

[For the Deseret News.]
BE TRUE.

BY EMILY H. MILLS.

Be true to our friends, and if slander's vile tongue
Should dare to make free with and tarnish their fame;
Far away from our souls shall the falsehood be flung;
We'll continue to cherish and love them the same.
'Tis envy's attempt to overturn friendship's shrine,
Alas! by that demon 'tis often o'erthrown;
What if mortals do err! "to forgive is divine,"
And none but the faultless should cast the first stone.
And if a friend walk not right up to the line,
By faith and good counsel just help him along;
Is it nobler to lift or to crush a weak soul
If a merciful Providence maketh us strong.

Let's be true to our vows whatever our state;
A small breach of trust much repentance doth bring;
Ah! he that so errs, if his soul be but great,
Must bow to remorse and acknowledge its sting.
Perchance it is well if a rash vow be broken,
But surely 'twere best not to make it at all;
Let us pause ere we promise, lest time shall bear token,
How much a vain pledge can our freedom enthrall;
Let a word be a bond, and when once it is given,
Be sacred to country, to friend or to foe;
If due to our faith or our Father in heaven,
Let us die, but not forfeit a vow that we owe.

Oh, let us be true to our God and our Sire,
Who gave us our being so joyous and bright;
Who plant'd within us each noble desire,
That we may be happy, and serve Him aright;
Who sent us the gospel so pure and so free,
That is greater than riches and better than gold;
Than the fruits of the earth or the gems of the sea,
Or the universe, too, with its treasures untold!
Let us try to be grateful, and love one another,
And hold on for aye to the strong iron rod;
We'll be true to ourselves and be true to each other,
If faithful to friends, to our vows and our God.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

On the night of the 28th ultimo, between thirty and forty of the Confederate prisoners who were put into the State prison at Alton, Illinois, effected their escape by digging a tunnel under the walls. Several prominent individuals were of the number.

The State of Maine was the first to furnish her quota of the three hundred thousand volunteers called for by the President, after Gen. McClellan changed the base of his operations before Richmond.

By a recent treaty made with the Ottawa Indians, they are to be deemed citizens of the United States at the end of five years.

Arrangements for a general exchange of prisoners having been entered into between the Federals and Confederates upon terms satisfactory to both parties, the work of sending captives southward for a like number sent northward has been going on briskly for several weeks, but it has not been made to appear which party the balance of exchange is or was in favor of, nor how many poor fellows will have to remain in captivity for the want of kind, on the part of their respective divisions of country, as the balance of exchange cannot, as in commercial arrangements, be paid in coin or bullion.

In order to bring the war to a speedy termination, the President caused to be issued by the War Department, on the 4th of August, an order for three hundred thousand militia, to be obtained by draft, to serve nine months unless sooner discharged. A pro-rata number is to be drawn from each State. The new levy is to be officered by the President, by promotion for "gallant and meritorious conduct" of men now serving in the regular army, and from the volunteers. Any deficiency that may exist after the 15th inst., in the number of volunteers to make up the quota required from every State, under the order of July 4th, is also to be made up by draft, a measure which several States expected to be compelled to adopt before the order for three hundred thousand drafted men was promulgated. Drafting for the navy, it is believed, will also have to be resorted to soon, as otherwise a sufficient number of seamen cannot be obtained. The service does not appear to be as attractive as it was one year ago, the chances for a safe return from the scenes of strife having materially diminished within the last six months.

NEVADA ITEMS.

Our exchanges from Carson are only to the 6th inst. There has nothing very stirring transpired in that part of the Great Basin recently. A dog fight or two, and several between bipeds are reported, but the Enterprise announces by way of apology, as supposed, for the apparent paucity of such occurrences that the fighting season had not arrived; and that the fall fights would not be fully inaugurated till about the middle of August.

Colonel Connor's command passed through Genoa on the morning of the 30th ult. As the troops were passing along, a seceder, who it seems had not been fully advised as to how disloyalists were treated when they expressed themselves too loudly in favor of their leader, sang out, "Hurrah for Jeff. Davis," and before he had time to think, he was in the custody of an officer, marching with the regiment to the great amusement of the bystanders. The command was at Fort Churchill at latest dates.

Two celebrated stock dealers having use for some of the cattle belonging to the government, which were in the rear of the regiment, took a part of the drove and started off with them in the direction of Honey Lake, whither they were followed, overtaken, captured, the stock recovered, and the thieves, on being taken to Fort Churchill, found secure quarters in the guard house to await further proceedings.

Chief Justice Turner does not seem to be in much favor with the people of Nevada, and the press is down upon him for some of his acts, which are deemed of a demoralizing character. His removal from office is sought.

Judge Mott has been proposed for Cradlebaugh's successor as Delegate to Congress. It is believed that he will, if elected, be more efficient than their late Delegate, and not be log-rolling to defeat a bill a month after it shall have been passed.

The population of Nevada, according to the recent census, is set down at 14,025.

Two men were murdered in Humboldt county not long since by a band of Indians, and were followed by a party from Unionville, who, in the vicinity of a place called Black Rock, overtook the murderers, who were ascertained to be Bannacks, and killed eight of them and wounding three others.

The immigrants from the east principally pass through the Washoe country to California, and but a few stop there. One small company is spoken of as having passed east lately on their way from California to Great Salt Lake City.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS BY WESTERN MAIL.

The collector of San Francisco, having refused to receive United States notes in payment of the State taxes, suit was commenced against him by one Perry, in the Twelfth District Court to compel the functionary to receive from him in liquidation of his tax, \$27.45 "green backs," which he had tendered in payment, alleging in his complaint that they were a legal tender for taxes, the statutes of the State to the contrary, notwithstanding. The case came on for hearing on the 28th of July, and was decided pro forma in favor of defendant, and an appeal taken to the Supreme Court of the State. The decision of that tribunal is looked for with much interest, as some of the business men of the State do not wish to have the use of "rags" for currency introduced, considering that it will be ruinous to their future prosperity.

Most of the escaped convicts had been arrested and returned to San Quentin. They have been named the "Chellis" guards, and Governor Stanford's flying infantry. A reward of fifty dollars each, had been offered for the few that had not been found.

A pony express was to commence running between Sacramento and Carson on the 6th instant.

INDIANS AND IMMIGRANTS.

The present season of immigration from the Atlantic to the Pacific seems to be regarded by the Indians as a general good time for replenishing their stock and adding to their chattels. The immigration for the last fifteen years, has hardly ever been freed from their attentions; but for the last few months the Red Skins, especially the Snakes and Bannocks, appear to have unreservedly seceded from "the rest of mankind," and made themselves particularly disagreeable and dangerous. Like all other human beings, they are subject to influences, are the creatures of circumstances, have motives for their action, and, if interrogated, could probably exhibit as clear whys, wherefores and hows as their paler faced kindred. We think that we understand the leading circumstances that have contributed to their present ugliness, and though we are as far from tolerating their mischief as any who have suffered from their violence, and would be as ready to mete out

to them "justice" as the most rigid disciplinarian, yet we cannot shake off from our minds that they have been led into it, and are, in a great measure, the victims of others.

We have much to say on this subject, but will have to defer it to another time; yet, as the natives are disposed to be troublesome to the immigration, we think a word of caution need not now. There is no necessity for becoming excited—the less of that the better; but the passing immigrants west, as well as east, had better be very careful in traveling together, and be exceedingly certain in their night guards. Unless our information is at fault, difficulties on the western route can only be prevented by particular carefulness.

We have been so long free from their annoyances that our boys, we fear, have got perfectly indifferent about Indians. Let us, therefore, say to those now going to the Kan-yos, do not trust the Indians overmuch. Treat the wanderers properly, keep your eyes open, say your prayers; but keep your powder dry.

STEAM-SHIP BURNED ON THE PACIFIC—GREAT LOSS OF LIFE AND TREASURE.

The steamer Golden Gate, which left San Francisco for Panama on the 21st, took fire at sea on the 27th, about fifteen miles north of Manzanillo, while the passengers were dining in the afternoon.

The steamer was three-and-a-half miles from shore when the fire broke out, and the flames spread rapidly. The captain tried to gain the shore in time to save the passengers, but in the effort the steamer struck the beach, and the upper deck fell in, at which the passengers, who had not taken to the boats, leaped overboard and tried to save themselves.

There were 95 cabin passengers, 147 in second cabin and 95 crew. About 100 persons, including five children, reached the shore. The remainder were reported lost, as also one million four hundred thousand dollars in treasure. Among the passengers was Mr. Ben Holladay, who was saved; his partner, Mr. Flint, was drowned.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Postmasters:—We are continually learning of complaints about our Extras not reaching subscribers. We know that they are mailed altogether, and if not delivered, the conclusion is that they must be taken and used by those who never paid for them, or that the postmasters from carelessness, allow the papers to pass their office. Do give your attention to this for your own sakes.

THE EASTERN MAIL.—The "Overland," from towards the rising sun, has arrived of late quite regularly, and most of our exchanges which should have been received months ago have at last come to hand. Our latest dates from New York are to July 27th. The papers published between June 1st and the 20th ult., contain full details of the fights before Richmond, from the battle of Fair Oaks till Gen. McClellan had changed the base of his operations to, and established his headquarters on, the banks of James river. The fighting was most desperate, and too bloody for full reports to be sent over the wires.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Mrs. Elizabeth Whitehead is very anxious to learn the whereabouts of her son Charles, who left Great Salt Lake City in May, 1856, for Carson. He was last heard from in the fall of the same year, at which time he was at Yankee Jim's, California. Address: Mrs. E. Whitehead, G. S. L. City, Utah.

[California papers please copy.]

LAMARITE THIEVES.—Four Indians were arrested yesterday by Sheriff Burton on a warrant issued by Judge Drake, on a charge of stealing about forty sides of leather from the tannery of Mr. Pugsley, in the 19th Ward. The case will be examined to-day as we understand. There is no doubt of their guilt, as some of the leather was found in their possession.

GOING AHEAD.—A paper called the Golden Era has been started at Lewiston, Washington Territory. It is evident that the mines there are not altogether a humbug.

Married:

In Fort Ephraim, on the 30th April, by Bishop C. G. Edwards, MR. FREDERICK COLLINS and MARIA TOULTON, of this city.

Died:

In this city, on the 11th inst., MARY MCINTYRE, formerly of Greenock, Scotland, aged 37 years.

At St. George city, on the 16th June, of d. copy. MARY ANN, wife of Thomas Burgess, aged 73 years, 2 months and 21 days.

At Bear River Station, on the 31st ult., of dysentery, JOHN HAMPTON, late of Essex Conference. [Millennial Star, please copy.]

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A GOOD HAND to Mow, for which I will make good pay. Apply immediately at the residence of the subscriber. S. B. ROSE, 17th Ward. 7-1

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A SIX Horse-Power THRESHER, and FANNING MILL, accompanying the same. For terms, apply to

LEVI E. RITER 9th Ward, or GEORGE NEBEKER, 19th Ward. 7-2

TAKEN UP.

At Woodruff's Farm, near B. Young's mill, one white COW, five year old. No brands nor ear marks. The owner is requested to call and take it away. R. S. HOLES. 7-2

STRAY SHEEP.

STRAYED from my premises on the 24th ult., three SHEEP (two wether and one ewe.) Any person giving information of their whereabouts to the subscriber, w.d. be liberally rewarded.

H. W. NAISBITT, 20th Ward. 7-2

ESTRAY NOTICE.

CAME into my lot, a red and white COW, dry, about 5 years old. Branded on the horn 18, with two other figures not traceable; a flesh brand W on the hip, and (half circle). The owner can have her by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to

THOMAS H. WRIGHT, 11th Ward. 7-1

STRAYED.

FROM Lehi Big Field, sometime during the past spring, one dark-brown HORSE, nine years old; branded F on the thigh.

Also, a brown MARE, eight years old; has a scar on the hind part of one thigh, having been cut across with a scythe. Both medium size.

Any person bringing the above-described animals to me, or giving such information as will lead to their recovery shall be suitably rewarded.

J. V. LONG. 7-1

FOR SALE.

60 COWS and 17 MULES.

THE finest lot of MILK COWS ever brought to this market is now offered for Sale at low CASH prices. Also, 22 head of MULES and HORSES for Sale, at WILLIAM HUTCHINGS, mouth of Willow Creek, 16 miles south of G. S. L. City. 7-3*

PETER EVANS,

PLUMBER, PAINTER AND GLAZIER.

Is on hand, at his Residence, 9th Ward, to execute all orders that may be brought to him, either in the Plumbing, Painting or Glazing line.

PUMPS of all kinds made or repaired.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch. 7-1

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS!

WISHING to Close up all our UNSETTLED BUSINESS by the

FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT,

we hope our friends that we have accommodated with Goods on a Credit will come forward and settle their accounts by that date.

After September 1st, 1862, all accounts will be closed, and

OUR TERMS WILL BE STRICTLY CASH.

7-4 KIMBALL & LAWRENCE.

BOTANIC MEDICINES

AND

MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

Dr. J. L. DUNYON

WILL devote his attention to the Practice of Medicine and to the Manufacturing of Botanic Medicines suitable for all classes, ages and sex, free from the deleterious effects of mercury, and adapted to all the diseases of the climate, and tenders his professional services to the citizens of this city and vicinity.

Invalids living at a distance can be represented by their neighbors coming to the city, or they can send a description of their complaint, length of time afflicted, causes of the same, habits, age and sex, by letter, enclosing a fee for the amount of medicine they wish, and will receive prompt attention, and thus save much expense.

Electricity will be used in every old-standing complaint. It is especially useful in palsy, deep-seated pains, scrofula, cancer, affections of the joints and general nervous debility, old sores and ulcers.

BOTANIC MEDICINES

of all kinds prepared, with printed directions, Sold at the Dispensary. To those purchasing Medicines advice given gratis.

WANTED—Vials and Bottles of every description at this Office, in exchange for Medicines; also, wood, hay, grain and produce.

All those indebted to me will please pay up, and keep their credit good.

OFFICE:—On MAIN STREET, Second door North of Post Office.

RESIDENCE:—Three Blocks East of Market House, and one-third of a Block South, in 12th Ward. G. S. L. City, Aug. 12, 1862. 7-1†