DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1895.

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS is published daily (Sunday excepted), at Gomer Smith's New Temple Building, Salt Lake City.

TIME TO PRESS—4:30 p.m. Regular Edition of 8 pages.

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS is authorized on Sunday and Monday each week.

THE DESERET WEEKLY is published every Saturday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily 12 Months	$10.00
Daily 6 Months	5.00
Daily 3 Months	2.50
Daily 1 Month	1.00
Daily 2 Weeks	50
Daily 1 Week	25
Semi-Weekly Edition 12 Months	3.00
Semi-Weekly Edition 6 Months	1.50
Semi-Weekly 12 Months	2.00
Semi-Weekly 6 Months	1.00
Weekly 12 Months	1.00

Payable in Subscription always in advance.

Subscribers changing their place of residence should always give former as well as present address.

The News is on sale at the principal News Stands and on all passenger trains leaving Salt Lake City.

City subscribers should notify P. F. Dwyer, Superintendent, of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

All communications should be addressed to

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone 156.

TRANSFERRING WATER RIGHTS.

The following communication comes from Holden, Millard county, under date of August 24, to the NEWS:

Editor Deseret News:

DEAR SIR—I have been a subscriber to your valuable paper for ten thirty-five years and have asked questions through its columns. I now take the liberty of asking another, on a form several of our people of this settlement differ. The case is this.

A sells to B a city lot. A gives B a warranty deed, signed by himself and his wife, transferring the lot with all the appurtenances pertaining thereon, all and singular. Then A refuses to order the secretary of the irrigation company to transfer the usual amount of water to and for. Nothing was said in regard to water, at the condition of A to relate said water. Then B presents the deed with A's signature, and the secretary then transfers the usual amount of water. Now the question is disputed, had the secretary the right to transfer said water to B, and if not, what course should B pursue in order to get the water? By answering this you will confer a favor on an old subscriber and many of our settlement.

JOHN CHRISTENSEN.

If the water had been alienated from the land by its title passing to a corporation and becoming personal property, then the secretary had no legal right to act as stated. But if there has not been such alienation, then it was the secretary's duty to make the transfer that he did. Since our correspondent fails to give the necessary information on this point, a direct negative or affirmative reply cannot be made to his inquiry.

In this Territory the water right is an appurtenance to the land, and ordinarily a transfer of real estate is a transfer of the acquired right to use water on it. But the water right may be alienated through a transfer by the appropriators to an incorporated company, and it then becomes personal property. If the irrigation company at Holden is a corporation under the laws of the Territory, and if it has acquired ownership of the water from the prior appropriators and its stockholders hold the water as shares of stock in the corporation, then the secretary cannot transfer the stock in the manner indicated. But if the irrigation company is merely a voluntary association of the settlers for the distribution of water, or if it has not acquired ownership of the water by the latter's alienation from the land to legal form, then the secretary, or other officer required to act, could act in otherwise than transfer the properties of water, upon the deed to the land being presented to due form.

As to the course the purchaser of land may pursue to get water with land he has bought, if the water right is personal property, perhaps the only way is to specially purchase it. But it, as seems likely might be the case with the Holden company, the water is controlled by the irrigation company for the convenience of the landholders, and not by direction of stockholders as in a corporation, their evidence of title to the land, presented to the company's officers, is notice to them to allot to the land its proper proportion of water. Whether such evidence is presented by the former landowner giving a transfer, or by the new owner establishing his title to the real estate, is merely a difference of procedure that reach the same end.

FOR ARMENIA.

The signers of the Berlin treaty, according to advices received by the Armenian association in London, have now agreed to send a note to the Sublime Porte, announcing that the powers have decided to appoint a European high commissioner, with vice-regal authority, to administer Armenia in place of the sultan, and that Baron Kalloway will be appointed. This would probably be satisfactory to the Armenians, as their country would be placed in a position similar to that of Egypt, and it might lead to independence. If it be viceroy with the legislative qualities were granted to a native Christian born, Armenians and Christians would continue to suffer as before, but the latter would have a chance of obtaining justice in the courts and protection if subjected to illegal treatment.

Baron Kalloway, the dispatch says, comes from an ancient noble family of Hungary. In 1891 he was minister of foreign affairs for the empire, during the interim between the death of Count Von Haymerle and the appointment of Kalnoky. In 1892 he was minister of finance in the Austrian cabinet, and, at the same time, administrator of Bosnia and Herzegovina, under the Berlin treaty, and has given attention to the eastern question all through his public life.

WALLER AND MADAGASCAR.

The appeal made especially to the colored race in this country in behalf of the liberty of ex-Consul Waller, now in prison in France, is sure to meet with response. The sentiment in favor of the unfortunate ex-official is growing, in proportion as the solicitude of the French government to shed full light on the particulars of the case becomes more apparent.

It is believed that the treatment accorded Mr. Waller by the French authorities is but a fair example of their general policy in the Israelite island. European influence there dates back to the beginning of this century, when through the efforts of missionaries diplomatic and commercial relations were established. Native rulers viewed this influence with alarm and during the reign of Queen Ranavala Manjaka efforts were made to rid the country of all foreigners. The schools were closed, missionaries banished and native Christians put to death. This led to war. French and English naval troops were landed, but covered themselves with but little glory in the campaign. In fact, the soldiers of the allies were unable to carry out their purpose of subjugating the kingdom. Later, religious liberty was granted to the people and new treaties were entered into with England, while those with France were publicly committed to the flames.

It appears therefore that the claims of the French government to dominate the affairs of Madagascar have always been repudiated by the people chiefly interested, but in 1885, when European powers were partitioning out Africa among themselves, England, or rather Lord Salisbury, agreed that France might go ahead and establish a "protectorate" over the independent kingdom, this being a concession granted in return for favors in other directions. On this foundation the French claims and yet Madagascar looked to England for protection against foreign usurpers, but she was much disappointed. That country factored far away for Zanzibar.

But the true inwardness of the affair is apparent only when it is known that the chief purpose of French "protection" is the securing of a considerable market for French products and more especially for intoxicating drinks. Time and again the new reigning queen has endeavored to restrict the importation of the deadly poison, after having witnessed with alarm its destroying effects on her subjects. But France says there must be no restriction. The natives must have the rum even if it exterminate their ranks. Once at least the queen appealed to the United States for protection against the powers that threaten the independence and the very existence of the nation. This was during President Arthur's administration, she has given other proofs of her confidence in this country.

The conclusion is therefore not far-fetched that the arrest and conviction of ex-Consul Waller is a shrewd move on the part of the French, with a double purpose. In the first place it would serve to check the commercial competition of citizens of the United States with France, by denying the right of the Malagasy government to grant any concessions to the former; and in the second place, the harsh treatment of Mr. Waller, who for the time being is apparently left to the tender mercies of his enemies, or himself in jail and his family destitute, would tend to impress on the natives, unused to dealing with diplomatic red-tape, an idea of the superiority of France to the country of which the prisoner was a representative.

The United States may have but few material interests on the other side of the globe, but as the chief representative of the principles of human rights and individual liberty, her banner must be respected and her honor maintained everywhere. For this reason, if for no other, the Waller case is worthy the grave attention of our government, and measures should be taken promptly to have it adjusted in accord with principles of justice and the international law involved.

THE NORMON RECORD.

Mr. A. Croll, of this city, enclosed a clipping from a Dundee (Scotland) paper which was sent him by one of his relatives who lives in the great manufacturing town. Mr. Croll states that his own age is 68, that one of his daughters is in Australia, one in London, and another in Dundee, the latter having eighteen grandchildren; one of them, residing in Dundee, is the father of two daughters, and is the sender of the clipping, which the NEWS is asked to put down. There!

We don't hear much about the Latter-day Saints now-a-days. But I have not ceased to see a letter from one of them in Utah to a nephew in Dundee. The old gentleman—he is 70—is a prominent and active supporter of Mormonism in his locality, and going to America as soon as he has Salt Lake City. He seems to see "visions" and dreams dreams, and he is very kindly with Latter-day Saints. Having shown the letter to my wife, he wrote back to the nephew to tell him to show it to his parents there. I know a good deal about the Mormons, my daughter, the eldest of the family, was married in Salt Lake City, and I have visited her there twice. Mormonism is a curious thing, and I don't pretend to understand it. I don't believe in polygamy and my wife is strongly against it, and I don't like it myself, but it seems proper enough in its surroundings—to date.

Surely the devotional fool who has respect for the divine injunction will not raise any objection to its being obeyed in conformity with those same divine laws which were observed by the noble Gideon, who had the special favor of the Almighty, and of whom the record speaks as having many wives and seventy sons, deep nothing of the daughters that might have been numbered in the family; and by Abraham, Jacob, Moses, David and others, of whose kinship and association the Savior of the world spoke in terms of highest praise and veneration.

As for the reference to antelevanism "to date" by the newspaper quoted from, it may be a consolation to the Dundee writer to state that there is no occasion for him to worry over the practice of plural marriage in the future, by the Latter-day Saints, since by the decree of the law to which they have submitted, also in obedience to divine injunction, the practice is now forbidden. We may make the further kindly suggestion that the national law on the subject will be adhered to much more faithfully by the Saints than is the monogamic law of modern Christendom by many people who are much nearer to the Scotch order than we are, and who hold up their hands in assumed holy horror when they think of Mormons who have obeyed the divine injunction. The Saints will not suffer by comparison with other people in the record of making their practice conform to their professions, and of honoring the divine Being they have elected to serve.

IT APPEARS that the slave trade is still carried on in the island of Zanzibar, right under the British and German flags. In a letter addressed to the *Zeitgeist* Zeitung Dr. Oscar Baumann, the African traveler, makes some serious statements. He says that the trade in slaves is carried on openly and undisturbed. The negroes are brought over to the island at night from the German East African coast opposite and quickly sold. The smuggling under cover of the darkness may be difficult to prevent, but Dr. Baumann adds that notwithstanding the threats of the traffic goes on in broad daylight. Who buys the slaves?

IT IS claimed that a textile has been discovered in Japan which feeds on the larvae of the potato bug. Experiments will undoubtedly be made in this country with the interesting animal, since the potato bug is an expensive insect, costing the farmers millions of dollars annually.

THE VALUE of all property used for educational purposes in the United States is placed at $900,000,000; the public school property alone is valued at $400,000,000.

Beecham's pills are for bilious ness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10c and 25c a box. Book free at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Accept no substitute but the genuine.

The Latter-day Saints College.

The Latter-day Saints' College, in this city, will open for the work of the fourth academic year on Monday, September 9, 1895. The following courses are offered: Preparatory, three years; normal, four years (two years preparatory); commercial, two years; literary, five years (three years preparatory); scientific, five years (three years preparatory); special courses for students desiring to give their attention to special lines of work. Students who have completed the Seventh grade of the public school will be admitted to the first year of the preparatory course, without examination; those who have completed the eight grade are eligible to entrance upon the second year. A specialty is made of theological, commercial and normal work, a training school being provided for the benefit of the normal students.

The faculty has been increased by the addition of four instructors and four lecturers, all specialists in their respective lines of work. Tuition is practically free, an entrance fee of $10 entitling a student to a year's work in the institution.

A catalogue giving full information may be had upon application to the undersigned. WILLARD DONE, Principal.

A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Made.

Send in your orders for good coal and you will find it building up a business. We have the grit and coal to back the great Utah Coal Combine. Diamond and Rock Springs lump $4.50; nut $4.00.

J. W. Whitehead, Jr. Tel. 868. Office 73 West Second South.

To Your Blood

Is the cause of that tired languid feeling whose effects are felt at this season. The blood is impure and has become thin and poor. That is why you have no strength, no appetite, cannot sleep. Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach, and bring health and vigor.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to action and sure to effect. 25c.

The Lowest Notch in Millinery

Will be reached this week. Trimmed hats at cost north of regular price. P. AUERBACH & Bro's.

Don't miss the Merchants' Carnival at Saltair. You will enjoy a pleasant day, and the carnival in the evening will be a pleasure to see.

You Can't Keep

Your feet healthy and sound unless you wear shoes that fit, that are easy and pliable, shoes that bend when the feet bend.—

Goodyear Welt Shoes

Your shoe man will tell you about them.

Goodyear Welts are LEATHER SHOES—not rubber.

TAYLOR, ROWNEY, ARMSTRONG COMPANY.

Excursion to Boston, August 17 to 23, via the Union Pacific.

The Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets to Boston, Mass., on above dates at $60.00, good returning until October 6. For particulars call at city ticket office, No. 201 Main Street.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

H. V. DORSAN, C. P. & P. A., 21 Morlen Block, Salt Lake City.

Two Days Board Free.

The Rio Grande Western Railway agents will, beginning on July 1st, sell excursion tickets to Glenwood Springs and return via the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, at $15.00. These tickets will be good three days from date of sale, and will include two days' board at the Hotel Colorado, and two baths in the famous Glenwood Springs. The Hotel Colorado, at Glenwood Springs, is the finest and best hotel in Colorado.

The Rio Grande Western agents will also sell excursion tickets to Glenwood Springs, via the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, good thirty days for $22.50, or sixty days for $25.00.

AN OPINION GIVEN.

Recently Mr. J. B. Thomas, of North Dakota, visited the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, and after carefully examining the country located in Winchester, he writes to Mr. V. Hoffman, Land and Immigration Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Maryland, as follows: "I have been in nearly every state and territory of the United States, and am frank in my opinion that this valley surpasses all other sections in the Union. The lands are low in price, and produce profitable crops. I thank you for directing me here, and much more seeing pleasant and profitable homes to locate in this country."

Be Patriotic.

Continue the wage earner. The Diamond and Sweetwater of Rock Springs are not in the combine, and intend to fight the railroad combine to the bitter end. By smoking up 5 or cents you will get the best cigar of mixed colors.

J. W. Whitehead, Jr. Tel. 868. 73 West Second South.

FOR SUMMER

The best and most stylish furnishings in town are to be found in our stock. We show more taking novelties than any other house in Salt Lake City. Our shirt department is a triumph of commingling, presenting everything correct and elegant for negligee, business, and full dress wear. Is it worth-while you do that? You can't find half as much worth seeing anywhere else as we are showing in this line. We lead and we have the goods to prove it. Why be only half satisfied when you can be doubly satisfied for less money at the great outfitting headquarters of Utah.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. Gardner

136-138 MAIN STREET.

NEW EDITION OF THE LATTER-DAY SAINTS' HYMN BOOK

FOR SALE AT THE Deseret News Pub. Co.

PRICES: 35c TO $1.25.

Z. C. M. I.

Midsummer Movement!

In keeping with the season and also with the times, we purpose clearing our Summer Goods

IF PRICES WILL DO IT.

All Parasols and Sun Umbrellas in stock at 20 per cent. reduction.

All Madras Cloth, Piques, Lawns and Challies, at less than cost.

All Remnants in Cotton Dress Goods for half price.

All Ladies' Silk Waists only $2.50, worth $5.00.

All Lawn and Calico Wrappers marked off regular price.

Full sleeved Wrappers from 50 cents upward.

All Straw Hats in stock 25 per cent off price.

Children's Mull Bonnets 25 and 35c, worth 50 to 75c.

Children's Summer Vests 15 to 25c, worth 35 to 50c.

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests 10 and 20c, worth 20 to 40c.

Ladies' Lawn and Percale Waists cheaper than ever.

Black Silk Jersey Mitts at great reduction.

Pt. D. Angleis Lace, butter color, colored

Pt. D. Venise Lace, all at about half price.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

ALL THIS WEEK.

Why don't you buy Home Made Clothing, when you can buy better goods for less money than imported.

We keep a full line of Ready-made Children's, Boys and Men's Suits, made from Provo and Deseret Woolen Mills' Cloth.

Our $4.00 Pants are cheaper by 25 per cent. than any other goods in the market.

Suits made to order, fit and workmanship guaranteed.

A full line of all kinds of Woolen Goods.

Tailors' Trimmings, wholesale and retail.

JOHN C. CUTLER & BROS.,

Agents, 36 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men, boys of clothes. Send postal and will call. Singer & Company, 12 East Second South.

THE READERS OF THE NEWS NOT to forget that there is a variety first class employment agency now in Salt Lake City. All kinds of help supplied, and all kinds of situations furnished. Everything done strictly on the square.

Emp. & Mechanic, employment agents, 45 East Third South street. Tel. 816.

SALTAIR TRAINS on Page 8

EVERYONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE in notice and selling more raw and second-hand clothes than any other house in the West. M. Webber, 257-259 Main Street.

HAVE YOUR SEWERS, DRAINS or cesspools cleaned by the City Sanitary Company. All work thoroughly disinfected. OFFICE 54 MAIN STREET, TELEPHONE No. 1211.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned. N. J. SANDBERG, Address, 126 East Second Avenue. Office, 241 Main Street.

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE

WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, iron, metals, rubber, papers and all kinds of junk. 76-78 East Eighth South St.

HOME FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A 7-ROOM HOUSE WITH SMALL CHANGE, in desirable locality. Apply at this office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE, STOCKS to be bought and sold. Money to loan on reasonable rates. Taylor Bros., No. 48 Main Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of stockholders of Trinity Development Association, will be held at the office of the association, 50 and 52 Atlas Block, Salt Lake City, on August 27th, 1895, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of amending sections of constitution, to increase the number of directors from 7 to 9, and transact such other business as may properly be considered.

HAROLD M. PITT, Sec. and Treas.

Why not bring in your Prescriptions? We can fill them—and our prices will please you.

BILL BROS.,

The TEMPLE PHARMACY, Opposite Valley House.

WISCOMB & COMPANY,

Staple, Fancy and Green Groceries. 70 East, First South Street.

EVERETT HOUSE,

UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

Favorite resort for Utah people in New York. Under new management throughout. Elegant rooms. Perfect cuisine, and all modern improvements. In the very heart of the popular shopping district. Cars to all places of amusement and reunion accessible from all parts of the city. Rooms, $1 per day and upward. W. H. DATES.

THE Inter-Mountain Electric Co.,

J. E. PENTON, Manager.

House Wiring, Construction and Electric Fixtures. Electric Bells Incandescent Lamps.

29 East, First South Street Salt Lake City, Utah.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS,

Attorneys-at-Law.

Rooms 501 to 505 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE,

Attorney-at-Law,

Rooms 351 to 356 Constitution Building, cor. S. C. M. I.

ALEX McMASTER,

Attorney-at-Law,

Rooms, 45, 46, 47, 48, Commercial Block.

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,

Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys.

317-318 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. COHEN, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents on inventions, caveats, etc. Patent drawings, models to order. Office 50 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,

Dentist,

Rooms 229 and 230 Constitution Bldg.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR,

Dentist.

Rooms 2 and 3 Scott-Auerbach Building, 2d floor, 162 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS,

Surgeon Dentist.

26 Main St. Anesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Can extract teeth without pain—new method. Gentlest as water. Set of teeth, $5.00. Bridge work, per tooth, $5.00. Tooth fee $. gold crown, $5.00. Logan crown, $5.00. Gold filling, $1 up. Silver, 50c. Consult free. All work at cutting prices. Cases and testimonials. 19 Blake Block, Salt Lake City.

DR. J. R. KEYSOR,

Dentist.

Parlors in the new Loftin block, 249 Main Street. First door north of Walker House.

Electric Light and Power Plants, Telephones Gaiting Fans and Motors.

R. W. NICOL,

CONTRACTING ELECTRICIAN

Electrical Supplies and Construction.

47 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

SPRY,

Practical

TAILOR.

Room 522,

CONSTITUTION BUILDING

DUNFORD'S

SHOEMAKER

Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tilting Yard.

Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.

JOHNSON-PRATT DRUG CO.

JOHNSON-PRATT DRUG CO.

TRY WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM,

The Finest Flavored Gum on earth. Cash, Kittredge & Co., Salt Lake City, Jobs Jones, Croft & Bess Co., Ogden, sole agents.

GUN POWDER

Get him once shoot who never shot before. And him who always shot now shoot the more.

HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle."
HAZARD'S "Gray Sporting."
HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting."
HAZARD'S "Rifling and Blasting."
HAZARD'S Sporting powder is the most reliable in the market.

Manufactured by THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY, Hazardville, Conn.

Represented in Utah by—SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.

J.&P. COATS'

BEST SIX-CORD Spool Cotton