

this forth with a great flourish of trumpets as though they had unearthed something that ought to startle the natives.

Let us examine it a little. The County Clerk had the authority to pay the interest on money borrowed. He could not do this with orders. He would naturally try to secure as much cash as was necessary to make these payments, and, perhaps, his own salary to which he was entitled in cash. All this could be easily explained, if explanations were wanted. But it is clear that this is not what is desired. If it had been, the quartette would have seen the Treasurer and found out whether this disbursement was with his knowledge and consent or not. And they need not have remained in that convenient state of ignorance which enabled them to say, that they could not find that the Treasurer had any chance to handle any cash.

In giving the testimony of the County Clerk they purposely garbled his statements. He stated that he did not know whether the collectors paid cash to the Treasurer. How could he know? The officers of the Clerk and Treasurer are not at the same place. But the quartette twist his statement, in answer to their questions, that he did not know, into the affirmation that "The collectors have never, to my knowledge, paid any cash to the Treasurer." If no cash has been paid to the Treasurer, who has liquidated the debts of the county? Doubtless the clerk has made disbursements for the county, under authority from the Treasurer, and the absence of red tape in the transaction gives the quartette a chance to manufacture a suspicion that something is wrong, that would never have been unearthed but for their wonderful acuteness.

The amounts advanced in aid of large irrigating canals have been expended for a great public benefit, in making possible the cultivation of large areas of land, that without the construction of these canals would have remained waste and worthless, but which now afford many farmers and laborers the means of sustenance. And the money thus expended is expected to be returned, in the future extension of these canals, by the parties who obtain the benefits of their inauguration. Whatever fault may be found with this proceeding, it cannot be construed into "corruption," but at the very worst as an error of judgment, which, however, we by no means admit.

The Utah Southern affair was simply this. When that road reached the five acre lots southeast of this city, it was laid out to pass through a street which was likely to be used at some time for building purposes. The streets in those lots are only four rods wide—half the width of those in the city. The railroad company had the right of way by act of Congress, and to induce them to pass in a less objectionable place the land was purchased for the road at reasonable figures, and the amount expended reported to the Legislature. This is no news to many, but the quartette present the figures in such a fashion that an impression of fraud may be conveyed, and that they may obtain credit for exposing it, when it has long been a matter of public record. And we would like to ask, in this connection, what is the difference in principle between appropriations to secure the benefits of canals and railroads, and appropriations for the purpose of obtaining the establishment of a mint? Is one "corruption" and the other "good policy," or is there a distinction without a difference?

The quartette also make a big point of the admission of the County Clerk that as much as two per cent. had been paid by the County for interest. But they maliciously suppressed the fact that he said the amount once paid was from one and a half to two per cent., but that it had all been reduced since to one per cent.

Such garblings, distortions and suppressions of facts induced the majority of the grand jury to reject this quartette report, and leave their egotistical mass of fudge and unreliable collection of one-sided statements, an unofficial, illegal and worthless hotch-potch of figures and fancies.

We have no disposition to defend any officer or court from the consequences of any wrong-doing, nor will we support any malfeasance or fraud. But we do not feel inclined to keep silent when gross misrepresentations of the truth are put

forth, and when a stupid judge gives position and prominence to an unauthorized paper rejected by the only body which had the right to present it in court.

#### DEATH OF "BOSS" TWEED.

JUST as we go to press we learn of the death of the once famous "Boss" Tweed. Wm. M. Tweed died in Ludlow Street jail, New York, at noon to-day, in presence of Dr. Carnochan, Tweed's son-in-law, his secretary and several friends. The Dr., who had been with him since early morn, announced about 11 o'clock, a clogging of the heart and complete nervous exhaustion; he Tweed gradually sank and quietly expired.

His last words were "I have tried to do some good if I have not had good luck. I am not afraid to die. I believe the guardian angels will protect me." He was conscious till within a few moments of his death.

The news rapidly spread, and caused a great sensation in the city. Tweed was a powerful man, but was not great enough to withstand the temptations incident to his position. He did his best to repair the errors of his life, and he is now in the hands of the Eternal Judge who understands the motives as well as the acts of men, and will render a righteous judgment to all.

#### THE INDIAN MURDER NEAR FORT PEARCE.

The following telegram was received to-day by Deseret Telegraph concerning the killing of a Moquis Indian by some Piutes, brief reference to which has already appeared in the News:

St. George, April 12th, 1878.

On Sunday, the 7th, we received a telegram from Winsor that one Moquis was killed and another wounded on the previous day, near Fort Pearce, by four Piutes; that the Piutes robbed the two Moquis of two donkeys, 17 blankets, and some calico. We immediately acted upon the information and sent out some brethren and some friendly Indians, and captured the four Piutes who were charged with the crime. We have them now in prison, the two principal ones in irons. The living Moquis is here, and was but slightly wounded, by an arrow, in the side of the head. He feels well towards us. We have sent for Thales Haskell to come and talk Moquis so that we may learn what the Moquis has to state. The other Piutes in this region condemn the conduct of the four who are charged, and wish the guilty punished. Coroner Bentley, with a jury went and held inquest over the body of the murdered man and returned a verdict of wilful murder by some person or persons unknown, but done with felonious intent, and believed to be by Indians. A preliminary examination was held yesterday before Justice Lund, and a continuance granted till 10 o'clock to-morrow, so that Thales Haskell, Moquis interpreter, may be present to obtain the testimony of the living Moquis, who is the chief witness in the case.

#### Local and Other Matters.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 13.

**Call For It.**—The person who lost a small tin box, containing a T. O. order, can get it at this office.

**Good.**—A good piece of concrete sidewalk has been laid in front of the Herald office and adjoining buildings.

**High Council.**—All the members of the High Council are requested to meet at the Council House, at 9:30 a.m. on Wednesday April 17th. St. WM. W. TAYLOR, Clerk.

**Home.**—We learn from various sources that the demand for home made boots and shoes is increasing all over the Territory. In many of the country stores customers are in the habit of asking, "do you keep Rowe's make?"

**Stole It!**—People should not leave their baby carriages upon the streets unguarded. Mr. H. Smith, seedsman, left one on the sidewalk, in front of his store, First South Street, recently. He has not seen it since. Some thief took a fancy to it and trundled it off.

**Petty Theft.**—Last night or this morning a sneak stole a pair of boots from a store on 1st East Street, between Second and Third South. The articles belonged to Mr. Odenheimer. Petty thieves appear to be doing a somewhat active business just now.

**Another Change.**—The temperature is much lower than for several days past. Whooping cough patients should have extra clothing put on them or they should be kept in the house. If the latter course be taken the rooms where they are should be well aired and ventilated.

**Nearly Finished.**—The improvements in the large upper hall of the Seventeenth District school house building are nearly completed. The plastering is all done and the painting and graining is nearing a close. It makes a handsome room. The holding of meetings in it will soon be resumed.

**Quality.**—There has been a good deal of talk regarding the sowing of the first lucern seed in Utah. The quality of the plant raised is a more important consideration now. The finest we have seen this season is in the lot of Mr. Godfrey Lenhard, on the 18th Ward Bench. It is from 12 to 14 inches high and beautifully fresh and green. Farmers, raise lucern, there's milk, butter, cheese, beef, mutton and pork in it.

**Being Remedied.**—Of late, owing to some changes in our mailing department it got somewhat confused. This has been a source of considerable annoyance to some of our country subscribers. We hope the errors that have occurred will be overlooked. The cause of complaint is being remedied as rapidly as possible.

**Widening the Canal.**—In accordance with the action of the City Council, the canal which runs through a portion of the lower part of the city, is being made ten feet wider, for a distance of about half a mile. The work has been let out in small contracts to persons living in the 4th, 5th and 6th Wards, and is nearly completed.

The freshets may come now without causing any alarm to the people in that vicinity.

**Look at It.**—Those who have not seen the St. George Temple, and who want to get a fair and correct idea of the character and dimensions of the fine structure, should go to the Museum and take a look at Brother Edward Brain's model. The pilasters of the model, thirty-two in number, were cut from the same kind of rock as that of which the Temple was built. The towers and main building are of plaster of Paris. It has 126 glass windows and doors.

**Too Long.**—We frequently receive very lengthy poetical effusions, with a request to publish. However much there may be of merit in such productions, their longitudinal dimensions preclude the possibility of their publication in a daily newspaper, the space in which must be devoted to other purposes. Poets should remember the statement of one of their number—

Man wants but little here below,  
Nor wants that little long.

**Boil it down and give us the extract.**

**Rude Boys.**—Several public spirited citizens have gone to the expense of purchasing drinking fountains and having them set up in the street, for the benefit of any thirsty passer by. This is a very commendable thing, and deserving of encouragement. But there are a number of rude boys in the city who seem to delight in all sorts of annoyances with these fountains, such as wrenching off the drinking cups, spurling the water all over the sidewalks and fences, putting filth into the basins and mutilating the fountains, until some of the citizens who have had them erected have become disgusted, and have half repented of the trouble and expense they have been to in this particular. It might be a good thing if the police could pick up some of these Vandal boys and make an example of them by shutting them up in a room a few hours, "solitary and alone."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY APR. 15.

**Information Wanted.** of Niels Christesen, formerly of Asaa, Dronninglund Logn, Jylland, Denmark, who left that country for Utah about 23 years ago. Address his nephew, N. C. Larsen, C. P. R. R. Sacramento, Cal.

#### Missionary Notice.

Elder O. H. Belg, of Provo, who was called to take a mission to Europe at the last General Conference, has, on account of sickness in his family, been honorably released therefrom.

Since the meeting of Conference, Elders James Reece, of Payson, and Lars P. Nielsen, of Provo, have been called on missions to Europe.

JOHN TAYLOR,

President of the Council of the Apostles.

**Obstreperous.**—James Tully gave the police a good deal of trouble yesterday afternoon. He was intoxicated, wild and boisterous. On the way to the City Hall he plunged about, kicked and struck the officers. This morning Justice Pyper fined him \$15.

**Relief Fund.**—Morris and Evans, of this city are receiving, from various parts of the Territory, sums of money, for the fund being raised to aid the poor Saints in Wales to emigrate. Many of the settlements are taking an active interest in the furtherance of the laudable object.

**Lecture.**—To-morrow evening Prof. O. H. Riggs will deliver his lecture on "London and Paris," under the auspices of the Nineteenth Ward Mutual Improvement Association, at the Assembly Rooms of that Ward, opening at half-past seven o'clock. The public are invited, free.

**Exponent.**—The *Woman's Exponent*, which should have been issued to-day, will appear in the course of two or three days, being unavoidably delayed. The subscribers, well understanding the heavy affliction in the family of the editor, will make allowances accordingly, while they mingle their grief with the sorrow of the bereaved.

**The Entertainment.**—The benefit entertainment, in aid of the Welsh relief fund, at the Sixth Ward School-house, on Saturday night, was not very numerously attended, owing to the inclemency of the weather. The performances were good, however. The valuable services of the Mousley Dramatic Association were especially appreciated.

**Break Down.**—Yesterday, while Brothers Goddard, Willes and Marks were on the way home from Mill Creek, a deep rut in the road and the combined avoidance of the trio proved too much for the springs of the vehicle. Mr. J. R. Winder, Jr., acted the role of the "good Samaritan" by conveying a couple of the three to the city in his buggy. By driving slowly and exercising extreme caution the third managed to reach home in the damaged conveyance.

**Sunday School Jubilee.**—Yesterday there was a joint meeting of the Sunday schools of the four districts of Mill Creek Ward, at the meeting house. Brothers George Goddard, William Willes and S. R. Marks, from this city, were present. The lessons and the musical and other exercises were rendered in a manner that afforded great satisfaction. One of the most pleasing features was a recitation by a six-year old daughter of Brother George Calder, composed by the latter for the occasion. The composition was rendered with appropriate feeling and gesture. The Sunday schools of Mill Creek Ward are in excellent condition.

**In Illinois.**—The Iroquois County (Illinois) *Times* of April 6th, in its "St. Anne Items" has the following:

"Elder Joseph Standing, of the Mormon church, Salt Lake City, Utah, was the guest of B. R. Nordyke, Monday and Tuesday."

Elder Standing is now in Covington, Indiana, where he has been cordially received by those amongst whom he labored two years ago. He finds that numbers in that region are strong believers in the doctrines of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, some of whom are making preparations to sell out and come to Utah.

**Artesian Well.**—This afternoon Mayor Little and a committee of the City Council visited the vicinity of the City cemetery, and located the spot where it is intended to sink for an artesian well, for the purpose of watering the grounds. The place selected is situated a short distance from the north-east

corner of the cemetery, by the side of the mouth of a small ravine.

On account of the greater expense of boring with artesian well machinery, the city intends having the ground dug by hand labor, in the form of an ordinary well, down to the bed-rock. At that point the machinery will be applied, and continue boring until water is reached, or it is demonstrated that it cannot be obtained.

The progress of the experiment will be watched with intense interest by thousands of people. The question of a supply of water to irrigate the public burial grounds is by no means the only one at issue. If the attempt to obtain an artesian well in the locality mentioned should be successful, it will prove that wells of that character can be made in contiguous localities, where there is no apparent chance for water from any other source. The fact of the experiment being determined upon by men of practical views is an indication of its feasibility.

**Weather Report, April 15, 1878.**—Pioche, Nev.—Started to snow on Saturday and has continued till now. Snow melts as fast as it falls. Roads very muddy.

St. George—Very cloudy and cold; wind blowing; some rain last night. Roads good.

Cedar City—Cloudy, cold; south wind. Roads good.

Parowan—Cloudy; some snow last night and little frost. Roads tolerably good.

Hebron—Snowed nearly all night, melted off early this morning; snowing again. Roads good.

Fillmore—Stormy; has been storming at intervals for two days. Roads soft.

Nephi—Snowing at intervals; sun shining occasionally. Roads very muddy.

Provo—Cloudy and cold; no storm to-day. Roads rather muddy.

Sandy—Looks like snow, very little snow now, roads dry.

American Fork—Very stormy, roads pretty good.

Springville—Very cold, wind blowing, muddy.

Bingham—Sun shining, some snow.

York—Cloudy, been snowing all morning. Roads bad.

Fountain Green—Cold and cloudy. Roads muddy.

Moroni—Wind blowing, cold, cloudy, snowed last night. Roads very bad.

Fairview—Has been storming, but clear now. Roads muddy.

Mount Pleasant—Very cloudy, cold. Roads very good here.

Ephraim—Has been raining and snowing all last night. Cloudy now, cold. Roads nearly dry.

Richfield—Cloudy and cold. Rained yesterday. Roads pretty good.

Franklin, Idaho—Cold and windy, looks like storm. Roads very good.

Logan—Very cold wind, looks like more snow. Roads very good.

Paris, Idaho—Fine, wind blowing. Roads good.

Brigham—Snowed last night, clearing off now. Roads good here.

Kaysville—Clearing up, sun shining. Very cold wind. Roads quite muddy.

Woods Cross—Been snowing all day. Clearing off now. Roads very muddy.

Ogden—Snowing all night and this morning. Clearing off now. Roads good.

Toquerville—Been raining all day. Roads are pretty good.

Payson—Cloudy. Roads are muddy.

Cove Creek—Snowing. Roads pretty good.

#### FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD!!!

OUR FIRE-PROOF STORE about to be erected, and which will form part of HANHAM'S MARKET BUILDINGS, First South Street, city, will be 50 x 21 feet; from floor to ceiling, 16 feet. It will have an AIR-DRY CELLAR 50 x 20 feet; from floor to ceiling, 10 feet; ventilators, doors and windows in north and south ends, and is designed for storing dried beef, hams, &c., and also to keep fresh meat wholesome when we are in the "nineties."

It will be the best house in Utah for a WHOLESALE MEAT MARKET.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to the Proprietor.

EDWARD HANHAM.