

THE CAT IS NOW OUT OF THE BAG.

True Inwardness of the Union Pacific Activity up in Wyoming.

SARATOGA & ENCAMPMENT.

Is Officially Stated to be a Link in the Proposed Denver, Yellowstone and Pacific.

(Special to the "News.") Saratoga, Wyo., Nov. 27.—L. B. Merriam, the Union Pacific engineer in charge of construction work in Wyoming, spent several days here and has returned to Omaha on what is believed to be an important mission.

The Union Pacific has completed its surveys from Walcott to this point and are now setting stakes for a right-of-way through the city.

The routes of the Union Pacific, and the Saratoga and Encampment railway cross each other in the big pasture of Col. J. F. Crawford, just north of town, and nothing now stands in the way of the extension of the line south from this place.

Ex-Governor Fennimore Chatterton, president of the Saratoga & Encampment railroad, met with the citizens of this section a few nights ago and in his address he assured the people that his company would build the road no matter what action is taken by the Union Pacific, and no matter how many competitive roads are built into this section.

Governor Chatterton also made the important announcement that the Saratoga & Encampment road is but a piece of the Denver, Yellowstone and Pacific, which will be built at once from Denver northward to Fly, Coling, thence to Encampment, thence from Walcott to the Yellowstone Park and on to the Pacific northwest. The entire line from Denver to a point near Lander has been surveyed and staked, and contracts for the work will be let in the spring. In the meantime work will be rushed on the Saratoga and Encampment road, President Chatterton assured the people that his road will be completed to Saratoga by April 1st next.

Residents of Saratoga and of the valley will donate almost all of the land necessary for a right-of-way, and other concessions will be given the railroads.

Amended articles of incorporation of the Colorado, Wyoming & Idaho Railway company were filed with the secretary of state of Idaho and county recorder of Ada county last week. Under the amendments the name of the company has been changed to the Denver, Yellowstone & Pacific Railway company. The homes of the resident owners of the proposed line are also set forth as Denver, Colo., Saratoga, Wyo., and Boise, Ida.

WOOL MEN COMING.

The advance guard of the wool men arrived in Salt Lake this morning in the person of William Jackson of Jackson & Moore, wool merchants, St. Louis. It is anticipated that there will be others here within a few days when the wool season for the next season's clip will be in full swing. As it is a heavy percentage of the fleeces have been contracted for at advance prices on those paid last spring.

EDWARDS HAS A SNAP.

Not many railroad contractors have the snap that has been accorded to Charles Edwards, who was given the contract for grading the first 10 miles of the Chicago & Northwestern out of Lander, Wyo. Edwards, who is now busily engaged in preliminary work, was called upon last week by a delegation of the leading farmers of the section to be traversed, who volunteered to put 15 teams and men into the field at once to push along the good work. This action was taken without money or price, the teams being donated for the work. It is not believed that Mr. Edwards will feel compelled to turn down the offer.

CONCERTED ACTION.

Railroad Employees Take a Hand Against Rate Legislation.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The Record Herald tomorrow will say:

An organized movement on the part of railroad employees in every branch service has been put on foot to secure concerted action against the Roosevelt idea of rate legislation. Preliminary steps have already been taken by committees from the brotherhoods of railroad men for a general mass meeting.

Rate regulation in the opinion of the employees means a subsequent reduction in wages for them and they propose a strong organization to oppose any move to give the government direction of traffic rates. The plan so far as now completed is to influence a firm stand on the part of Congress against any rate revision measures and a lobby may be sent to Washington for that purpose. Twenty employees of various railroads met here yesterday to take up the first plans of the commission mass meeting. In response to a call from the locomotive engineers there present representatives from brotherhood of railroad trainmen, of the order of railway conductors, brotherhood of locomotive engineers, brotherhood of locomotive firemen, and switchmen's union. A committee from the five organizations is to meet against Dec. 12, to make the final arrangements for the mass meeting of railroad workers. The mass meeting will be followed by a national convention which will be called and every city, union and every railroad, organization asked to send representatives. The national convention will then deal with Congress in whatever way is determined upon.

SPIKE AND RAIL.

J. G. Doolittle of the Frisco line has returned from a trip to Boise.

W. C. Shoemaker of the Colorado & Southern has returned from a trip east where he went three weeks ago.

Kathleen L. Greig has an illustrated article in the Four Track News in which she treats of the treasure seekers among the Wasatch mountains.

A string of construction outfits passed through Deep Creek recently bound for Price, Nev. where they will report for operations on the Western Pacific.

B. F. Cheney, a director of the Rock Island, arrived here from Los Angeles in his private car yesterday morning and today left for the east over the Rio Grande on No. 6.

The Rock Island & Pacific, according to circulars received here today, has taken over for operation the line between Guthrie, O. T., known as the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Western rail-

way, which line has heretofore been leased by the Frisco system.

J. F. Kinkaid is expected to arrive here this week from New York and after visiting with friends here will go on to San Francisco, where he will enter the service of the Western Pacific as assistant to General Auditor Evans, who is also an old-time Salt Lake.

Apparently the Salt Lake daily papers have been badly scooped, judging from the following clipped from the Idaho Register: "General Manager Buckingham of the Harriman system of railroads was in Idaho Falls Monday. His headquarters are at Omaha and he is out on an inspection trip."

P. S. Galligan, the Short Line operator at Bryan, is in the Ogden hospital suffering from a wound that split his cheek from mouth to ear, exposing the bone. Galligan has a pet dog, who remains with him in his telegraph office. A few nights ago a freight conductor came into the office and the dog promptly seized him by the leg. Galligan tried to pull the dog off, while at the same time the conductor made a vicious swipe at the animal with his lantern. The lamp landed on Galligan's jaw with the result set forth.

CARD OF THANKS.

The family of the late George Coulam extend their heartfelt thanks to all friends who so kindly remembered them in their sad bereavement.

GEORGE COULAM, JR., In behalf of the family.

HARD ON JOHN.

The Rev. F. A. Mayhall of St. Louis, who wants his parish to allow him to supplement his salary by the practice of law, said the other day:

"A minister to do good work, must have enough money to maintain a good position. He must not be obliged to resort to economies that are often ludicrous and discouraging. He must hold his head up."

"To practice economy, you know, is often humiliating, often ridiculous," he said. "I know of a poor and economical young man who, about to marry, wished to impress upon his bride the necessity of the strictest frugality."

"Accordingly, having arranged his program in advance, he invited her to take Sunday dinner at his home with his mother and himself."

"All sat down to table on the appointed day, but as he was about to begin the carving, the young man pointed sternly to a stale crust of bread, laid on a plate with other debris, for consignment to the garbage pail. He had, you must understand, put the bread there himself, to point a moral with."

"Mother, mother," he said, "a good slice of bread? Going to throw out a good slice of bread?"

"And he resented and put it on the bread plate, and with his dinner he ate it, though it was as hard as a chunk of steel."

"I never like to see anything wasted," he said, in a moral tone.

"And then his old mother, to help drive home this lesson in economy, added:

"True, Maggie, true my dear, I've always said that when I lost John, I would need to keep a pig."

SPIRIT.

Medium—Do you wish to see your departed husband's spirit?
Mrs. Widdowson—No, I want to see his ghost! Josh never had no spirit!—Puck.

UTAH, IDAHO, THE WORLD.

Three new maps, just issued, Utah and Idaho on one side, the World on the reverse side, including population of countries and towns according to the 1900 census, with a brief sketch of every country in the world. Size 27x31 inches, value 75 cents; sent to any address for 25c. Address Deseret News Book Store, Salt Lake City, Utah.

THE FARMERS AS WEALTH PRODUCERS

Those of United States Produced In Fiscal Year 1905. \$6,415,000,000.

HIGHEST AMOUNT ON RECORD.

Four Crops, Corn, Hay, Wheat and Rice, Made New Ones—Have Lots Of Money in the Banks.

Washington, Nov. 27.—"Wealth production on the farms of the United States in 1905 reached the highest amount ever attained in this or any other country—\$6,415,000,000."

In the first annual report of his third term Secy. of Agriculture Wilson presents an array of figures and statement representing the products and profits of the farmers of the country which he admits "dreams of wealth production could hardly equal."

Four crops make new high records as to value—corn, hay, wheat and rice—although in amount of production the corn crop is the only one that exceeds previous yields. In every crop the general level of production was high and that of prices still higher.

Besides the enormous yield of wealth, the secretary estimates that the farms of the country have increased in value during the past five years to a present aggregate of \$5,135,000,000.

"Every sunset during the past five years," he says, "has registered an increase of \$3,400,000 in the value of the farms of this country." This increased value, the secretary suggests, is invested better than in bank deposits, or even in the gilt-edged bonds of private corporations.

In dealing with the crop report "leak," Secy. Wilson, after referring to the gross breach of trust on the part of one of the employees of the bureau of statistics, says: "This department acted with vigor and dispatch when it got evidence of wrong doing on the part of its own officials, but we have no evidence of disciplinary or preventive action at the traders' end of the line, where gamblers interested neither in the production nor consumption disturb values to the injury of both and make loud outcry when creatures of their own kind corrupt officials to betray confidence for the love of money. The responsibility for this 'leak' is shared by every one, who, to get money without work, gambles in farm products. When this form of industry ceases these parasites who tempt department officials will have to work for their bread."

Analyzing the principal crops for the year, the secretary says that corn reached its highest production at 4,708,000,000 bushels, a gain of 42,000,000 over the next lowest year, 1899; hay is second in order of value, although cotton held second place during the two preceding years. The hay crop this year is valued at \$665,000,000. Cotton comes third, with a valuation of \$575,000,000; wheat, \$525,000,000; oats, \$282,000,000; tobacco, \$128,000,000; sugar cane and sugar beets, \$20,000,000; rice, \$15,820,000; dairy products, \$685,000,000, an increase of \$34,000,000 over last year.

"The farmer's hen," the secretary says, "is becoming a worthy companion to his cow. The annual production of

eggs is now a score of billions. Poultry products have climbed to a place of more than a half-billion dollars in value, so the farmer's hen competes with wheat for precedence."

There are more horses and with a larger aggregate value than ever before, notwithstanding, as the secretary says, they were "threatened by the bicycle and later by the suburban trolley and the automobile." He estimates their value at \$1,200,000,000, or nearly as much as the corn crop.

Although milk cows are increasing in number and value, the report states that other cattle and sheep have for several years been decreasing. There are \$17,570,000 milch cows, valued at \$482,000,000. Other cattle are numbered at \$43,089,000, with a value of \$462,000,000. Sheep number 17,221,000, valued at \$283,250,000. In the aggregate, the value of farm animals has increased a few million dollars within the year, and since the census of 1890 have increased 9 per cent.

With this enormous production, the secretary says the wants of 33,000,000 people have been supplied, with a remaining surplus constituting a generous contribution to other nations. The ex-

ported farm products during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, had a value of \$27,000,000, which was less by \$51,000,000 than the average exports for the five preceding years.

In accounting for this the secretary says, owing to the short wheat crop there was a decrease in the export of that cereal amounting to \$41,000,000, of \$5,000,000 in the exports of packing-house products, and another \$5,000,000 in fruits and other minor items. The increase included \$9,305,000 in cotton, \$4,700,000 in oil cake and oil-cake meal, \$4,000,000 in vegetable oils and \$2,500,000 in rice and various minor products.

"During the last 16 years," the secretary says, "the domestic exports of farm products have amounted to \$12,000,000,000, or \$1,000,000,000 more than enough to buy all the railroads of the country at their commercial value, and this with a mere surplus for which there was no demand at home."

Secy. Wilson points out that the farmer is taking an important part in developing the manufacturing interests of the country by furnishing raw material, and that he has also become a banker. The farm contributions to manufactures during the year were

\$2,672,000,000. Under the amendment of the national banking laws authorizing the incorporation of banks with a capital of less than \$50,000, there have been 104 such banks established in the last year, nearly every one of which is located in a rural community and the capital furnished by farmers. Speaking of the increase in deposits in banks by farmers, the secretary states:

"In the north central states farmers have been depositing money in the banks until the rate of interest on deposits has fallen so low that they have diverted a large portion of their savings to permanent investments. In spite of the fact that the banks do not receive and keep all or most of the farmers' savings the increase of banks' deposits in agricultural states and the larger regions is most extraordinary."

"Still more remarkable is the bank statement for the south central states. Deposits increased 18.1 per cent. For the first time in the financial history of the south deposits in the banks of that region now exceed \$1,000,000,000."

"The foregoing remarkable increase in bank deposits in agricultural states, as well as the increase in the number of small country banks, are directly

and indirectly because of the profits that have come to the farmers from the operation of their farms. The man with the hoe has become the man with the harvester and the depositor and shareholder of the bank."

Mr. Wilson says the increase during the five years past of medium farms in the western division was \$5.36 per acre, while the average increase for the United States was \$2.33. Farmers are improving their cultural methods, and changing from less to more profitable crops.

The report concludes: "Should there be no relapse from his present position as a wealth-producer, three years hence the farmer will find that the farming element, about 35 per cent of the population, has produced an amount of wealth within 10 years equal to one-half of the entire national wealth produced in three centuries."

MUSIC TEACHERS.

All who desire to consult the list of the representative professors and music teachers of Salt Lake should read the "Musicians' Directory" in the Saturday "News."



THANKSGIVING

The Dining Room is the most important place in the House on Thanksgiving Day, and prudent housewives will not ignore this opportunity to enhance its appointments, while they may do so at a small outlay of money.

We are offering phenomenal price concessions on the very things you need to dress the table and the room in a manner becoming the occasion.

The specials enumerated here are but suggestions of the Thanksgiving Furniture Feast that will be spread before you this week. Endless varieties of good things for the Dining Room and Kitchen will be on holiday display.

See the modern Dining Room portrayed in our big display window. It is a feature worth making a special trip to see.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
SOLID OAK DINING CHAIR.....\$2.00
Design like cut, wood seat, highly polished.



AMERICAN QUARTER-SAWN OAK PEDESTAL DINING TABLE.
\$14.50
Thanksgiving Special
Square top design, similar to cut, extension 44 inches to 6 feet.



AMERICAN QUARTER-SAWN OAK PEDESTAL DINING TABLE.
Thanksgiving Special \$15.75
Round top, design similar to cut, extension 44 inches to 6 feet.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
Solid Oak Sideboard, **\$11.50**
A remarkable and timely bargain. Design very similar to cut, 40x19-inch top, high carved back with 12x13-inch French bevel plate mirror, one large top and two side shelves, one large and two small drawers, and roomy linen apartment.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
To obtain the best results in the cooking of the Thanksgiving dinner see that your range is an Acorn. Just time to have one installed in the kitchen.
Full line of Cooking Utensils and Household Hardware in our Kitchen Department.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
56-Piece Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set.
\$4.90
Green Floral Decoration.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
100-Piece Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set.
\$8.75
Blue Floral Decoration.

NOW'S A GOOD TIME TO BUY A CARVING SET.

Here's a good place, if you want one, that will cause no embarrassment at the dinner table. A very select line of them, all of which are priced much lower than you would expect for such high grades.



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OTHER DINNER SETS.

Of 56 and 100 pieces, in American and English semi-porcelain and German and French china, including many Haviland productions. Plain and color designs.



THANKSGIVING SPECIAL.
To obtain the best results in the cooking of the Thanksgiving dinner see that your range is an Acorn. Just time to have one installed in the kitchen.
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THE CHINA CLOSET

Helps wonderfully in the dining room, especially where space is a factor. It not only displays the elegance of your china, cut glass and silverware, but keeps it in perfect condition.
New china closets in woods to match your dining room furniture.



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Banks' MILLINERY

116 Main St.

ECLIPSE SALE

ANY HAT IN THE STORE THIS WEEK

\$3

EXCEPT THOSE WITH FINE OSTRICH OR PARADISE PLUMES

We have avoided buying any "Dead Stocks" from the East this season. Nothing but the newest and best styles coming out late in the season have been allowed to accumulate.

To avoid carrying over anything into the next season our High Grade Hats are thrown in with this extraordinary offer.

50c and \$1

Buys the Plain Felt Goods, neatly trimmed

RIBBONS.

Holly, Mistletoe, Dresden for fancy work at the advertised sale prices.

Patterns for pretty presents Christmas to guide you in the use of these goods.

116 South Main Street.