

EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Friday, Dec. 29, 1893.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Prohibition is progressing backwards in the Bay State. In the municipal elections, the majority for license this year is about twice what it was last year.

The new suspension bridge across the Niagara River is to be completed by September 1, 1894. It will be located a quarter of a mile south of the present suspension bridge.

One vessel was lost at sea every four hours during 1893, according to the English *Nautical Gazette*. In 1879-80 there were 400 steamboat collisions in the North Atlantic Ocean.

The Russian navy is to be strengthened by the addition of four ironclads, three cruisers and two gunboats. Two of the ironclads are for the Black Sea and the other ships for the Baltic.

It is stated by the *Atlanta Constitution* that the South has expended, this season in the North, \$55,000,000 for wheat, \$50,000,000 for corn, \$72,000,000 for meat, \$25,000,000 for hay, butter, oats, cheese, etc., \$80,000,000 for life, fire and marine insurance, \$60,000,000 for dry goods, liquors and groceries.

A "Farm Garden School" is the latest educational notion in New York. It is conducted under the management of the Children's Aid Society, and the pupils are trained in the practical work of agriculture, under the belief that it will give their minds a bent which will carry many of them into farm life in the west.

The days of the iron nail are apparently numbered. Pittsburg has a company, with \$750,000 capital, organized to manufacture them of Bessemer steel, and factories in Wheeling will come only a little later. The steel article is stiffer and tougher than the iron nail, and so much lighter that the added cost per pound will be more than balanced by the increased number.

Chicago is said to be suffering from an epidemic of crime. Murders are frequent and burglaries of nightly occurrence. To clear the city of thieves and cut-throats the officers are talking of the organization of a vigilance committee, as the police cannot be depended upon. Chicago is one more of those centres of "Christian civilization" which would do well to reform its own evils instead of worrying itself so much about the imagined errors of Utah.

We acknowledge the renewed courtesies extended to the News by W. H. Stennett, Esq., General Manager of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway. There is no need to say anything in praise of the road, it is so well known that economists on it would be superfluous. And to those who have had any business relations with Mr. Stennett, there is just as little necessity for eulogies. Suffice it to say the line is a 1 and the manager is ditto.

The Methodist ministers of Chicago differed almost to the extent of a downright quarrel in their discussion of the Sunday law question. "If you allow bad men to trample on the rights of Christians in a civilized community," said the Rev. Mr. Gurney, "then you are a sneak and a coward." The Rev. Dr. Edwards resented this as a personal remark, and then the debate became so hot that the chairman reminded the speakers that their words would not look well in print.

Prof. Houghton, at a recent meeting in Dublin to consider "the employment and technical training of women in Ireland," was in favor of using the word "woman" rather than "ladies" in connection with the proposed institution. He trusted that Irish ladies would never be anything but women. It was at present too much the fashion for every woman to call herself a lady. He might mention that when at Niagara this year the woman who made his bed called herself a "lady," yet stole his silk muffler.

There is much force in the statement of an Alaskan, relative to the causes of DeLong's failure. He saw him last, and supplied him with provisions, dogs, and an Arctic outfit. He places his loss to the credit of ignorance of the conditions of Arctic travel. He refused a gun which the Alaskan offered, and which was specially adapted to Arctic use. He also, it is thought, killed his dogs, not knowing their value. This is regarded as his particularly fatal act. The dogs not only serve an important purpose in drawing sledges, but are particularly sagacious in finding food. Had the dogs been kept, the lives of all could have been preserved.

Commenting upon the Census returns of Illinois, the *Little Rock Gazette* looks askance at the showing for the State of Arkansas, where it appears that 98,542 whites, over ten years old, and 109,470 colored of the same age, cannot write. It remarks, however, that as there could have been very few colored persons in the State twenty years ago who could write at all, the fact that they now show 25 per cent. of their number who can do so, proves that they have been making progress, and adds that "Proportionately speaking, the whites have by no means done so well; and unless a change occurs, they may, within another score of years, be outstripped in the ordinary and essential branches of education by their colored brethren."

THE IRISH QUESTION.

EARL DERBY made a speech at Manchester, a short time ago, in which he said the expenditure of several million pounds in promoting emigration from Ireland would be money well spent. He has little faith in the improvement of the condition of small tenants by recent legislation, and sees no remedy for Irish distress but shipping the poorer classes out of the island. This is a humiliating confession for a statesman to have to make about any part of his country—that the Government is incapable of promoting the happiness of its subjects save by getting rid of them.

The same amount of money expended in the establishment of industries which would furnish remunerative employment for idle hands, and train people to engage in manufactures instead of starving on rural pursuits under the watchful and landless system, would be far more efficacious, and be fraught with much greater benefit to unhappy Erin than are likely to accrue from sending her peasantry away to build up other countries.

Against Lord Derby's plan, which is old and a failure already, are the facts that it has reduced the population of Ireland by 3,000,000 since 1841, or from a little over 8,000,000 to 5,000,000. In sixty years, more than 3,000,000 of the Irish subjects of the English crown have emigrated to one country alone—the United States—which now contains more persons of Irish birth and descent than Ireland itself. Is it not about time that some common sense and humanity were imported into the Irish question?

PAYSON MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

We have received the following communication from the Recorder of Payson City:

PAYSON, Dec. 28, 1893.

Editor Deseret News:

I see by reference to the Order of the Commission, in relation to municipal elections, as published in the *Semi-Weekly News* of Oct. 17, that the Commissioners contemplated appointing judges of election for the various municipalities.

In accordance with your suggestions as published about the same time, I apprised the Commissioners by letter that our election, according to provision of charter, would be held on Monday, Feb. 12, 1894. To this I have received no answer.

The time being near at hand when our election should be held, and no judges of election having been appointed, so far as we know, and therefore no application made for a copy of the registration list, what steps can or should be taken to call the attention of the Commissioners to the subject?

Information on this subject through the columns of the *News* might be interesting to many of your readers, and would be appreciated by

Yours most truly,

L. M. COOMBS.

As there may be other municipalities in the same condition as Payson we answer as requested. The Commissioners we believe are now in Washington and can be communicated with by telegraph or letter. The Secretary is understood to be on his way home, and in a few days at most the Payson authorities can no doubt learn from him whether any appointments have been made. In all probability some action was taken in regard to Payson before the Commissioners left the Territory, and either the appointments have not been notified, or their appointment has not been made known. Under the Commissioners' rules, the application for the registration list is to be made to the County Court at least thirty days before the day of election.

There is yet time for the transaction of all the business necessary as preliminaries to the municipal election at Payson.

In case no provision is made by the Commissioners for the necessary officials and re-registration under their rules, the election will lapse, and the present incumbents will hold over under the provision of their charter, "until their successors are elected and qualified; in other words until the next municipal election and the qualification of the officers then elected. Should their be a vacancy in the Council by the death, resignation or removal of any officer, including the offices of Mayor, Alderman and City Justice, the Council may fill such vacancy by appointment until the next general municipal election.

The Commissioners having been notified of the date of the Payson City election, no fault can be attached to the municipal authorities if the biennial election is not held. However it is quite likely that proper provisions may yet be made within the time specified in the rules of the Commissioners.

BIGHAM YOUNG ACADEMY.

Provo, Dec. 28, 1893.

Editor Deseret News:

For some time we have been neglectful in sending you regular reports from this Academy, not because we had grown less solicitous of your opinion and endorsement, but the unprecedented rush of new students upon us has called all our time and energies into requisition in order to meet the expectations of our pupils. The overcrowded condition of our Academy during the previous school year having demonstrated the necessity of enlargement of the premises for the future, and their being so firm at the disposal of the Board outside of the low tuition fee, President A. O. Smoot concluded to erect an addition to our building at the corner of Second and Third streets, and to get, after much tribulation and coaxing, on account of the scarcity of mechanics, the new building ready for use at the beginning of this second term.

The cost amounts to over \$2,500. There is a large recitation room on upper 22-27, and our gymnasium exclusively, nicely fitted up, with desks, chairs, blackboards, maps, pictures, washstand, and a large glass case for the normal library, and ladies' work department. Down stairs a separate entry in the hall leading into the laboratory, library, music room and Principal's office. The music room is 15x25, contains an organ, piano, glass case for music books, blackboard, 54 chairs and a large bench for the accommodation of the singing classes, and the Academy and polyphonic

choirs. The Principal's office, 18x22, is handsomely carpeted, papered and correspondingly furnished, making, with the other two rooms, an addition to our Academy of which we feel proud on our own account and grateful to Brother Smoot for his liberality.

Nor has the Executive Committee been behind hand in securing greater comforts to our students. The south front of the building has assumed a more presentable appearance, doors, windows, stairs, benches, and desks have undergone an overhauling, more chairs and desks have been added, and our laboratory, formerly stuck away into a little temporary room under the old stage, has been removed into the former principal's office, and under the tasteful arrangement of Bro. Hardy, is now quite a distinguished feature of this academy. Neither have the affairs of the teachers escaped the general spirit of improvement, inasmuch as their salaries have been raised to something more in accordance with their increased labor. Bro. Hardy conducting the scientific department; Bro. Tanner the commercial department; and higher mathematics, Brothers Nelson and Cluff assisting these brethren in their respective departments; Mrs. Zina Y. Williams conducting the sewing class, and Bro. Cluff acting as general superintendent of all lady students; Miss Cattie Daniels teaching the preparatory department; Miss Nettie Smith presiding over the music department, and myself having charge of the normal department, theology, and languages. There are now 83 classes, recitations on 100 lines, nine classrooms every day conducted by the eight regular teachers, and twelve normal students, making twenty teachers in all.

We rush upon you a solemnity at the first term was so great that we have been obliged to disband the primary department altogether, in order to make room for the larger students, so that in future none can be admitted any more below the Fourth Independent Reader grade, the latter kind of students forming now what is called the preparatory department. The number of students registered until the adjournment for the holidays is 280 for his present term, who are distributed, besides those living at their own homes, in sixty-four boarding places under our domestic rules. We have now students from New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada, Idaho, California, and from the different counties of Utah.

Our missionary meetings, held every Sunday at 2 p.m., and instituted for the purpose of qualifying our students for home and foreign mission work, are constantly increasing in attendance, which is entirely voluntary. Apostles Woodruff, Erastus Snow, F. M. Lyman, John H. Smith, and the First W. W. Cluff, Harvey E. Cluff and others have addressed these meetings at various times. Several of our leading families in Provo, have opened their homes to students for boarding, only to assist the Academy, as otherwise we would have been at a loss where to place them suitably.

There are now 25 normal students here, of whom 10 are studying under an appropriation from Utah county, 11 under an appropriation from the Church, and 4 are on their own tuition, besides a few that desire to commence a normal course after the holidays as independents. Our Polyphonic Society, consisting of three sections, one for Civil Government, in charge of Brother Booth, meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings; one for Science and Literature, under the supervision of Brother Hardy; and one for Music and the Fine Arts, superintended by Mrs. Williams; the whole society is in charge of Brother Booth, meeting last Friday, in which the vocal and instrumental performances reflected great credit on our music teacher.

The present term closes January 19th with a public examination, and the third term commences the following Monday, January 28th, when we shall have to solve the problem how to put 13 bushels of wheat into a bushel measure.

Thanking you for the friendly and brotherly interest you have always manifested in our Academy, I close by wishing you the success of the God of Israel upon your ceaseless efforts and struggles for the cause of truth and right.

Your brother in the Gospel,

KARL G. MANN.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

Failures.

New York, Dec. 28.—The business failures of the past seven days reported to R. G. Dunn & Co., mercantile agency, number 193, against 197 last week. The eastern States had 20, western 63, southern 56, middle 38, Pacific States and Territories 14, Canada 12 and New York City 9.

Occur and the Banker's Son.

Oscar Wilde really was beaten out of money and merely regained it by being swifter than his swindlers. Two weeks ago Wilde walked up Broadway with a public examination, a batch of money, and introduced himself as a son of Drexel, the banker. Said he had been the poet in his father's office, and took the liberty of making his acquaintance. Wilde was delighted and they went to a restaurant. During the meal Drexel incidentally mentioned that he had won a prize in a lottery and asked Wilde to join him. (It was a very old and worn bait but the victim bit). Oscar accompanied his friend to a place on Fifth Avenue, and a check for the amount named, \$10,000, soon he had lost \$100 and gave a check for that sum. At the solicitation of the man who played with him, once more, now thoroughly excited, he plunged into the game and came out loser of \$1,000. This sobered Wilde and while slowly signing a check on the Madison Square Bank, he was seized by a man who weighed in his mind a suspicion that he had been cheated. He then went out, hailed a cab and went on the dead run to Madison Square. Wilde called the cashier and got the payment stopped. Wilde then confessed to a police captain and recognized "Drexel" in the Rogues Gallery.

The Dark Continent.

The members of the American Geographical Society are considerably interested in the announcement that Jos. Thompson, a young but already famous African explorer, has left England for another tour on the dark continent, which he will complete in two years. He will start from Zanzibar, for the interior about the middle of March and will first go to the east shore of Victoria Nyansa, thence strike into compassing a large unexplored country west of Albert Nyansa, journeying in that region will be of enormous interest in view of the fact that he will try to visit the great lake which is said to hold several hundred miles west of Albert Nyansa.

The Denver and Rio Grande.

Kiernan's News says of the Denver

and Rio Grande, it was expected that Gould would gradually get control. Among the stories circulated today was one that upon the completion of the road to Salt Lake, there would be harmonious arrangements with the Union Pacific.

Coal Oil Boom.

Pittsburg, 29.—Oil boomed up ten cents on an exciting rumor that the Grandin well had given out. It reached \$24 and closed at \$24.

The "Commercial Gazette."

Cincinnati, 29.—Arrangements have been completed for the consolidation of the *Commercial* and *Gazette* newspapers to be published daily under the name of the *Commercial Gazette*. The newspaper will be issued as soon as the mechanical preparations can be made. Both Smith of the *Gazette* and Halestead of the *Commercial* will be in the management and will be assisted by such talent from both papers as is needed to make the new enterprise a successful paper. It will be republican in politics.

Killed by Electricity.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—A remarkable incident occurred in a local establishment which uses a large number of electric lights last Saturday. While sales were going on vigorously at 10 o'clock the night before Christmas, the lights suddenly went out. Investigation of the engine and dynamo showed that under the latter stood a rat, one leg raised as if about to take another step, but motionless; he was dead and lay on the spot. He had leaped first on one copper conductor under the brush and on stepping on the other closed the current so that it passed through his body, killing him and nailing him to the spot. When he was moved the lights burned as before.

FOREIGN.

LATEST TRANS-ATLANTIC DISPATCHES.

Fatal Explosion.

BRUSSELS, 29.—A boiler in a factory at Dijon exploded yesterday while the building was full of workpeople. A number of persons were killed. Three bodies, so far, have been extricated from the ruins.

Floods.

Worms, 29.—Hammel Dyke, on the Rhine river, flooding the lower part of town. Railway travel from Frankfurt-on-the-Main to Wiesbaden is interrupted owing to the inundation at Castle depot.

By sea.

Paris, 29.—The French minister to Switzerland has informed his government that a considerable quantity of dynamite left Switzerland for France. There have been several arrests of dynamite conspirators in the department.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Henry Villard, yesterday, got a mortgage for three years of \$240,000 on property owned by him in N. Y.

The diamond trade seems depressed, and many dealers fear there is an over supply, and will occasion serious difficulties. Two firms failed lately. The holiday business has been below grade.

The savings banks of Massachusetts show \$10,000,000 increase in deposits in the year, and over \$5,000,000 in loans.

In Philadelphia the tobacco trade association adopted a resolution urging upon Congress the speedy abolition of the Internal Revenue tax on tobacco.

Three cars of Scotch beef cattle, Poland Angus, are shipped to Corpus Christi, Tex., for breeding purposes.

In New York Saml. Morse tendered the license fee to-day to produce the *Passion Play*. The Mayor refused the money. Morse says he has \$100,000 in the enterprise, all he is worth in the world.

IMPERISHABLE

PERFUME

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH

and HANDKERCHIEF.

HAVERLY'S

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Brilliant Holiday Attraction

RE-APPEARANCE

OF THE

HOME DRAMATIC CLUB!

NEW YEAR'S NIGHT!

Monday Eve., Jan. 1, '94.

First performance in this city of the Greatest Comedy of the times, now running at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York.

FORBIDDEN FRUIT

American version; scored by contract with the owners.

CAST:

Parvelli, Editor of the "Daily Evening Herald".....Mr. Wells

Peckham, Editor of the "Daily Evening Herald".....Mr. Spence

Major Galling.....Mr. Cummings

Hamel.....Mr. Young

Fritz.....Mr. Whitney

Lulu, "Empress of the Air and Princess of the Boudoir".....Miss Dwyer

Beck, Editor of the "Daily Evening Herald".....Miss Dwyer

Mrs. Parvelli.....Miss Dwyer

Mrs. Peckham.....Miss Dwyer

Other characters by a carefully selected company.

ACT I.—Office of the "Daily Evening Herald." Nighting Forbidden Fruit!!

ACT II.—Waiting Room, Pennsylvania Central Railroad. Pursuing Forbidden Fruit!!

ACT III.—Restaurant at Mount St. Vincent. Testing Forbidden Fruit!!

Secure Seats Saturday, Dec. 30th.

Performance commences at 8 sharp.

H. G. WHITNEY, Manager.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

PROVO CITY, DEC. 27, 1893.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Bank will be held at the Court House, in Provo City, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

W. H. DUNN, Secretary.

FOR SALE:

A NEW, FIRST CLASS HOME-MADE

stove, with a second hand

stove, with a second hand

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