DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 162. THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 31, 1888. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXI.

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WOLFE BROS. & CO.

LIMITED.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

BRUSHES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

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Write for Illustrated Catalogues. dly

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RATTAN SETTEES AND REED

FURNITURE,

AND

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

302 and 304 Wabash Avenue, CHICAGO.

For sale at all the Principal Furniture Stores throughout the Territory. d122

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POLISHED OR BLUED.

☞ Have been sold by Z. C. M. I. for over 10 years. They are the Best Nails made, and guaranteed to give the best of satisfaction. Will hold a Shoe on longer than any other.

Made by the

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THE CHIEF

For the Bath, Toilet and Laundry Snow White and Absolutely Pure.

If your dealer does not keep White Cloud Soap, send 10 cents for sample cake to the makers,

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Southern White Lead

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STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD

PURE LINSEED OIL

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The Southern White Lead is manufactured entirely from the best refined Pig Leads, and is ground in Pure Linseed Oil, and as the name of the Company is placed only upon STRICTLY PURE, parties buying White Lead branded "Southern Company" are absolutely sure of obtaining A PERFECTLY PURE ARTICLE.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS IN WHITE LEAD.

WATSON BROS.,

Stonecutters and Builders,

Tombstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones.

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Opposite Assembly Hall.

USE THE

PANHANDLE CARPET WARP

WHITE AND COLORED

THE BEST in USE.

Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. d&s all

NOTICE

AT THIS DAY THE FIRM KNOWN as Solomon Bros. & Gold, is dissolved by mutual consent, and that Alfred Solomon and James Solomon will be known as Solomon Bros, and will pay all liabilities of the firm of Solomon Bros. & Gold.

Signed: A. SOLOMON,
J. SOLOMON,
CYRUS H. GOLD.

May 24th, 1888. tf

NEW YORK TRADE.

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POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

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Office, 63, Pine St., New York.

Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated

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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for

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Pioneer Undertaker of Utah,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of

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Telephone and Telegraph Orders promptly filled.

Bodies preserved in their natural condition, without extra charge.

☞ OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

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One and a half blocks East of Theatre.

Telephone No. 70.

Sexton's Office in same building.

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UTAH'S LEADING

UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER.

I carry the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE STOCK of

COFFINS, CASKETS,

AND

Undertaker's Goods in Utah,

Wholesale and Retail, at

IMMENSELY REDUCED PRICES!

Lower than were ever offered in Utah,

☞ LOTS and GRAVES furnished in any Cemetery in the City. All orders filled day or night in the shortest time possible. ☜

Office and Warerooms Never Closed.

21 & 23 S. West Temple St.

P. O. Box 364. Telephone 351.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

Britain Perplexed by the Russian Railway Extensions Toward British India.

The Family of General Sheridan Gather Around the Dying Soldier.

A Battle at St. Louis Between a Sheriff's Posse and River Men.

Thurman Says He is Not a Candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

Ingersoll's Brilliant Memorial Oration.—Stirring the Political Broth.

By Telegraph to the News.]

POLITICAL NEWS.

Blaine Still the Republican Leader.—What Newspapers Think About His Letter.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *Times* editorially today says: Blaine tried hard the second time to withdraw his name from the Republican National Convention. This time he has been more successful than the first. It certainly seems needful for Blaine to use a great many words to say he will not under any circumstances take the nomination, and we fear there are still some followers who will refuse to take even this declaration as final, but it is nearly impossible that the convention should not so take it. The republicans have voluntarily declared that the character of the man, his weakness, moral defects, stained name, and the public reprobation of him at the polls, will not prevent them from again placing him at the head of the party. His refusal to take the post leaves the party with the taint of Blaineism upon it but without Blaine to share it.

PREPARATIONS AT CHICAGO.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Friends of the various republican candidates have been here for the past two days discussing the Presidential situation, endeavoring to reach some conclusion as to what could or will be done at Chicago. Among them is J. S. Clarkson of Iowa, Allison's friend, Attorney-General Michener of Indiana representing Harrison, John P. Sanbow of Michigan for Governor Alger and Joseph H. Manley, Blaine's lieutenant. Ex-Congressman C. H. Boutelle, of Maine, and S. B. Elkins, are also here in the interests of the Maine campaign. George M. Pullman, of Chicago, and Ex-Congressman Jno. H. Calkins, both Gresham men, are here. Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, Governor Rusk's advocate, Senator J. R. Hawley, of Connecticut, Christopher Magee, of Pennsylvania, Chas. Emory Smith, of Philadelphia, and Ex Senator Warner Miller are all here undoubtedly stirring the political broth.

FAR AWAY FLORIDA.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., May 30.—The State Democratic Convention selected delegates to the St. Louis convention, and at a late hour tonight is fruitlessly balloting for Governor.

BLAINE ABROAD.

PARIS, May 30.—Blaine has recovered from his cold and is still staying at the Hotel Blinda.

LONDON, May 30.—Blaine was so much improved in health yesterday that he went out driving in his private carriage in the afternoon.

THE "STAR'S" OPINION.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The *Star* this morning says editorially: Blaine will not be a candidate for the Presidential nomination at the republican convention in Chicago. The personal letter we print this morning from the Plumed Knight to Whitelaw Reid, settles the question beyond dispute, as Blaine says he could not be a candidate after his Florence letter without being accused of bad faith by many former friends, and he does not choose to endure such a charge.

PARTY SUCCESS FIRST.

NEW YORK, May 30.—J. S. Clarkson, the Iowa member of the republican national committee, who has supported Blaine in three national conventions, said today the letter from Mr. Blaine published this morning simply emphasizes for the benefit of the men who have become candidates on the faith in the candor of his previous letter, that he meant what he said and is out of the contest. "But," added Mr. Clarkson, "Blaine is still the party's leader. The great mass of the party and the overwhelming majority of the national convention are not only friendly to the policies and ideas in public affairs that he stands for, but are as friendly to him, and it is safe to say the nominee will be one friendly to him and not his enemy." Clarkson added he thought in the new situation the drift of the party would be toward Senator Allison, whose fitness and ability for the presidency are admitted. "We believe Allison to be the strongest candidate for the polls now," added he, "yet we have the spirit of party interest controlling us and if a stronger man can be found at Chicago we shall be for him. The first thing this year is party success."

THE CONKLING CLUB.

PITTSBURG, May 30.—The Roscoe Conkling Republican Club, the first political club to request the late Mr. Conkling to be a candidate, last night endorsed Judge Gresham.

THURMAN DECLINES.

COLUMBUS, May 30.—Thurman this evening reiterated that he was not a candidate for the Vice-Presidency nor any other office. Although in good health he thinks himself too old to assume large responsibilities.

A dispatch from Washington to a prominent democrat here says the President, while he personally favors Thurman, thinks the selection of Don Dickinson will be a good one as Michigan is a close state. Another report is that Cleveland will use his influence for Carlisle's nomination.

WHO NEXT?

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *World* editorially says: As announced in the *World* yesterday, Blaine has written a letter declaring he could not accept the nomination for the Presidency and why. It is addressed to his intimate friend Whitelaw Reid and was given to the press after midnight this morning, doubtless by Reid's telegraphic instructions from Cincinnati. Joseph Medill, editor of the Chicago *Tribune*, the originator of the movement for Gresham's nomination, discusses in the *World* this morning the great influence Blaine's positive withdrawal must have on the prospects of that movement. Blaine is now definitely out of the race. After him, who?

THURMAN INTERVIEWED.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The *Examiner* this morning prints four columns of telegraphic matter bearing on Taurman's possible acceptance of the Vice-Presidency. This question among others was asked Thurman by the correspondent:

"While you may not desire the nomination, if it comes to you as the voice of the united democracy would you not feel compelled to accept it?"

To which the following reply was made: "I apprehend no such contingency, and hope and pray that I may be permitted to remain here and enjoy the quiet peace and happiness in my old age, which should be accorded to all on the shady side of life. Further than this I have no objection."

Interviews with many democratic Senators and Representatives follow, the preferences with very few exceptions being Thurman. Senators Vest and Brown as also a few Representatives would favor some man less advanced in years. Supplementing this the *Examiner* will tomorrow print interviews with representative democratic politicians throughout the Pacific Coast, showing an almost unanimous expression in favor of Thurman.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 30.—As the hour for the opening of the prohibitionist national convention approached the delegates began to gather in Tomlinson Hall, which had been tastefully decorated with flags, bunting and mottoes for the occasion. The first thing to excite general applause was the entrance of the New Jersey young men of the prohibition league bearing a golden crank of huge proportions. Cheer followed cheer in quick succession as the audience caught sight of the representatives of the state from which the probable head of the ticket hails.

It was 12:05 before Chairman Dickie, of the national committee, rapped the convention to order and invited the officers of the W. C. T. U. to the platform with the members of the national committee.

Chairman Dickie then invited the past nominees of the party to the platform, and as these present came in sight the audience broke into loud applause, which was redoubled when St. John came forward. The formal organizing of the convention was proceeded with. Rev. Delano was elected temporary chairman.

Col. Ritter of Indianapolis made an address of welcome to which Chairman Delano replied on behalf the convention. The remainder of the temporary organization was then effected.

Delegate Needham of Kansas then stepped forward and presented Chairman Delano with a gavel made of the wood of the telegraph pole upon which t. John was hanged in effigy, November 7, 1884, at Topeka. Governor St. John then made a few remarks upon how it feels to be hanged in effigy. The convention then settled down to business and the roll of States and Territories was called for the purpose of naming the committees on credentials, permanent organization, resolutions and rules. An adjournment was then taken until 3 p. m.

It was 3:45 before the convention reassembled. The committee on credentials was not ready to report, so the time was taken up for nearly an hour with song, interspersed with impromptu addresses.

The first motion before the convention, as a matter of business, was on the part of Delegate Turner of Pennsylvania, that a telegram be sent to the Brewers' Association, in session in St. Paul.

BIDDING DEFIANCE

but the matter was choked off summarily.

A few moments later a similar motion was brought into prominence by Rev. Walter I. Mills, who asked permission to read it, that having been asked of him. After a tumultuous debate in which several delegates were constantly on the floor, the mover of the resolution was given leave to withdraw it.

At this moment a little son of the late John B. Finch was brought upon the platform amid loud cheering. Chairman Dickie of the national committee presented the little fellow with a gold medal on behalf of the prohibition party. Further time was taken up with singing and then another cause of slightly acrimonious discussion appeared in the shape of a motion that ex-soldiers of the Union and Confederate armies stand up and be counted. The motion was finally tabled.

A memorial from the national W. C. T. U. was then read, asking the convention to place in its platform a plank demanding that the bible be placed in the public schools, that personalities be avoided in the coming campaign, that sectionalism be completely buried and that, lastly, the position of the party in 1884 on the woman suffrage question be reaffirmed. Referred to the committee on resolutions.

A resolution was offered by Judge Gore, of New York, reaffirming the woman suffrage plank of 1884, with a proviso that that issue be not made a test of party fealty. Referred.

On the announcement from the committee on credentials that their report was ready, the convention settled down.

The report showed delegates to have been selected from every state except Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina. The territories all chose representatives except Wyoming, the last arrival being delegates from New Mexico, who came in just before the afternoon adjournment.

The committee stated it had decided to permit the delegation present to cast the full vote of their state, also that provisional delegates be given full power to vote in the convention. This gives a total vote of 1020, although the number of delegates present will fall considerably short of that number.

Immediately following the credential report came that of the committee on permanent organization. Its recommendations were for permanent chairman, John P. St. John, Kansas; for secretary Rev. Sam'l. Small, Georgia; first assistant secretary Mrs. M. M. Brown, Cincinnati. The action of the committee was unanimously concured in and a committee consisting of Rev. M. Boole, New York, Dickie of Michigan, and Knowlton of Connecticut, appointed to escort the permanent chairman to the platform. Having performed that duty Governor St. John was introduced by Temporary Chairman Delano, in a few felicitous words.

GOV. ST. JOHN

responded happily. He spoke encouragingly of the outlook. The old parties, he said, were giving way, and our leaders, fearing the fall of the republican Babylon, have concluded not to be crushed in the fall. He concluded with a reference to the lack of sectionalism in the prohibition party, and asked that the convention do such work as will cause the future generation to rise up and call it blessed. He then asked the will of the convention. A memorial was presented from the National W. C. T. U. asking that the platform include a plank declaring against Sunday labor of any kind, so far as the national congress can so legislate.

At 5:45 p. m. a motion was made to adjourn till 9 a. m. tomorrow, but a delegate recalling the fact that the invitation to Bishop Turner of the M. E. Church to a seat on the platform had not been carried out, the motion was voted upon and Bishop Turner proceeded to speak. His remarks were enthusiastically received.

The roll of states was called for the selection of members of the national finance committee, after which the convention adjourned till 9 a. m. tomorrow.

The following is the representation reported by the credentials committee:

Alabama 21, Arkansas 14, California 22, Colorado 10, Connecticut 17, Delaware 6, Florida 8, Georgia 24, Illinois 64, Indiana 89, Iowa 26, Kansas 26, Kentucky 33, Maine 26, Maryland 20, Massachusetts 41, Michigan 48, Minnesota 23, Missouri 36, Nebraska 27, Nevada 4, New Hampshire 12, New Jersey 18, New York 244, North Carolina 22, Ohio 76, Oregon 9, Pennsylvania 78, Rhode Island 10, Tennessee 25, Texas 28, Vermont 10, Virginia 24, West Virginia 16, Wisconsin 32, Arizona 1, Dakota 5, Idaho 2, Montana 2, New Mexico 2, Utah 2, Washington Territory 2, District of Columbia 5; total 1036.

The long list of vice-presidents of the convention selected by the state delegations include the names of Miss Frances Willard, Illinois; J. M. Weaver, Arkansas; R. H. McDonald, California; Neal Dow, Maine; Rev. Father Mahony, Minnesota, and A. A. Stephens, of Pennsylvania. Tonight the committee on order, finances and platform are hard at work endeavoring to complete the discussion of the subjects in hand in time to submit reports to the committee tomorrow morning. The platform committee is the one about which the greatest interest centres. Their session of course is secret, but it is understood the feeling of the committee is largely in favor of reaffirming the woman suffrage plank of 1884. The tariff question will probably cause some debate. Wisconsin, Indiana and the south will lead in the opposition to woman suffrage. Miss Willard, Governor St. John, J. C. Evans, of Illinois, and others led the fight for the suffrage plank. The talk among the delegates in regard to the second place on the ticket shows they are beginning to settle on Geo. W. Bain of Kentucky, and John A. Brooks of Kansas City, Mo. Memorial services were held this afternoon during the recess of the convention, and also this evening by the prohibition army of blue and gray.

THE "TRIBUNE'S" EULOGY

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *Tribune* editorial: We print elsewhere a letter from Blaine, flatly making an end of any possible consideration of his name for the Chicago nomination. All now knew that but for the Florence letter Blaine would surely have been nominated by acclamation and equally sure, we think, of election. Even after the Florence letter it was so obviously the overwhelming desire of the republicans everywhere to make him a candidate in spite of himself that of late there has been little doubt among either friends or foes that the nomination would still be tendered him. With a full knowledge of this he makes haste to say now that he considers himself bound by the Florence letter to refuse the nomination, even if it came to him unsought and against his expressed wishes. This is an act of magnanimity and self-abnegation, rare in political history and will be sure to command the appreciation of his regretful but admiring countrymen. Meantime, the republican party is confronted with the immediate necessity of making another choice. Unlike the party in power it thinks it has many men in its ranks fit for the highest honors of the country. The one question now, as from the beginning, is which one of them at once sure of the republican States will be strongest in the doubtful States.

Curtis Re-elected.

NEW YORK, May 30.—At the annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform League today George William Curtis, who presided, was re-elected president for the coming year. The meeting passed resolutions to the effect that the league congratulates the country on the profound interest awakened in civil service reform; encouragement was felt for the progress and prospects of the cause. In many instances, however, it must be acknowledged that the civil service reform law had been used by the appointees of the administration, who were not in sympathy with it, to make changes in the unclassified service. The resolutions set forth that the changes in the civil service in the past year have been so great as to forecast its practically complete partisan reconstruction by the close of the administration. It regarded this fact as the loss of a great opportunity by the President and a serious public misfortune. Neither the welfare of the service nor any public advantage whatever had been shown to demand so general a change and it could be attributed only to partisan pressure for wholly partisan objects which the President has unfortunately not resisted. The disregard and flagrant defiance of the executive circular of July 14th, 1886, warning certain officers of the government against pernicious activity in politics and the President's letter of November 2d 1887, against advocating the choice of particular candidates in municipal elections, seriously discredited the cause of reform and merited the public condemnation which they had received. The severe judgment of the public in these matters was a hopeful sign of reform. The enlistment of office holders for the benefit of political action was a perversion of the purposes of parties and pernicious. The Presidential term of four years was prolific of intrigue. The resolutions recommend the adoption of the merit system in the appointment of office in penal, reformatory and educational institutions of the principal cities and that the League extend its work of inquiry into the principles of the candidates for office.

The Lucky Winner.

OMAHA, May 30.—Judge Wakely has decided the case of Franklin Robinson of California vs. A. D. Jones of Omaha, in favor of the plaintiff, and he will eventually gain possession of $200,000. Robinson was a soldier in the Mexican war and entitled to a government warrant for 160 acres of land. He authorized Jones in 1849 to locate land for his benefit. He then went to the Pacific Coast. Jones located the land and held possession of it by virtue of a pretended assignment of Robinson in 1868. Jones sold the land for the Union Pacific depot grounds and invested the proceeds in Omaha property in his own name. Robinson remained in ignorance of this until 1886 when he brought suit. Jones was held to be simply a trustee for Robinson. Jones will appeal.

General Sheridan Changes for the Worse; His Life Despaired of.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—2 p. m.—The physicians' bulletin says: "General Sheridan has been quite bright and cheerful all morning. There have been no disquieting symptoms since the last bulletin. Improvements in his pulse and respiration continue. No œdema."

At 6:30 the condition of General Sheridan was reported to be as favorable as at any time since the change early Monday morning.

The following bulletin was not given out till after 10 o'clock.

"8:45 p.m: General Sheridan's condition is

NOT SO FAVORABLE

as it was at the time of the last bulletin, owing to the fact of a harrassing cough having appeared, making him restless and preventing sleep."

Colonel Kellogg said the cough did not give them any apprehension, as the favorable symptoms continued. The damp weather, he thought, might have caused the cough, and as the General had secured so much sleep lately, he would naturally be a little restless. No more bulletins will be issued until 8 o'clock to-morrow morning, as it is not thought any move will be required tonight, in view of the general's increased health.

One of the physicians says the cough heretofore mentioned is caused by the irritation of the lungs and is of a hacking nature. The only bad effect which it has had as yet is that it awakens the General when he is only half asleep, and therefore interferes with his rest. It may be due to congestion or the same suffusion which produced the œdema, or again it may be of a nervous nature. There has been no recurrence whatever of the heart trouble.

General Sheridan's condition has again

CHANGED FOR THE WORSE,

and he is now as critically ill as at any time during his sickness. There has been more or less recurrence of the heart trouble, but the exact degree and extent of it cannot be learned at this hour. It is, however, complicated by a severe and dangerous affectation of the lungs, and the greatest alarm prevails among General Sheridan's physicians and family. They were all hastily summoned and are now at his bedside keenly apprehensive of what may follow. The use of oxygen which had been discontinued has been resumed. The first symptoms of the present attack were noticed about 5 o'clock, when the General was seized with a spell of coughing. It was not thought at first this cough was of a dangerous character. The coughing increased in frequency and vigor and grave alarm began to be felt among the household. About 10 o'clock the General was seized with a severe retching cough. This brought another faintness of the heart's action, and his pulse grew weaker and weaker.

Mrs. Sheridan and the physicians, who had all been called to the sick room, sprang to the General's bedside and everything that was possible to be done was immediately undertaken. Digitalis was administered to counteract

FEEBLENESS OF THE HEART.

A jet of oxygen gas was thrown into his mouth and he was allowed to inhale it for a few seconds. The gas made him flighty and irrational. It was then discontinued and other remedies applied, only to give way at frequent intervals to renewal of the oxygen treatment. For some time the General appeared to be very much like a drowning man, and it was feared the end had come. By extraordinary exertions, however, the patient rallied again, and at 12:30 had improved to some extent. His breathing was still labored and heavy, and not a person in the room left his bedside.

One of the general's aides came out about 1 o'clock and handed the bulletin to the group of reporters anxiously waiting the official bulletin which it was known would be issued. It showed the general's condition critical. The aide said he knew nothing much beyond what was in the bulletin, but his manner showed plainer than words could tell the anxiety and alarm he felt.

At 1:30 o'clock word came down that the general's condition was still the same as indicated in the bulletin, and he had not improved.

Germany the Loser.

PARIS, May 30.—As a result of the negotiations between the government and the Eastern Railway Company for a change of route of trains, in order that eastward-bound passengers might not be obliged to pass through Alsace-Lorraine, the railroad company announces train service to Switzerland, Austria and Italy via Delle, thus avoiding German territory.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—There was a thin attendance at the democratic house caucus tonight. Speaker Carlisle and Mr. Randall were not on hand. Springer woke up the caucus by the presentation of a resolution binding all the democrats to vote in the house for the bill as it comes from the caucus and only for such amendments as are presented in the house by the democratic members of the ways and means committee. The internal revenue sections of the bill have been only lightly touched upon so far and this resolution stirred up the North Carolina members to a bitter onslaught on the bill. They declared that their people wanted an unconditional repeal of the tobacco tax instead of the compromise reduction made by the committee. They also served a notice upon the caucus that the California members as well as themselves, would have to vote for the proposition to remove the revenue tax on fruit brandy, let it come from the republican or democratic side, if the caucus refused to include that provision in the bill. This brought Scott to the front in defense of the bill, and a lively discussion followed. In deference to the wishes of the North Carolina members the resolution was finally withdrawn in order to allow them to hear an expression of sentiment by their state convention.

A resolution was adopted pledging the caucus to proceed with the consideration of the tariff bill in the House immediately after the disposition of the legislative appropriation bill.

Another resolution was adopted also requiring all democratic members to be present or secure pairs during the five minute debate in the House.

Stone (Missouri) offered a proposition to restore the duty on lead ore to within five per cent. of the existing rate. Referred to the democratic members of the ways and means committee.

Paris green has been placed on the free list.

The caucus then discussed the pottery clause, which is obnoxious to the New Jersey people.

Springer renewed his motion to bind the democratic members to support in the House only such amendments as were endorsed by the democratic members of the ways and means committee or the caucus. Adopted.

Adjourned.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Berlin *National Zeitung* says: Henry Villard under powerful auspices is planning a German expedition to the South Pole.

Lord Stanley, wife and staff have arrived at Liverpool on their way to Canada where Lord Stanley assumes the office of governor-general.

Berlin dispatch: Twenty-nine social democrats of this city have been sentenced to imprisonment for terms varying from two to six months for circulating seditious prints.

Sydney, N. S. W., dispatch: The Chinamen recently released under the writs of *habeas corpus* in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court, have returned to Hong Kong.

Boston dispatch: The present owners of the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Robinson, famous as the Somerville Borgia, in jail for poisoning, found concealed in the walls of the house a quantity of poison.

Ottawa dispatch: The mortgage contemplated by the act of the last session of Parliament entitled: "An act respecting a certain agreement of the government of Canada and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company" was submitted for the approval of the Privy Council today, and after some slight amendments, was adopted. It will be submitted for the approval of the shareholders of the company at a special meeting to be held at Montreal.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50cts. and $1.00 per bottle at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. (5)

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. (5)

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Stockholders' Meeting.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Inland Salt Company at the Company's Office, 35 S. Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 11th day of June, 1888, for the purpose of increasing the shares to 100,000 and the Capital Stock to $1,600,000, and for the transaction of such other business as shall legally come before the meeting.

By order of the Trustees.

JAMES JACK,
President.

GEO. M. & JOHN M. CANNON

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We kindly invite our many friends and the public generally to give us a call.

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