

Poetry.

A MAN'S A MAN FOR A THAT.

A new version—By CHAS. MACKEY, in Blackwood's Magazine.

"A man's a man," says Robert Burns, "For a' that and a' that; But though the song be clear and strong, It lacks a note for a' that, The lout who'd shirk his daily work, Yet claim his wage and a' that, Or beg when he might earn his bread, Is not a man for a' that.

If all who dine on homely fare, Were true and brave, and a' that, And none whose garb is "hadden gray," Was fool or knave, and a' that, The vice and crime that shame our time Would fade and fall and a' that, And plowmen be as good as kings, And churls as earls, for a' that.

A man may own a large estate, Have palace, park, and a' that, And not for birth, but honest worth, Be thrice a man for a' that; And Donald, herding on the muir, Who beats his wife and a' that, Be nothing but a rascal boor, Nor half a man for a' that.

It comes to this, dear Robert Burns— The truth is told and a' that, "The rank is but a guinea stamp, The man's the gold for a' that;" And though you'd put the minted mark On copper, brass and a' that, The lie is gross, the cheat is plain, And will not pass for a' that.

For a' that and a' that, 'Tis soul and heart and a' that, That makes the king a gentleman, And not the crown and a' that; And man with man, if rich or poor, The best is he, for a' that, Who stands erect in self respect, And acts the man for a' that.

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Athens, Greece, 8.

The Cretans have rejected the terms offered them by the Turkish government, and continue the revolts. The pirates, inhabitants of Pireus, also claim their freedom from Turkey, and have abandoned their habitations and taken to the hills.

New York, 10.

Count Bismark delivered a most significant speech in defence of his German annexation policy. He declares that Prussia must lay hold on and keep what is offered to her. That a European congress would produce war, and that the crown is determined and able to defend the new territorial acquisitions. The leader of the consolidation of the power of the Prussian crown strengthened German unity.

The French commander of the camp at Chalons, in dismissing the troops, addressed the soldiers by order of the Emperor, calling their attention to the victories by name, in which Napoleon the 1st defeated the Austrians, Russians and Prussians, and telling them to ever cherish the memories of Jena and Austerlitz.

Polish accounts from Oracon assert that the insurgent Poles in Siberia had defeated the Russian regiments and, being joined by revolutionary Russians, had moved towards the frontier.

The Herald's Troy special says the Fenian congress adjourned yesterday, having been in session all Saturday night. Col. W. Roberts was re-elected President, J. Mahan president of the Senate and J. W. Fitzgerald Speaker of the House. Gen. Sweeney was desposed as Secretary of War, but no successor has been named. His accounts were satisfactory, but he was believed to be incompetent. Gen. O'Neil was appointed Inspector Gen. of the Irish Republican army, and Col. Bailey Chief Military Organizer. Another movement on Canada will undoubtedly be made during the fall, if the contributions are plentiful.

A fire occurred in Sing Sing early yesterday morning, which destroyed over twenty buildings, including Van Arden's large file works; the rest were stores, dwelling houses and barns; 50 families were rendered houseless, and the loss is estimated at \$200,000.

Fourteen new cases of cholera since Saturday are reported in this city, and 4 cases and 2 deaths in Brooklyn.

Berlin, 10.

The Upper House of the Prussian Diet has passed the bill to indemnify the King for acting without the assent of the Diet in the matter of the Budget and army supplies, previous to the war with Austria. The bill passed unanimously.

St. Petersburg, 10.

It is said that all the tribes of Daghestan have revolted against the authority of the Czar.

Florence, 10.

The Italian government has issued a decree which disbands 58,000 men of the Italian army.

Austria has invited Italy to send plenipotentiaries to meet others appointed by Austria, for the purpose of adopting measures for improvement of telegraph and postal communications between the two countries.

Chicago, 11.

Returns of the Maine election yesterday show gains indicating a majority of 35,000 for Gen Chamberlain, and every congressional district carried.

Dillinghurst's majority in Vermont is over 25,000.

The President arrived at Indianapolis from St. Louis last evening, and his reception ended in a riot, one person was killed and several wounded. The President made several attempts to speak, but was choked off with cries for Grant and Farragut. The President will arrive in Cincinnati today, but the city council have voted not to receive him.

The Independence Belge states that it is now certain that the Empress of Mexico will not again return to that country, and that Maximilian will soon join her in Europe, after having abdicated.

The disbursements of gold by the Treasury, since the debt statement on the 1st inst, have been about \$5,000,000, of which \$4,500,000 were for interest on ten-forty bonds. The receipts of gold have been in excess of this, and the Treasury now holds nearly \$80,000,000, of which 63,000,000 belong absolutely to the government, the balance being represented by gold certificates. Receipts for customs, internal revenue, &c., are larger than at any other period, and, notwithstanding the unprecedented rapidity with which the debt has been reduced, the Treasury is in a very plethoric condition.

Portland, 11.

In Maine the state senate is all Republican; every county went Republican.

New York, 11.

Notwithstanding the mildness of the weather yesterday the cholera has again increased; 16 cases and 11 deaths were reported. The report of last week showed a total of 656 deaths in the city, of which 50 were from cholera. In Brooklyn the cholera is fast disappearing, only two fresh cases having occurred there yesterday. During the last week there were 250 deaths in that city, of which 27 were from cholera.

London, 10.

The eastern question seems to be looming on the future. Russia shows signs of moving once more to obtain control of the Danubian Principalities and, probably, eventually of Constantinople. The Porte has determined to recognize Prince Charles of Hohenzollern as Emperor of the Principalities.

Vienna, 10.

An order has been issued by the Minister of War that the regiments in the Austrian army, named after the King and Princes of Prussia, the Duke of Baden and some others, shall cease to be so named.

Paris, 10.

Gen. Marquez, Minister to Constantinople, has been recalled, and will go out to Mexico to organize an army for service after the French evacuation of the country.

Trenton, N. J., 11.

A Republican caucus has agreed unanimously upon Alexander G. Cattell for U. S. Senator. The House this morning passed the constitutional amendment; the Senate also passed it to its 3d reading. The House have agreed to do no other business except the election of a U. S. Senator.

Vienna, 11.

The Austrian Minister of Marine has ordered the Adriatic fleet, now at Trieste, to proceed to Poe and Finno. The Austrian naval stations are to be disarmed.

Liverpool, 11.

The anxiety as to the British grain crop is increasing; the weather is very wet, and prices are higher in all the markets.

New York, 11.

The Post says one of the most stupendous frauds on the government, which has ever come to light, has just been discovered in Brooklyn, and involves a contract for supplies at a very low bid, having previously entered into an agreement with government officials in the navy yard to superintend the delivery of the goods, by which they would get receipts for three or four times the amount delivered and get pay for them. In this way, during the past four years, the government has been defrauded of

over \$1,000,000. The information is given by one of the parties implicated, who turned state's evidence. The cause is undergoing further investigation.

St. Louis, 11.

Nine cemeteries report 53 cholera interments Sunday. Seven cemeteries report 41 Monday.

New York, 12.

Madam Adelaide Ristori, the great tragic actress, her children and a troupe of worthy performers arrived in this city yesterday.

Chicago, 12.

The President arrived at Louisville yesterday, and was well received.

An Indianapolis journal says the disturbance there on Monday is deeply regretted, but denies that there was any personal danger to the President. It says the crowd were exasperated that he should receive a partisan reception, and in the mass and jam it was impossible to do anything with the excited people after the arrival of the train. The casualties, now that all are known, are Stewart killed; Rooker, of Hamilton county, so badly wounded that amputation of a leg is necessary; R. F. Fletcher, Sec. of the street railway, slightly wounded in the hip; Truckers shot in the eye; a man, name unknown, wounded in the stomach; and a woman trampled in the stampede until her life is despaired of.

Truckers, who is a Johnson man, acknowledges firing the first shot, and has been arrested.

The trip to Louisville was very successful, with great crowds, and speeches at all the stations. Gen. Grant left the party at Indianapolis, to visit his parents in Covington, Ky., but will join the President at Cincinnati today.

The Republicans of Cincinnati, knowing that Grant was in town, got up a serenade and called him out at the theatre last evening, when he said:— I am no politician. The President of the United States is my Commander in Chief. I consider this demonstration in opposition to President Johnson, and I cannot and will not meet you. If you have any regard for me, you will take your men away to their homes. I am greatly annoyed at this demonstration, for I came here to enjoy this theatrical performance. I will be glad to see you all tomorrow, when the President arrives.

The grain crops west are estimated to be not only ample for the supply of the Atlantic seaboard and southern markets, but it is thought will afford a large surplus for export.

Albany, N. Y., 11.

The Democratic and Conservative state convention met at noon. Two hundred and fifty-six delegates were present, including about 50 who have heretofore acted with the Republican party. Sanford E. Church was chosen temporary Chairman, and resolutions were immediately adopted expressing respect for the memory of Dean Richmond. The convention, after eulogistic remarks by Thos. B. Carroll, Samuel Tilden and others, adjourned till tomorrow.

Trenton, N. J., 11.

The constitutional amendment was ratified by the New Jersey Legislature today in the senate; the vote was 11 ayes, 10 nays; in the House yeas were 34, nays 24. The joint resolution ratifying the amendment was promptly signed by Gov. Ward. Its passage was greeted with great applause in both Houses. The Legislature then adjourned till next Monday.

St. Louis, 11.

A telegram from St. Joseph today states that a train arrived at this place last night, in which two teamsters, George Hill and Luke West, had been killed 60 miles beyond the Little Blue, in a fight with Indians. The Cheyennes and Kiowas swear to hold the Smoky Hill route at all hazards. In spite of this threat, Maj. Jared has started a train of 28 wagons over this route. It goes to Virginia City, Montana, and is loaded with bacon.

Philadelphia, 12.

Exports of flour from New York last week were 16,720 barrels, including 1,000, to Europe, 8,000 to the British Provinces and 7,700 to South America.

Albany, 12.

John T. Hoffman, of New York, has been nominated by acclamation for Governor, and Robert S. Pruyn, of Albany, for Lieut. Governor, by the Democratic State Convention.

St. Louis, 12.

The cemeteries report 36 cholera interments yesterday.

Cincinnati, 12.

The President's party arrived here at 8 a.m., and were received by the committee of reception which went down the river on boats to meet the excursionists. The reception took place on

the landing, the welcoming address being made by William P. Groesbeck.

The President responded in a speech of three quarters of an hour, and the party then started in carriages for a drive through the suburbs.

A large crowd was assembled on the levee, but there was little enthusiasm; the reception was quiet and well behaved. Grant came over from Covington and participated. Secretary Seward was quite ill, and remained on the boat.

Heart's Content, 8.

Since Sunday morning uninterrupted success has followed the Great Eastern, and she laid the shore end of the cable of 1865 on Saturday evening at 4 o'clock, under a salute from the ships of war in the harbor and tremendous cheers from a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators assembled to witness the second triumph of ocean telegraphy. The electrical condition of this cable is most perfect, and messages are now being sent and received over it.

The Great Eastern sails on Sunday for England; the Medway also leaves on Sunday for the gulf of St. Lawrence, with Messrs. Cyrus W. Field and A. M. Mackay on board, to lay the second cable from Port au Basque to Aspy Bay. The Medway is accompanied by the Terrible and Lilly.

Albany, 12.

A terrible explosion occurred here this morning. The saw and planing mill of S. & G. Rork blew up, killing 10 or 12 persons and seriously injuring 8 or 10 more. The cause unknown. The noise of the explosion was heard at a great distance, and nearly all the windows in the vicinity were broken, and a number of persons were struck with fragments of the building. Loss \$20,000.

Montreal, 12.

The new Minister of Finance is the Hon. Mr. Howland, who also retains his portfolio as Postmaster General.

A United States consular agency has been established at Ottawa.

New York, 13.

Two officers of the Danish Government are in the country to superintend the settlement of 8,000 Scandinavian emigrants, to arrive by the new line of steamers between this city and the Baltic ports.

The Pensacola, Lieut. Commander A. Kautz, sails today to join the South Pacific squadron.

The Herald's Rio Janeiro correspondent, Aug. 8, says the allies are where they were at last advices, in a morass under the guns of the Paraguayans, and are still unable to advance or withdraw. The small pox had broken out in malignant form among the allies.

Late European papers say the cholera was sweeping the late battle field of Sadowa, and out of 3,000 inhabitants 200 had died.

The Herald's Toronto dispatch says the Canadians are again all excited, for fear of another Fenian raid, and are demanding that England shall declare war against the United States, if Fenian organization is not suppressed.

Columbus, 12.

The Presidential party arrived at 5 p.m., after an agreeable trip from Cincinnati, and were escorted to the State House, where Mayor Ball welcomed the President in behalf of the city, the Governor taking no part in the proceedings. The President made a lengthy speech in reply, and was afterwards handsomely entertained at a banquet at the Neil House.

Seward accompanies the party, but continues too unwell to take a public part in the proceedings. The party will arrive at Pittsburg tomorrow afternoon, thence to Harrisburg, and thence to Washington, where arrangements are making for a great civic welcome.

Washington, 13.

Secretary McCulloch, notwithstanding the efforts of interested parties to induce him to part with a portion of the gold reserve, has steadily declined to do so, being determined that the strength of the present financial condition of the Treasury shall be maintained and increased. The more gold is held by the Government, the greater the intrinsic value of its securities and the nearer its return to a specie basis. While gold continues to flow in from Europe and receipts from California are so large as at present, it is believed that all legitimate demands for it can be easily supplied, notwithstanding the increasing amount held by the Government, and the premium will reduce as rapidly as is consistent with public interest.

It having been deemed expedient to again commence surveying operations in Arizona, the Commissioner of the General Land Office has instructed the Surveyor General at Santa Fe that he concurs in the suggestion made by that officer, that the monument erected in 1857 by the Mexican boundary commission, situated at the confluence of the