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THE TWISTING OF FACTS.

The New York Journalist of October 7 has a very strong editorial on "The Distortion of News" and "The Twisting of Facts to Make a Sensation." We have room for only a few paragraphs, and a portion of the article makes some very pointed allusions to the Associated Press, which we do not care to reproduce or endorse. But the strictures passed upon "yellow journalism" are so appropriate to local conditions that we quote, as follows:

"Thoughtful and conservative newspaper readers cannot have failed to be impressed by the attitude assumed by—not a minority—but a vast and disgusting majority, of the American press upon matters of vital importance to every provident and honest citizen. We have been accustomed to accept with such equanimity as we could muster the belief that there were no新闻工作者 who are established solely to cater to the tobacco juice jaded palates of the ignorant and sensational-loving reader. We have noticed with some glee, that when a really important happening is before the public, the dear public, with remarkable unanimity and commendable discretion shuns the Yellow Journalists to the side line of discredit, and looks for its information to the more reliable and respectable publications which have done more in FACTS and less in HEAD-LINES. But the deadly microbe of iron-hand journalism seems to have spread to some of the papers which have been considered wise and reliable."

The Journalist goes on to dilate upon the evil effects of that kind of newspaper work, and makes the following explanation of the reason why the worst side of an occurrence, or of the act of some public official, is usually set forth in the saffron-hued papers, which is that:

"It is so much more NEWS to show an honest and respected citizen as a son-of-a-gun than to admit that he may have made a mistake in judgment, or possibly have overstepped his limit of discretion. It is more sensational, and what we want is more sensational."

That is, and has always been, the great reason for anti-Mormon" activity. The Saints have always prospered. Their prosperity has been the envy of office-hunters. The prejudice of the religious people against the tenets of the Saints is taken advantage of for the furtherance of the purposes of self and self."

This was frankly admitted by "General" Wilson during the Jackson county raids in 1838. This "General" had some "Mormon" captives, cruelly torn away from their families. During the march he became communicative, and said, in part: "We know perfectly that from the beginning the Mormons have not been the aggressors at all. As it has been ever since, You Mormons were crowded to the last extreme, and compelled to self-defense; and this has been construed into treason, murder, and plunder. We mob you without law; the authorities refuse to protect you according to law; you then are compelled to protect yourselves, and we act upon the prejudices of the public, who join our forces, and the whole is legalized, for your destruction and our gain. Is not this a cunning policy on our part gentlemen?" (Autobiography of Parley P. Pratt, p. 268.)

Circumstances are greatly changed, but the anti-Mormon" spirit is the same, and if the anti-Mormon" leaders were to honestly express their sentiments they could, with a few alterations, make Gen. Wilson's words theirs. "Your destruction and our gain" is their motto. And that is the platform on which they invite even respectable non-Mormons" to take a stand!

ONE CAUSE OF DECLINE.

In France they have appointed a commission to inquire into the causes of the much-talked-of decline of the birth-rate of the French nation. M. Guyot is of the opinion that the heavy taxes under which the masses of the people are suffering are responsible, very largely, for that evil. He especially denounces the so-called "unseen" taxes. On bread and meat alone he estimates this tax in France to be as much as \$40,000,000 a year. Similarly with most of the other necessities of life. In a country the fiscal policy of which compels the people to pay a heavy toll on their daily bread, it is not strange. It is thought, that there should be reluctance to increase the number of mouths to be fed.

This deduction is, no doubt, correct,

and it points to a precedent cause—the chief cause of the heavy taxation, viz., the necessity of maintaining an army and navy out of all proportions to the financial resources of the nation. Militarism has been the curse of the Old World, and not until its burdens are reduced to a minimum, will that curse be removed. It is like the monster on the shoulders of Sisibud—exercising its tyranny by night and by day, everywhere and under all circumstances. An international court with the necessary power and authority to enforce its decrees would be a financial saving to the world, which means to the laboring classes who carry the heaviest burdens; it would be a moral force tending to repair the moral injury to the human race caused by the brutality of war; it would increase human happiness and thereby prevent "race suicide."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Many persons coming from other states into Utah to get married, are put to needless expense through a lack of understanding of the marriage laws. They obtain a license at the place where they reside or somewhere near, and when they arrive here they discover that it will not answer the purpose, and so they have to obtain another in order to be legally united.

The Utah statutes require the return of the license after the ceremony to the county clerk who issued it. This is not required in some of the States and Territories, but it must be complied with to make the marriage legal here.

Persons desiring to contract marriage in this city, but who live in one of the counties of this State outside of Salt Lake county, may obtain the license from the county clerk of the county in

which they reside, if they choose to do so, and when the ceremony is performed, the license can be returned there, properly signed and certified to, as the law requires.

We mention this simply to save unnecessary expense. It is of no use for parties intending to be united in wedlock in Utah to obtain a license anywhere outside of the State. The fee for the issuing of the license is fixed by law, and therefore the county clerk who issues it must not be charged with requiring more than some people may think a proper sum for the document. This perhaps is sufficient by way of explanation.

KEEP IT UP!

The hand-organ of the un-American" faction still grinds out its discordant sounds, to distract public attention from its self-exposure of falsehood and folly. By arguing that the preponderance of "Gentiles" in business concerns in this city, proves their "higher civilization" and great "superiority" over the "Mormons," it gives the lie to its oft-repeated charge that "the Gentiles do not have a square deal in business because of the domination of a 'Hierarch.'" It is of no use for it to twist and turn and distort language and perform its usual antics, to divert the minds of its readers from its stupid blunder. The fact remains that as the bulk of the business firms in this city are in the hands of "Gentiles," the howl about the domination of a "Hierarch" in business affairs is as absurd as it is untrue. But let the hand-organ keep it up; the public will the sooner understand its silliness and mendacity.

President McCurdy of the Mutual Life lost his temper on the witness stand and appeared to disadvantage in the hands of Mr. Hughes. As an insurance man he should have known that this was a poor policy.

Mr. McCurdy says that the salaries of the executive officers of the Mutual Life are none too fat. And yet they are fairly swimming in fat. And when their life story is told it will end as so many children's tales end. "They lived in peace, died in grace and were buried in a chunk of talion."

ANTI-MORMON" SPIRIT.

Scribes are foraging to find reasons for the un-American creation of an anti-Mormon" party. Evidently they feel the necessity of excuses and explanations, before the bar of public opinion. Workers of iniquity always have a supply of excuses, to draw upon, when needed. But among all the reasons given, the chief, and really only one, is not stated. It is the reason of the wolf for attacking the lamb, in the well known fable.

A wolf meeting with a lamb resolved to find some plea which should justify to the lamb himself his right to eat him. He then addressed him: "Sirrah, last year you grossly insulted me." "Indeed," bleated the lamb in a mournful tone of voice, "I was not then born." Then said the wolf: "You feed in my pasture." "No, good sir," replied the lamb, "I have not yet tasted grass." Again said the wolf: "You drink of my milk." "No," exclaimed the lamb, "I never yet drank water, for as yet my mother's milk is both food and drink to me." On which the wolf seized him and ate him up, saying: "Well! I won't remain supperless, even though you refute every one of my imputations."

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The municipal campaign seems to be suffering from "that tired feeling."

Kansas City has a "Warner-for-President" club. Let the members take warning in time.

"Is it Greater New York or Grafton New York?" asks the Washington Post. Its Greater Grafton.

The Chicago city council has voted, 31 to 25, against municipal ownership. It is a blow to Mayor Dunne's pet scheme.

But he is not the kind of a man to surrender at a first defeat.

President McCurdy of the Mutual Life lost his temper on the witness stand and appeared to disadvantage in the hands of Mr. Hughes. As an insurance man he should have known that this was a poor policy.

The National Geographic Magazine for October has, as supplement, a map of the Panama Canal, and a paper on "The Panama Canal," by Rear Admiral Cobby M. Chester. These are valuable features of this publication. Other articles are on "Progress on the Panama Canal" and "The Great Canals of the World."—Hubbard Memorial Hall, Washington, D. C.

Out for October has the following list of contents: "Beautiful Havasu," "The Great Arm of the Colorado Canyon," illustrated by Sheldon M. Hall; "Cuyamaca Mountain, Forest Desert"; "A Humming Bird's Nest," illustrated by M. G. Jenison; "The Madrone," poem, by Gonella Fitzgerald Nye; "Marin's Untraveled Road," illustrated by D. Donohoe, Jr.; "Tavern of the Sun," poem, by Kathryn A. Turney; "The Elusive Fish of Death," illustrated by Margaret Troll; "The Stream," poem, by Robinson Jeffers; "The Godfather of Little Breaches"; "Angelique the Dragon," poem, by Mrs. H. C. Hall; "The Landmarks Club"; "The Sequoia League, To Make Better Men"; "Chancery—That Which is Written," reviews by C. A. Moody, and "San Jose and the Santa Clara Valley."—Los Angeles.

Of the ten awards made from the Carnegie hero fund, nine were for saving persons from drowning. No doubt there are more drowning accidents than any other, but it seems rather remarkable the percentage of awards in such cases is so great. It is certain, though, that they were not made without full investigation of all claims. Wearers of Carnegie hero medals will yet constitute a legion of honor.

In his inaugural address as rector of the University of St. Andrews, Carnegie said: "We exclaim, 'O Liberty, what crimes are committed in thy name,' but they are trifling compared with those committed in the name of 'honor.' The most dishonored word in our language." And the remark is true. Nations often do dishonorable things and their sense of honor compels them to stand by them. Standing by a dishonorable thing can never make it honorable.

No man in the country hits the nail squarely on the head or harder than Governor Folk of Missouri. Listen to this, said to a large audience in Philadelphia: "The most conspicuous fact of municipal governments in the United States today is that they are governed by the few and not by the people. There is more aggressive rotteness and less aggressive patriotism in our large cities than anywhere else. If the patriotism can be made as aggressive as the rotteness the problem of good government would be solved by the people taking the government into their own hands." Hear! Hear!

It seems that in the case of Miss Alice Roosevelt's baggage and the collecting duty on whatever in it might be dutiable, and what course to pursue, Secretary Shaw's burden was greater than he could bear. And he took his troubles to the President, and he like a man and an American President said, "There is only one thing to do. That is to treat my daughter's baggage as you would the baggage of any other private person. She will pay duty on everything that is dutiable." He could have said nothing else, and it is really astonishing that a secretary of the treasury should for a moment have any doubt as to his clear duty in the premises. There were some sycophants in the customs service who took the position that Miss Roosevelt being who she is and having been treated as a princess should be granted royal favors and the revenue laws suspended for her benefit. Such public servants should be dismissed. This reply to Secretary Shaw is a lesson that should be learned by all in government employ.

It is not uncommon for a diamond to explode soon after it reaches the surface; some have been known to burst in the pockets of the miners or when held in the warm hand, and the loss is greater because large stones are more liable to explode or fly in pieces than small ones. Valuable stones have been destroyed in this way, and it is whispered that cunning dealers are not averse to allowing irresponsible clients to handle or carry in their warm pockets large crystals fresh from the mine. By way of safeguard against explosion some dealers embed large diamonds in raw potatoes to insure safe transit to England.

LONDON TRUTH.

The late Mme. Blavatsky bequeathed a pearl necklace valued at the date of her death at \$10,000 francs. It is under a glass case, which is let down every evening into a cellar. The pearls are found to be "dying"—that is to say, losing their luster—for want of contact with the human skin.

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