

# THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 8.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1867.

VOL. XVI.

## The Deseret News:

IS PUBLISHED EVERY

Wednesday Morning.

ALBERT CARRINGTON, EDITOR

OFFICE:

CORNER OF SOUTH & EAST TEMPLE STREETS.

### TERMS:

One Year.....\$5.00.  
Six Months.....3.00.  
Three Months.....2.00.

## Calendar for February 1867.

New Moon, 4th day, 10h. 47m. Morning.  
First Quarter, 11th day, 6h. 11m. Afternoon.  
Full Moon, 18th day, 0h. 12m. Afternoon.  
Last Quarter, 26th day, 4h. 3m. Morning.  
Perigee 15d. 4h. A.M. Apogee 27d. 1h. A.M.

D	M	W	of place at Noon.	Signification of Signs.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.
1	F	9	12	Knees & Hams	7 10 5 18	7 10 5 18
2	S	21	21		7 9 5 19	7 9 5 19
3	S	3	41	Legs & Ankles	7 8 5 20	7 8 5 20
4	M	16	12		7 7 5 21	7 7 5 21
5	T	28	54		7 6 5 22	7 6 5 22
6	W	11	49	Feet & Toes	7 5 5 24	7 5 5 24
7	T	24	54		7 4 5 25	7 4 5 25
8	F	8	13	Head & Face	7 3 5 26	7 3 5 26
9	S	21	43		7 2 5 28	7 2 5 28
10	S	5	25	Neck & Throat	7 0 5 29	7 0 5 29
11	M	19	20		6 59 5 30	6 59 5 30
12	T	3	28	Arms, Shouldr's	6 58 5 32	6 58 5 32
13	W	17	46		6 56 5 33	6 56 5 33
14	T	2	12	Breast, Stomach	6 55 5 34	6 55 5 34
15	F	16	41		6 54 5 35	6 54 5 35
16	S	1	09	Heart & Back	6 53 5 36	6 53 5 36
17	S	15	29		6 51 5 37	6 51 5 37
18	M	29	36		6 50 5 38	6 50 5 38
19	T	13	25	Bowels & Belly	6 49 5 39	6 49 5 39
20	W	26	54		6 47 5 41	6 47 5 41
21	T	10	02	Reins & Loins	6 46 5 42	6 46 5 42
22	F	22	48		6 44 5 43	6 44 5 43
23	S	5	15	Secret Members	6 43 5 45	6 43 5 45
24	S	17	23		6 41 5 46	6 41 5 46
25	M	29	29		6 39 5 47	6 39 5 47
26	T	11	23	Hips & Thighs	6 38 5 48	6 38 5 48
27	W	23	16		6 37 5 49	6 37 5 49
28	T	5	12	Knees & Hams	6 36 5 49	6 36 5 49

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

### By Telegraph.

Buffalo, N. Y., 14.

The remaining portion of Table Rock at Niagara Falls fell to-day; fortunately being at this season no one was hurt.

Dublin, 14.

News is received that the Fenians assembled this morning at Killarney and marched toward Kildare. Troops and artillery are sent in pursuit.

London, 14.

The Government has been advised of the landing of two shiploads of Fenians at Valentia. Sir Hugh Rose, commanding general in Ireland, and Lord James(?) leave for Ireland at once. There is a renewed rumor that the Fenians will attempt to cut the cable.

Alexandria, Egypt, 13.

A number of vessels have passed through the Isthmus of Suez canal.

Charleston, 14.

Four men, lately belonging to the crew of the steamship City of Bath, arrived here from Georgetown; they report that the steamer was burned on Sunday morning, off Cape Hatteras; of 26 persons aboard all are believed to be lost, except these four.

New York, 16.

A Tribune special says there are yet hopes that a compromise between the President and Congress will be effected.

London, 14.

The Government denies the truth of the stories of the landing of ship loads of Fenians at Valentia. It is admitted that there is a serious revolt at and near Killarney. The telegraph wires near Valentia are destroyed for a long distance; riot and pillage are rampant, and a policeman was killed.

London, 15.

About 800 Fenians, commanded by Col. O'Connor, had retreated to the hills near Killarney; the British troops are posted at Mallow Junction, in the county of Cork, commanding the hill district. The excitement in the neighbourhood is intense, and the women are precipitately leaving. A large number of marines at Portsmouth are ordered to proceed to Ireland directly.

Frankfort, Ky., 17.

The House has passed, by a vote 59 against 13, a joint resolution that the people of Kentucky are unalterably opposed to the movements in Congress to place the people of the southern states under military rule, the tendency whereof is to a military despotism contrary to the spirit of union, and subversive of the principles whereon the Government is founded; they here enter their solemn protest against all such congressional action.

New Orleans, 16.

The Sociedad newspaper states positively that the French expeditionary corps leave Mexico on the 15th inst. The City of Mexico would soon be evacuated.

London, 16.

Ireland is entirely quiet. Chief Organizer Stephens is reported to be there, but the danger seems past. Toomy's Wood, where the closely pressed Fenians took refuge, is scoured by the British troops, and the insurrectionary bands are dispersed. The Government will send no more ships and troops to Ireland.

Paris, 16.

The French Blue Book says the Government of France sincerely applauds the action of the United States in repairing the evils of the civil war, and there is now no subject of discussion between France and the United States; everything tends to the assimilation of their policies.

Berlin, 15.

At the elections the Prussian Liberals were triumphant; ten districts returned Count Bismark as their Representative.

London, 16.

A terrible earthquake occurred in the Island of Cephalonia; every town on the Island in ruins; the loss of life and property is very great; the King of Greece has gone there.

The County of Kerry is proclaimed in a state of siege. It is now said that O'Connor is no other Stephens. Twenty Americans are reported to be acting with Stephens.

St. Petersburg, 16.

The Czar will protect the Christians of Turkey, if she refuses to treat them with equity.

Washington, 17.

In the Senate yesterday, Sherman's proposition as a substitute for Stevens' bill passed by a vote of 29 to 10. The title of the bill was amended to read: An Act for the more efficient government of the rebel States. At 6.30 on Sunday morning the Senate adjourned.

The following is Sherman's substitute for Stevens' bill, as it passed the Senate: The preamble declares that, as no legal state governments or adequate protection for life or property exist in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas, it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced until loyal and Republican state governments can be legally established. The 1st Section divides the States named into five military districts, as in the original bill. Section 2 makes it the duty of the President to assign the command of each District to an officer of the army not below the rank of Brigadier General, and to detail a sufficient military force to

enforce his authority within the District. Section 3 makes it the duty of such officer to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, and suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals. He may allow the local civil tribunals to try and punish offenders, or organize committees or tribunals for that purpose. All interference and state authority are declared null and void. Section 4 provides that all persons arrested shall be tried without unnecessary delay. No cruel or unusual punishment shall be given. No sentence affecting life or liberty shall be executed, until approved by the District Commissioner. Section 5, That, when any people in said States shall have formed a constitution and government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said States, 21 years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been residents of said States for one year previous to the day of election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion or for felony at common law, when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates, and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when said States, by their Legislatures elected under said Constitution; shall have adopted the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the 39th Congress, and known as article 14; and when said article shall be declared a part of the Constitution of the United States, said States shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the provisions of this law shall be inoperative in said States.

### HOME ITEMS.

ITEMS.—Home items of interest are remarkably scarce in this city at present. Everything is too quiet to give "paper men" much of a chance at Local-izing.

Business continues dull. Sellers have an excellent time, as a general thing, hunting rabbits over Jordan. Two or three stores contrive to monopolize the lion's share, by a judicious mixture of reasonable prices and good advertising. Printer's ink pays here as well as elsewhere.

The weather has manifested a wintry disposition for a few days past, extremely gratifying to skaters and ice-haulers. Taking advantage of the "cold snap" we are now enduring, the latter are laying in a good supply, and the former are cutting all sorts of imaginable figures in various and sundry postures, easily graceful and rigidly awkward. The skating pond and the Hot Spring lake are the centres of attraction, in this department.

Parties are numerous. The Social Hall has its share. In several of the wards cotillion parties have been frequent and social enjoyment has been the order of the day—evening, we should say, and very commendably confined to that part of the twenty-four hours, allowing those thus engaged to seek rest after pleasure before the "wee short hours" set in. That's right! Open early, and close before the night grows old.

Various spasmodic attempts at sleighing have been made, after the snow deposits, but its continuance has been prevented by the rapid disappearance of the snow where most needed for that exhilarating occupation.

The meetings at the Tabernacle have been exceedingly well attended of late, crowded audiences assembling every Sunday. The ward meetings on Sunday evenings are also well attended, many of the meeting-houses not being sufficiently capacious to afford seats for the people who thus come together. In some of them, that we have visited lately, as in the Tabernacle

on Sunday afternoons, many have been compelled to stand for want of sitting room. The members of the Twelve in the City, and other Elders, have been visiting around aiding the Bishops in preaching, and much of the Holy Spirit has been enjoyed by speakers and audiences. This is cheering, and gratifying to every Saint.

Now, will our friends in the cities and settlements throughout the Territory, inform us how they are prospering and passing the winter; and we will give the news the benefit of our wide circulation for the information of our readers.

SANTA CLARA.—By letter from br. James Craig of Santa Clara to Elder George A. Smith we learn that the settlers there are enjoying the blessing of health, as a general thing, with the possession of good crops as a result of last year's labors; while fine rains are preparing the soil for next season's planting. There is an excellent show for fruit there next year, as far as present appearances indicate. There is a day school and an evening school in their comfortable school house; the latter is taken advantage of by some of the adults who desire to improve themselves in that direction. All is peace and harmony in Santa Clara, which is as it should be.

Beaver, Beaver County.

EDITOR DESERET NEWS:—

Dear Sir:—I take the liberty of writing a few of my thoughts on the so-called "regeneration" of those who profess to be trying to civilize the "Mormons." It is alleged by those intermeddlers that we "Mormon" women do not enjoy liberty of conscience, while on our part we thank Heaven that we are not obliged to be under their control, nor to be contaminated with their polluting practices.

We are guided and taught by men of truth and strict integrity—men who would not rob a neighbor of his wife, nor steal our daughters from us with a purpose worse than death. They do not go into our houses and say, "Oh, don't you wish you had a man all to yourself?" For my part I would rather have the hundredth part of a decent man, than such a vile ignoramus.

I, for one, would like to have our self-elected civilizers know that we are not slaves, but women whom the Gospel has disenthralled and placed upon that broad platform of real freedom which truth alone can give. We do not thank them for their sympathetic whinnings; all we ask of them is to let us and our daughters and our religion alone, and go to more congenial climes, for with us it is, "The Kingdom of God and His servants, or nothing."

S. A. H.

ELECTION FOR DELEGATE.—The returns from the several counties were opened and examined by the Hon. Secretary Reed, on Monday, in presence of his Excellency Governor Durkee, and the total number of votes cast, in the counties from which returns were made, was 15,179. The counties of Washington, Plute, Sevier, Richland and Green River failed to make returns. Lack of space precludes our giving the votes of each county, courteously furnished us by Secretary Reed; but of the total number reported Mr. Hooper received 15,068.

Pursuant to the returns, a certificate of the re-election of Hon. W. H. Hooper was furnished by Governor Durkee, and forwarded to our Delegate at Washington, by Secretary Reed, on Monday the 18th.

SEE Administrator's notice.

## THEATRICAL.

### A CARD.

The undersigned beg to announce to the patrons of the Drama and the public generally, that they have leased the Great Salt Lake City Theatre, and purpose opening it for the Spring Season on Saturday evening, Feb. 23rd, with a first class company embracing all the old favorites.

In engaging in this enterprise, the undersigned fully realize that they do so at a most unfavorable time. Still, feeling that some place of public resort and amusement is absolutely necessary, to make the very dullness bearable—and what place so suitable as our magnificent Theatre—they have not hesitated to assume the managerial reins on their own responsibility, and trust to a generous public for that support and patronage which will render their undertaking a permanent success.

The experience gained during the last five years while managing for the proprietor, and the success which has attended their efforts in catering for the public amusement in that time, will, they hope, be a sufficient guarantee for the future.

H. B. CLAWSON.  
JOHN T. CAINE.

THEATRE, Feb. 18th, 1867.

COAST SURVEY.—The French Government have made a survey of the Brazilian coasts, between the La Plata and Amazon rivers, in which there were taken 178,000 angles and 160,000 soundings.