

# PEOPLE WANT TO READ TESTIMONY.

Secretary Long Receives Requests for Schley Proceedings.

ASKS FOR A BIG EDITION.

Letter Referred to Representative Heston, Chairman of the Printing Committee.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Secretary Long has written to the naval committee of the House, stating that he has received many requests from libraries and other institutions for copies of the testimony in the Schley case. Mr. Long says this demand cannot be met unless Congress should print the testimony, and he suggested an edition of 500 copies for the navy department and a further edition for the senators and representatives. The letter has been referred to Representative Heston, chairman of the printing committee.

Representative Watson of Indiana, chairman of the committee having charge of the Schley bills and resolutions, said today there was no purpose in his part to take consideration of the testimony. He had expressed the opinion that it was inadvisable for Congress to go into the question, but since these measures were referred to his committee, they would be acted upon on their merits.

Mr. Watson said the committee felt that the members of the Maryland legislature and other friends of Admiral Schley first should reach an agreement as to what testimony measure they wanted to consider, as they would be impossible to go into all of the different plans proposed.

Moreover, said Mr. Watson, it would be difficult for the committee to take any action until it had access to the testimony. As it hardly would be warranted in forming conclusions on the opinion of members, un- supported by any knowledge of the testimony except what was gathered from the fragmentary publications on the subject.

Storm in Vienna.

Vienna, Jan. 16.—Over 1,000 persons were injured, many of them severely, by a great windstorm which swept over Vienna today. Houses were blown down, and the streets were so filled with debris as to seriously impede traffic. People were blown down while on the street and a number of horses were killed. A freight train was blown off the tracks and passenger traffic is tied up.

Reduced Copper Rates.

Lima, Peru, Jan. 16.—In view of the heavy fall in the price of copper and in order to prevent the threatened closing of several copper mines. In this country, where the price of copper has fallen, the price of copper has been lowered by seven shillings per ton.

No Further Overtures.

London, Jan. 16.—In the house of commons replying to the premier, Lord Rosebery said he was in favor of the policy of peace which would be pursued when made, and that in this connection he wished to know the truth of the rumors concerning the death of Lord Salisbury.

Chaffee Will Try.

Manila, Jan. 16.—Gen. Chaffee will leave Manila for the island of Samar and Mindanao. He will thoroughly investigate the situation there, as it is desired to stamp out the Samar insurrection during the dry season.

Great Record of Clemency.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 16.—As practically the closing act of his administration, Gov. Hawley made public the names of 42 prisoners to whom he had granted executive clemency within the last two years. The governor's record in this respect, it is stated, has never been equaled in Iowa.

Hawaiian News.

Honolulu, Jan. 16.—The British steamer, long overdue from Victoria, has not yet arrived at this port.

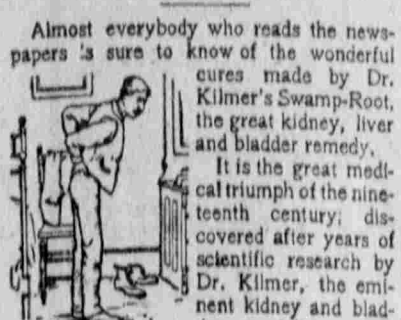
Active work has begun on the Kona-Kailua railroad, which is to start from Kailua, on the Kona coast, and run across the island of Kona to the head of Niu stream. It is at the head of Niu stream, where the steamer has been observed of late between Kona and the head of Niu stream. It is at the head of Niu stream, where the steamer has been observed of late between Kona and the head of Niu stream. It is at the head of Niu stream, where the steamer has been observed of late between Kona and the head of Niu stream.

SOMETHING ON.

New York, Jan. 17.—Referring to the fact that a number of leading shipping companies were en route from London to this city, in connection with a proposed

## DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.



Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.

When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Inc., 101 West 15th St., New York, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and Home of Swamp-Root, dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

combination, John Lee, agent of the White Star line in this city, said: "It looks as if there was something on what it is I cannot say. All these coming over on the same ship looks as though something was up. It may be that an effort is to be made to arrange an agreement on freight rates, but I cannot tell. Personally I don't believe that the White Star line will ever be sold. I don't think any agreement on rates will remedy the situation. The trouble is there are too many ships. I am not enough of a shipping man to know whether the depreciation in value of ships laid up is greater than the loss on operating them at a low freight rate, and then I do not see how you can arrange a settled rate, as railroad rates from the west—Chicago, for instance—to different seaports differ so materially. I am led to think there is nothing in the story of the sale of six of the White Star steamers, because such ships as the Celtic, which is a combination passenger and freight boat, carrying more freight than a cargo ship, are left out. The big carriers are the true cause of the freight rate disaffection, and I cannot understand any one wanting to buy the smaller boats to set up a rivalry with the big ones."

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Governor Orman of Colorado has appointed William B. Wilson to the position of commissioner of the city of Denver to succeed John T. Bottom, who has resigned, having been elected county attorney. Mr. Wilson is president of the Denver chamber of commerce.

Thomas Harbidge died in Tacoma yesterday aged 82 years. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Maryland, was colonel of a union regiment from Missouri in the civil war, twice mayor of Tacoma, and prominent in railroad and banking enterprises in Nebraska. For the last seven years he had lived in Tacoma.

Henry Dallemayne, French consul-general at San Francisco, is in Portland for the purpose of investigating the disaster to the French bark, *Henriette*, which capsized in Astoria harbor about three weeks ago. The consul-general has made searching inquiry while here into the charges preferred by French ship captains of crimping at this port.

The steamer Queen City reached Victoria, B. C., from the west coast yesterday morning, bringing more news of the wrecked schooner which was seen upside down off the coast. Further than that the wreckage bore the letters "L. Point," no identification was made. The name L. Point is not found among registered vessels on this coast. The wreck is battering to pieces on the rocks near Cape Beale light-house.

The bill for the recoinage of the silver coinage of Hawaii introduced by Representative Hill of Connecticut, has been favorably acted upon by the House committee on coinage, weights and measures. The bill as reported provides that all of the silver coins of Hawaii shall be received at par in payment of government duties to Hawaii or to the United States. After being received the coins shall not again be put into circulation but shall be sent to San Francisco to be recoined into subsidiary silver.

In the labor congress at Tacoma yesterday an animated executive session was held over the question of affiliating with the American Federation of Labor, and it is claimed the cause of the federation will triumph. Wm. Blackman, state labor commissioner, has consented to allow his name to be used for the presidency again and his unanimous election is predicted. A new candidate for secretary has been put forward in James Menzies, secretary of the Tacoma Trades Council.

E. G. Carlson, nightwatchman of the West Seattle, Wash., Grain Elevator company, was overpowered by three masked men at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and tied to a chair. The robbers then drilled the big safe in the office, placed a stick of dynamite, poured water in the coal stove to put out the fire, stacked sacks of wheat around the ware room and set off the charge. The door of the safe was blown across the room and Carlson was knocked unconscious. The store was wrecked, the robbers' act of extinguishing the fire undoubtedly saving the building and Carlson's life. Carlson was found and liberated this morning and an examination of the safe showed that many valuable books and papers had been destroyed. The robbers failed to gain anything from their bold attempt as nothing had been left in the safe the night before.

The leak in the ship Benjamin Sewall has been located by divers. It will not necessitate the discharge of much of her cargo. Her master expects to start again for Fremantle within a few days.

The leak in the bark Hesper has also been located and can be repaired.

SOMETHING ON.

Catherine in New York of Prominent Steamship Manipulators.

New York, Jan. 17.—Referring to the fact that a number of leading shipping companies were en route from London to this city, in connection with a proposed

## STOLE FORTUNE FROM EMPLOYER.

Valet of Paul G. Thebaud Under Arrest in New Orleans.

## PURLOINED LOT OF JEWELRY

Was an Extensive Traveler and Visited Europe Ostensibly as Auditor of Big Business Firm.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Theo E. Manners, who is under arrest in New Orleans, is positively identified in Chicago, says the Chronicle, as the valet of Paul G. Thebaud of New York and a fugitive under the charge of having stolen \$50,000 worth of jewelry from the wife of his employer.

The identification is by Dr. Louis Witherspoon of 1922 West Madison street, who, the prisoner declared, would identify him as the son of a pawnbroker in this city. Dr. Witherspoon says that the photographs of the missing valet, who disappeared with a fortune in diamonds, are unquestionably exact pictures of the man, he knows as "Manners," although, oddly, the suspect named Dr. Witherspoon as a reference and as one of the men who could prove that he was what he claimed to be—the son of a Chicago pawn broker, with a residence at 3100 Groveland avenue.

"I know Thomas E. Manners, or the man who represented himself to be under that name," said Dr. Witherspoon, "but he never told me that he was a valet of Chicago. He always claimed that he was a resident of New York city."

"The Manners whom I know, and who is certainly the valet wanted for the big jewelry robbery in New York, was in Chicago last week. He called on me at my office and later we took dinner together."

Dr. Witherspoon says he first met Manners on the pier in New York city two years ago and that when he left the ship in Hamburg, Manners gave him valuable information regarding resorts in Germany and Switzerland, showing he was an experienced traveler. Dr. Witherspoon says Manners always had plenty of money and when here last week, he was going to New Orleans, then to San Francisco.

"Manners always claimed to me," said Dr. Witherspoon, "that he was the son of the president of a large firm that imports and exports goods, and that he acted in the capacity of auditor, visiting European agents of the firm."

## Animals in Yellowstone Park.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 17.—According to reports received from the Yellowstone National Park the buffalo herd within its confines is rapidly disappearing, and unless congress makes further provision threatens to become extinct. New blood must be introduced into the little herd of bison frequenting geysers. Last winter but eighteen buffalo remained in the Hayden valley of the former herd of thirty. The specimens that now exist lack the strength and ferocity of their former hardy predecessors and are barely able to withstand the rigors of the winter.

Elk are reported more numerous than any other animal in the park. There are at least 50,000 of them within the park limits. Antelope, too, are numerous, especially in the valley of the Gardiner river, where a band of 1,000 is sometimes seen.

It is urged that a fence be built across the Gardiner canyon as the animals, having lost the greater part of their fear for man, wander across the park limits and become prey of the hunters.

## Sunk in North Sea.

London, Jan. 17.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the Norwegian bark *Arab Steed*, Capt. Pedersen, which left London December 5 for Christiania, has sunk in the North Sea and that twenty-two persons were drowned. The correspondent adds that a violent storm is raging over Denmark and that other wrecks have been reported.

## THEY NOW COUNT THE "MORMONS."

Dr. Carroll Gives Some Religious Denominational Statistics.

## RELIGIONS ARE TENACIOUS

Statements of the Different Varieties of Each of Several Well Known Denominations.

New York, Jan. 17.—Statistics on the growth of the churches of the United States in 1901 and the order of denominational rank in 1890 and 1901, have been completed by the Rev. Dr. H. K. Carroll, who is in charge of the religious statistics of the United States census of 1900. At the end of 1900 there were 27,360,610 members of all churches in the United States, according to Dr. Carroll's figures and 28,090,637 at the end of 1901, a gain of 830,027 or 2.94 per cent, or greater than the gain in population, 2.15 per cent, the annual rate of increase in population from 1890 to 1900. The Catholics lead with a present membership of 9,158,741, a gain of 468,983. Dr. Carroll rates the increase in Roman Catholic membership as too high and regards the figures as those of the growth of several years in a large proportion of the dioceses. The percentage of growth in the Protestant Episcopal church, 4 per cent, Dr. Carroll regards as large. It is next to the Roman Catholic, the largest growth of the year, and was greatest in the eastern cities. The accessions to the Protestant Episcopal church were from Methodists, Presbyterians, Baptists, Congregationalists, and other denominations rather than from the non-church population.

The Disciples of Christ, whose membership has almost wholly in the middle west, has almost doubled its following since 1890. Of Christians Dr. Carroll says that he took his statistics from the mother church at Boston while his figures are much less than some scientists claim. The statisticians found twenty-two different kinds of Lutherans in the United States. The total Lutheran growth last year was 36,101, much of which was in the Independent synods, that of Iowa alone being 21,000 while others lost heavily. Of his own body, the Methodists, he says that with a total membership of 2,732,691 the Methodist North increased but 18,500. Last year, however, many Evangelical movements in which the Methodists led, were undertaken, and it has been claimed that 600,000 new members were brought in. It is Dr. Carroll's belief that there are 300,000 "Mormons" in or about Utah, and it is stated that 65,000 missionaries from the east. A fact brought out by Dr. Carroll is the tenacity of religious bodies, no matter what the denomination. There are twelve kinds of Presbyterians. In 1900 the twelfth kind had only one minister, and a handful of members. Last year the minister died, but the handful of members are still faithful and probably will remain so. They call themselves Reformed Presbyterians in the United States and Canada.

More About Prince Henry.

New York, Jan. 17.—Count von Sackendorf, marshal of the court, who will accompany Prince Henry to America, writes to an American friend here that the prince and the members of his suite are delighted at the idea of their trip to America, and talk of nothing else. The Berlin representative of the Journal and American, Carl von Fockendorf, says he will be delighted to renew the acquaintance he made on his visit to San Francisco and other cities in 1899 and 1902, of which he has the pleasantest recollections.

The foreign office declines to give the names of the Prince's suite. The German press is deeply interested in the trip and the leading papers of Berlin and other big cities are sending special correspondents.

## JOHN F. WARD, A NOTED ENGINEER,

Died in New York City of Septic Pneumonia.

## A WELL KNOWN CHARACTER

Had Operated Upon Large Constructions in all Parts of the United States.

New York, Jan. 17.—John F. Ward is dead at his home in this city. He had been ill for three weeks with septic pneumonia. Mr. Ward had been a civil and mechanical engineer for more than forty years, having taken contracts in all parts of the United States. He was overseer of the Incline Plane Machinery, employed on the Morris canal, New Jersey, and on the Shubenacadie canal, in Nova Scotia. He was a superintendent of the Warren Foundry, at Phillipsburg, N. J. He was the chief engineer and the superintendent of the Jersey City waterworks and the Hackensack waterworks. He was employed as the consulting engineer on the Providence waterworks. He served for several years on the Croton aqueduct department, having work in connection with the reservoir and the laying of the pipe system. One of his last assignments was that of chief engineer of the South Glia canal in Arizona in 1894. He had lived in retirement since that year. For many years he had been a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, serving as director from 1871 to 1873. He was an inventor as well as a practical engineer. John F. Ward's flexible joint for cast iron pipes laid across irregular beds of streams is a standard article in submarine pipe laying. By means of this invention a depth of forty feet and a length of 4,000 feet, with 16-inch pipe, have been attained.

## Gave Their Epidemics.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—In an hour's time Dr. P. J. Hecht, before a clinic at the Post Graduate hospital, cut bits of cuticle from the arms and legs of fifteen young women, and covered a burned and living face with fresh, healthy epidermis. The patient is Miss Helen Peck, 16 years old, whose face was terribly burned by an explosion of gasoline.

Three times the number of young women chosen volunteered to make the sacrifice for their suffering friend.

## To Buy Oregon Timber.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 17.—Eastern capital in excess of half a million dollars is to be invested in Oregon timber lands along the Columbia and McKenzie rivers, and plans will be matured within the year for the erection of saw mills to convert the standing timber into marketable lumber. Benjamin Sweet, W. G. Collins and W. H. Bradley, of Milwaukee, Wis., who represent a vast amount of financial backing, have been on the Pacific coast for several weeks past, and within that time have inspected timberlands in Oregon, Washington and California. The men named are engaged in the lumber industry in Wisconsin to a large extent, and the growing demand for lumber, coupled with the gradual depletion of the middle western forests has made it necessary to establish a new base for supplies of raw material.

## Protest from Venezuela.

New York, Jan. 17.—According to the Washington correspondent of the Herald Venezuela has sent the following cablegram to the British government: Caracas, Jan. 16, 1902. Minister of State, London.—The English steamship *Ban Righ*, armed for war, is in violation of Venezuelan territory. The British foreign office has not replied to this note.

Officers of the British warship now at La Guayra, the seaport of Caracas, consider that the *Ban Righ*, which is now called the *Libertador* by the Venezuelans, is a violation of Venezuelan territory.



## A LESSON IN VALUES.

DOLLAR for dollar, pound for pound, there is more in Ivory Soap than in any household soap. It is easy to find a cheap soap; but to find purity and low price in a single soap is not easy. They combine in Ivory Soap. You can afford to use it in the laundry; you can not afford not to use it elsewhere. It is vegetable-oil soap, in the cheapest form in which it can be procured. You pay nothing for a fancy box, wrapper or perfume. It is all in the soap! It floats.

Swansea's Invitation.

New York, Jan. 17.—According to the London correspondent of the Tribune, Sir Wilfred Lawson will, it is said, be offered the freedom of Swansea when he visits England in connection with the coronation.

## Embezzler Arrested.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 17.—At the request of Chief of Police O'Neal of Chicago, the police of this city have taken into custody Wm. H. Howard on the charge of larceny and embezzlement. It is said that the charge is made at the instance of the First National bank of Chicago. That arrest was made at a rooming house where Howard was living under the name of Hill. Howard refused to talk of the arrest further than to say: "My arrest is not a surprise to me. I came here two months ago, and have been living under the name of Hill. Embezzlement is the charge, and I will not say whether I am guilty or not."

## Oil Director Ill.

New York, Jan. 17.—Thomas B. Bushnell, one of the directors of the Standard Oil company, is very ill at his home in Morristown, N. J., and his death is considered a matter of only a few hours. He has been ill for the last five months, but three weeks ago he recovered sufficiently to leave his home. Two weeks ago a relapse set in and now death is said to be certain.

## Damon and Pythias.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Albert Gilmore, until recently a prominent postmaster in southern Indiana, and a member of a leading family, will be received at the Michigan city prison in a few days to serve an indeterminate sentence for horse stealing, says a Laporte, Ind., special to the Record-Herald.

Gilmore made no defense. He pleaded guilty in order to save the real criminal who was his friend. Influence brought to bear on Gilmore could not shake him in his decision to go to prison to save a man who had once befriended him.

The court in view of the plea of guilty, passed sentence, but with the development of the facts which will clearly prove Gilmore's innocence, Gov. Durbin will be asked to pardon him.

## McKinley Memorial Subscriptions.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Alexander H. Revell, chairman of the Illinois Auxiliary of the McKinley National Memorial association, reports subscriptions to the monument fund to date of \$15,233. This is an increase of about \$5,000 since the last report. It is expected that a city maximum will be reached on Jan. 29, the first anniversary of the President's birth since his death, which is to be recognized as McKinley day throughout the country.

On the Sunday previous to this day, which will be the last Wednesday of this month, it is expected that memorial services will be held in all of the churches of the state and voluntary contributions made for the national memorial.

In addition to this special exercises will be held in the schools outside of Chicago, Jan. 29, or on a convenient date, and collections taken up for the fund.

## Lodge to Address Yale.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 17.—United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge will deliver the annual address to the graduating class of the Yale Law school, June 23, according to an official announcement made today.

## Collection of Butterflies.

New York, Jan. 17.—Through the gift of \$20,000 by Dean Hoffman, the American Museum of Natural History will receive the largest collection of butterflies and moths in this country. This addition will make the museum's collection one of the largest in the world.

Since the death of Dr. Herman Strecker many representatives of museums have visited his former home in Reading, Pa., and strong efforts have been made to obtain his collection for their respective institutions. The heirs, however, said no division would be made from the original collection placed upon the collection by Dr. Strecker, which was \$20,000. Morris K. Jessup, president of the museum in this city, has received a letter from



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to 4 spoonfuls of  
**Grape-Nuts**  
and you have a  
delicious meal  
without cooking...

**IT'S FUN**  
To be Well!  
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**DONE!!!**

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**CHAS. S. BURTON, Cashier.**  
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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.  
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A General Banking Business Transacted.  
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.  
Established 1852.  
Transact a General Banking Business.  
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