

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

Irish Tenants Four Boiling Water, of the Police Who Try to Evict Them.

The General Beam Mystery Deepening.—Suspicious Strengthening and Becoming Definite.

The Telephone War Ending, "Hello" is Again heard in Rochester.

The Devastating Cyclone Begins its Annual Visits to Illinois and Ohio.

The Usual Grip-Sack Departure to the Cuban Asylum of Peace.

By Telegraph to the News.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

**The Reasons for an Adverse Report
on the Fisheries Treaty.**

A VETO.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The President today vetoed the bill granting assistance to Mrs. George F. Stubbins.

THE FISHERIES TREATY.
The majority of the Senate committee on foreign relations in reporting adversely on the resolution for the ratification of the fisheries treaty, refer to the passage of the "retaliatory" ac-

and the failure of the President to put it in operation, instead of which negotiations were initiated and conducted to the "apparent end of accomplishing what Congress had thought it unfit to undertake in such a way." These plenipotentiaries came to the conclusion that their labors on the fifteenth of February

ary 1888, and the office of the Philippine Commissioners terminated, and the results reached without the advice and consent of the Senate having been asked or taken concerning the election of these public ministers and without any communication to either House of Congress concerning this most important subject. It is not difficult to see that in evil times, when the President of the United States may be under the influence of foreign and adverse interests, such a course of procedure might re-

sult in great disaster to the interests and even the safety of our government and people. The majority criticise the President for withholding information upon the question from the Senate and summarizes its findings and opinions as follows:

territory and renounce forever all claim independent right in all the great bays along the British North American coasts named in the treaty, and admit that all such bays form a part of and within the British territorial sovereignty and jurisdiction.

2. Of the few such great bays left to be visited by American fishermen, the largest part are understood to be valueless, as

3. If bay fishing be not profitable now, may be in the future.

acted upon and exercised for now more than a century) of its vessels engaged in fishing or other occupations, to visit and carry on their business in these great bays and the principle of which claim and right has once been solemnly decided against Great Britain by a tribunal organized under a treaty with that government.

7. The treaty, by its fifth article, renounces any right in the United States in a bay, etc., however large, that "cannot be reached from the sea without passing within the three marine miles mentioned in the three marine miles mentioned in the treaty greatly increases the danger our fishermen unintentionally invading prohibited waters, and thereby exposing them to seizure and penalties.

8. The treaty is a complete surrender of all claim of right now existing either under the treaty of 1783 or 1818, the acts of Congress and British orders in council of 18

of the 23rd article of the treaty of 1863, "The vessels of the United States engaged in fishing anywhere on the high seas, and having commercial character, are not to be allowed to enter any part of British North America for any commercial purpose whatever, as ships in place of these clear rights, which in respect of British fishing vessels, exist between the United States to the fullest extent

greatly restricted and conditional rights arising solely from the present grant Great Britain.

2. It binds the United States to be content with whatever is given by this treaty as a full measure of its rights, and to be content with it forever, or until greater hospital and freedom of intercourse can be obtained by further concessions or considerations on our part.

The majority go on in the enumeration of various other reasons adverse to the wisdom of ratifying the treaty among them expressing the opinion that its ratification will only increase the sources of irritation. The report concludes with the hope that Her Majesty's government will secure justice to American fishermen, and that friendship which ought to exist between

THE MINORITY

Say in substance that in accepting the present the Senate by the President a treaty, and referring the same to the committee the Senate has waived any information. The minority believe it better for country that the treaty should be ratified and generally convinced that the sen-

class of people, destined, unmade for the North Atlantic industry, to be edited by stratification. They believe misinterpretation of the treaty of 1918, which has led to its termination in the treaty by the Senate, is far in advance of the thing that any American diplomat has specially demanded of the British Government, and will lead to a full and amicable

adjustment of all troubles of the sort to have heretofore arisen, and will open the way for a liberal and neighborly agreement as to such differences as may hereafter arise, both on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. The minority does not believe the United States will yield anything that is of value to our fishermen, and finds that the President has not in any way exceeded his Constitutional powers in the matter of conducting

CONFIRMATIONS.
Daniel W. Butler, Indian agent, Wash-
Spring Agency, Oregon.
Postmasters—Lynn Bold, Natoma
City, California; R. E. Tener, Oran-
California; O. S. Glenn, Bellevue, Ill.

A LIGHT AND FOG SIGNAL.
The Secretary of the Treasury sent to Congress an estimate, aggregating \$40,000, for the establishment of a light and fog signal at or near Punta Gorda, California.

The Methodist Conference.
New York, May 10.—In the Methodist Conference today, Dr. Fluke, Albion College, Michigan, offered resolution, which was adopted, protesting against admitting Utah as

Rev. Dr. Wentworth, of the General Conference, offered a long set of resolutions for the government of the conference in the matter of delegations, credentials, rules of procedure, and

Madison Arbitration. New York, May 10.—Arrangements have been made for the settlement of all conflicting interests of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad. The stockholders, by an arrangement entered into by Jay Gould and the board of managers of the road, have agreed to refer the matter to a committee of reference. The committee is composed of three officers of the Missouri & North Western, and three of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas line.

THE RED-RIVER VALLEY ROAD.

WINNING. May 10.—Provincial Treasurer Jones will announce to the legislature tomorrow that a loan of \$1,000,000 has been obtained from London for the completion of the Red River Valley road, at a favorable rate of interest.

ROLLING STOCK.
MONTREAL, May 10.—The Canadian Pacific has issued orders for 3,500 3 box cars, 1,000 2 box cars to be delivered by the end of the year.

Telephone War Ended.
ROCHESTER, May 10.—The war between the Bell Telephone Company and the People's Telephone Association, an organization of Bell subscribers, which has been waged eighteen months, during which time Rochester was without the use of the telephone, has ended by the Bell people signing a contract submitted March 15th through the common council. The contract provides for a flat rate system as against a toll system. This demand has a great advantage over the toll system in that it is controlled by mutual concession and the use of the telephone is to be resumed.

NATIONAL POLITICS.

Michigan Advances Alger, while Vermont, Indiana, Tennessee and Alabama Endorse Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—General Russell A. Alger of Michigan seems to be laboring with almost as much solicitude as Senator Sherman to secure the republican nomination for President and Alger's friends have been claiming that they will carry the vote largely on the support of the California delegation to the Chicago convention, but so far as can be learned the California delegation is of poor promise. There are almost ignorant of the existence of such a person as General Alger.

Delegates from this city sent a telegram to the president of the Alger National Association, a body which is a former organization had adopted resolutions declaring Alger to be the successful candidate for the presidency.

Veteran Volunteers and local people of the North . To this message a representative of the American Veterans Union of the Alger Club of Detroit saying that Alger deeply appreciates the regard shown by the comrades and the public for their action.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 10. — The Montgomery Convention adjourned today, after completing its work. The platform strongly endorsed President Truman's policy of integration, while trying to secure reform and reduction of the tariff, inland navigation, and other measures for rearmament and favors liberal appropriation by the state for political purposes.

The delegates to the national convention from the state at large, are: J. B. Jones, Jr., Wm. L. Foster, and H. C. Tompkins.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 10. — The Nashville Convention adjourned Tuesday at 9 o'clock. The committee reported a platform which largely repeated the program of the National Administration, his recent message to Congress.

The report was adopted with great enthusiasm. Then, the delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention elected delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention. The delegates-at-large chosen this evening are: H. H. Hughes, Jr., of New York; J. Edgar Hoover, of Washington, D.C.; and J. Edgar Hoover, of Washington, D.C. The convention adjourned at midnight after six ballots for governor were cast.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—The Democratic state convention organized with a flourish of music and a speech by the chairman. In accepting the honor as chairman, he said that the party had paid a flower to the state of Maryland. He said that four years ago Grover Cleveland was an experiment. Today his nomination was a success. He said that the party had a perfect and approved of the American people. He said that the party had a perfect and approved of the American people. He said that the party had a perfect and approved of the American people.

The following delegates at large were elected: Hiram A. Norton and John B. Crow. B. V. Vaughan and John B. Crow.

VERMONT DEMOCRATS.

MONTPELIER, Vermont, May 10. The democratic State convention of 1904 was held here today at the Sheldon as chairman. Sheldon addressed the convention and made the following references to Cleveland administration were greeted with great applause. He said: "We have but one candidate, and he is worth more to all the others put together. The republic is in a bad way, and we need a man who is a shirt personified. We want the set principles personified in Grover Cleveland."

The following nominations were made by a rising vote: For governor

The "Frump" Saddled on the Republican.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 10.—10 p.m.—A vote to the assembling of the delegates to the Republican state convention at the district caucuses were held and following delegates to St. Louis came from the following districts: B. W.

[illegible]

cerns were made permanent. J. Weston, George L. Yapple, M. Chamberlain and Peter White selected delegates-at-large to the Louis convention. The recognition of the administration of President Cleveland and the tariff passed by a vote of 10-4. The committee approve of the conduct of the pension department under General Black and appreciate the honor conferred by Michigan by the appointment of Dr. Johnson to the Cabinet.

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FURNITURE.
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WINDOW
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SHADES
Variety and Very
LOW.

G. F. CULM
WHOLESALE
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OFFER FOR SALE IN LOTS

RECORD HARD SNOW GATES

600	Ease Window Glass.....
140	Cans Concentrated Ly.....
118	Bags Raisins.....
6000	Pounds Rolled Oats.....
40	Dons Liquid Sugar.....
250	Dozen Stove Polish.....
30	Dozen Lamp Burners.....
170	Dozen Quarts Norway.....
200	Pounds Searing Twine.....
600	Handfuls Soap.....
250	Reams War Butte.....
65	Cans Quarts Harness.....
50	Dozen Sure Pop.....
140	Bags Candies.....
90c	Liquid Bluing.....
50	Step Ladders, per foot.....
4000	Fatsoes Fat.....
60	Dozen Wood Palls.....
70	Dozen Wash Boards.....

FOR SALE CHEAP!

150 Dozen Brooms, from 10¢
16 Dozen Oak Kegs, from 6¢
15 Dozen Tubs, from 6¢
160 Dozen Lamp Chimneys
115 Dozen Garden Hoses
144 Willow Baskets, Very Cheap
640 Fancy Japanned, Broom
tied at 75c.
350 Mirrors Framed, all at
60¢
2000 Spring Bed, from 10¢
280 Boxes Laundry & Frags
Everything Else at Fraction

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Goldsm

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150 Dozen Brooms, from \$1.50 to \$3.30
18 Dozen Oak Eggs, from \$4.40 up.
15 Dozen Tubs, from \$4.00 up.
160 Cane Lamp Chimneys, 65c dozen.
115 Dozen Harden Hand Grenades, \$7.50.
144 Willow Baskets, Very Cheap.
640 Fancy Japanese, Broom Pockets, 25. These are
ratted at 75c.
250 Mirrors Framed, all sizes, from 20c to \$15.00 each.
6000 Sponges, all sizes, from 1c to 50c each.
260 Boxes Laundry & Fancy Soap, better market price.
Everything else at Proportionate Prices.

EXTRA ANNOUNCEMENT.

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OUR GREAT SPECIALTY.

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