are not attempting to

and their employes. In the interest of American labor and the up-building of the working man, as the corner-stone of the prosperity of tion of any articles of merchandise, and our country, we recommend that Con-gress create a department of labor in gress over interstate commerce and the mails and all modes of interstate charge of a secretary with a seat in the gabinet, believing that the elevation of the American labor will bring with it increased production and increased communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended, putting the products prosperity to our country at home, and of trusts upon the free list to prevent to our commerce abroad.

We are proud of the courage and fifelity of the American soldiers, and sailors, in all our wars; we favor lib-eral pensions to them and their dependents, and we relterate the position taken in the Chicago platform of 1896 that the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before

Former Assistant Secretary Webster to anti-trust laws already on the statute books prove the insincerity of the high sounding phrases of the Republican We favor immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaraaddress the convention. The committee on resolutions an-nounced it was ready to report and D guan canal by the United States, and Corporations should be protected in we denounce the insincerity of the plank in the Republican national platform all their rights and their legitimate interests should be respected, but any at-tempt by corporations to interfere with for an Isthmian canal in the face of failure of Republican majority to pass the bill pending in Congress. We the public affairs of the people or to control the sovereignty which created

(Continued on page two.)

"PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

mander Col, Wozack, arranged that the main body of the troops should make a sortie with the civilians in the direction In response to inquiries cabled to Shanghal in regard to the situation at Pekin, the following cablegram has Taku, leaving 400 Russians to deend the city, engage the attention of he Chinese, and ultimately sacrifice been received from an authoritative quarter

"Shanghai, Thursday, July 5 .- Prethemselves. pare to hear the worst.

There is a mass of wild rumor from the far East. Though so contradictory the day, and proved a surprise. Amang the military evidences of im-mense Chinese preparations for its war, may be mentioned that arsenals and on most points, it continues unanimo as to the consummation of the tragedy

5.000 MASSACRED.

at Pekin

To consistent reports of the massacre of the whites are now added to the additional horrors that savage soldiery butchered at the capital 5,000 natives Roman Catholic converts.

This comes in a Shanghal dispatch of July 5, which only adds to the reports given by respectable Chinese who have arrived from Chain Fu, and who describe Pekin as an inferno, the streets literally running with blood. They con-Irm numerous stories of executions and

untold tortures inflicted by the mob. The authority of Yung Lu, the Chinese imperial treasurer, who advocated moderation, was completely effaced by Prince Tuan, Kang Yi and Tung Fuh Sian, who issued fresh edicts ordering the merciless extermination of all foreigners in the empire.

HOPELESS FOR PEKIN.

Tien-Tsin, June 29, via Che Foo, July 1, and Shanghal, July 5,-Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.-Those best informed in Tien Tsin consider the position of foreigners in Pekin as almost helpless. It is hopeless to attempt to force the way with the force available. Commanders are willing to re-sort to desperate means, but to attempt forced march from Tien Tsin with the forces at hand means certain destruction to the army besides slaughter of the civilians left at Tien Tsin, Enough soldiers are necessary to defeat the Chinese army, maintain communication with the base of supplies and guard the hospitals en route.

Rev. J. Lowrey has escaped from Pao Ting Fu and is now at Tien Tsin, and the Rev. J. A. Miller and Mrs. Miller have escaped and gone to Korsa. The cablegram also indicates that the Pekin missionaries are still at Pekin. The final part of the message is important

PRAYERS FROM A PHONOGRAPH

pointed during the last whek from the following States and at large: Vannie B. O'Nell, Mount Pleasant, Texas, and Max O. Elser, alternata, Corsicana, Texas. Edward K. Martin, Scarcey, Ark., and Karl Hargrass, alternate, Brownson. Ark. Lucien Moody, Huron, S. D.; Milton Kansas City, Mo., July 6 .- The dele-

nner, alternate, Austin Texas, Alvin Burber, alternate, Pordand, Oregont Merrill E. Spalding, Concordia, Kansas and Norman F. Ramsoy, alternate, To morning notwithstanding practically all peka, Kansas,

by recent legislation, have been ap-

Standard Oil Fire Yet Burns.

New York, July 6 .- The fire at the New York, July 6.—The Bro RI the Standard Oil Company's works at Con-stable Hook, Rayame, N. J., was still burning this marning. The fire depart-ment of Bayonne und the fire fighting force of the Standard Oil Company kept up then struggle against the flames during the night, but their efforts as for he excited burning volumety was of far as saving burning property was of little avail. About 2.15 this morning anther tank exploded with a loud roar not the naphtha which it contained pread in all directions. None of the njured was in a serious condition to-

Alleged Embezzler Dead.

Prisburg, July 6 .- Samuel T. Palsler, the former superintendent of the bureau of highways and sewers of this C. Tillotson, of Kansas City, took the platform and read the party's declara-tion of principles. Westpoint Cadets Named. Washington, July 6.—Cadets for Westpoint under the increase provided

The water suply is an important problem, the country furnishing none except the river, the wells having been poisoned. The Chinese are committing terrible atrocities upon the wounded.

gates to the Silver Republican conven-

tion were very late in assembling this

the important work of the convention

was scheduled for today, it was past

ten b'clock when Chairman Brown

rapped for order. For a few minutes

previous to convening, the delegates

were entertained by speeches and pray-

ere delivered from a phonograph, and this resulted in one rather touching in-cident. The prayer delivered by Dr. Eigelow, of Cincinnati, at the opening of

the convention and which brought

cheers from the delegates, was repeated

amid dead silence. At its conclusion a white headed delegate from Ohlo start-

war song until the auditorium rang with

A committee was appointed to invite

ed singing "John Brown's Body, by one the delegates joined in

the thunder of a thousand voices.

