

DESERET EVENING NEWS

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SALT LAKE CITY, - AUG. 26, 1904.

DESERET NEWS PHONES.

Persons desiring to communicate by
telephone with any department of the
Deseret News, will save themselves and
this establishment a great deal of annoyance
if they will take time to notice these numbers:

For the Chief Editor's office No. 74.

For Deseret News Book Store, 74, 2

rings.

For City Editor and Reporters, 259, 2

rings.

For Business Manager, 359, 3 rings.

For Business Office, 359, 2 rings.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The struggle for the nominations on
the Republican state ticket is over,
and the excitement attending it will
soon subside. The chief point of interest
on which the conflict turned was the
governorship. While taking no part in
the contention, the Deseret News may be
permitted to say and will say, anyhow,
that the selection for Governor,
Secretary of State and a number of
other officers is judicious and wise and
commendable from the Republican standpoint.Hon. John C. Cutler is a conservative,
capable, courteous and honorable
gentleman, and if elected will make a good
Governor. His character is unimpeachable,
his record is clean, his business
relations are without a stain or a
blemish. He has been uniformly successful
in his undertakings, he has worked
his way up by indefatigable application
and honest dealings to the proud
positions he occupies in the mercantile
world, and we are sure that the affairs
of the state will be safe in his hands,
if his election shall follow his nomination.Governor Heber M. Wells has been a
first-class Executive. Utah has reason to
be proud of his career. Among the
Governors of other States he has figured
as the peer of the best. He has been
the Governor of the entire people,
not at a class or a faction. He has
been equal to every public occasion and
to every trying emergency. He has
proved himself courageous, firm, yet
open to suggestion and inquiry, and has
always been a gentleman. His political
opponents are not his enemies but feel
that they are his friends, even though
they may not vote for his retention in
office. The chief thing alleged against
his re-nomination was the length of
time he has served and the prejudice
against a third term. "Nine years is
long enough," has been echoed around,
and this is certainly no reproach. The
vote cast for him in the convention,
lacking but eighteen of the number
received by his chief competitor, shows
the high esteem in which he is held in
his party, while public sentiment from
all quarters is strongly eulogistic of his
official course. He will retire in a halo
of glory and abide in the affections of
his people.We have not space to go through the
list of candidates for the suffrages of
our citizens, and do not wish to appear
as advertising their cause as the representatives
of a political party. But we
believe them to be capable men, and
that their competitors have shown wisdom
in their choice in nearly every instance.
We congratulate them all on their
success. Now there should be no
continued heartburnings among associates.
Disappointment to some extent
is inevitable. But this need not be so
deep as to breed rancor. And above all
let the campaign to come be free from
everything that can be condemned by
fair minds and be conducted without
intemperate language or dishonorable
methods.

GALLANT DEFENSE OF UTAH.

The debate in the American Mining
congress at Portland over the question
of the location of permanent headquarters
for the congress, developed much
bitterness and heat caused by the
irrelevant, vindictive and untruthful
insinuations made by Lafe Pence of
Lewiston, Idaho, against Utah and her
people. The speaker once lived in Colorado
and gained some eminence as a
Populist representative. His utterances
at the mining congress show his affiliation
with the anti-Mormon faction in
Idaho, and should be noted by the people
of that state whenever he thrusts
himself forward for place and perquisites.
The particulars of the dispute are
given in the account of the proceedings
furnished by the Associated Press.While we cannot but deplore the
introduction of a subject entirely
foreign to the proper proceedings of a
mining congress, and denounce the attacks
made upon our people, at the same
time we must not fail to give words
of praise to our valiant defender,
Judge O. W. Powers, who sprang into
the fight with a vigor and determination
that were admirable and timely, and
we can imagine the effect produced
by his manly attitude, and forcible
challenges and ringing tones, when he
faced the traducer and compelled him
to "crawl out of it." Dr. James E.Talmage, too, is deserving of
warm encomiums for his eloquent
championing of Utah's cause and his
blistering denunciation of the defamer.
Harry Josephs and John Dorn also
came in for merited plaudits, for their
courageous attitude and verbal arrows
in bringing the offender down and exposing
his shameful position.This is the course that should be
invariably pursued when blatant pan-
derers to ignorance and hate seek to
gain popular applause, by false and
vile insinuations like those flung in
the face of Utah by wild-eyed and
vaporous windbags of the Lafe Pence
order. The solid men of our State, of
all parties and opinions, should be
ready like those we have named, to
meet slander and abuse and call down
the maligner promptly on every needful
occasion. That will put a stop to the
sneer and the insinuation, the misrepresentation
and untruth that have been
hurled so often and so long against
Utah, because of a dispute that has
been virtually ended and should now
be left to pass away with other departed
issues. Whatever may be left of it,
as Judge Powers affirmed, "Utah will
salve for itself," and it certainly is no
concern for a mining congress to determine.While referring to the notable assembly
of representative people at Portland,
we draw special attention to the
splendid address made by Judge Powers,
in his advocacy of the claims of
Salt Lake City as the place for permanent
headquarters for the mining congress.
It is, meaty throughout, witty, eloquent,
humorous and yet fraught with figures
and facts that cannot be fairly disputed,
it is characteristic of the far-famed orator,
and one of his finest efforts. We cannot
restrain from reproducing a couple of
paragraphs as samples of styles of the
speaker. After graphically depicting
the situation here and showing the vast
resources and growing industries of the
State, he said:"Our people are prosperous, honest,
enterprising, law-abiding and peace-
loving. There are no better people to live
among in the whole world than the people
of Utah. Come down to Salt Lake
with the mining congress and find out
if that be not so. I declare to you
in all sincerity that there is no better
place in America to live than in Utah.
There are no schools anywhere that are
better than our schools. There is no more
tolerant spirit anywhere regarding
religious views, than we have in Utah.
There are no more enterprising newspapers
anywhere than are printed in our
state. There is no portion of the
Union where the promise for the future
is brighter. The metropolis of the
mountains is being built as Salt Lake
City grows. With us, the sun is
just giving the eastern peaks. All day
it is bright."Then follow striking proofs of the
progress of Utah in material things,
fortified with evidences of her advancement,
that cannot be gainsaid, and the
speech, which made a profound impression,
closed with this brilliant peroration:If I could make clear to you, the
vast amount of unclaimed wealth, stored
in nature's treasure vaults, which
some day will adorn the homes of Utah;
if I could unroll the panorama of the
future when Salt Lake City shall come
to her own; if I could show you evening
after evening the wonders of God's
great transformation scene at the Great
Salt Lake, as the sun sinking behind
purple peaks, lights a torch of crimson
and orange and gold and touches the
sky with softened tints and the loveliest
shades of the loveliest colors; if you
could watch the shadows stalk
from mountain peak to mountain peak,
and the thousand lights of the city of
Destiny break forth in the valley below;
if you could contemplate the possibilities
when the drop curtain of tomorrow
shall be lifted, you would say, as did
Brigham Young, when his eyes first
rested upon our wondrous valley:
"THIS IS THE PLACE, DRIVE ON!"

COUNT CASSINI SPEAKS.

Count Cassini, the Russian representative
in this country, in an interview
with a correspondent of the New York
Herald, speaks about the Cheeto
incident. His comments are, of course,
not strictly official, but it is safe to say
that he voices the views of his government.
Peculiar importance therefore
attaches to his utterances.The count states that the performance
of the Japanese commanders, in
entering the Chinese harbor and seizing
the disabled Russian vessel, nullifies
the scheme of Secretary Hay to
insure the neutrality of that power.
"It would seem to me," the ambassador
says, "to be time for action by Europe
and the United States. I do not mean
the sending of fleets, but I do mean
that some extraordinary step should be
taken. Japan seems determined not
only not to recognize the neutrality of
China, but not to recognize international
law, and yet Europe and the United
States are pledged to the neutrality
of China and to the observance of
international law." And he makes
this ominous declaration: "Surely we
cannot be bound longer to respect the
neutrality of China, if China will not
respect it herself."The only logical inference from this
is that Russia, unless the powers compel
Japan to make amends, will, as occasion
may arise, consider herself justified
in disregarding Chinese neutrality
in a similar manner. She might, for
instance, if the Baltic squadron is sent
to the scene of conflict, permit the
commander to seize any Chinese port for
purposes of coaling and repair. And
on the land side, she might occupy any
strategic point within Chinese territory.
Count Cassini's rather sensational
interview seems to be a forecast of
what may be expected in the not
distant future.The Russian ambassador speaks of
the possibility of involving other powers
in the pending struggle, as a result
of further violations of China's
neutrality. That would undoubtedly
serve Russia's purposes. But no
western power has undertaken to
guarantee that neutrality. The ex-pressed desire of our government to
confine the struggle to Manchuria and
territory belonging to the belligerents,
was subscribed to by all the other
powers, but this did not bind them to
armed interference in the interest of
China. The situation is serious, but
hardly as serious as it appears from a
Russian point of view. No matter
what course Japan may take, it would
be to Russia's disadvantage to commit
aggressive acts against China, thereby
giving that country justification for
commencing a defensive war.It is generally understood that, if
Russia is attacked by two, or more,
powers, France has agreed to come to
her aid. But if through Russian aggression
two or more powers are under
the necessity of defending themselves,
a different situation is created. The
allies of the belligerents are not under
obligation to join them in wars of aggression.
Russian violations of Chinese
neutrality might therefore have the
effect of absolving the western powers
from any obligation to interfere.
They might give Russia two
enemies to face instead of one. The
stronger country may be able to disregard
agreements, but the only safe
course for the weaker party is to be
"strictly correct."

CRIME IN NEW YORK.

New York papers declare that never
before were rowdiness and crimes more
rampant in the city, than at the present
time. The "gangs," they say, large
and small, adult and juvenile, are
abroad. Assaults, robberies, shootings,
riots of rowdies on elevated and
surface cars, barroom fights, abductions,
stonings, wanton destruction of property,
blackmail by "gangs," attacks by
strikers on workmen, and now the
poisoning of "non-union" meat going to
a large restaurant—these represent the
sort of crime that has been rampant
in the past month or two.Special attention is called to the existence
of criminal organizations of foreign
origin. "The Black Hand" is said to
be one of these, a twin brother to the
"Mafia," the object of which is
blackmail. The wildest stories are told
about this "Black Hand." The members
are said to be required to betray their
best friends, and to slay them, if
ordered to do so, in the interest of the
organization. Disobedience to superiors
means death. The culprit is buried
alive. The meetings, it is said, are
often held in cellars, and it does not
take long to dig a grave in which for
ever to silence a troublesome member.The organization is said to have originated
in Italy, where a noted bandit
organized some of the poorer classes
into bands, inciting them to demand
money from the rich. The "business" is
now said to be carried on at the rate
of a million francs a year in Italy,
and large sums are being collected in
this country by "Black Hand" means.Several instances are told as an illustration
of their methods. Giovanni
Parese, a young Italian opera singer,
was engaged to marry a wealthy heiress.
He received threatening letters,
bearing the sign of the "Black Hand,"
informing him that unless he paid over
the sum of 10,000 francs he would never
live to wed the heiress. Parese was a
poor boy, but he was not molested and
the wedding took place, which proves
that some one paid the sum demanded.Another case told is that of Father
Spegulino, of Patterson, N. J. He had
collected about \$15,000 with which to
erect a new church. Three men visited
him one evening and informed him that
he was wanted at a certain place to assist
a prisoner who was in trouble. Just
as he reached the street he was
thrown down, chloroformed and taken
away in a carriage. Three months later
he escaped, but refused to utter a word
against his captors. Shortly afterward
he went back to Italy, insane, as the
result of his experience. It was discovered
later that the money collected for
building the new church disappeared
shortly before Father Spegulino escaped.Many of the stories told, probably are
exaggerated. Tales of that kind seldom
lose anything in transmission from
mouth to mouth. But the fact remains
that lawlessness is becoming altogether
too bold. We are horrified at a state
of affairs in Bulgaria, or Morocco, that
permits brigands to carry away citizens
and demand ransom. But not long
ago a bright little boy was kidnapped
right in Brooklyn, and the crime
was laid at the door of the
"Black Hand." Is our government
incompetent to deal with the lawless
element? Or is the indifference to
infractions of law taking possession? With
the means at the disposal of American
officials it should be possible to break
up criminal organizations and scatter
their numbers to the winds, were there
an earnest desire to do so. Crime cannot
be eradicated, but criminal, secret
societies can be annihilated.A bitter pill, though sugar coated, is
still a bitter pill.How many today are saying, "It
might have been."An automobile isn't half so dangerous
as a political machine.The "black hand" may be seen all
over the country among the school boys.It is so near Indian summer that the
taking of a few scalps was not surprising.Evidently Port Arthur does not intend
to fall before the regular fall season
sets in.For the twentieth time the Hon. Elihu
Root has said "No." Can't his friends
understand?A spot had been discovered on the
moon. Heretofore Luna's reputation
has been spotless.It was cool everywhere last night
except in the convention, which was a
very hot place.The Russians have just lost another
torpedo boat destroyer. A tribute to
Japanese superiority at sea.

Paraguay appears to be indulging in

a regular parrot and monkey contest.
Foreigners are tired of it and are leaving.Judge Parker having but one child,
Colonel Roosevelt who favors large
families, cannot support him for President.Judge Parker will not issue his letter
of acceptance until President Roosevelt
has issued his. A clear case of
"After you, my dear Alphonse."If the Mining Congress heeds the
contemptible insinuations of Colorado's
ex-congressman in the matter of selecting
a permanent home for itself, it
will be Pence wise and pound foolish.The Japanese armies in Manchuria
are awaiting the result of the assaults
on Port Arthur before inaugurating
any new movements. Is Kuropatkin
doing the same thing before deciding
to "retire" again?Two would-be deporters have been
arrested in Cripple Creek in flagrante
delicto. They should be given a dose
of their own medicine and sent out of
Cripple Creek to Canyon City for as
long a term as the law allows.Of course the Japanese do not doubt
for a moment that the Askold and
Grozovoi will be disarmed in accordance
with the Czar's instructions, but they
propose to stay around Shanghai
to see that his orders are carried out
and that he is not imposed upon.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Perdicaris, who was captured by
Rahsail and held for ransom, has
written the story of his captivity for
Leslie's Monthly Magazine for September.
Striking sketches of the personalities
of Henry Gasaway Davis, Paul
Morton, August Belmont, Charles S.
Deeney and John Findley Wallace, are
a feature of the number that emphasize
the way in which this magazine
deals with current events through the
men who control the events themselves.
There is also an interesting little article
by the late "Golden Rule" Mayor
Jones, of Toledo, on "The Ideal City,"
and another on "The Country Lawyer,"
by Judge Shute. Nine short stories are
usually good ones, especially those
by Rex E. Beach, H. M. Hyde, H. C.
Rowland and John F. Wilson, not to
speak of the second installment of
Clarence Clouston's novel, "The Prospect-
or." The little article on "The Naughtiness
of Children," by E. S. Martin, has
some charming illustrations.—New York.The September number of the Century
is called a "Round-the-World" number
and the name is justified by the
geographical distribution of the text
and illustrations. The opening article
is the first illustrated account in
English of the canonization of Saint
Seraphim, the Russian popular saint,
at Sarov last August in which the czar
and czarina took part. It is entitled
"The Russian Lourdes" and is written
by David Bell Macgowan. Other
articles are "Japan's Highest Volcano,"
by Herbert C. Parsons; "The Nellore
Warrior," by Edward A. McIlhenny;
"Hidden Egypt," by Agnes Smith Lewis;
"The Nail of the Universe," an account
of the emperor of Japan and his court,
by Ernest van Hees; "Antarctic Experiences,"
by the explorer, C. E. Borchgrevink.
The fiction has also a wide distribution
of scene. "Corporal Sweeney," by
Deserter, by Ralph D. Paine, is a story
of China; "The Alchemy of Illusion,"
by Alice Brown Morrison, is a story
of travel in Italy; the scene of this part
of "The Sea-Wolf" is the Russian Pacific,
while America is represented by Dr.
Weir Mitchell's "Youth of Washington,"
Told in the Form of an Autobiography;
"The Great American Pie," by
George De Geofroy, illustrated by
Andre Castaigne. The poems are for
the most part in keeping with the
spirit of the number. Probably the
most important article in the number is
Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn's first
paper in his group on "Fossil Wonders
of the West." This paper is devoted
to the dinosaurs of the Bone-Cabin
Quarry in Wyoming.

SALT LAKE TIME TABLE.

Salt Lake & Los Angeles Railway.

Special Salt Lake Time Table.

Republican Day, Aug 26

GOING-LEAVE SALT LAKE	RETURNING- ARRIVE SALT LAKE
No. 2, 10:00 a. m.	No. 1, 12:30 p. m.
No. 4, 1:30 p. m.	No. 3, 3:30 p. m.
No. 6, 3:00 p. m.	No. 5, 5:30 p. m.
No. 8, 4:00 p. m.	No. 7, 4:30 p. m.
No. 10, 5:00 p. m.	No. 9, 2:30 p. m.
No. 12, 6:00 p. m.	No. 11, 1:30 p. m.
No. 14, 7:00 p. m.	No. 13, 7:30 p. m.
No. 16, 8:00 p. m.	No. 15, 8:30 p. m.
No. 18, 9:00 p. m.	No. 17, 9:30 p. m.
No. 20, 10:00 p. m.	No. 19, 10:30 p. m.
No. 22, 11:00 p. m.	No. 21, 11:30 p. m.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, 25

CENTS.

J. E. LANGFORD, Lessee.

Lagoon

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 30, 1904.

Leave Salt Lake	Leave Lagoon
10:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
11:00 a. m.	12:00 Noon
12:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
1:30 p. m.	4:30 p. m.
4:30 p. m.	6:30 p. m.
6:30 p. m.	8:30 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	10:30 p. m.

Extra trains on Sundays and holidays

at 2:30 and 4:30 p. m.

Last train leaves Lagoon Sundays,

9:30 p. m.

Fare for round trip 25cents.

A. D. PIERSON, Pass. & Ticket Agt.

J. B. BEAN, Excursion Agt.

Office, 161 Main St.

If you buy them this week you can buy

McConahay, 41 West

Second South, 6 Wm.

A. Rogers silver-plated

tea spoons for 75c.

McConahay.

WILLIAM H. CHILD

121 Pooley Bldg., Salt Lake, Phone 104-E.

Utah Industrial, Bank and Mining Stocks

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

And Again It Rained

These showers are apt to come at any time. Prepare for them by selecting a good umbrella from the largest stock in any store in the West.

The excellent quality of the silk and the handsome handles of our umbrellas and parasols make them exceptional bargains at the prices you can buy them for at the Big Reliable Store. Don't waste opportunity. Make an early choice.

New Fall Goods

daily arriving and as usual we'll have the best and biggest supply of EVERYTHING in the lines you need. No matter what you can do elsewhere, you can always do best at

Z. C. M. I.

Utah's Greatest Department Store.

Clam Bake

AT LAGOON

LABOR DAY.

TWO TONS OF CLAMS GIVEN AWAY.

J. BERGERMAN, Lessee.

3-BIG ATTRACTIONS-3.

WEDNESDAY,

Aug. 24th.

\$750 \$750 \$750 \$750 \$750

Given Away at

Calder's Park,

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 24th.

53-GRAND PRIZES-53

Each admission ticket entitles holder to 10 cents in trade and a ticket in the prize contest which will take place at 2:30 p. m. See prizes in Freed's store window.

VOTING CONTEST OPEN ALL DAY.

Young contest for most popular man in State for Governor. Votes 1 cent each; 75 per cent of receipts given to party whose candidate receives highest number of votes.

Automobile Races, 4 p.m.

5-BIG EVENTS-5.

- 1 mile-Buckboards.
- 2 mile-Runs.
- 1 mile-Cars with passengers.
- 5 mile-Stream cars.
- 2 mile-Cars, value \$1.00 to \$2.00.
- 2 mile-Cars, value \$2.00 to \$5.00.
- 2 mile-Touring cars with passengers.
- 1/2 mile-Obstacle race.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.

Gardner Suits at all times possess value equal to their regular prices. And more value than any other kind at the same money.

Then think what it means to get one of our kind at half or less than half our regular low price.

That's what you can get, by selecting from this great \$7.50 sale lot. But you must come at once for they are rapidly disappearing.

ONE PRICE

J. P. GARDNER,

126-128 MAIN ST.

THE QUALITY STORE.

\$300 COLLECTED YESTERDAY.

For the Parker Lumber Co., of Salt Lake City. They sold this claim because it was N. G. We collected it in three weeks. Ask F. L. Parker. If you want cash for your bad debts we can get it. No matter how large they are or in what town, city, state or territory.

If we did not know we could collect your bills, we certainly would be paying out money to advertise.

We advertise because we want your claims for collection. Our ability to make collections where all others have failed has enabled us to build up the largest collection business in the world.

This ad is sure to bring many claims to our office for collection, and we are just as sure to collect these claims and make money in commissions thereon.

Does anybody owe you? Do you want the money? If so, write or call on us.

Merchants' Protective Association,

Scientific Collectors of Bad Debts. Reporters of how people pay their bills. Established 114 years. Representatives everywhere.

General Offices 114-115-116-117 and 118 Commercial National Bank Building, Salt Lake City. Francis G. Luke, General Manager.

Some People Don't Like Us.

For Sports Of All Sorts.

Our stock of Sporting Goods is as complete as a stock can be, and we are constantly replenishing it to meet the demands of our patrons.

Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Bicycles, Sundries and Athletic Goods of all the best makes are always obtainable here.

The Salt Lake Hardware Co.

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE - 42-44-46 W. 2nd St.

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