

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
BRIGHAM YOUNG, JUN.,  
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Tuesday, August 28, 1877.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The debt of New York city, as per the report just made by the Commissioners of Accounts, amounts to \$131,987,450.

Talk about your sixty or seventy feet wells as big bores, will you? The Warren Farm Well in the vicinity of Brighton, England, is 1,285 feet deep, six feet in diameter for 400 feet down, and the rest four feet diameter. It took four years to dig and cost about \$35,000. That's worth calling a deep well.

Forty tons of live cattle were shipped East from Colorado last week. The stock raisers and butchers of the new State are making preparations to transport dressed meat in refrigerating cars. There is no reason that we can see why Utah, as well as Colorado, should not become a great source of meat supply for the East and Europe.

The ladies in this Territory are frequently troubled over the granulation of their preserves. Now, a good housewife generally prides herself upon the excellence of her jams and feels considerably annoyed at their "granulating." To prevent this, add a teaspoonful of cream of tartar to every gallon of the preserves, and they will granulate no more.

The leading grain merchants and statisticians of the East estimate the European wheat demand for the approaching season at 150,000,000 bushels, and the probable surplus of the United States at from 50,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels. The supply from the Black Sea will be entirely cut off, but the Russian Baltic provinces will most likely yield 40,000,000 bushels, and other European grain fields 50,000,000 bushels more. Prospects appear good for fair, but not very high prices.

Really good vinegar is a rare article in the market. There is so much manufactured from acids injurious to the human system, and sold to the public for genuine, that it will pay thrifty housewives to make what they need for home consumption. A cheap and wholesome article of vinegar may be made of water, molasses and yeast, say twenty-five gallons of water, four of molasses and one of yeast. This, when it ferments will yield very good vinegar. A fair imitation of white wine vinegar may be made of mashed raisins and water kept in a warm place for a month.

A young Sergeant of the Signal Service, stationed at Omaha, took ten grains of morphine in a saloon last Thursday evening, exclaiming "Here goes, good bye!" It was a dose enough to kill three men. But his friends took a different view of affairs from the would-be suicide, marched him by force to a drugstore, had him pumped out and emetic-ed, walked him about to keep him awake and made him live in spite of himself. He is said to be a fine young man of liberal education and good family, but he has almost ruined himself with strong drink. Beware the intoxicating cup!

And now it is Ohio that is the victim of the New York Herald's denunciation. Poor Ohio! how can it live and bear such charges as these: "The State of Ohio has done more, since the close of the war, to demoralize the public mind and confuse its perceptions of right and wrong in relation to property than all the other States put together. Ohio was the original seed-plot and nursery of the greenback and repudiation heresies, and it has now become the hotbed of a still more alarming crop." This crop, the Herald declares, is "Communism." It sees in "the wild platform of the republican party in that State a reason to fear that Ohio is as deeply infected with Communism as it was with repudiation."

Two gigantic pumps and engines are being made in San Francisco, for the water works of the Spring Valley Water Company. The entire distance the water has to be moved by the pumps is 16,600 feet by actual measurement, and the elevation to be overcome, inclusive of friction, about 360 feet. These pumps will throw 5,000 gallons (over 20 tons) per minute. This is represented to be a greater quantity of water through an equal length and elevation of pipe than is thrown by any other pumps known to exist. The capacity of each of these pumps is from 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 gallons per day of twenty-four hours. It is, however, designed to work them at a low rate of speed, which will enable them to pump 2,500,000 gallons each.

Now that the Jews and their social standing are subjects of debate in the public journals, a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, writing from Newport, has announced that that fashionable watering place is greatly indebted to the Jews. It was a Jew, Abraham Touro, whose influence there gave his name to the long and beautiful street that is now called Bellevue Avenue. He and his brother Judah were benefactors of the Redwood Library, and donated \$5,000 for keeping Touro Street in repair. Somewhere about the year 1760, in the old palmy days of Newport, there were sixty families of the higher class of Jews living in that town. They were of the old race from Spain and Portugal, and these are some of the names they bore; Lopez, Saxeis, Rivieri, Pollok, Hart, and Touro. Dr. Waterhouse, one of the old New England divines, speaks of their efforts for public education with great commendation.

MARKED BALLOTS.

We learn from Colorado papers particulars of a new election law which has been enacted in that State. The next general election there is to be held on Tuesday, October 2nd. The law makes the usual provisions for proper notices, judges and clerks of election, their compensation and other minor regulations. A registration of voters is to be made in every precinct, with which duty the judges of election are charged, and they are to attend to this business three weeks before the election.

The point to which we desire to draw particular attention is the following, which we clip from the *Chief*:

"The ballots are to be numbered in the order received, and the numbers recorded opposite the names of the voters."

This looks very much like the provision in the election law of this Territory, which has occasioned such a terrible outcry from a small minority who are extremely anxious to override the majority. The Utah statute says—

"Each elector shall provide himself with a vote containing the names of the persons he wishes elected and the offices he would have them to fill, and present it neatly folded to the judge of the election, who shall number and deposit it in the ballot box; the clerk shall then write the name of the elector, and opposite it the number of his vote."

It appears that Colorado has adopted this method of guarding the ballot box from the corruptions which have in so many instances rendered void the voice of the majority in various parts of the Union. Even registration has not answered the end designed, but illegal voting has been frequent and shameful, in the largest cities of the land and where the most efficient measures were supposed to have been adopted for the preservation of the purity of elections.

The Utah plan is not new. It did not originate with the legislators of this Territory. It was copied from the Statute books of old established States, and has been continued as the simplest and safest plan of detecting fraud at the polls. In case of a contested election, and in that case alone, the vote of every elector can be legally determined, and illegal voting proven beyond cavil or question.

To guard against any inspection of the ballots for improper purposes, all candidates may be present at the counting, either in person or by representative, and a fine of two hundred dollars is imposed upon any person who shall examine any ballot for any other purpose than to ascertain what candidate has been elected.

For consistency's sake those who make such a rumpus in Utah over our election law, which aims solely at maintaining the purity of elections, should now assail Colorado, and divide their stream of vituperation. But then whoever knew them at any time to be guilty of consistency?

AN ORTHODOX PHENOMENON.

The *Chronicle* of San Francisco, thinks it has found an honest man. His name is C. C. Pierce, and he is rector of the Episcopal Church at Placerville, California. He has occupied that pulpit for over seven years. During that period he has never received any salary, but has depended wholly on voluntary contributions from the townsfolk. He is a bachelor; his wife is dead, and the money which he has to spare he expends in books and trinkets for the village children. The *Chronicle* says: "It is a real treat to meet an honest man nowadays; and as one thinks of this noble-hearted clergyman of the Lord's injunction to his disciples neither to gold nor silver nor brass in your purses, nor scrip for your journey, neither two coats, neither shoes nor yet staves, for the workman is worthy of his meat." We do not wonder at so rare an instance of a man laboring in an orthodox church, for no salary, calling forth comment. Such a case is almost unexampled, and Mr. Pierce deserves the mention he has received. But that such a case should receive such a notice is significant of the extent of the departure from the command (quoted by the *Chronicle*) which the Savior gave his disciples. Preaching without pay and scrip is an injunction which the former-day and the latter-day Saints can observe, but it is decidedly unfashionable among the orthodox of the day.

THE PEABODY MUSEUM.

It is gratifying to learn that the opening of the Peabody Museum of Yale College, is a complete success. The two-fold object of giving scientific aid to the student and an attractive popular exhibition to the ordinary observer has been attained. The executive of the board to whom the Peabody trust was confided, were Professors J. D. Dana, G. T. Brush and O. C. Marsh, and they have discharged their duty well. At the same time that a neat and elegant structure has been raised, absolute security against fire has been made. Ample light to show the contents of cabinets for the benefit of the student and the public has been provided, and also a plan of construction and arrangement to secure facility and convenience in examining the collections. The New York Tribune has devoted several columns, to describe the curiosities of the Peabody Museum, and noticed the completion, editorially, in terms of high commendation. Professor O. C. Marsh has been indefatigable in his researches in Utah in relation to that branch of geology which deals more particularly with extinct vertebrates; the older the fossil, or the more remote the period when an animal lived, provided it had a backbone, or spinal column, the more precious the relic would probably be. Not that more recent animals are to be despised; the study of bones of fossil horses has enabled the Professor to trace

the history of the equine race to a period—well, we will not venture to hazard an opinion as to the time. He has proved most conclusively that there were horses upon this continent, a fact that was denied by some learned commentators upon the Book of Mormon, simply because there were none of those animals found on this side of the Atlantic when the Spaniards came. The non-existence of elephants here was also supposed to be a further evidence of the unreliability of the statements made in the translation by Joseph Smith, and now that science has proved the existence of horses, and elephants, and other animals mentioned in the Book of Mormon, it only remains to be proven that they lived at a period so recent as sixteen or eighteen hundred years ago. Perhaps a few discoveries of fossil bones, such as have been found lately, on the other side of Jordan River, west of this city, may settle this question. The tooth of a horse found there is declared to be a fossil by one of the most eminent scientific authorities, because it cannot possibly belong to a modern horse, but it has all the appearance of having belonged to an animal recently dead.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

Internal Missiles. New York, 28.—A Kuruk Dara special says, the truth must be stated about one feature of the Turkish attack. I stood for an hour in the hospital, this afternoon, and saw three explosive bullets cut out from many wounded Russian bodies. These infernal missiles had, in these instances, failed to explode, but are so charged as to literally explode in the body. A general order has been issued to examine the dead and ascertain if the use of explosive missiles was universal. The murderers of poor, defenseless girls and children cannot be expected to denounce their foes on the field of battle according to the usages of modern warfare.

Conkling Interviewed.

The Sun's Utah correspondent claims to have had an interview with Conkling and his friends. Conkling believes that Tilden was really elected President. He denounces Hayes, and claims New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio will go strongly democratic.

Heavy Failure.

S. A. Beekman & Co., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Fancy Goods of this city and Franklin, Mass., have failed; their liabilities are estimated at over \$100,000.

Senator Morton Improving.

RICHMOND, Ind., 28.—Senator Morton, at one o'clock, awoke from a refreshing natural sleep. Rumors of a return of pain of the chest or any new danger are entirely unfounded.

Later—Since one o'clock this morning an up to nine a.m., Senator Morton has rested comfortably. Gov. Burbank telegraphed President Hayes as follows:

"Senator Morton is much better this morning and improving. We feel confident of his recovery."

Double Shooting Affair.

CHICAGO, 28.—Wm. O. Sullivan, aged 32, shot a young lady named Katie Brannock, whom he was visiting, and then put a bullet through his own brain. Sullivan was son of St. Patrick's Church, and both were highly respectable. There was no apparent cause. The only witnesses of the deed heard no quarreling, and could imagine no reason.

The Russians Driven Back.

The *Times*' London special says, the result of the five days' fighting in the Balkans has been to drive the Russians back from their position on Kara Lem to the Esiatova and Tirova line. The next move will probably be by Mehmet Ali and Sultanulmehmed against the Schipka Pass, although its surrender seems only a question of time.

Good Officers Wanted.

WASHINGTON, 28.—Senator Cockrell, in a letter to the Treasury Department, in relation to the use or occupation of private property by the Union army during the rebellion, desires the Department to send good officers to Missouri to investigate such claims.

Death of an Old Actor.

ST. LOUIS, 28.—Ben Debar, proprietor and manager of Debar's Opera House of this city, died at six o'clock this morning.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Sir Stafford Northcote and England's Policy.

LONDON, 28.—Sir Stafford Northcote, in a speech at Plymouth, last night, declared that the duty of England at the present moment was to pursue a policy of strict neutrality. An occasion might arise on which a definite policy would be necessary, but under present circumstances the duty of government was to keep in view and maintain in every possible way, the position and influence of England so that it could be of assistance in bringing to the most miserable, disastrous, and barbarous war to a close. As the struggle became more and more mortal, the necessity increased for England to plan her conduct so as to avoid the possibility of her motives or sincerity being misunderstood, or suspected on either side. They had said the interests of England must not be protected if attacked, and he maintained this position, but not in the narrow and selfish sense which has been ascribed to the phrase. What they wished was, in the interest of humanity and the world at large, to keep in view, if possible, a settlement of the unhappy quarrel which at present desolated Europe. He hoped the government would be allowed, without having to contend with excited opinions, to make a statement according to the best of their judgment and with a firm resolution to do their duty, the influence which still remained to Great Britain in the councils of Europe, and he believed that it would be less powerful good at the close of the nineteenth century than it was at its commencement.

Eastern War News.

A correspondent at Stiva telegraphs, on Monday as follows: Fighting is still going on in front of Schipka Pass. Radetsky continues to maintain his ground, although his losses are serious. He holds to his conviction that Schipka is safe, and that this is declared by the great strategic scheme of the Turkish leaders to hem the Rus-

ans within the large Tete de Pont in Bulgaria with the ultimate intent of driving them over the Danube. The next few days will be more full of interest than those just past. I shall expect the Russians to take the initiative in a vigorous offensive policy on both flanks and so relieve themselves from the existing pressure, and having done so, pursue their march across the country north of the Balkans, clear of the Turkish armies. The spirit and condition of the Russian soldiers are high and satisfactory. They may be relied upon to fight a good fight. The Russians have been passing through a dangerous crisis. They had only so many men to hold the ground in Bulgaria, just past the arrival of reinforcements, rendered necessary by the unexpected developments of the Turkish fighting strength, they have disposed a like force around the edge of a large area which they had been able to occupy owing to the inactivity of the Turks in the early stages of the campaign. Dreading attacks from the right and left on Tirova, the Russians kept a body of troops belonging to the eighth corps, about that time, available, to strengthen any weak position that might threaten the Russian flank. The Schipka position must have been left to its fate or some other section of the fence line must have been seriously endangered. I think, however, that the crisis is virtually past. The arrival of the reinforcements now flowing in a steady stream, should enable the Grand Duke to break more easily. The telegram concludes: There are indications that important diplomatic matters are in progress. A correspondent at Kuruk Dara, telegraphing on Sunday, gives further details of Saturday's battle: He says the heights of Kiziltepe, which were captured by the Turks, were only held by one Russian battalion. The Turks advanced upon the mountains, protected by steep gorges, which they used with terrible effect. They made a desperate flank movement from the direction of Kara Lem to capture Kuruk Dara. The Russians had their tents loaded on wagons ready to move, but the perfect discipline and admirable management of the officers, together with the fierce fighting, saved the day. The infantry contest at Southaton village and the Fort was terrible, the Turks retiring at sundown with heavy losses. The Russians lost, before Kuruk Dara, two general officers and eight officers killed, 237 soldiers killed, and 712 wounded. Deserters say the Turks lost 3,000 men. A Bucharest correspondent states, it will be recalled that the Schipka are covered with Turkish bodies, and that their loss has already been as great as that of the Russians at Plevna. A correspondent of the *Times*, at Bucharest, writes, under date of August 26th, as follows: At present the indications are that the Roumanians will not under Russian orders. They have been crossing yesterday and to-day, over the bridge at Korabia, in order to operate in rear of Plevna. It is also announced that a brigade of infantry, with a battery of artillery and three regiments of cavalry, have crossed at Turnu Magareli. Horvitch, commander-in-chief of the Servian army, has arrived at Stiva. Preparations indicate that the Servians will employ a smaller force than last year, but the forces possessing the same organization as the regular army are estimated at 12,000, and the best part of the first class militia, numbering altogether about 40,000 men seem to be all reckoned upon. The force will be concentrated at Stiva, in Moravia valley, towards Niach. Gladstone and the War Party. The charges that Gladstone has been endeavoring to stir up the Greeks to commence war against the Turks have created immense excitement. The war party is making capital from these statements. It is freely asserted that Gladstone is crazy, and has been for several months. Rate of Discount. The directors of the Bank of England, to-day, fixed the discount rate at 3 per cent. American Eagles. American eagles to the amount of £130,000 sterling, were withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday, in charge of one-half per cent per ounce for eagles has been.

SOMETHING NEW!

READERS AND CHEERFULNESS! We have just received a new and improved method of printing, which will give you a better quality of work than ever before. It is a great improvement, and we are sure you will be pleased with it. We are now offering it at a special price, and we are sure you will not miss it. It is a great improvement, and we are sure you will be pleased with it. We are now offering it at a special price, and we are sure you will not miss it.

FOUND.

A N ORDER on the General Tithing Office. The owner can have it by applying at this Office.

CITY TAXES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

IN accordance with the provisions of Section 65 of the Charter of Salt Lake City, and agreeable to public notice previously given, the City Council met on Tuesday, August 21st, 1877, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the Council Chamber in this City Hall, and then there heard and determined all objections made to the assessment of property for city taxes for the year 1877. The assessment roll having been corrected, revised and approved by the Council, the tax list has been handed to the collector, with instructions to proceed forthwith to collect the taxes as required by law.

As witness my hand and the corporate seal of Salt Lake City, this 22nd day of August, A. D. 1877.

J. K. TRUMBO, City Recorder.

TAX NOTICE!

HAVING RECEIVED THE City Tax List for the year 1877 for collection, I hereby notify all tax-payers of Salt Lake City that the City Taxes for the year 1877 are now due, and request that they be paid forthwith at my office. Those who are delinquent will please take notice that I am required to collect all delinquent taxes without delay, and unless they are paid immediately shall proceed to collect them, with costs, without further notice.

JOHN R. WINDER, City Assessor and Collector. OFFICE No. 18 CITY HALL, Salt Lake City. d 233

AUCTION SALE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, First South St., three blocks west of Main St., On Wednesday, August 29th, 1877. At 10:30 a.m. 1 Grand Square Piano. 2 Fine Chamber Sets, marble top. Pictures. Clock. 1 Parabolator. 1 Mahogany Crb. 1 Heavy Oak Store and Cook y. 1 Lot Silk Parasols. 1 Doggy and Harness. ALL NEARLY NEW. Sale positive. J. K. TRUMBO, AUCTIONEER.

THE DESERT NEWS WEEKLY

For Wednesday, August 29, 1877.

SIXTEEN PAGES AND EIGHTY COLUMNS OF READING.

Printed on Strong Writing Ray Paper.

Partial Table of Contents.

Poetry—Only a Baby. Discourse by Elder John Taylor. For Judah, Not for the People. Who was the Dotard? Pangwhit Conference. Hop Culture. Practical Religion and Useful Knowledge. Let Hand Marriages. Missionary Work Among the Indians. Pay As You Go. London Detectives in Trouble. Two Polish Young Kestuckians. An Engineering Feat. The Cause of a Daughter's Downfall. How to Become a Lawyer. A Corrodo in Mid-air. A Mean Christian. Brought by an Agent. Co-operative Stores. The Battle of Life. The Delicacy of Base Ball. He Didn't Stay. Did Not Want a stepmother. A Wronged Man. How to Live. The Sleep of Plants. Eastern Wool Markets. Bazaar Notices. Letter List. City Council Proceedings. Religious News. Local News. Correspondence, Home and Foreign. Telegraphic Dispatches from All Parts of the World. Notes of Various Kinds. News and Notices of the Week. Posters.

One of the Best Family Weeklies in the World. Annual Subscription \$2.50; postage, 15 cents. Single copy 10 cents.

FOUND.

A PUNCH containing a small amount of A money and a few other articles, which the owner can have by calling on Mrs. Geo. Anderson at No. 100 N. 2nd St.

WANTED

100,000 POUNDS

OF

Wool!

GOOD MERCHANTABLE QUALITY

FOR WHICH WILL BE PAID

One-third in money and two-thirds in our Factory Cloth on delivery of the Wool.

APPLY TO

JOHN R. HASLAM

At Pres. Brigham Young's

dw & w

**IMPORTANT.**  
On Tuesday, the 16th inst., Z. C. M. I. will commence their annual closing out sale of Summer Goods, comprising in part Lawns, Grass Cloths, Prints, Ladies' and Gents' Straw Goods, Linen Dusters, Summer Clothing, Etc., Etc., all of which will be disposed of at prices to guarantee a speedy sale, in order to make room for early Fall purchases. Those in search of Bargains will do well to call at once.  
H. S. ELDRIDGE, Supt.

**FOUND.**  
A N ORDER on the General Tithing Office. The owner can have it by applying at this Office.

CITY TAXES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

IN accordance with the provisions of Section 65 of the Charter of Salt Lake City, and agreeable to public notice previously given, the City Council met on Tuesday, August 21st, 1877, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the Council Chamber in this City Hall, and then there heard and determined all objections made to the assessment of property for city taxes for the year 1877. The assessment roll having been corrected, revised and approved by the Council, the tax list has been handed to the collector, with instructions to proceed forthwith to collect the taxes as required by law.

As witness my hand and the corporate seal of Salt Lake City, this 22nd day of August, A. D. 1877.

J. K. TRUMBO, City Recorder.

TAX NOTICE!

HAVING RECEIVED THE City Tax List for the year 1877 for collection, I hereby notify all tax-payers of Salt Lake City that the City Taxes for the year 1877 are now due, and request that they be paid forthwith at my office. Those who are delinquent will please take notice that I am required to collect all delinquent taxes without delay, and unless they are paid immediately shall proceed to collect them, with costs, without further notice.

JOHN R. WINDER, City Assessor and Collector. OFFICE No. 18 CITY HALL, Salt Lake City. d 233

AUCTION SALE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, First South St., three blocks west of Main St., On Wednesday, August 29th, 1877. At 10:30 a.m. 1 Grand Square Piano. 2 Fine Chamber Sets, marble top. Pictures. Clock. 1 Parabolator. 1 Mahogany Crb. 1 Heavy Oak Store and Cook y. 1 Lot Silk Parasols. 1 Doggy and Harness. ALL NEARLY NEW. Sale positive. J. K. TRUMBO, AUCTIONEER.

THE DESERT NEWS WEEKLY

For Wednesday, August 29, 1877.

SIXTEEN PAGES AND EIGHTY COLUMNS OF READING.

Printed on Strong Writing Ray Paper.

Partial Table of Contents.

Poetry—Only a Baby. Discourse by Elder John Taylor. For Judah, Not for the People. Who was the Dotard? Pangwhit Conference. Hop Culture. Practical Religion and Useful Knowledge. Let Hand Marriages. Missionary Work Among the Indians. Pay As You Go. London Detectives in Trouble. Two Polish Young Kestuckians. An Engineering Feat. The Cause of a Daughter's Downfall. How to Become a Lawyer. A Corrodo in Mid-air. A Mean Christian. Brought by an Agent. Co-operative Stores. The Battle of Life. The Delicacy of Base Ball. He Didn't Stay. Did Not Want a stepmother. A Wronged Man. How to Live. The Sleep of Plants. Eastern Wool Markets. Bazaar Notices. Letter List. City Council Proceedings. Religious News. Local News. Correspondence, Home and Foreign. Telegraphic Dispatches from All Parts of the World. Notes of Various Kinds. News and Notices of the Week. Posters.

One of the Best Family Weeklies in the World. Annual Subscription \$2.50; postage, 15 cents. Single copy 10 cents.

FOUND.

A PUNCH containing a small amount of A money and a few other articles, which the owner can have by calling on Mrs. Geo. Anderson at No. 100 N. 2nd St.

WANTED

100,000 POUNDS

OF

Wool!

GOOD MERCHANTABLE QUALITY

FOR WHICH WILL BE PAID

One-third in money and two-thirds in our Factory Cloth on delivery of the Wool.

APPLY TO

JOHN R. HASLAM

At Pres. Brigham Young's

dw & w

**LUMBER YARD**

AND

**Planing Mill.**

A FULL STOCK OF

**RED PINE JOISTS,**

AND

**SCANTLING,**

AND THE BEST

**UTAH WHITE PINE,**

Finishing Lumber from 5 Mills.

ALSO

**STATES FINISHING LUMBER**

OF ALL THICKNESSES.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

**Sash, Doors, Blinds,**

**Mouldings, Flooring,**

**Celling, Rustic, Pickets,**

**Lath and Shingles**

AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FRAMES OF ALL KINDS MADE TO ORDER.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

ON ALL BILLS.

**LATTIMER, TAYLOR & CO.**

G. H. Taylor, G. Romney, G. H. Taylor, F. Armstrong.

220

**SIERRA NEVADA**

**Lumber Association**

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DEALERS IN

**LUMBER**

LATH,

Shingles, Doors,

WINDOW BLINDS, &c.

SUPERIOR

**Wood Pumps!**

KEPT IN STOCK.

OFFICE AND YARD

One-half Block South of Depot

**S. J. LYNN, Supt.**

Punctuality! Fashion! Economy!

**Who's Your Tailor!**

TRY

**BU**