

THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON.
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Wednesday, February 2, 1870.

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING.

THE attention of the people of the Territory has often been called to the subject of Co-operation through the columns of the News, but it is a subject of such worth and importance that it will bear, and demands, further ventilation. The success of the Co-operative plan of buying and selling all kinds of imported merchandise has proved such a success, that the idea or expectation of ever revising the old fashioned method is out of the question. The people throughout the Territory have had their eyes so fully opened to the folly of allowing enormous profits to go into the pockets of a very few individuals, when it is just as easy to have them diffused for the benefit of all, that to argue against the former or for the latter is now superfluous.

In Utah, however, Co-operation is still confined, except in rare instances, to what is denominated here, "merchandising," but as the people, generally, have now experienced the benefits arising from the latter, it is reasonable to expect that all other branches of business will in course of time be conducted on the same principle.

In the eastern States and in various parts of Europe, in order to escape the avarice and encroachments of capital, we hear of artisans of various classes, bricklayers, shoemakers, builders, and even the paper collar makers combining on the Co-operative plan; and wherever it is carried on prudently the results are of the most gratifying character; and if Co-operation does not eventually do away with the relations of employer and employed, there is reason to believe that it will, so far as satisfactorily adjust them as to compel Capital to recognize and concede the rights of labor.

One branch of Co-operation that is coming into note, and which promises great results, is that of farming. An experiment of this kind has been in operation at Vienne, not far from Marseilles, in France, for the last fifteen or sixteen years, and its results are said to be of the most beneficial character. In New York State the system is working its way, and from a late number of that most excellent family journal, *Heart and Home*, we learn that the fifth "annual parliament" of these co-operative farmers recently closed its session at Utica, in that State. At these "annual parliaments," or conventions, the co-operative farmers meet, for the purpose of giving to each other the results of their experience in all the various branches of business that properly belong to the profession in its most extended sense.

This is a branch of co-operation we should like to see commenced in Utah, believing that its production would be a blessing to the people of the Territory. Owing to a combination of unfortunate circumstances, among which may be mentioned the scarcity of money and the enormous expense of freighting, the farmers here, until recently, have been unable to import the labor-saving machinery necessary to carry on their business successfully, and the pecuniary results have not been at all commensurate with their enormous outlay of labor.

Another cause of the comparatively small pecuniary profits from farming in Utah, has been doubtless owing to inexperience among the agricultural population. Many of those who have now gained experience as farmers, probably never worked a day in their lives on the land until their arrival in this Territory. Numbers of them, we have reason to believe, lived in poverty in the manufacturing districts of Europe, and on arriving here they made a dash for independence, and took up land, believing that to be the shortest cut to it; and while gaining experience they have had to grapple with all the difficulties and to contend with all the failures consequent on their want of it.

Still another, and probably far more prolific, cause of small pecuniary returns for the labor of the agriculturist in this Territory, is that farming operations have been restricted, in a great measure, to the raising of grain only; dairy farming has received but a small share of attention. The result of this is that grain has been raised in abundance, and except in seasons of scarcity through the ravages of grasshoppers, has been so far ahead of the necessities of home consumption, that it has been sold at rates much too low to compensate the farmer; at the same time butter and cheese have been, and are still, selling at high rates, and large quantities have to be imported to supply the home demand. This policy on the part of our farmers in the past, and present, for it is still pursued, is very shortsighted. But if they would turn their attention to producing butter and cheese, they would find a constant demand and remunerative prices for all they could produce.

The facilities for raising and keeping stock are as good in this Territory as in any part of the country, and the best breeds can be easily imported. Presses and machinery of the most improved description for dairy operations can also

be brought from the East at far cheaper rates than formerly; and though few farmers are rich enough to purchase all that is necessary to establish and carry on a large cheese or butter factory, there is scarcely a settlement in the Territory but what is amply rich enough to do it; and here is where co-operation would be of so great advantage, not only to the farmers, but also to the Territory at large.

If more butter and cheese could be produced than are necessary to supply the home demand, the prices paid for these articles in the East and West are so high that they could be exported very profitably, and a ready market be found for all our surplus.

This is a subject that is well worthy the attention of the agriculturists of Utah, and we hope to see these suggestions promptly acted upon in localities possessing the greatest facilities for so doing. Many of our farmers are now experienced; they possess or can procure every facility necessary for producing both cheese and butter in any quantity and equal to that produced in any part of the world; and with unity of action there might, in a very short time, be established, on the co-operative plan, a number of first-class dairies and cheese factories in the Territory, which would be a source of profit to the shareholders and a blessing to the whole people. Who will lead out in this direction?

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERT NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

New cases of Fever.—Extraordinary case of Crime. Com.—Wife kicked to death.—News from Hayti.—A Fire.—Good and Fisk quarrel.—Coal Declines.

NEW YORK.—Seventy-six new cases of the new epidemic, the relapsing fever, were reported to the Board of Health yesterday; no deaths have occurred from the disease up to this time.

One of the most extraordinary cases ever brought before a New York court is now being tried by Judge Barnard in the Supreme Court. The plaintiff is J. F. Glasson, a veteran officer in the U. S. Navy, aged 64 years; the defendant is his wife, an old lady aged 55, the mother of two grown sons. The complaint is alleged adultery with another elderly person named John B. Howell, who is also the parent of four children. The witnesses against Mrs. Glasson, examined yesterday, were the wife and daughter of Mr. Howell. The alleged criminality, was committed at Providence, R. I. The unusual character of the evidence produced for the prosecution and the large wealth and high social standing of the families interested, together with other circumstances, make this case one of the most remarkable interest.

Michael Welsh, aged 45, a native of Ireland, was arrested last night, charged with having kicked his wife to death.

A steamer from the city of Port au Prince arrived yesterday, bringing dates to January 23d. Salnave's family, consisting of his wife, mother and eleven children, with their relatives who have been protected by the American Consul had sailed for Inagua and thence would go to San Domingo at the invitation of Baz.

The merchants doing business at Port au Prince had offered their gold to the government for the purpose of paying off the crews of the naval vessels; the government accepted the offer and was paying off the men.

Louise Bird, a Wesleyan missionary, at Port au Prince, was burned by the late terrific conflagration; everything was totally devastated.

The troops who fought under Salnave, at the late engagement at Cuaba with Cabral's army, at which place they were captured with Salnave, joined Cabral's forces, with the intention of attacking the Dominican troops at Asana. It is asserted that the authorities at Port au Prince hold a letter from Salnave, offering fifty thousand dollars in gold to spare his life. The United States Minister, Bassett, attempted to obtain the body of Salnave for proper burial by his family, who resided at the residence of the minister, but the request was denied with derision and insults, and threats of death were uttered against him by the infuriated mob.

About one o'clock this morning a fire took place at H. B. Brunner's wholesale liquor establishment, 165 Fulton street, and extended to the Goodyear India rubber manufactory; the injury by the fire was confined to the basement, but the loss was heavy.

It was reported at the 5th Avenue Hotel last night that Jay Gould had quarreled with Fisk and had tendered his resignation as President of the Erie Railroad.

Another decline in the price of coal is anticipated. In consequence of the mild weather the production is ahead of the consumption. The railways are competing for the carrying trade.

ILLINOIS.

Thieves Carnival.—Rowdism and Villany Triumphant.

CHICAGO, I.—About dark last night three young men entered the grocery store of W. H. Sargent, West Madison St., and while the proprietor's back was turned to get some articles called for they knocked him down insensate, and proceeded to rifle the store, when they made their escape. Sargent's skull was fractured in three places and his condition is critical. About an hour previous some scoundrels met the son of Judge McAllister in the streets and gave chase, yelling, "Kill him, don't let him escape." Young McAllister succeeded in reaching his father's house, when the villains left. Judge McAllister's severity yesterday in giving all the scoundrels convicted before his court, terms in the penitentiary to the same extent of the law, has aroused intense indignation among the entire brotherhood of criminals in this city, who would probably murder him could they obtain the opportunity. Fears were entertained that his house would be attacked last night, and a special guard of police were stationed there for protection.

Christian Frank, a laborer age 62, hung himself last night; cause, intemperance.

Engineer Thomas, who was fired at by parties concealed in the basement of the Court House night before last, supposed to be there for the purpose of assisting prisoners to escape, returned to the basement in two or three hours to find a valuable gold watch, which he supposed he had lost during the scuffle. On entering with a lantern and revolver the same two men again attacked him, knocking him down and considerably injuring him; they then escaped. Notwithstanding a thorough search was made after the first alarm it appears that the burglars were still concealed about the corridors in the Court House. During the struggle Thomas fired his revolver, which apparently took effect on one of the villains. A large crowd of roughs were assembled in the vicinity of the jail fence, and after the prisoners were sentenced yesterday and were about being conveyed to the penitentiary a strong force of police was detailed to prevent any possible attempt at rescue.

The Tribune's Washington special says the gold conspiracy committee have about concluded the investigation. But-terfield's evidence has somewhat changed the case against him, but the committee are not satisfied of his entire innocence.

The Senate in executive session yesterday decided to consider the nomination of Attorney General Hoar to the Supreme Bench; but there is not much prospect of his confirmation.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

Illness of the Pope.—Small Pox.—The Government Triumphant.

PARIS.—Rumors of the death of the Pope were again current to-day. It is ascertained, however, that his holiness has been afflicted with an epileptic fit, but it is not regarded as seriously ill.

There has been a remarkable increase in the number of cases of small pox within the past few days.

Yesterday a sharp debate occurred in the Corps Legislatif, on the decree for temporarily admitting iron, and cotton fabrics. On a vote being taken, the government was sustained.

MEXICO.

A Little more Revolution.

SOUTHERN PASS, Lower Cal.—Gazern, Secretary of State, from Veracruz, arrived yesterday, having left Vera Cruz on the 17th ult. He was compelled to fly for security. He reports that the revolution is increasing. San Luis Potosi and Orizaba had pronounced against the Juarez Government. Col. Argullo, who belongs to the church party, is at the head of the revolutionists. The suspension of constitutional guarantees by the Government produced general dissatisfaction, indignation and alarm.

Married:

At Fairfield, Utah, County, January 31st, 1870, John Henry and Emma H. Hunsberr, of this city, and Miss Sarah A. Carson, of Fairfield.

Died.

In Salt Lake City, January 28th, 1870, of dropsy, Mary Dougherty, wife of Daniel Dougherty, aged 59 years.

At New Harmony, Kane County, January 7th, 1870, of inflammation of the lungs, Louise Christina, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Mathis, aged 2 years, 2 months and 12 days.

At St. Thomas, Pab-Ute County, Arizona Territory, January 16th, 1870, after an illness of three days, of inflammation of the lungs, Lucy Isabelle, daughter of George B. and Leonora T. Spencer, aged 6 months and 12 days.

RECEIVED.—We have received the February number of the "Excelsior Magazine," a new dollar monthly, published by C. L. Van Allen, 171 Broadway, New York; also Hitchcock's "New Monthly Magazine," three dollars per year, published at 24 Beekman Street, New York; and No. 7 of Howe's "Musical Monthly," three dollars a year, all excellent, both for matter and price. Hitchcock's Magazine contains, in addition to excellent original and selected reading matter, some choice songs with musical accompaniments. Howe's "Musical Monthly" is the best musical serial we have seen published, both for style and matter. It contains choice selections of waltzes, quadrilles, marches and polkas, besides some of the latest and choicest songs. The publisher says each number contains six dollars worth of music, and if No. 7 be a fair sample we can readily believe it.

GREELEY'S POLITICAL ECONOMY.—We have received a copy of Mr. Horace Greeley's work on Political Economy, from the publishers, Messrs. Fields, Osgood & Co., of Boston, Mass. Mr. Greeley's reputation as a thinker and philosopher stands high and all interested in the science of which this work treats will find much that is entertaining and valuable while perusing it. This treatise on Political Economy is written from a view to the special advocacy of the doctrine of Protection and in opposition to those of Free Trade and though the soundness of Free Trade principles has many earnest advocates among the political economists of the world, Protection is not without staunch supporters, and especially in this country. The most salient arguments in favor of Protection are advanced in Mr. Greeley's work, and all believing in its principles will have their faith strengthened by its perusal.

ESTRAYS!

CAME to my place, about the middle of October last, One Black COW, branded face T. T. and on near horns, brands on near hip not legible.

One large Red and White COW, line back, off horns on near hip, brand on near hip not legible.

One Yellow COW, line back, white flank and belly, no brands visible.

If the above are not claimed within 30 days from date, they will be sold to pay expenses.

SIXTH WARD, Salt Lake City, Feb. 2nd, 1870. d23-1

THE VERY BEST SEWING MACHINE!

THE AMERICAN COMBINATION SEWING MACHINE is the best in the Market. In addition to all work done on other lock-stitch machines, this machine will work button holes, and is also adapted for sewing on the same stitch as by hand-sewing. It is a strong machine, will sew any kind of fabric and is as low in price as any machine in the market.

Special Notices.

DRIED PEACHES taken for a good article of Butter, at G. W. Davis'.
COAL OIL for sale in one gallon cans at low figures, at G. W. Davis'.
Cheapest and Best Family Soap is town look for the name on each bar, G. W. Davis'.
Two doors North of Kimball & Lawrence's.

THE attention of all about to purchase a Sewing Machine is called to the advertisement in to-day's paper, of the American Combination Button Hole and Sewing Machine. For general family use it has no rival. It will sew the finest as well as the coarsest fabric, the presser foot being so constructed that it can be raised or lowered to suit the substance of the material. It is a lockstitch machine, and in addition to all work done by a button hole lockstitch machine it will work button holes and eyelet holes, and will do oversewing, the same stitch as by hand, only much more regular and true. The advantages of such a machine are obvious especially in long seams, as in sheets, ladies' dresses, &c. Unlike other machines professing to be able to work button holes, this machine has no separate attachment, a very simple adjustment, requiring only a few seconds, being all that is necessary to change from the ordinary lock, to the buttonhole stitch. The advantages claimed for this machine are no humbug but are guaranteed to be exactly as represented. It is a strong, well finished machine, and we believe is lower in price than any other first-class machine in the market.

WANTED.—At the Historian's Office, two copies of the Daily News, No. 238 of Vol. 1, Nov. 9, 1868. d12-1r

FOR IRRITATION OF THE SCALP, apply Burnett's Cocaine, night and morning.
BURNETT'S FLORIMEL is altogether the best perfume made in America. It equals the finest foreign.—True Flag, Boston.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE is the best.—Chemical Review.

MANY LADIES heedlessly allow servants to purchase impure Flavoring Extracts. BURNETT'S are perfectly pure.

ROSE COLD and HAY FEVER disappear by the use of Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy.

TRUTH WILL PREVAIL.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER is chemically pure in its combination, and possesses no ingredients but such as are harmless, healthy and nutritious. In strength and weight it has no equal, and but half the quantity is needed in use that is required by those of ordinary manufacture. Used in all families, and pronounced the best as well as the cheapest. Prepared by DOOLEY & BROTHER, NEW YORK, and sold by Grocers generally.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager—H. B. Clawson & J. T. Cairn

BENEFIT

Of the Favorite Actress,

Mrs. C. DeBAR

KATE DENIN AS ROSA LEICH.

MR. JOHN WILSON As Miles McKenna

MR. D. MCKENZIE As Elliot Grey

THIS EVENING,

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 2,

Will be presented, Lester Wallace's brilliant

Play, in 5 Acts, entitled

ROSEDALE!

OR, THE RIFLE BALL!

TABITHA STORK, Mrs. C. DeBAR

Elliot Grey, Mr. D. McKenzie

Miles McKenna, Mr. John Wilson

And the Full Dramatic Company.

HIGHLAND FLING,

In Character,

MRS. C. DeBAR

As danced by her 21 years ago.

Doors open at 8 1/2 o'clock. Performance to

commence at 7.

Friday, Feb. 4, FAREWELL BENEFIT of

Mr. J. S. LINDSAY

BYASS' LONDON PORTER,

ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and

SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at

Salt Lake Billiard Room.

d280-5m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS,

PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

Is receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct

from Baltimore. Also Pig's Feet, Calves'

Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale

and Porter, Brown Buns & Co.'s celebrated

Ale, Waggoner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden

Crown Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobacco;

in fact to speak seriously you must call and see and taste for yourself.

d174-1r

NOTICE of

CITY ELECTION

THE Citizens of Salt Lake City will please

take notice, that an election will be held

at the City Hall, on MONDAY, the 14th day

of February, 1870, for the purpose of electing the

following members and officers of the City

Council: viz. one Mayor, five Aldermen, nine

Commissioners, one Recorder, one Treasurer and

one Marshal.

Polls to be open at 8 o'clock A.M.

ROBERT CAMPBELL,

City Recorder.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 31st, 1870. d33-1d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE!

THE undersigned hereby give notice that

they have been appointed by the Probate

Court of Salt Lake County, administrators of

the estate of Mrs. HARRIET E. ROGERS, deceased.

All persons having claims and those knowing

themselves indebted, will please make it

known, that the estate may be settled at an early

day.

JAMES SHELLEMERDINE,

ISAAC BROCKBANK,

Eight Ward, Salt Lake City.

d33-1r

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We have this day

REDUCED THE PRICE

Of all our

WINTER CLOTHING

AND

BLANKETS

To CLEAR OUT for SPRING GOODS

A Splendid Stock of

Beavers,

Chinchillas,

Pilots,

Cassimeres,

Plain and Fancy;

Tailors' Trimmings,

In variety.

Z. C. M. I.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL CLOTHING DPT.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

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